

# CITY OF TSHWANE METROPOLITAN MUNICIPALITY

Consolidated annual financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2015

Consolidated Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2015

## General Information

**Legal form of entity**Category A municipality in terms of section 1 of the Local Government:

Municipal Structures Act, 1998 (Act 117 of 1998) read with section 155(1) of the

Constitution of the Republic of South Africa, 1996

Executive Mayor Ramokgopa, Kgosientso

Speaker Mosupyoe-Letsholo, Morakane (Ms)

Chief Whip Mabona, Jabulane

**Mayoral committee** 

Members Mabiletsa, Dorothy (Ms) (MMC: Finance)

Mabusela, Eulanda (Ms) (MMC: Health and Social Development)

Masango, Jacob (MMC: Infrastructure)

Mashaba, Petunia (Ms) (MMC: Agriculture and Environmental Management)

Mashego, Terence (MMC: Safety and Security)
Matjila, George (MMC: Transport and Roads)

Mmoko, Thembi (Ms) (MMC: Corporate and Shared Services) Ngonyama, Joshua (MMC: Housing and Human Settlement) Pillay, Subesh (MMC: Economic Development and Planning)

Tyobeka-Makeke, Nozipho (Ms) (MMC: Sport, Recreation, Arts and Culture)

Grading of local authority Category A Grade 6 urban municipality (demarcation code - TSH)

Accounting Officer Ngobeni, Jason

Telephone: 012 358 4901

**Group Chief Financial Officer (GCFO)**Banda, Umar (CA SA) (acting)

Telephone: 012 358 8100

Registered office Isivuno House

cnr Madiba and Lilian Ngoyi Street

PRETORIA 0002

Postal address PO Box 408

PRETORIA 0002

Bankers Standard Bank

Auditors Auditor-General South Africa (AGSA)

Legislation governing the Municipality's operations

Local Government: Municipal Finance Management Act (Act 56 of 2003)

Local Government: Municipal Systems Act (Act 32 of 2000) Local Government: Municipal Structures Act (Act 117 of 1998)

Housing Act (Act 107 of 1997)

Constitution of the Republic of South Africa Property Rates Act (Act 6 of 2004) Division of Revenue Act (Act 1 of 2007)

Entities consolidated at year end Consistent with the prior financial year the following municipal entities will be

included in the Consolidated Annual Financial Statements:

Housing Company Tshwane NPC (Registration nr 2001/029821/08)
Sandspruit Works Association Soc Ltd (Registration nr 1999/019160/08)
Tshwane Economic Development Agency Soc Ltd (TEDA) (Registration nr

2006/019396/07)

Metsweding Economic Development Agency (MEDA) - Council decision of 25

August 2011 to disestablish MEDA. All operations were taken over by the

Municipality on 1 July 2011. (Deregistration still in progress).

**Entities dormant** 

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Consolidated Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2015

# **Certification by City Manager**

30 September 2015

The accounting officer is required by the Local Government: Municipal Finance Management Act (Act 56 of 2003) to maintain adequate accounting records and is responsible for the content and integrity of the consolidated annual financial statements and related financial information included in this report. It is the responsibility of the accounting officer to ensure that the consolidated annual financial statements fairly present the state of affairs of the group as at the end of the financial year and the results of its operations and cash flows for the year then ended. The external auditors are engaged to express an independent audit opinion on the consolidated annual financial statements and are given unrestricted access to all financial records and related data.

The consolidated annual financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Standards of Generally Recognised Accounting Practice (GRAP) including any interpretations, guidelines and directives issued by the Accounting Standards Board.

The consolidated annual financial statements are based upon appropriate accounting policies consistently applied and supported by reasonable and prudent judgement and estimates.

The accounting officer acknowledges that he is ultimately responsible for the system of internal financial control established by the group and places considerable importance on maintaining a strong control environment. To enable the accounting officer to meet these responsibilities, the accounting officer sets standards for internal controls aimed at reducing the risk of error or deficit in a cost-effective manner. The standards include the proper delegation of responsibilities within a clearly defined framework, effective accounting procedures and adequate segregation of duties to ensure an acceptable level of risk. These controls are monitored throughout the group and all employees are required to maintain the highest ethical standards in ensuring the group's business is conducted in a manner that in all reasonable circumstances is above reproach. The focus of risk management in the group is on identifying, assessing, managing and monitoring all known forms of risk across the group. While operating risk cannot be fully eliminated, the group endeavours to minimise it by ensuring that appropriate infrastructure, controls, systems and ethical behaviour are applied and managed within predetermined procedures and constraints.

The accounting officer is of the opinion, based on the information and explanations given by management, that the system of internal control provides reasonable assurance that the financial records may be relied on for the preparation of the consolidated annual financial statements. However, any system of internal financial control can provide only reasonable, and not absolute, assurance against material misstatement or deficit.

The accounting officer has reviewed the group's cash flow forecast for the year to 30 June 2016 and, in the light of this review and the current financial position, he is satisfied that the group has or has access to adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future.

Although the accounting officer is primarily responsible for the financial affairs of the municipality, they are supported by the group's internal auditors.

The consolidated annual financial statements set out on pages 4 to 165, which have been prepared on a going concern basis, were approved and signed by the accounting officer on 30 September 2015.

I certify that the salaries, allowances and benefits of councillors and payments made to councillors for loss of office, if any, as disclosed in Note 31 of these annual financial statements are within the upper limits of the framework envisaged in section 219 of the Constitution, read with the Remuneration of Public Office Bearers Act and the Minister of Provincial and Local Government's determination in accordance with this Act.

Accounting Officer City Manager	Accounting Officer Group Chief Financial Officer (acting)
Pretoria	

# Statement of Financial Position as at 30 June 2015

		Gro	oup	Munic	eipality
		2015	2014	2015	2014
	Note(s)	R	Restated* R	R	Restated* R
	Note(s)	K	K	K	K
Assets					
Current assets					
Inventories	21	485,475,154	391,915,945	482,345,921	388,533,03
Current portion of long-term receivables	20	102,165,612	162,118,924	102,165,612	162,118,92
Operating lease asset	62	181,025	57,995	-	
Other receivables	23	1,299,725,370	1,132,210,205	1,244,338,234	1,111,189,54
VAT receivable	12	3,771,137	122,506,729	-	122,506,72
Consumer debtors	22	2,547,486,005	2,560,483,315	2,534,999,605	2,544,542,91
nvestments	19	502,959,644	622,948,673	493,261,328	622,948,67
Cash and bank	24	97,558,776	224,867,307	57,158,390	174,299,42
		5,039,322,723	5,217,109,093	4,914,269,090	5,126,139,24
Non-current assets					
nvestment property	14	752,720,376	753,547,231	747,726,605	748,303,77
Property, plant and equipment	13	28,575,537,744	25,482,880,538	28,560,401,354	25,464,424,03
Leased assets	17	204,414,497	8,084,445	204,414,497	8,084,44
Intangible assets	15	247,412,322	386,914,826	247,012,654	386,770,33
Heritage assets	16	3,607,628,201	3,607,621,710	3,607,628,201	3,607,621,71
Investments	19	710,520	5,807,092	710,520	5,807,09
Deferred tax	61	440,350	-	-	
Long-term receivables	20	58,404,812	108,213,966	58,404,812	108,213,96
Interest rate swap asset	69	130,122,756	34,411,454	130,122,756	34,411,45
		33,577,391,578	30,387,481,262	33,556,421,399	30,363,636,81
Total assets		38,616,714,301	35,604,590,355	38,470,690,489	35,489,776,058
Liabilities					
Current liabilities					
Loans and bonds	4	601,699,751	507,460,155	601,384,353	507,144,75
Lease liabilities	5	85,909,835	8,745,768	85,909,835	8,745,76
Deferred operating lease liability	62	574,936	2,608,775	-	2,308,99
Payables from exchange transactions	10	5,695,207,622	5,538,333,691	5,602,499,977	5,478,203,18
VAT payable	12	109,353,039	849,242	108,639,319	
Consumer deposits	9	355,015,828	410,749,321	351,259,691	407,023,65
Unspent grants and receipts	11	122,091,261	134,936,618	121,812,407	134,657,76
Taxation	64	1,096,292	3,277,985	· · ·	
		6,970,948,564	6,606,961,555	6,871,505,582	6,538,084,12
Non-current liabilities					
Loans and bonds	4	9,660,757,084	8,746,039,145	9,658,583,062	8,743,549,70
Lease liabilities	5	122,953,054	222,617	122,953,054	222,61
Deferred operating lease liability	62	765,930	481,254	-	•
Employee benefit obligation	44	2,136,304,867	1,955,900,647	2,136,304,867	1,955,900,64
Deferred tax	61	-	8,853	-	, , , -
Provisions	6	655,529,112	445,694,280	655,529,112	445,691,71
	69	85,625,408	44,114,153	85,625,408	44,114,15
Interest rate swap liability			11,192,460,949	12,658,995,503	11,189,478,83
Interest rate swap liability		12,661,935,455	, , ,		
Interest rate swap liability  Total liabilities		19,632,884,019	17,799,422,504	19,530,501,085	17,727,562,96
Total liabilities					17,727,562,965 17,762,213,095
, ,		19,632,884,019	17,799,422,504	19,530,501,085	

<sup>\*</sup> See Note 47

# **Statement of Financial Performance**

		Gro	oup	Municipality			
		2015	2014 Restated*	2015	2014 Restated*		
	Note(s)	R	R	R	R		
Revenue							
Revenue from exchange transactions							
Service charges	26	13,344,134,833	12,316,946,211	13,422,295,882	12,369,231,568		
Rental of facilities and equipment		116,602,095	98,912,336	114,055,073	95,316,719		
Interest received - outstanding consumer debtors		374,647,547	326,840,827	338,768,697	299,341,658		
Licences and permits	00	53,243,503	55,801,028	53,243,503	55,801,028		
Other income	28	775,237,414	726,106,972	769,992,149	721,890,994		
Interest received - external investments	34	38,131,712	52,402,499	36,874,337	51,799,573		
Total revenue from exchange transactions		14,701,997,104	13,577,009,873	14,735,229,641	13,593,381,540		
Revenue from non-exchange transactions							
Taxation revenue	0.5						
Property rates	25	4,866,348,173	4,410,334,578	4,866,550,478	4,410,502,438		
Transfer revenue	07						
Government grants, subsidies, awards and donations	27	5,642,012,120	4,973,894,475	5,642,012,120	4,973,894,475		
Public contributions and donations		257,515,681	237,944,478	257,515,681	237,944,478		
Fines, penalties and forfeits		160,562,313	134,863,536	160,562,313	134,863,536		
Sponsorship revenue		131,579	<u>-</u> _				
Total revenue from non-exchange transactions		10,926,569,866	9,757,037,067	10,926,640,592	9,757,204,927		
Total revenue		25,628,566,970	23,334,046,940	25,661,870,233	23,350,586,467		
Expenditure							
Employee-related cost	29	(6,318,953,632)	(6,086,504,529)	(6,202,412,814)	(5,977,333,289)		
Remuneration of councilors	31	(104,192,823)	(96,788,502)	(104,192,823)	(96,788,502)		
Depreciation and amortisation	32	(1,329,594,934)	(1,251,559,330)	(1,324,227,544)	(1,247,700,840)		
Impairment loss/reversal of impairments	63	(124,922,833)	(5,200,760)	(124,922,833)	(5,200,760)		
Finance costs	33	(997,466,530)	(813,827,200)	(996,547,870)	(812,932,071)		
Debt impairment	35	(850,661,938)	(1,338,600,788)	(721,971,875)	(1,242,883,805)		
Collection costs		(274,254,321)	(160,386,656)	(274,245,100)	(160,321,325)		
Repairs and maintenance	26	(1,498,579,577)	(1,379,804,715)	(1,488,573,016)	(1,367,741,016)		
Bulk purchases	36 37	(7,574,254,174)	(7,056,541,045)	(7,717,077,474)	(7,176,709,747)		
Transfers and subsidies	38	(5.050.000.444)	- (4.044.005.444)	(191,734,734)	(264,529,992)		
General expenses	30	(5,256,622,141)	(4,344,835,441)	(5,218,120,733)	(4,188,504,916)		
Total expenditure		(24,329,502,903)	(22,534,048,966) 799,997,974	(24,364,026,816)	(22,540,646,263)		
Operating surplus		1,299,064,067		1,297,843,417	809,940,204		
Gain/(loss) on disposal of assets and liabilities Profit/(loss) on foreign exchange transactions		(171,819,804) (183,984)	(143,237,630) 42,326	(171,774,542) (183,984)	(143,165,651) 42,326		
Fair value adjustments		52,091,422	42,326 (47,526,582)	(163,964) 52,091,422	42,326 (47,526,582)		
i ali value aujustinents			(190,721,886)	(119,867,104)	(190,649,907)		
		(119,912,366)	(130.721.000)				
Surplus before taxation		(119,912,366) 1,179,151,701					
Surplus before taxation Taxation	64	1,179,151,701 489,270	609,276,088 1,972,687	1,177,976,313	619,290,297		

The National Treasury classification of expenditure is disclosed in Note 68.

<sup>\*</sup> See Note 47

# **Statement of Changes in Net Assets**

	Accumulated surplus	Total net assets
	R	R
Group Opening balance as previously reported Adjustments	13,603,541,876	13,603,541,876
Prior year adjustments (refer to Note 43 and 47)	3,594,322,574	3,594,322,574
Balance at 01 July 2013 as restated* Changes in net assets	17,197,864,450	17,197,864,450
Surplus for the year	607,303,401	607,303,401
Total changes	607,303,401	607,303,401
Opening balance as previously reported Adjustments	18,141,028,105	18,141,028,105
Prior year adjustments (refer to Note 43 and 47)	(335,860,254)	(335,860,254)
Restated* Balance at 01 July 2014 as restated*	17,805,167,851	17,805,167,851
Changes in net assets Surplus for the year	1,178,662,431	1,178,662,431
Total changes	1,178,662,431	1,178,662,431
Balance at 30 June 2015	18,983,830,282	18,983,830,282
Note(s)	43	
Municipality		
Opening balance as previously reported Adjustments	13,540,893,369	13,540,893,369
Prior year adjustments (refer to Note 43 and 47)	3,602,029,427	3,602,029,427
Balance at 01 July 2013 as restated* Changes in net assets	17,142,922,796	17,142,922,796
Surplus for the year	619,290,297	619,290,297
Total changes	619,290,297	619,290,297
Opening balance as previously reported Adjustments	18,096,244,331	18,096,244,331
Prior year adjustments (refer to Note 43 and 47)	(334,031,240)	(334,031,240)
Restated* Balance at 01 July 2014 as restated* Changes in net assets	17,762,213,091	17,762,213,091
Surplus for the year	1,177,976,313	1,177,976,313
Total changes	1,177,976,313	1,177,976,313
Balance at 30 June 2015	18,940,189,404	18,940,189,404
Note(s)	43	

# **Cash Flow Statement**

		Gro	oup	Munic	ipality
		2015	2014 Restated*	2015	2014 Restated*
	Note(s)	R	R	R	R
Cash flows from operating activities					
Receipts					
Cash receipts from other revenue sources Cash receipts from ratepayers and service charges		1,410,489,511 17,711,635,661	1,386,612,296 15,979,486,609	1,419,383,030 17,900,616,312	1,375,010,409 16,104,442,894
Grants Interest income		5,677,719,992 38,131,712	4,984,560,786 52,402,499	5,677,719,992 36,874,337	4,983,222,000 51,799,573
		24,837,976,876	22,403,062,190	25,034,593,671	22,514,474,876
Payments					
Cash paid to employees Cash paid to suppliers Finance costs (interest paid) Transfers and grants		(6,423,146,455) (14,210,772,674) (997,466,530)	(6,183,293,031) (12,233,895,217) (813,827,200)	(6,306,605,637) (14,335,547,754) (996,547,870) (191,734,734)	(6,074,121,791 (12,199,542,037 (812,932,071 (264,529,992
Taxes on surpluses		(489,269)	(1,972,685)	(24, 920, 425, 005)	(10.251.125.901
Net cash flows from operating activities	39	(21,631,874,928) 3,206,101,948	(19,232,988,133) 3,170,074,057	(21,830,435,995) 3,204,157,676	(19,351,125,891 <b>3,163,348,985</b>
Net cash nows from operating activities	00	3,200,101,940	3,170,074,037	3,204,137,676	3,103,340,903
Cash flows from investing activities					
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	13	(4,521,638,335)	(4,629,583,275)	(4,519,929,284)	(4,618,933,488
Purchase/redemption of leased assets	17	(266,860,619)	2,458,636	(266,860,619)	2,458,636
Proceeds from sale of assets (including gain/(loss))	13	(62,413,642)	(11,427,542)	(62,413,642)	(11,427,542
Purchase of investment property and retirements	14 15	(2,448,823)	24,040,510	(2,448,823)	24,040,509
Purchase of other intangible assets and retirements		(1,418,263)	(9,636,376)	76,646,301	(9,594,927
Proceeds from sale of other intangible assets	15	77,675,587	13,434,315	-	13,434,315
Purchase of heritage assets	16 16	(6,491)	-	(6,491)	-
Proceeds from sale of heritage assets  Movement in long-term receivables	20	109,762,466	536 (46,820,859)	- 109,762,466	536 (46,820,859
Movement in long-term investments	19	5,096,572	(820,880)	5,096,572	(40,820,839
Movement in interest rate swap asset		-	47,142,677	-	47,142,677
Movement in interest rate swap liability	69	-	44,114,153	-	44,114,153
Net cash flows from investing activities		(4,662,251,548)	(4,567,098,105)	(4,660,153,520)	(4,556,406,870
Cash flows from financing activities					
Proceeds from loans and bonds		1,500,000,000	1,600,000,000	1,500,000,000	1,600,000,000
Repayment of loans and bonds	4	(491,042,465)	(648,537,164)	(490,727,044)	(648,221,694
Finance lease payments		199,894,504	(83,594,090)	199,894,504	(83,594,090
Net cash flows from financing activities		1,208,852,039	867,868,746	1,209,167,460	868,184,216
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(247,297,561)	(529,155,302)	(246,828,384)	(524,873,669)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year		847,815,980	1,376,971,281	797,248,099	1,322,121,767
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the	24	600,518,419	847,815,979	550,419,715	797,248,098

<sup>\*</sup> See Note 47

# **Statement of Comparison of Budget and Actual Amounts**

	Original budge	t Budget adjustments (i.t.o. s28 and s31 of the MFMA)	Final adjustments budget	Shifting of funds (i.t.o. s31 of the MFMA)	Virement (i.t.o. council approved policy)	Final budget	Actual outcome	Unauthorised expenditure	Variance	Actual outcome as % of final budget	Actual outcome as % of original budget
	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R
Group - 2015											
Financial performance											
Property rates	4,888,153,500	-	4,888,153,500	-		4,888,153,500	4,866,348,173		(21,805,327)	100 %	100 %
Service charges	14,520,842,065	, ,	14,617,342,065	-		14,617,342,065	13,344,134,833		(1,273,207,232)	91 %	92 %
Investment revenue	66,621,700	202,682	66,824,382	-		66,824,382	38,131,712		(28,692,670)	57 %	57 %
Transfers recognised -	3,174,408,229	202,789,163	3,377,197,392	-		3,377,197,392	3,081,484,935		(295,712,457)	91 %	97 %
operational Other own revenue	2,289,458,546	(128,014,270)	2,161,444,276	_		2,161,444,276	1,751,817,939		(409,626,337)	81 %	77 %
										92 %	93 %
Total revenue (excluding capital transfers and contributions)	24,939,484,040	1/1,4/7,5/5	25,110,961,615	-		25,110,961,615	23,081,917,592		(2,029,044,023)	92 %	93 %
Employee costs	(6,599,934,768)	102,006,349	(6,497,928,419)	_	_	(6,497,928,419)	(6,318,953,632)	-	178,974,787	97 %	96 %
Remuneration of councillors	(109,043,173)	(593,682)	(109,636,855)	-	-	(109,636,855)	(104,192,823)	-	5,444,032	95 %	96 %
Debt impairment	(650,517,597)	(110,762,269)	(761,279,866)			(761,279,866)	(850,661,938)	89,382,072	(89,382,072)	112 %	131 %
Depreciation and asset impairment	(1,116,340,529)	(7,637,288)	(1,123,977,817)			(1,123,977,817)	(1,454,517,767)	330,539,950	(330,539,950)	129 %	130 %
Finance charges	(898,191,101)	(39,261,675)	(937,452,776)	-	-	(937,452,776)	(997,466,530)	60,013,754	(60,013,754)	106 %	111 %
Materials and bulk purchases	(8,539,532,309)	84,765,979	(8,454,766,330)	-	-	(8,454,766,330)	(7,827,852,866)	-	626,913,464	93 %	92 %
Transfers and grants	(262,326,995)	5,161,207	(257,165,788)	-	-	(257, 165, 788)	-	-	257,165,788	- %	- %
Other expenditure	(5,664,069,282)	(783,439,942)	(6,447,509,224)	-	-	(6,447,509,224)	(6,914,101,908)	466,592,684	(466,592,684)	107 %	122 %
Total expenditure	(23,839,955,754)	(749,761,321)	(24,589,717,075)	-	- 1	(24,589,717,075)	(24,467,747,464)	946,528,460	121,969,611	100 %	103 %
Surplus/(deficit)	1,099,528,286	(578,283,746)	521,244,540	=		521,244,540	(1,385,829,872)		(1,907,074,412)	(266)%	(266)%

# Statement of comparison of budget and actual amounts

	Original budge	t Budget adjustments (i.t.o. s28 and s31 of the MFMA)	Final adjustments budget	Shifting of funds (i.t.o. s31 of the MFMA)	Virement (i.t.o. council approved policy)	Final budget	Actual outcome	Unauthorised expenditure	Variance	Actual outcome as % of final budget	Actual outcome as % of original budget
	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R
Transfers recognised - capital	2,544,400,000	78,712,740	2,623,112,740	-		2,623,112,740	2,564,981,574		(58,131,166)	98 %	101 %
Surplus/(deficit) after capital transfers and contributions	3,643,928,286	(499,571,006)	3,144,357,280	-		3,144,357,280	1,179,151,702		(1,965,205,578)	38 %	32 %
Taxation	_	-	-	-		-	489,270		489,270	- %	- %
Surplus/(deficit) for the year	3,643,928,286	(499,571,006)	3,144,357,280	-		3,144,357,280	1,178,662,432		(1,965,694,848)	37 %	32 %
Capital expenditure and for	unds sources										
Total capital expenditure Sources of capital funds	4,167,986,756	220,794,533	4,388,781,289	-		4,388,781,289	4,114,917,583		(273,863,706)	94 %	99 %
Transfers recognised - capital	(2,544,400,000)	(78,712,740)	(2,623,112,740)	-		(2,623,112,740)	(2,564,981,572)		58,131,168	98 %	101 %
Public contributions and donations	(80,100,000)	4,000,000	(76,100,000)	-		(76,100,000)	(57,530,022)		18,569,978	76 %	72 %
Borrowing Internally generated funds	(1,500,000,000) (43,486,756)	- (146,081,793)	(1,500,000,000) (189,568,549)	-		(1,500,000,000) (189,568,549)	(1,387,942,005) (104,463,984)		112,057,995 85,104,565	93 % 55 %	93 % 240 %
Total sources of capital funds	(4,167,986,756)	(220,794,533)	(4,388,781,289)	-		(4,388,781,289)	(4,114,917,583)		273,863,706	94 %	99 %

# Statement of comparison of budget and actual amounts

	Original budge	t Budget adjustments (i.t.o. s28 and s31 of the MFMA)	Final adjustments budget	Shifting of funds (i.t.o. s31 of the MFMA)	Virement (i.t.o. council approved policy)	Final budget	Actual outcome l	Jnauthorised expenditure	Variance	Actual outcome as % of final budget	Actual outcome as % of original budget
	R	Ŕ	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R
Cash flows											
Net cash from/(used)	4,451,725,644	(809,056,376)	3,642,669,268	-		3,642,669,268	3,206,101,948		(436,567,320)	88 %	72 %
operating Net cash from/(used) investing	(4,064,055,187)	(217,869,884)	(4,281,925,071)	-		(4,281,925,071)	(4,662,251,548)		(380,326,477)	109 %	115 %
Net cash from/(used) financing	888,898,235	101,848,483	990,746,718	-		990,746,718	1,208,852,039		218,105,321	122 %	136 %
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	1,276,568,692	(925,077,777)	351,490,915	-		351,490,915	(247,297,561)		(598,788,476)	(70)%	(19)%
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	1,416,667,468	(564,682,274)	851,985,194	-		851,985,194	847,815,980		(4,169,214)	100 %	60 %
Cash and cash equivalents at year end	2,693,236,160	(1,489,760,051)	1,203,476,109	-		1,203,476,109	600,518,419		(602,957,690)	50 %	22 %

# **Statement of Comparison of Budget and Actual Amounts**

	Reported unauthorised expenditure	Expenditure authorised in terms of section 32 of MFMA	Balance to be recovered on	Restated audited outcome
	R	R	R	R
Group - 2014				
Financial performance				
Property rates Service charges Investment revenue Transfers recognised - operational Other own revenue				4,410,334,578 12,316,946,211 52,402,499 2,861,382,433 1,357,641,909
Total revenue (excluding capital transfers and contributions)	-			20,998,707,630
Employee costs Remuneration of councillors Debt impairment Depreciation and asset impairment Finance charges Materials and bulk purchases Other expenditure	595,336,83 175,426,30 350,546,48	3 175,426,30 - -	3 - -	- (6,086,504,529) - (96,788,502) - (1,338,600,788) - (1,256,760,090) - (813,827,200) - (7,364,658,803) - (5,786,693,523)
Total expenditure	1,121,309,62	4 1,121,309,62	4	- (22,743,833,435)
Surplus/(deficit)				(1,745,125,805)
Transfers recognised - capital Contributions recognised - capital and contributed assets				2,112,512,042 237,944,478
Surplus/(deficit) after capital transfers and contributions				605,330,715
Taxation				(1,972,687)
Surplus/(deficit) for the year				607,303,402

# Statement of comparison of budget and actual amounts

	Reported unauthorised expenditure	Expenditure authorised in terms of section 32 of MFMA	Balance to be recovered on	Restated audited outcome
	R	R	R	R
Capital expenditure and funds sources				
Total capital expenditure  Sources of capital funds  Transfers recognised - capital  Public contributions and donations  Borrowing  Internally generated funds				4,228,582,512 (2,114,748,689) (93,818,354) (1,493,166,334) (526,849,135)
Total sources of capital funds				(4,228,582,512)
Cash flows				
Net cash from/(used) operating Net cash from/(used) investing Net cash from/(used) financing				3,170,074,057 (4,567,098,105) 867,868,746
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents				(529,155,302)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year				1,376,971,281
Cash and cash equivalents at year end				847,815,979

# **Statement of Comparison of Budget and Actual Amounts**

	Original budge	adjustments (i.t.o. s28 and s31 of the MFMA)	Final adjustments budget	Shifting of funds (i.t.o. s31 of the MFMA)	approved policy)			expenditure	Variance	Actual outcome as % of final budget	Actual outcome as % of original budget
	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R
Municipality - 2015											
Financial performance Property rates Service charges Investment revenue Transfers recognised - operational	4,862,499,685 14,234,892,180 66,547,900 3,104,829,000 2.078,790,492	15,858,733	4,862,499,685 14,331,392,180 66,547,900 3,120,687,733	- - - -		4,862,499,685 14,331,392,180 66,547,900 3,120,687,733	4,866,550,478 13,422,295,882 36,874,337 3,081,484,935 1,708,015,222		4,050,793 (909,096,298) (29,673,563) (39,202,798)	100 % 94 % 55 % 99 %	100 % 94 % 55 % 99 %
Other own revenue  Total revenue (excluding capital transfers and contributions)		45,743,580 158,102,313	2,124,534,072 <b>24,505,661,570</b>	<u> </u>		2,124,534,072 <b>24,505,661,570</b>			(416,518,850) (1,390,440,716)	94 %	95 %
Employee costs Remuneration of councillors	(6,465,457,732) (105,577,058)	96,468,760	(6,368,988,972) (105,577,058)	-	-	(6,368,988,972) (105,577,058)	(6,202,412,814) (104,192,823)	-	166,576,158 1,384,235	97 % 99 %	96 % 99 %
Debt impairment Depreciation and asset impairment	(565,433,560) (1,113,786,147)	(110,762,269) (7,393,219)	(676,195,829) (1,121,179,366)			(676,195,829) (1,121,179,366)	(721,971,875) (1,449,150,377)	45,776,046 327,971,011	(45,776,046) (327,971,011)	107 % 129 %	128 % 130 %
Finance charges Materials and bulk purchases	(897,759,351) (8,376,308,224)	(39,788,602) 222,934,207	(937,547,953) (8,153,374,017)			(937,547,953) (8,153,374,017)	(996,547,870) (7,970,676,164)	58,999,917 -	(58,999,917) 182,697,853	106 % 98 %	111 % 95 %
Transfers and grants Other expenditure	(236,673,180) (5,487,035,650)	5,161,207 (903,009,213)	(231,511,973) (6,390,044,863)	-	-	(231,511,973) (6,390,044,863)	(191,734,734) (6,865,539,458)	- 475,494,595	39,777,239 (475,494,595)	83 % 107 %	81 % 125 %
Total expenditure	(23,248,030,902)	(736,389,129)	(23,984,420,031)		- 1	(23,984,420,031)	(24,502,226,115)	908,241,569	(517,806,084)	102 %	105 %
Surplus/(deficit)	1,099,528,355	(578,286,816)	521,241,539	-		521,241,539	(1,387,005,261)		(1,908,246,800)	(266)%	(126)%
Transfers recognised - capital	2,544,400,000	78,712,740	2,623,112,740	-		2,623,112,740	2,564,981,574		(58,131,166)	98 %	101 %
Surplus/(deficit) after capital transfers and contributions	3,643,928,355	(499,574,076)	3,144,354,279	-		3,144,354,279	1,177,976,313		(1,966,377,966)	37 %	32 %
Surplus/(deficit) for the year	3,643,928,355	(499,574,076)	3,144,354,279	-		3,144,354,279	1,177,976,313		(1,966,377,966)	37 %	32 %

# Statement of comparison of budget and actual amounts

	Original budge	t Budget adjustments (i.t.o. s28 and s31 of the MFMA)	Final adjustments budget	Shifting of funds (i.t.o. s31 of the MFMA)	Virement (i.t.o. council approved policy)	Final budget	Actual outcome	Unauthorised expenditure	Variance	Actual outcome as % of final budget	Actual outcome as % of original budget
	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R
Capital expenditure and fu	ınds sources										
Total capital expenditure	4,167,986,756	220,794,533	4,388,781,289	-		4,388,781,289	4,114,917,583		(273,863,706)	94 %	99 %
Sources of capital funds Transfers recognised -	(2,544,400,000)	(78,712,740)	(2,623,112,740)	-		(2,623,112,740)	(2,564,981,572)		58,131,168	98 %	101 %
capital Public contributions and donations	(80,100,000)	4,000,000	(76,100,000)	-		(76,100,000)	(57,530,022)		18,569,978	76 %	72 %
Borrowing Internally generated funds	(1,500,000,000) (43,486,756)	- (146,081,793)	(1,500,000,000) (189,568,549)	-		(1,500,000,000) (189,568,549)	(1,387,942,005) (104,463,984)		112,057,995 85,104,565	93 % 55 %	93 % 240 %
Total sources of capital funds	(4,167,986,756)	(220,794,533)	(4,388,781,289)	-		(4,388,781,289)	(4,114,917,583)		273,863,706	94 %	99 %
Cash flows											
Net cash from/(used)	4,489,711,457	(824,789,236)	3,664,922,221	-		3,664,922,221	3,204,157,676		(460,764,545)	87 %	71 %
operating Net cash from/(used)	(4,052,714,056)	(216,342,538)	(4,269,056,594)	-		(4,269,056,594)	(4,660,153,520)		(391,096,926)	109 %	115 %
investing Net cash from/(used) financing	866,013,956	116,647,654	982,661,610	-		982,661,610	1,209,167,460		226,505,850	123 %	140 %
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	1,303,011,357	(924,484,120)	378,527,237	-		378,527,237	(246,828,384)		(625,355,621)	(65)%	(19)%
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	1,361,930,373	(564,682,274)	797,248,099	-		797,248,099	797,248,099		-	100 %	59 %
Cash and cash equivalents at year end	2,664,941,730	(1,489,166,394)	1,175,775,336	-		1,175,775,336	550,419,715		625,355,621	47 %	21 %

# **Statement of Comparison of Budget and Actual Amounts**

	Reported unauthorised expenditure	Expenditure authorised in terms of sectio 32 of MFMA	Balance to be recovered n	Restated audited outcome
	R	R	R	R
Municipality - 2014				
Financial performance				
Property rates Service charges Investment revenue Transfers recognised - operational Other own revenue				4,410,502,438 12,369,231,568 51,799,573 2,861,382,433 1,560,275,623
Total revenue (excluding capital transfers and contributions)	-			21,253,191,635
Employee costs Remuneration of councillors Debt impairment Depreciation and asset impairment Finance charges Materials and bulk purchases Transfers and grants Other expenditure	595,336,834 175,426,303 - - - 350,546,487	175,426,30	- 4 3 - -	- (5,977,333,289) - (96,788,502) - (1,242,883,805) - (1,252,901,600) - (812,932,071) - (7,484,827,504) - (264,529,992) - (5,614,216,617)
Total expenditure	1,121,309,624	1,121,309,62	4	- (22,746,413,380)
Surplus/(deficit)				(1,493,221,745)
Transfers recognised - capital Contributions recognised - capital and contributed assets				2,112,512,042 -
Surplus/(deficit) after capital transfers and contributions				619,290,297
Surplus/(deficit) for the year				619,290,297

# Statement of comparison of budget and actual amounts

	Reported unauthorised expenditure	Expenditure authorised in terms of section 32 of MFMA		Restated audited outcome
	R	R	R	R
Capital expenditure and funds sources				
Total capital expenditure				4,228,582,512
Sources of capital funds Transfers recognised - capital				(2,114,748,689)
Public contributions and donations Borrowing				(93,818,354) (1,493,166,334)
Internally generated funds				(526,849,135)
Total sources of capital funds				(4,228,582,512)
Cash flows				
Net cash from/(used) operating				3,163,348,985
Net cash from/(used) investing Net cash from/(used) financing				(4,556,406,870) 868,184,216
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents				(524,873,669)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year				1,322,121,767
Cash and cash equivalents at year end				797,248,098

Consolidated Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2015

# **Accounting Policies**

## 1. Basis of preparation of annual financial statements

The consolidated annual financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Standards of Generally Recognised Accounting Practice (GRAP), issued by the Accounting Standards Board in accordance with Section 122(3) of the Municipal Finance Management Act (Act 56 of 2003).

These consolidated annual financial statements have been prepared on an accrual basis of accounting and are in accordance with historical cost convention as the basis of measurement, unless specified otherwise. They are presented in South African Rand.

A summary of the significant accounting policies, which have been consistently applied in the preparation of these consolidated annual financial statements, are disclosed below.

## 1.1 Presentation currency

These consolidated annual financial statements are presented in South African rand, which is the functional currency of the group and amounts have been rounded to the nearest rand.

#### 1.2 Consolidation

#### Basis of consolidation

The consolidated annual consolidated annual financial statements are the consolidated annual financial statements of the group presented as those of a single entity.

Control exists when the municipality has the power to govern the financial and operating policies of another entity so as to obtain benefits from its activities.

The annual consolidated annual financial statements of the municipality and its controlled entities used in the preparation of the consolidated annual consolidated annual financial statements are prepared as of the same reporting date.

Adjustments are made when necessary to the annual consolidated annual financial statements of the controlled entities to bring their accounting policies in line with those of the municipality.

All intra-entity transactions, balances, revenues and expenses are eliminated in full on consolidation.

The term "economic entity" is used in GRAP 6 to define, for financial reporting purposes a group of entities comprising the controlling entity and any controlled entities. Other terms sometimes used to refer to an economic entity include "administrative entity", "financial entity", "consolidated entity" and "group". For ease of reference and understanding the term "group" is used to refer to the "economic entity" and municipality" is used to refer to the "controlling entity" in these consolidated annual financial statements.

## 1.3 Going concern assumption

These annual financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, ie the assumption that the Municipality will continue to operate as a going concern for at least the next 12 months. Refer to Note 65.

## 1.4 Significant judgements and sources of estimation uncertainty

The preparation of these financial statements in conformity with GRAP requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the City of Tshwane's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements are disclosed in the notes to the financial statements, where applicable.

## Trade receivables/Investments and/or loans and receivables

The group assesses its trade receivables, investments and loans and receivables for impairment at the end of each reporting period. In determining whether an impairment loss should be recorded in surplus or deficit, judgements have to be made as to whether there were observable data indicating a measurable decrease in the estimated future cash flows from a financial asset. The impairment is measured at the reporting date taking into account the different classes of debtors and the history of payment success of debtors.

## Financial assets

The group follows the guidance of GRAP 104 to determine when a financial asset is impaired. This determination requires significant judgement. In making this judgement, the group evaluates, among other factors, the duration and extent to which the fair value of an investment is less than its cost and the financial health of and near-term business outlook for the investee, including factors such as industry and sector performance, changes in technology and operational and financing cash flow.

Consolidated Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2015

# **Accounting Policies**

## 1.4 Significant judgements and sources of estimation uncertainty (continued)

#### Allowance for slow moving, damaged and obsolete stock

An allowance for slow moving, damaged and obsolete stock is used to write stock down to the lower of cost or net realisable value. Management have made estimates of the selling price and direct cost to sell on certain inventory items. The write-down is included in the operational surplus (general expense). Refer to Note 21.

## Fair value estimation

The fair value of financial instruments traded in active markets is based on quoted market prices at the end of the reporting period. The quoted market price used for financial assets held by the group is the current bid price.

The fair value of financial instruments that are not traded in an active market (for example, over-the-counter derivatives) is determined by using valuation techniques. The group uses a variety of methods and makes assumptions that are based on market conditions existing at the end of each reporting period. Quoted market prices or dealer quotes for similar instruments are used for long-term debt. Other techniques, such as estimated discounted cash flows, are used to determine fair value for the remaining financial instruments. The fair value of interest rate swaps is calculated as the present value of the estimated future cash flows.

#### Impairment testing

The group reviews and tests the carrying value of assets when events or changes in circumstances suggest that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. Assets are grouped at the lowest level for which identifiable cash flows are largely independent of cash flows of other assets and liabilities. If there are indications that impairment may have occurred, estimates are prepared of expected future cash flows for each group of assets.

#### **Provisions**

Provisions are raised and management determined an estimate based on the information available. Additional disclosure of these estimates of provisions is included in Note 6 - Provisions.

## Useful lives of property, plant and equipment

The municipality's management determines the estimated useful lives and related depreciation charges for property, plant and equipment. This estimate is based on industry norms. Management will increase the depreciation charge where useful lives are less than previously estimated useful lives.

## Post-retirement benefits

The present value of the post-retirement obligation depends on a number of factors that are determined on an actuarial basis using a number of assumptions. The assumptions used in determining the net cost (income) include the discount rate. Any changes in these assumptions will impact on the carrying amount of post-retirement obligations.

Other key assumptions for pension obligations are based on current market conditions. Additional information is disclosed in Note 44.

## Effective interest rate

The group used the weighted average interest rate on external borrowings to discount future cash flows.

## Allowance for impairment

On debtors an impairment loss is recognised in surplus and deficit when there is objective evidence that it is impaired. The impairment is measured at the reporting date, taking into account the different classes of debtors and the history of payment success of debtors.

## 1.5 Biological assets (game) - disclosed under property, plant and equipment

Biological assets (game) - disclosed under property, plant and equipment are measured at their fair value less point-of-sale costs.

The fair value of livestock is determined based on market prices of livestock of similar age, breed, and genetic merit.

A gain or loss arising on initial recognition of biological assets (game) - disclosed under property, plant and equipment at fair value less costs to sell and from a change in fair value less costs to sell of biological assets (game) - disclosed under property, plant and equipment is included in surplus or deficit for the period in which it arises.

Biological assets are derecognised when the entity disposes thereof or when it is no longer probable that future economic benefits or service potential will be generated from the biological asset. Any gain or loss that arises at the point of derecognition is recognised in surplus or deficit at the point of derecognition.

Consolidated Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2015

# Accounting Policies

## 1.6 Investment property

Investment property is property held to earn rental revenue or for capital appreciation or both.

Investment property is recognised as an asset when, it is probable that the future economic benefits or service potential that are associated with the investment property will flow to the group, and the cost or fair value of the investment property can be measured reliably.

Investment property is initially recognised at cost. Transaction costs are included in the initial measurement.

Where investment property is acquired through a non-exchange transaction, its cost is its fair value as at the date of acquisition.

Costs include costs incurred initially and costs incurred subsequently to add to, or to replace a part of, or to service a property. If a replacement part is recognised in the carrying amount of the investment property, the carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognised.

Subsequent to initial measurement, investment property is stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses. Depreciation is calculated on cost, using the straight-line method over the useful life of the property.

Land held for a currently undetermined future use is recognised as investment property.

The gain or loss on the disposal or retirement of investment property is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying value of the asset on the date of disposal and is recognised in the surplus or deficit for the year.

## Cost model

Investment property is carried at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses.

Depreciation is provided to write down the cost, less estimated residual value by equal installments over the useful life of the property, which is as follows:

ItemUseful lifeProperty - landIndefiniteProperty - buildings25-60

Investment property is derecognised on disposal or when the investment property is permanently withdrawn from use and no future economic benefits or service potential are expected from its disposal.

Gains or losses arising from the retirement or disposal of investment property is the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognised in surplus or deficit in the period of retirement or disposal.

Transfers are made to or from investment property only when there is a change in use. For a transfer from investment property to owner-occupied property (property, plant and equipment), the deemed cost for subsequent accounting is the fair value at the date of change in use. If owner-occupied property becomes an investment property, the entity accounts for such property in accordance with the policy stated under property, plant and equipment up to the date of change in use.

Compensation from third parties for investment property that was impaired, lost or given up is recognised in surplus or deficit when the compensation becomes receivable.

## 1.7 Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are tangible non-current assets (including infrastructure assets) that are held for use in the production or supply of goods or services, rental to others, or for administrative purposes, and are expected to be used during more than one period.

The cost of an item of property, plant and equipment is recognised as an asset when:-

- it is probable that future economic benefits or service potential associated with the item will flow to the group; and
- the cost of the item can be measured reliably.

Property, plant and equipment are initially measured at cost.

The cost of an item of property, plant and equipment is the purchase price and other costs attributable to bring the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management. Trade discounts and rebates are deducted in arriving at the cost.

Where an asset is acquired through a non-exchange transaction, its cost is its fair value as at the date of acquisition.

Consolidated Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2015

# **Accounting Policies**

## 1.7 Property, plant and equipment (continued)

Where an item of property, plant and equipment is acquired in exchange for a non-monetary asset or monetary assets, or a combination of monetary and non-monetary assets, the asset acquired is initially measured at fair value (the cost). If the acquired item's fair value was not determinable, its deemed cost is the carrying amount of the asset(s) given up.

Costs include costs incurred initially to acquire or construct an item of property, plant and equipment and costs incurred subsequently to add to, replace part of, or service it. If a replacement cost is recognised in the carrying amount of an item of property, plant and equipment, the carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognised.

The initial estimate of the costs of dismantling and removing the item and restoring the site on which it is located is also included in the cost of property, plant and equipment, where the entity is obligated to incur such expenditure, and where the obligation arises as a result of acquiring the asset or using it for purposes other than the production of inventories.

Recognition of costs in the carrying amount of an item of property, plant and equipment ceases when the item is in the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management.

Major spare parts and stand by equipment which are expected to be used for more than one period are included in property, plant and equipment. In addition, spare parts and stand by equipment which can only be used in connection with an item of property, plant and equipment are accounted for as property, plant and equipment.

Major inspection costs which are a condition of continuing use of an item of property, plant and equipment and which meet the recognition criteria above are included as a replacement in the cost of the item of property, plant and equipment. Any remaining inspection costs from the previous inspection are derecognised.

Property, plant and equipment are carried at cost less accumulated depreciation and any impairment losses.

Compensation from third parties for an item of property, plant and equipment that was impaired, lost or given up is recognised in surplus or deficit when the compensation becomes receivable.

Property, plant and equipment are depreciated on the straight line basis over their expected useful lives to their estimated residual value from the day that the asset is ready for use. Residual value is what the asset would currently receive if in the condition it would be at the end of its useful life. The asset's residual values and useful lives are reviewed and adjusted if appropriate at each reporting date and any changes are recognised as a change in accounting estimate in surplus or deficit for the year. The actual useful lives of the assets, residual values and the depreciation method are assessed annually and might vary depending on a number of factors. In re-assessing asset lives, factors such as technological innovation, product life cycles and maintenance programmes are taken into account.

The useful lives of items of property, plant and equipment have been assessed as follows:

	et category	Average useful life (years)		
Infra	astructure: Electricity			
•	Cables	20-55		
•	Control centre	20-45		
•	Fibre optic cables	25-50		
•	High mast lighting	10-45		
•	General electrical equipment	30-40		
•	Lines: Overhead	20-50		
•	Lines: Underground	25-50		
•	Meters: Pre-paid	10-30		
•	Meters: Credit	20-30		
•	Perimeter protection	20-30		
•	Pole/structure	20-50		
•	Substations: Civil	20-50		
•	Substations: Equipment	20-50		
•	Substations: Switchgear	20-50		
•	Transformers	25-50		
Infra	astructure: Water			
•	Meters	10-20		
•	Bulk meters	40-120		
•	Supply/reticulation	40-120		
•	Pump station: Civil	30-55		
•	Pump station: Electrical	15-40		
•	Pump station: Mechanical	15-40		
•	Pump station: Perimeter protection	10-30		
•	Pump station: Pipe works	40-120		
•	Pressure relief valve station: Civil	30-55		
•	Pressure relief valve station: Electrical	15-40		

# **Accounting Policies**

1.7

o	perty, plant and equipment (continued) Pressure relief valve station: Metal work	10-40
	Pressure relief valve station: Netal work  Pressure relief valve station: Perimeter protection	10-40
	Pressure relief valve station: Pipe works	40-120
	Boreholes: Structure	30-50
	Boreholes: Civil	20-55
	Boreholes: Electrical	15-40
	Boreholes: Mechanical	15-40
	Boreholes: Perimeter protection	10-30
	Boreholes: Pipe works	40-120
	Water treatment plant: Structure	30-50
	Water treatment plant: Civil	30-55
	Water treatment plant: Electrical	15-40
	Water treatment plant: Mechanical	15-40
	Water treatment plant: Mediamed	10-30
	Water treatment plant: Metal work	10-40
	Water treatment plant: Pipe works	40-120
	Service reservoir: Structure	30-50
	Service reservoir: Civil	30-55
	Service reservoir: Civil Service reservoir: Electrical	15-40
	Service reservoir: Mechanical	15-40
	Service reservoir: Metal work	10-40
	Service reservoir: Metal work Service reservoir: Pipe works	40-120
	Dams/weirs/fountains: Structure	30-50
	Dams/weirs/fountains: Structure  Dams/weirs/fountains: Civil	30-55
	Dams/weirs/fountains: Civil	15-40
	Dams/weirs/fountains: Electrical  Dams/weirs/fountains: Mechanical	15-40
	Dams/weirs/fountains: Nechanical  Dams/weirs/fountains: Perimeter protection	10-30
	·	40-120
	Dams/weirs/fountains: Pipe works	40-120
N	erage Bulk meter	40-120
	Outfall sewer: Civil	30-55
		15-50
	Outfall sewer: Electrical	30-55
	Sewerage pump station: Structure	15-50
	Sewerage pump station: Electrical	
	Sewerage pump station: Mechanical	15-40
	Sewerage pump station: Perimeter protection	10-30
	Sewerage pump station: Pipe works	40-120
	Sewerage pump station: Metal work	10-40
	Sewerage reticulation: Structure	30-55
	Sewer reticulation: Pipe works	40-120
	Waste water treatment plant: Structure	30-55
	Waste water treatment plant: Electrical	15-50
	Waste water treatment plant: Mechanical	15-40
	Waste water treatment plant: Perimeter protection	10-30
	Waste water treatment plant: Pipe works	40-120
	Reservoir	30-50
il	dings	
	Dwellings (hostels, housing schemes, residences, etc)	25-60
	Non-residential (agricultural, clinics, fire stations, museums, etc)	25-60
	Non-residential: Perimeter protection	10-45
1	dscaping	
	Landscaping	10-15
li	d waste disposal	
	Tip site: Structure	25-30
íľ	ways	<b>6- 6</b> -
	Sidings	25-30

Consolidated Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2015

# **Accounting Policies**

1.7

	perty, plant and equipment (continued)	
Roa	ds	
•	Bridges: Vehicle (concrete)	50-80
•	Bridges: Pedestrian (concrete)	50-80
•	Storm water: Culverts	25-50
•	Storm water: Inlet, junction point, outlet	20-50
•	Storm water: Pipes	25-50
•	Roads: Kerb and channels	20-50
•	Roads: Municipal roads - bitumen layer	20-45
•	Roads: Municipal roads - bitumen surface	10-60
•	Roads: Municipal roads - mixed-surface layer	20-45
•	Roads: Municipal roads - mixed-surface surface	1050
•	Roads: Municipal roads - paving blocks layer	10-45
•	Roads: Municipal roads - paving blocks surface	10-50
•	Roads: Municipal roads - unpaved layer	10-45
•	Roads: Municipal roads - unpaved surface	10-50
•	Roads: Overhead traffic signs	15-20
•	Roads: Street lighting	10-50
•	Roads: Traffic signals	15-20
•	Roads: Traffic signs	5-30
•	Roads: Tunnel	50-80
	neteries	05.55
•	Cemeteries	25-55
Otne	er machinery and equipment	10-15
•	Irrigation equipment	
•	Cold room	10-15
•	Telecommunication equipment	3-30
Con	nputer equipment	3-20
Othe	Networks	3-20
•		8-25
•	Specialist vehicles Other vehicles	8-55
	Office equipment	5-25
•	Furniture and fittings	5-30
•	Watercraft	5-20
•	Bins and containers	5-20 5-15
•	Specialist plant and equipment	10-45
•	Other plant and equipment	10-45
•	Landfill sites and quarries	1-50
•	Books	5-30
•	Library material	5-30
Logo	sed assets	3-30
Lea:	Vehicles, equipment, etc	3-20
Live	stock	3 20
•	Livestock (dogs and horses)	8-20
Con	nmunity assets	3 = 0
•	Recreation facilities	15-50
•	Playing apparatus	5-35
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	

The residual value and the useful life and depreciation method of each asset are reviewed at the end of each reporting date. If the expectations differ from previous estimates, the change is accounted for as a change in accounting estimate.

Reviewing the useful life of an asset on an annual basis does not require the entity to amend the previous estimate unless expectations differ from the previous estimate.

Each part of an item of property, plant and equipment with a cost that is significant in relation to the total cost of the item is depreciated separately.

The depreciation charge for each period is recognised in surplus or deficit unless it is included in the carrying amount of another asset.

Items of property, plant and equipment are derecognised when the asset is disposed of or when there are no further economic benefits or service potential expected from use of the asset.

The gain or loss arising from the derecognition of an item of property, plant and equipment is included in surplus or deficit when the item is derecognised. The gain or loss arising from the derecognition of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the net disposal proceeds, if any, and the carrying amount of the item.

Consolidated Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2015

# **Accounting Policies**

## 1.7 Property, plant and equipment (continued)

#### Subsequent expenditure

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits or service potential over the total life of the asset in excess of the most recently assessed standard of performance of the existing asset will flow to the Municipality. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to surplus or deficit for the year in which they are incurred.

## Impairment of property, plant and equipment

The group tests for impairment where there is an indication that an asset might be impaired. An assessment of whether there is an indication of possible impairment is done at each reporting date. Where the carrying amount of an item of property, plant and equipment is greater than the estimated recoverable amount (or recoverable service amount) it is written down immediately to its recoverable amount (or recoverable service amount) and an impairment loss is charged to the surplus or deficit for the year.

## Land

Land is not depreciated as it is deemed to have an indefinite useful life.

#### Incomplete construction work (assets under construction)

Incomplete construction work is stated at historical cost. Depreciation only commences when the asset is ready for use.

#### Non-current assets held for sale

Non-current assets held for sale will remain under the specific class of property, plant and equipment until disposal and will depreciate as normal, whereafter it will be retired. It is carried at cost less accumulated depreciation and any impairment losses.

### 1.8 Site rehabilitation and restoration cost

The municipality has an obligation to rehabilitate and restore items of property, plant and equipment. Such obligations are referred to as 'rehabilitation provisions'. The cost of an item of property, plant and equipment includes the initial estimate of the costs of rehabilitation and restoring the site on which it is located, the obligation for which a municipality incurs either when the item is acquired or as a consequence of having used the item during a particular period.

As the related asset is measured using the cost model:-

- (a) subject to (b), changes in the liability are added to, or deducted from, the cost of the related asset in the current period;
- if a decrease in the liability exceeds the carrying amount of the asset, the excess is recognised immediately in surplus or deficit; and
- (c) if the adjustment results in an addition to the cost of an asset, the municipality considers whether this is an indication that the new carrying amount of the asset may not be fully recoverable. If it is such an indication, the asset is tested for impairment by estimating its recoverable amount or recoverable service amount, and any impairment loss is recognised in accordance with the accounting policy on impairment of cash-generating assets and/or impairment of non-cash-generating assets.

## 1.9 Intangible assets

An asset is identifiable if it either:-

- is separable, i.e. is capable of being separated or divided from an entity and sold, transferred, licensed, rented or exchanged, either individually or together with a related contract, identifiable assets or liability, regardless of whether the entity intends to do so: or
- arises from binding arrangements (including rights from contracts), regardless of whether those rights are transferable or separable from the group or from other rights and obligations.

A binding arrangement describes an arrangement that confers similar rights and obligations on the parties to it as if it were in the form of a contract.

An intangible asset is recognised when:-

- it is probable that the expected future economic benefits or service potential that are attributable to the asset will flow to the group; and
- the cost or fair value of the asset can be measured reliably.

The group assesses the probability of expected future economic benefits or service potential using reasonable and supportable assumptions that represent management's best estimate of the set of economic conditions that will exist over the useful life of the asset.

Intangible assets are initially recognised at cost.

Consolidated Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2015

# **Accounting Policies**

## 1.9 Intangible assets (continued)

Intangible assets are carried at cost less accumulated amortisation and any impairment losses. Software is amortised on a straight-line-basis over its anticipated useful life. Generally, costs associated with developing computer software programs are recognised as an expense as incurred. However, costs that are clearly associated with an identifiable and unique product, which will be controlled by the Municipality and has a probable benefit exceeding the cost beyond one year, are recognised as an intangible asset.

Expenditure, which enhances and extends the benefits of computer software programs beyond the original life of the software, is capitalised. Computer software development costs recognised as assets are amortised using the straight-line method over their useful lives. Costs associated with the maintenance of existing computer software programs are expensed as incurred.

Where an intangible asset is acquired through a non-exchange transaction, its initial cost at the date of acquisition is measured at its fair value as at that date.

Expenditure on research (or on the research phase of an internal project) is recognised as an expense when it is incurred.

An intangible asset arising from development (or from the development phase of an internal project) is recognised when -

- it is technically feasible to complete the asset so that it will be available for use or sale;
- there is an intention to complete and use or sell it;
- there is an ability to use or sell it;
- it will generate probable future economic benefits or service potential;
- there are available technical, financial and other resources to complete the development and to use or sell the asset; or
- the expenditure attributable to the asset during its development can be measured reliably.

An intangible asset is regarded as having an indefinite useful life when, based on all relevant factors, there is no foreseeable limit to the period over which the asset is expected to generate net cash inflows or service potential. Amortisation is not provided for these intangible assets, but they are tested for impairment annually and whenever there is an indication that the asset may be impaired. For all other intangible assets, amortisation is provided on a straight line basis over their useful lives.

The amortisation period and the amortisation method for intangible assets are reviewed at each reporting date.

Reassessing the useful life of an intangible asset with a finite useful life after it was classified as indefinite is an indicator that the asset may be impaired. As a result the asset is tested for impairment and the remaining carrying amount is amortised over its useful life.

Internally generated brands, mastheads, publishing titles, customer lists and items similar in substance are not recognised as intangible assets.

Amortisation is provided to write down the intangible assets, on a straight line basis, to their residual values as follows:

ItemUseful lifeComputer software, other5 yearsServitudesIndefinite

Intangible assets are derecognised:

- on disposal; or
- when no future economic benefits or service potential are expected from its use or disposal.

The gain or loss is the difference between the net disposal proceeds, if any, and the carrying amount. It is recognised in surplus or deficit when the asset is derecognised.

## 1.10 Internal reserves

## Self insurance reserve

A self-insurance reserve was established and, subject to external insurance where deemed necessary, covers claims that might occur. Premiums are charged to the respective services, taking into account the claims history and replacement value of the insured assets.

Contributions to and from the reserve are transferred via the Statement of Changes in Net Assets to the reserve in line with the amount provided for in the operating budget.

- The total amount of insurance premiums paid to external insurers is regarded as expenses and must be shown as such in surplus
  or deficit for the year. These premiums do not affect the self-insurance reserve.
- Claims received from external insurers are utilised in the calculation of a profit or loss on the scrapping of damaged assets and are therefore effectively recorded in surplus or deficit for the year.
- · Claims received to meet repairs of damages on assets are reflected as income in surplus or deficit for the year.

Consolidated Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2015

# **Accounting Policies**

## 1.10 Internal reserves (continued)

The self-insurance reserve is based on recognised insurance industry principles. To determine the level of capacity required an agreed methodology has been adopted. The calculation of the required capacity of the self-insurance reserve is consistently applied annually based on the following methodology:

- Determination of the forecast surplus (free) capacity within the Self-insurance reserve
- The following liabilities are taken into account in determining this surplus capacity:
   Reported known outstanding claims and statistically forecast losses for the remainder of the underwriting period (IBNR = claims incurred but not yet reported)
- Probability and quantification of a catastrophic loss
- Comparison of the surplus (free) capacity to the declared value of the highest service delivery asset to determine the shortfall that
  exist based on the assumption that sufficient capacity will be built up to cover that asset through the Self-insurance reserve over an
  agreed period of time.
- Spread the shortfall over a five-year period (in terms of the Long-term Insurance Strategy)
- Adjust for inflation with the agreed relevant indices.
- Determine the annual premium contribution to reach the target capacity over a five-year period.
- Apply a probability and affordability factor to the ideal premium contribution to determine the budged premium contribution over a five-year period.

## Compensation for occupational injuries and diseases (COID) reserve

The Municipality has been exempted from making contributions to the Compensation Commissioner for Occupational Injuries and Diseases (COID). In terms of this exemption the Municipality established a COID reserve to offset claims from employees. Amounts are transferred to the COID reserve from the accumulated surplus based on the statutory rate of contributions set out in the Compensation for Occupational Injuries and Diseases Act, 1993 (Act 130 of 1993) as well as additional amounts deemed necessary to ensure that the balance of the reserve is adequate to offset potential claims.

Contributions to the COID reserve are based on 1% of the annual remuneration of employees that qualify for COID benefits. All employees earning more than a predetermined amount per annum are reinsured by what is called a "COID wrap around" policy. Claims are paid as determined by the Compensation Commissioner and are reflected in surplus or deficit for the year. Claims are settled by transferring a corresponding amount from the COID reserve to the accumulated surplus in the Statement of Changes in Net Assets.

The Compensation Commissioner required a ceded investment or guarantee. This amount is calculated annually by the Department of Labour. The Municipality opted to supply the Compensation Commissioner with a bank guarantee - refer to Note 55.

## 1.11 Housing development fund

Sections 15(5) and 16 of the Housing Act, 1997 (Act 107 of 1997), which came into operation on 1 April 1998, requires that the Municipality maintain a separate housing operating account. This legislated separate operating account will be known as the Housing Development Fund. The Housing Act also requires in terms of section 14(4)(d)(iii)(aa) read with, inter alia, section 16(2) that the net proceeds of any letting, sale of property or alienation, financed previously from government housing funds, be paid into a separate operating account and be utilised by the Municipality for housing development, subject to the approval of the Provincial MEC responsible for housing. Loans from national and provincial government that were used to finance housing selling schemes were extinguished on 1 April 1998 and transferred to the Housing Development fund. The following provisions are set for the creation and utilisation of the Housing Development Fund:

- The Housing Development Fund must have its own separate bank account OR allocated investments and must be backed by cash.
- Any contributions to or from the fund must be shown as transfers in the Statement of Changes in Net Assets.
- Interest earned on the investments backing up this fund must be recorded as part of interest earned in surplus or deficit for the year
  and can be transferred via the Statement of Changes in Net Assets to the Housing Development Fund.
- Any cash-backed surplus or deficit on the Housing Statement of Financial Performance must be transferred to the Housing Development Fund.

## 1.12 Heritage assets

Heritage assets are assets that have a cultural, environmental, historical, natural, scientific, technological or artistic significance and are held indefinitely for the benefit of present and future generations.

Class of heritage assets means a grouping of heritage assets of a similar nature or function in a group's operations that is shown as a single item for the purpose of disclosure in the consolidated annual financial statements.

## Recognition

The group recognises a heritage asset as an asset if it is probable that future economic benefits or service potential associated with the asset will flow to the group and the cost or fair value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Consolidated Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2015

# **Accounting Policies**

## 1.12 Heritage assets (continued)

#### Initial measurement

Heritage assets are measured at cost.

Where a heritage asset is acquired through a non-exchange transaction, its cost is measured at its fair value as at the date of acquisition.

## Subsequent measurement

Subsequent to initial measurement heritage assets are carried at cost less any accumulated impairment losses.

#### Impairment

The group assesses at each reporting date whether there is an indication that a heritage asset may be impaired. If any such indication exists, the group estimates the recoverable amount or the recoverable service amount of the heritage asset.

#### Transfers

Transfers from heritage assets are only made when the particular asset no longer meets the definition of a heritage asset.

Transfers to heritage assets are only made when the asset meets the definition of a heritage asset.

#### Derecognition

The group derecognises a heritage asset on disposal, or when no future economic benefits or service potential are expected from its use or disposal.

The gain or loss arising from the derecognition of a heritage asset is determined as the difference between the net disposal proceeds, if any, and the carrying amount of the heritage asset. Such difference is recognised in surplus or deficit when the heritage asset is derecognised.

## 1.13 Financial instruments

A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or a residual interest of another entity.

The amortised cost of a financial asset or financial liability is the amount at which the financial asset or financial liability is measured at initial recognition minus principal repayments, plus or minus the cumulative amortisation using the effective interest method of any difference between that initial amount and the maturity amount, and minus any reduction (directly or through the use of an allowance account) for impairment or uncollectability.

A concessionary loan is a loan granted to or received by an entity on terms that are not market related.

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument will cause a financial loss for the other party by failing to discharge an obligation.

Currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates.

Derecognition is the removal of a previously recognised financial asset or financial liability from an entity's statement of financial position.

A derivative is a financial instrument or other contract with all three of the following characteristics:

- Its value changes in response to the change in a specified interest rate, financial instrument price, commodity price, foreign exchange rate, index of prices or rates, credit rating or credit index, or other variable, provided in the case of a non-financial variable that the variable is not specific to a party to the contract (sometimes called the 'underlying').
- It requires no initial net investment or an initial net investment that is smaller than would be required for other types of contracts that
  would be expected to have a similar response to changes in market factors.
- It is settled at a future date.

Consolidated Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2015

# Accounting Policies

## 1.13 Financial instruments (continued)

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial asset or a financial liability (or group of financial assets or financial liabilities) and of allocating the interest income or interest expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments or receipts through the expected life of the financial instrument or, when appropriate, a shorter period to the net carrying amount of the financial asset or financial liability. When calculating the effective interest rate, an entity shall estimate cash flows considering all contractual terms of the financial instrument (for example, prepayment, call and similar options) but shall not consider future credit losses. The calculation includes all fees and points paid or received between parties to the contract that are an integral part of the effective interest rate (see the Standard of GRAP on Revenue from Exchange Transactions), transaction costs, and all other premiums or discounts. There is a presumption that the cash flows and the expected life of a group of similar financial instruments can be estimated reliably. However, in those rare cases when it is not possible to reliably estimate the cash flows over the expected life of a financial instrument (or group of financial instruments), the entity shall use the contractual cash flows over the full contractual term of the financial instrument (or group of financial instruments).

Fair value is the amount for which an asset could be exchanged, or a liability settled, between knowledgeable willing parties in an arm's length transaction.

A financial asset is -

- cash;
- a residual interest of another entity; or
- a contractual right to -
  - receive cash or another financial asset from another entity; or
  - exchange financial assets or financial liabilities with another entity under conditions that are potentially favourable to the entity.

A financial guarantee contract is a contract that requires the issuer to make specified payments to reimburse the holder for a loss it incurs because a specified debtor fails to make payment when due in accordance with the original or modified terms of a debt instrument.

A financial liability is any liability that is a contractual obligation to -

- deliver cash or another financial asset to another entity; or
- exchange financial assets or financial liabilities under conditions that are potentially unfavourable to the entity.

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates.

Liquidity risk is the risk encountered by an entity in the event of difficulty in meeting obligations associated with financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset.

Loan commitment is a firm commitment to provide credit under pre-specified terms and conditions.

Loans payable are financial liabilities, other than short-term payables on normal credit terms.

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market risk comprises three types of risk: currency risk, interest rate risk and other price risk.

Other price risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices (other than those arising from interest rate risk or currency risk), whether those changes are caused by factors specific to the individual financial instrument or its issuer, or factors affecting all similar financial instruments traded in the market.

A financial asset is past due when a counterparty has failed to make a payment when contractually due.

A residual interest is any contract that manifests an interest in the assets of an entity after deducting all of its liabilities. A residual interest includes contributions from owners, which may be shown as -

- equity instruments or similar forms of unitised capital;
- a formal designation of a transfer of resources (or a class of such transfers) by the parties to the transaction as forming part of an entity's net assets, either before the contribution occurs or at the time of the contribution; or
- a formal agreement, in relation to the contribution, establishing or increasing an existing financial interest in the net assets of an entity.

Transaction costs are incremental costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition, issue or disposal of a financial asset or financial liability. An incremental cost is one that would not have been incurred if the entity had not acquired, issued or disposed of the financial instrument.

Financial instruments at amortised cost are non-derivative financial assets or non-derivative financial liabilities that have fixed or determinable payments, excluding those instruments that -

- the entity designates at fair value at initial recognition; or
- are held for trading.

Consolidated Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2015

# **Accounting Policies**

## 1.13 Financial instruments (continued)

Financial instruments at cost are investments in residual interests that do not have a quoted market price in an active market, and whose fair value cannot be reliably measured.

Financial instruments at fair value comprise financial assets or financial liabilities that are -

- derivatives
- combined instruments that are designated at fair value;
- instruments held for trading. A financial instrument is held for trading if:
  - it is acquired or incurred principally for the purpose of selling or repurchasing it in the near-term; or
  - on initial recognition it is part of a portfolio of identified financial instruments that are managed together and for which there is evidence of a recent actual pattern of short term profit-taking;
  - non-derivative financial assets or financial liabilities with fixed or determinable payments that are designated at fair value at initial recognition; and
  - financial instruments that do not meet the definition of financial instruments at amortised cost or financial instruments at cost.

## Classification

The entity has the following types of financial assets (classes and category) as reflected on the face of the statement of financial position or in the notes thereto:

Class	Category
Consumer receivables	Financial asset measured at amortised cost
Other receivables	Financial asset measured at amortised cost
Long-term receivables:	
Housing loans	Financial asset measured at amortised cost
Loans to sport clubs	Financial asset measured at amortised cost
Sale of land	Financial asset measured at amortised cost
Arrangement debtors	Financial asset measured at amortised cost
Cash	Financial asset measured at amortised cost
Investments (short-term deposits of three months and less)	Financial asset measured at amortised cost
Investments (long-term of more than three months)	Financial asset measured at amortised cost
Interest rate swap	Financial asset measured at fair value

The entity has the following types of financial liabilities (class and category) as reflected on the face of the statement of financial position or in the notes thereto:

Category
Financial liability measured at amortised cost
Financial liability measured at amortised cost

## Initial recognition

The entity recognises a financial asset or a financial liability in its statement of financial position when the entity becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

The entity recognises financial assets using trade date accounting.

Consolidated Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2015

# Accounting Policies

## 1.13 Financial instruments (continued)

#### Initial measurement of financial assets and financial liabilities

The entity measures a financial asset and financial liability initially at its fair value plus transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of the financial asset or financial liability.

The entity first assesses whether the substance of a concessionary loan is in fact a loan. On initial recognition, the entity analyses a concessionary loan into its component parts and accounts for each component separately. The entity accounts for that part of a concessionary loan that is:

- a social benefit in accordance with the Framework for the Preparation and Presentation of Financial Statements, where it is the issuer of the loan; or
- non-exchange revenue, in accordance with the Standard of GRAP on Revenue from Non-exchange Transactions (Taxes and Transfers), where it is the recipient of the loan.

## Subsequent measurement of financial assets and financial liabilities

The entity measures all financial assets and financial liabilities after initial recognition using the following categories:

- financial instruments at fair value.
- financial instruments at amortised cost.
- financial instruments at cost (if applicable)

All financial assets measured at amortised cost or cost are subject to an impairment review.

The amortised cost of a financial asset or financial liability is the amount at which the financial asset or financial liability is measured at initial recognition minus principal repayments, plus or minus the cumulative amortisation using the effective interest rate method or any difference between that initial amount and the maturity amount, and minus any reduction (directly or through the use of an allowance account) for impairment or uncollectability in the case of a financial asset.

#### Fair value measurement considerations

The best evidence of fair value is quoted prices in an active market. If the market for a financial instrument is not active, the entity establishes fair value by using a valuation technique. The objective of using a valuation technique is to establish what the transaction price would have been on the measurement date in an arm's length exchange motivated by normal operating considerations. Valuation techniques include using recent arm's length market transactions between knowledgeable, willing parties, if available, reference to the current fair value of another instrument that is substantially the same, discounted cash flow analysis and option pricing models. If there is a valuation technique commonly used by market participants to price the instrument and that technique has been demonstrated to provide reliable estimates of prices obtained in actual market transactions, the entity uses that technique. The chosen valuation technique makes maximum use of market inputs and relies as little as possible on entity-specific inputs. It incorporates all factors that market participants would consider in setting a price and is consistent with accepted economic methodologies for pricing financial instruments. Periodically, a entity calibrates the valuation technique and tests it for validity using prices from any observable current market transactions in the same instrument (i.e. without modification or repackaging) or based on any available observable market data.

The fair value of a financial liability with a demand feature (e.g. a demand deposit) is not less than the amount payable on demand, discounted from the first date that the amount could be required to be paid.

## Reclassification

The entity does not reclassify a financial instrument while it is issued or held unless it is:

- combined instrument that is required to be measured at fair value; or
- an investment in a residual interest that meets the requirements for reclassification.

Where the entity cannot reliably measure the fair value of an embedded derivative that has been separated from a host contract that is a financial instrument at a subsequent reporting date, it measures the combined instrument at fair value. This requires a reclassification of the instrument from amortised cost or cost to fair value.

If fair value can no longer be measured reliably for an investment in a residual interest measured at fair value, the Municipality reclassifies the investment from fair value to cost. The carrying amount at the date that fair value is no longer available becomes the cost.

If a reliable measure becomes available for an investment in a residual interest for which a measure was previously not available, and the instrument would have been required to be measured at fair value, the entity reclassifies the instrument from cost to fair value.

Consolidated Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2015

# **Accounting Policies**

#### 1.13 Financial instruments (continued)

#### Gains and losses

A gain or loss arising from a change in the fair value of a financial asset or financial liability measured at fair value is recognised in surplus or deficit.

For financial assets and financial liabilities measured at amortised cost or cost, a gain or loss is recognised in surplus or deficit when the financial asset or financial liability is derecognised or impaired, or through the amortisation process.

#### Impairment and uncollectability of financial assets

The entity assesses, at the end of each reporting period, whether there is any objective evidence that a financial asset or group of financial assets is impaired.

## Financial assets measured at amortised cost

If there is objective evidence that an impairment loss on financial assets measured at amortised cost has been incurred, the amount of the loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows (excluding future credit losses that have not been incurred) discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate. The carrying amount of the asset is reduced directly OR through the use of an allowance account. The amount of the loss is recognised in surplus or deficit.

If, in a subsequent period, the amount of the impairment loss decreases and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment was recognised, the previously recognised impairment loss is reversed directly OR by adjusting an allowance account. The reversal does not result in a carrying amount of the financial asset that exceeds what the amortised cost would have been had the impairment not been recognised at the date the impairment is reversed. The amount of the reversal is recognised in surplus or deficit.

## Derecognition

## Financial assets

The entity derecognises financial assets using trade date accounting.

The entity derecognises a financial asset only when:

- the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire, are settled or waived;
- the entity transfers to another party substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset; or
- the entity, despite having retained some significant risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset, has transferred control of
  the asset to another party and the other party has the practical ability to sell the asset in its entirety to an unrelated third party, and
  is able to exercise that ability unilaterally and without needing to impose additional restrictions on the transfer. In this case, the
  entity:
  - derecognise the asset; and
  - recognise separately any rights and obligations created or retained in the transfer.

The carrying amounts of the transferred asset are allocated between the rights or obligations retained and those transferred on the basis of their relative fair values at the transfer date. Newly created rights and obligations are measured at their fair values at that date. Any difference between the consideration received and the amounts recognised and derecognised is recognised in surplus or deficit in the period of the transfer.

If the entity transfers a financial asset in a transfer that qualifies for derecognition in its entirety and retains the right to service the financial asset for a fee, it recognises either a servicing asset or a servicing liability for that servicing contract. If the fee to be received is not expected to compensate the entity adequately for performing the servicing, a servicing liability for the servicing obligation is recognised at its fair value. If the fee to be received is expected to be more than adequate compensation for the servicing, a servicing asset is recognised for the servicing right at an amount determined on the basis of an allocation of the carrying amount of the larger financial asset.

If, as a result of a transfer, a financial asset is derecognised in its entirety but the transfer results in the entity obtaining a new financial asset or assuming a new financial liability, or a servicing liability, the entity recognises the new financial asset, financial liability or servicing liability at fair value.

On derecognition of a financial asset in its entirety, the difference between the carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received is recognised in surplus or deficit.

If the transferred asset is part of a larger financial asset and the part transferred qualifies for derecognition in its entirety, the previous carrying amount of the larger financial asset is allocated between the part that continues to be recognised and the part that is derecognised, based on the relative fair values of those parts, on the date of the transfer. For this purpose, a retained servicing asset is treated as a part that continues to be recognised. The difference between the carrying amount allocated to the part derecognised and the sum of the consideration received for the part derecognised is recognised in surplus or deficit.

Consolidated Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2015

# **Accounting Policies**

## 1.13 Financial instruments (continued)

If a transfer does not result in derecognition because the entity has retained substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the transferred asset, the entity continues to recognise the transferred asset in its entirety and recognises a financial liability for the consideration received. In subsequent periods, the entity recognises any revenue on the transferred asset and any expense incurred on the financial liability. Neither the asset and the associated liability nor the revenue and the associated expenses are offset.

## **Financial liabilities**

The entity removes a financial liability (or a part of a financial liability) from its statement of financial position when it is extinguished — i.e. when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled, expires or waived.

The difference between the carrying amount of a financial liability (or part of a financial liability) extinguished or transferred to another party and the consideration paid, including any non-cash assets transferred or liabilities assumed, is recognised in surplus or deficit. Any liabilities that are waived, forgiven or assumed by another entity by way of a non-exchange transaction are accounted for in accordance with the Standard of GRAP on Revenue from Non-exchange Transactions (Taxes and Transfers).

#### Presentation

Interest relating to a financial instrument or a component that is a financial liability is recognised as revenue or expense in surplus or deficit

Dividends or similar distributions relating to a financial instrument or a component that is a financial liability are recognised as revenue or expense in surplus or deficit.

Losses and gains relating to a financial instrument or a component that is a financial liability are recognised as revenue or expense in surplus or deficit.

A financial asset and a financial liability are only offset and the net amount presented in the statement of financial position when the entity currently has a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

In accounting for a transfer of a financial asset that does not qualify for derecognition, the entity does not offset the transferred asset and the associated liability.

## 1.14 Tax

## Deferred tax assets and liabilities

A deferred tax liability is recognised for all taxable temporary differences, except to the extent that the deferred tax liability arises from the initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction which at the time of the transaction, affects neither accounting surplus nor taxable profit (tax loss).

A deferred tax asset is recognised for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable surplus will be available against which the deductible temporary difference can be utilised. A deferred tax asset is not recognised when it arises from the initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction at the time of the transaction, and affects neither accounting surplus nor taxable profit (tax loss).

A deferred tax asset is recognised for the carry forward of unused tax losses and unused Secondary Tax on Companies (STC) credits to the extent that it is probable that future taxable surplus will be available against which the unused tax losses and unused STC credits can be utilised.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

The City of Tshwane Metropolitan Municipality is exempt from tax in terms of section 10(1)cB(i)(ff) of the Income Tax Act.

Sandspruit Works Association and Housing Company Tshwane are exempt from tax in terms of section 10(1)cA(ii) of the Income Tax Act.

Tshwane Economic Development Agency (TEDA) registered for tax during the 2013/14 financial year.

## 1.15 Leases

A lease is classified as a finance lease if it transfers substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership. A lease is classified as an operating lease if it does not transfer substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership.

Consolidated Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2015

# **Accounting Policies**

## 1.15 Leases (continued)

When a lease includes both land and building elements, the entity assesses the classification of each element separately.

#### Finance leases - lessor

The group recognises finance lease receivables as assets on the statement of financial position. Such assets are presented as a receivable at an amount equal to the net investment in the lease.

Finance revenue is recognised based on a pattern reflecting a constant periodic rate of return on the group's net investment in the finance lease.

When assets are leased out under a finance lease, the present value of the lease payments is recognised as a receivable. The difference between the gross receivable and the present value of the receivable is recognised as unearned finance income.

Lease income is recognised over the term of the lease using the net investment method, which reflects a constant periodic rate of return.

## Finance leases - lessee

The Municipality leases certain property, plant and equipment. Leases of property, plant and equipment where the City of Tshwane assumes substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are classified as finance leases. The municipality will not incur a foreign currency lease liability other than that allowed by the Local Government: Municipal Finance Management Act, 2003 (Act 56 of 2003).

Finance leases are recognised as assets and liabilities in the statement of financial position at amounts equal to the fair value of the leased property or, if lower, the present value of the minimum lease payments. The corresponding liability to the lessor is included in the statement of financial position as a finance lease obligation.

The discount rate used in calculating the present value of the minimum lease payments is the interest rate implicit in the lease.

Minimum lease payments are apportioned between the finance charge and reduction of the outstanding liability. The finance charge is allocated to each period during the lease term so as to produce a constant periodic rate of on the remaining balance of the liability.

Any contingent rents are expensed in the period in which they are incurred.

The finance lease liabilities are derecognised when the entity's obligation to settle the liability is extinguished. The assets capitalised under the finance lease are derecognised when the entity no longer expects any economic benefits or service potential to flow from the asset.

## Operating leases - lessor

Operating lease revenue is recognised as revenue on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Initial direct costs incurred in negotiating and arranging operating leases are added to the carrying amount of the leased asset and recognised as an expense over the lease term on the same basis as the lease revenue.

The aggregate cost of incentives is recognised as a reduction of rental revenue over the lease term on a straight-line basis.

The aggregate benefit of incentives is recognised as a reduction of rental expense over the lease term on a straight-line basis.

Income for leases is disclosed under revenue in statement of financial performance.

When assets are leased out under an operating lease, the assets are included in the Statement of Financial Position based on the nature of the asset.

## Operating leases - lessee

Operating lease payments are recognised as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term. The difference between the amounts recognised as an expense and the contractual payments is recognised as an operating lease asset or liability.

Operating leases are those leases which do not fall within the scope of the above definition of finance leases. Payments made under operating leases are charged against income on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease.

The operating lease liability is derecognised when the entity's obligation to settle the liability is extinguished. The operating lease asset is derecognised when the entity no longer anticipates economic benefits to flow from the asset.

Consolidated Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2015

# **Accounting Policies**

#### 1.16 Grants, donations and receipts

Revenue received from conditional grants, donations and funding is recognised as revenue to the extent that the municipality has complied with any of the criteria, conditions or obligations embodied in the agreement. To the extent that the criteria, conditions or obligations have not been met a liability is recognised. Unconditional grants and receipts are recognised upon receipt.

#### 1.17 Inventories

Inventories (consumable stores, raw materials, work in progress and finished goods) are measured at the lower of cost and net realisable value. In general, the basis of determining cost is the weighted average cost of commodities.

Subsequently inventories are measured at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

Inventories are measured at the lower of cost and current replacement cost where they are held for;

- distribution at no charge or for a nominal charge; or
- consumption in the production process of goods to be distributed at no charge or for a nominal charge.

Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of operations less the estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale, exchange or distribution.

The cost of inventories comprises all costs of purchase, costs of conversion and other costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition.

Redundant and slow-moving inventories are identified and written down from cost to net realisable value with regard to their estimated economic or realisable values. Consumables are written down with regard to their age, condition and utility.

Land held for development, including land in the course of development until legal completion of the sale of the asset, is initially recorded at cost. Where, through deferred purchase credit terms, cost differs from the nominal amount which will actually be paid in settling the deferred purchase terms liability, no adjustment is made to the cost of the land, the difference being charged as a finance cost.

Unsold properties are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value on a weighted average cost basis. Direct costs are accumulated for each separately identifiable development. Cost also includes a portion of overhead costs, if this relates to the development.

## Water inventory

Water is regarded as inventory when the Municipality purchases water in bulk with the intention to resell it to consumers or to use it internally, or where the Municipality has incurred purification costs on water obtained from natural resources (rain, rivers, springs, boreholes, etc). However, water in dams that are filled by natural resources and that has not yet been treated, that is under the control of the Municipality but cannot be measured reliably as there is no cost attached to the water, is therefore not recognised in the statement of financial position. The basis of determining the cost of water purchased and not yet sold at the reporting date comprises all costs of purchase, cost of conversion and other costs incurred in bringing the inventory to its present location and condition, net of trade discounts and rebates

When inventories are sold, the carrying amounts of those inventories are recognised as an expense in the period in which the related revenue is recognised. If there is no related revenue, the expenses are recognised when the goods are distributed, or related services are rendered. The amount of any write-down of inventories to net realisable value or current replacement cost and all losses of inventories are recognised as an expense in the period the write-down or loss occurs. The amount of any reversal of any write-down of inventories, arising from an increase in net realisable value or current replacement cost, is recognised as a reduction in the amount of inventories recognised as an expense in the period in which the reversal occurs.

## 1.18 Value added tax

The Municipality is registered with the South African Revenue Services (SARS) for VAT on the payment basis in accordance with section 15(2) of the VAT Act (Act 89 of 1991).

The group accounts for VAT on the cash basis.

## 1.19 Grants-in aid (expense)

The Municipality annually awards grants to individuals and organisations based on merit. When making these transfers, the municipality does not:

- receive any goods or services directly in return, as would be expected in a purchase or sale transaction;
- · expect to be repaid in future; or
- expect a financial return, as would be expected from an investment.

These transfers are recognised in the financial statements as expenses in the period that the events giving rise to the transfer occurred.

Consolidated Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2015

# **Accounting Policies**

## 1.20 Impairment of non-cash-generating assets

The Municipality has implemented GRAP 21 and 26 on the impairment of assets based on a position paper adopted on these standards. Based on the position paper all assets tested during the financial year under review were treated according to GRAP 21: Impairment of non-cash-generating assets. Although the Municipality hold material amounts of infrastructure assets such as water and electricity networks where a cost plus return is billed for services rendered, the majority of these assets are non-cash generating as the primary objective of such services is not to generate a commercial return that reflects the risk involved in holding the asset, but rather to provide a basic service in terms of the Municipality's constitutional mandate.

Cash-generating assets are those assets held by the group with the primary objective of generating a commercial return. When an asset is deployed in a manner consistent with that adopted by a profit-orientated entity, it generates a commercial return.

Non-cash-generating assets are assets other than cash-generating assets.

Impairment is a loss in the future economic benefits or service potential of an asset, over and above the systematic recognition of the loss of the asset's future economic benefits or service potential through depreciation (amortisation).

Useful life is either:

- (a) the period of time over which an asset is expected to be used by the group; or
- (b) the number of production or similar units expected to be obtained from the asset by the group.

## Identification

When the carrying amount of a non-cash-generating asset exceeds its recoverable service amount, it is impaired.

The group assesses at each reporting date whether there is any indication that a non-cash-generating asset may be impaired. If any such indication exists, the group estimates the recoverable service amount of the asset.

Irrespective of whether there is any indication of impairment, the entity also annually tests a non-cash-generating intangible asset with an indefinite useful life or a non-cash-generating intangible asset not yet available for use for impairment by comparing its carrying amount with its recoverable service amount. This impairment test is performed at the same time every year. If an intangible asset was initially recognised during the current reporting period, that intangible asset was tested for impairment before the end of the current reporting period.

## Value in use

Value in use of non-cash-generating assets is the present value of the non-cash-generating asset's remaining service potential.

The present value of the remaining service potential of a non-cash-generating asset is determined using the following approach:

## Depreciated replacement cost approach

The present value of the remaining service potential of a non-cash-generating asset is determined as the depreciated replacement cost of the asset. The replacement cost of an asset is the cost to replace the asset's gross service potential. This cost is depreciated to reflect the asset in its used condition. An asset may be replaced either through reproduction (replication) of the existing asset or through replacement of its gross service potential. The depreciated replacement cost is measured as the reproduction or replacement cost of the asset, whichever is lower, less accumulated depreciation calculated on the basis of such cost, to reflect the already consumed or expired service potential of the asset.

The replacement cost and reproduction cost of an asset is determined on an "optimised" basis. The rationale is that the group would not replace or reproduce the asset with a like asset if the asset to be replaced or reproduced is an overdesigned or overcapacity asset. Overdesigned assets contain features which are unnecessary for the goods or services the asset provides. Overcapacity assets are assets that have a greater capacity than is necessary to meet the demand for goods or services the asset provides. The determination of the replacement cost or reproduction cost of an asset on an optimised basis thus reflects the service potential required of the asset.

## Recognition and measurement

If the recoverable service amount of a non-cash-generating asset is less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset is reduced to its recoverable service amount. This reduction is an impairment loss.

An impairment loss is recognised immediately in surplus or deficit.

Any impairment loss of a revalued non-cash-generating asset is treated as a revaluation decrease.

When the amount estimated for an impairment loss is greater than the carrying amount of the non-cash-generating asset to which it relates, the group recognises a liability only to the extent that is a requirement in the Standards of GRAP.

Consolidated Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2015

# **Accounting Policies**

## 1.20 Impairment of non-cash-generating assets (continued)

After recognition of an impairment loss, the depreciation (amortisation) charge for the non-cash-generating asset is adjusted in future periods to allocate the non-cash-generating asset's revised carrying amount, less its residual value (if any), on a systematic basis over its remaining useful life.

### Reversal of an impairment loss

The group assesses, at each reporting date, whether there is any indication that an impairment loss recognised in prior periods for a non-cash-generating asset may no longer exist or may have decreased. If any such indication exists, the group estimates the recoverable service amount of that asset.

An impairment loss recognised in prior periods for a non-cash-generating asset is reversed if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the asset's recoverable service amount since the last impairment loss was recognised. The carrying amount of the asset is increased to its recoverable service amount. The increase is a reversal of an impairment loss. The increased carrying amount of an asset attributable to a reversal of an impairment loss does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined (net of depreciation or amortisation) had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior periods.

A reversal of an impairment loss for a non-cash-generating asset is recognised immediately in surplus or deficit.

Any reversal of an impairment loss of a revalued non-cash-generating asset is treated as a revaluation increase.

After a reversal of an impairment loss is recognised, the depreciation (amortisation) charge for the non-cash-generating asset is adjusted in future periods to allocate the non-cash-generating asset's revised carrying amount, less its residual value (if any), on a systematic basis over its remaining useful life.

### Redesignation

The redesignation of assets from a cash-generating asset to a non-cash-generating asset or from a non-cash-generating asset to a cash-generating asset only occur when there is clear evidence that such a redesignation is appropriate.

## 1.21 Retirement benefits

Employee benefits are all forms of consideration given by an entity in exchange for service rendered by employees.

Termination benefits are employee benefits payable as a result of either:

- an entity's decision to terminate an employee's employment before the normal retirement date; or
- an employee's decision to accept voluntary redundancy in exchange for those benefits.

Other long-term employee benefits are employee benefits (other than post-employment benefits and termination benefits) that are not due to be settled within twelve months after the end of the period in which the employees render the related service.

Vested employee benefits are employee benefits that are not conditional on future employment.

Composite social security programmes are established by legislation and operate as multi-employer plans to provide post-employment benefits as well as to provide benefits that are not considered in exchange for service rendered by employees.

A constructive obligation is an obligation that derives from an entity's actions whereby an established pattern of past practice, published policies or a sufficiently specific current statement, the entity has indicated to other parties that it will accept certain responsibilities and, as a result, the entity has created a valid expectation on the part of those other parties that it will discharge those responsibilities.

## Short-term employee benefits

Short-term employee benefits are employee benefits (other than termination benefits) that are due to be settled within twelve months after the end of the period in which the employees render the related service.

Short-term employee benefits include items such as:

- wages, salaries and social security contributions;
- short-term compensated absences (such as paid annual leave and paid sick leave) where the compensation for the absences is
  due to be settled within twelve months after the end of the reporting period in which the employees render the related service;
- bonus, incentive and performance-related payments payable within twelve months after the end of the reporting period in which the
  employees render the related service; and
- non-monetary benefits (for example, medical care, and free or subsidised goods or services such as housing, cars and cell phones) for current employees.

When an employee has rendered service to the entity during a reporting period, the entity recognise the un-discounted amount of short-term employee benefits expected to be paid in exchange for that service:

Consolidated Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2015

# **Accounting Policies**

### 1.21 Retirement benefits (continued)

- as a liability (accrued expense), after deducting any amount already paid. If the amount already paid exceeds the un-discounted amount of the benefits, the entity recognise that excess as an asset (prepaid expense) to the extent that the prepayment will lead to, for example, a reduction in future payments or a cash refund; and
- as an expense, unless another standard requires or permits the inclusion of the benefits in the cost of an asset.

The expected cost of compensated absences is recognised as an expense as the employees render services that increase their entitlement or, in the case of non-accumulating absences, when the absence occurs. The entity measures the expected cost of accumulating compensated absences as the additional amount that the entity expects to pay as a result of the unused entitlement that has accumulated at the reporting date.

The entity recognises the expected cost of bonus, incentive and performance-related payments when the entity has a present legal or constructive obligation to make such payments as a result of past events and a reliable estimate of the obligation can be made. A present obligation exists when the entity has no realistic alternative but to make the payments.

# Post-employment benefits

Post-employment benefits are employee benefits (other than termination benefits) which are payable after the completion of employment.

Post-employment benefit plans are formal or informal arrangements under which an entity provides post-employment benefits for one or more employees.

Multi-employer plans are defined contribution plans (other than state plans and composite social security programmes) or defined benefit plans (other than state plans) that pool the assets contributed by various entities that are not under common control and use those assets to provide benefits to employees of more than one entity, on the basis that contribution and benefit levels are determined without regard to the identity of the entity that employes the employees concerned.

#### Multi-employer plans and/or state plans and/or composite social security programmes

The entity classifies a multi-employer plan and/or state plans and/or composite social security programmes as a defined contribution plan or a defined benefit plan under the terms of the plan (including any constructive obligation that goes beyond the formal terms).

Where a plan is a defined contribution plan, the entity accounts for it in the same way as for any other defined contribution plan.

Where a plan is a defined benefit plan, the entity accounts for its proportionate share of the defined benefit obligation, plan assets and cost associated with the plan in the same way as for any other defined benefit plan.

When sufficient information is not available to use defined benefit accounting for a plan, that is a defined benefit plan, the entity account for the plan as if it was a defined contribution plan.

## Post-employment benefits: Defined contribution plans

Defined contribution plans are post-employment benefit plans under which an entity pays fixed contributions into a separate entity (a fund) and will have no legal or constructive obligation to pay further contributions if the fund does not hold sufficient assets to pay all employee benefits relating to employee service in the current and prior periods.

When an employee has rendered service to the entity during a reporting period, the entity recognise the contribution payable to a defined contribution plan in exchange for that service:

- as a liability (accrued expense), after deducting any contribution already paid. If the contribution already paid exceeds the
  contribution due for service before the reporting date, an entity recognise that excess as an asset (prepaid expense) to the extent
  that the prepayment will lead to, for example, a reduction in future payments or a cash refund; and
- as an expense, unless another standard requires or permits the inclusion of the contribution in the cost of an asset.

Where contributions to a defined contribution plan do not fall due wholly within twelve months after the end of the reporting period in which the employees render the related service, they are discounted. The rate used to discount reflects the time value of money. The currency and term of the financial instrument selected to reflect the time value of money is consistent with the currency and estimated term of the obligation.

## Post-employment benefits: Defined benefit plans

Defined benefit plans are post-employment benefit plans other than defined contribution plans.

Actuarial gains and losses comprise experience adjustments (the effects of differences between the previous actuarial assumptions and what has actually occurred) and the effects of changes in actuarial assumptions. In measuring its defined benefit liability the entity recognises actuarial gains and losses in surplus or deficit in the reporting period in which they occur.

Consolidated Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2015

# **Accounting Policies**

### 1.21 Retirement benefits (continued)

Assets held by a long-term employee benefit fund are assets (other than non-transferable financial instruments issued by the reporting entity) that are held by an entity (a fund) that is legally separate from the reporting entity and exists solely to pay or fund employee benefits and are available to be used only to pay or fund employee benefits, and are not available to the reporting entity's own creditors (even in liquidation), and cannot be returned to the reporting entity, unless either:

- the remaining assets of the fund are sufficient to meet all the related employee benefit obligations of the plan or the reporting entity;
- the assets are returned to the reporting entity to reimburse it for employee benefits already paid.

Current service cost is the increase in the present value of the defined benefit obligation resulting from employee service in the current period.

Interest cost is the increase during a period in the present value of a defined benefit obligation which arises because the benefits are one period closer to settlement.

Past service cost is the change in the present value of the defined benefit obligation for employee service in prior periods, resulting in the current period from the introduction of, or changes to, post-employment benefits or other long-term employee benefits. Past service cost may be either positive (when benefits are introduced or changed so that the present value of the defined benefit obligation increases) or negative (when existing benefits are changed so that the present value of the defined benefit obligation decreases). In measuring its defined benefit liability the entity recognise past service cost as an expense in the reporting period in which the plan is amended.

Plan assets comprise assets held by a long-term employee benefit fund and qualifying insurance policies.

The present value of a defined benefit obligation is the present value, without deducting any plan assets, of expected future payments required to settle the obligation resulting from employee service in the current and prior periods.

The return on plan assets is interest, dividends and other revenue derived from the plan assets, together with realised and unrealised gains or losses on the plan assets, less any costs of administering the plan (other than those included in the actuarial assumptions used to measure the defined benefit obligation) and less any tax payable by the plan itself.

The entity accounts not only for its legal obligation under the formal terms of a defined benefit plan, but also for any constructive obligation that arises from the entity's informal practices. Informal practices give rise to a constructive obligation where the entity has no realistic alternative but to pay employee benefits. An example of a constructive obligation is where a change in the entity's informal practices would cause unacceptable damage to its relationship with employees.

The amount recognised as a defined benefit liability is the net total of the following amounts:

- the present value of the defined benefit obligation at the reporting date;
- minus the fair value at the reporting date of plan assets (if any) out of which the obligations are to be settled directly;
- plus any liability that may arise as a result of a minimum funding requirement

The amount determined as a defined benefit liability may be negative (an asset). The entity measures the resulting asset at the lower of:

- the amount determined above; and
- the present value of any economic benefits available in the form of refunds from the plan or reductions in future contributions to the
  plan. The present value of these economic benefits is determined using a discount rate which reflects the time value of money.

Any adjustments arising from the limit above are recognised in surplus or deficit.

The entity determines the present value of defined benefit obligations and the fair value of any plan assets with sufficient regularity such that the amounts recognised in the consolidated annual financial statements do not differ materially from the amounts that would be determined at the reporting date.

The entity recognises the net total of the following amounts in surplus or deficit, except to the extent that another standard requires or permits their inclusion in the cost of an asset:

- current service cost;
- interest cost;
- the expected return on any plan assets and on any reimbursement rights;
- actuarial gains and losses;
- past service cost;
- the effect of any curtailments or settlements; and
- the effect of applying the limit on a defined benefit asset (negative defined benefit liability).

The entity uses the Projected Unit Credit Method to determine the present value of its defined benefit obligations and the related current service cost and, where applicable, past service cost. The Projected Unit Credit Method (sometimes known as the accrued benefit method pro-rated on service or as the benefit/years of service method) sees each period of service as giving rise to an additional unit of benefit entitlement and measures each unit separately to build up the final obligation.

Consolidated Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2015

# **Accounting Policies**

### 1.21 Retirement benefits (continued)

In determining the present value of its defined benefit obligations and the related current service cost and, where applicable, past service cost, an entity shall attribute benefits to periods of service under the plan's benefit formula. However, if an employee's service in later years will lead to a materially higher level of benefit than in earlier years, an entity shall attribute benefit on a straight-line basis from:

- the date when service by the employee first leads to benefits under the plan (whether or not the benefits are conditional on further service); until
- the date when further service by the employee will lead to no material amount of further benefits under the plan, other than from further salary increases.

Actuarial valuations are conducted separately for each plan on an annual basis by independent actuaries. The results of the valuation are updated for any material transactions and other material changes in circumstances (including changes in market prices and interest rates) up to the reporting date.

The entity recognises gains or losses on the curtailment or settlement of a defined benefit plan when the curtailment or settlement occurs. The gain or loss on a curtailment or settlement comprises:

- any resulting change in the present value of the defined benefit obligation; and
- any resulting change in the fair value of the plan assets.

Before determining the effect of a curtailment or settlement, the entity re-measures the obligation (and the related plan assets, if any) using current actuarial assumptions (including current market interest rates and other current market prices).

When it is virtually certain that another party will reimburse some or all of the expenditure required to settle a defined benefit obligation, the right to reimbursement is recognised as a separate asset. The asset is measured at fair value. In all other respects, the asset is treated in the same way as plan assets. In surplus or deficit, the expense relating to a defined benefit plan is [OR is not] presented as the net of the amount recognised for a reimbursement.

The entity offsets an asset relating to one plan against a liability relating to another plan when the entity has a legally enforceable right to use a surplus in one plan to settle obligations under the other plan and intends either to settle the obligations on a net basis, or to realise the surplus in one plan and settle its obligation under the other plan simultaneously.

## **Actuarial assumptions**

Actuarial assumptions are unbiased and mutually compatible.

Financial assumptions are based on market expectations, at the reporting date, for the period over which the obligations are to be settled.

The rate used to discount post-employment benefit obligations (both funded and unfunded) reflect the time value of money. The currency and term of the financial instrument selected to reflect the time value of money is consistent with the currency and estimated term of the post-employment benefit obligations.

Post-employment benefit obligations are measured on a basis that reflects:

- estimated future salary increases;
- the benefits set out in the terms of the plan (or resulting from any constructive obligation that goes beyond those terms) at the reporting date; and
- estimated future changes in the level of any state benefits that affect the benefits payable under a defined benefit plan, if, and only
  if either:
  - those changes were enacted before the reporting date; or
  - past history, or other reliable evidence, indicates that those state benefits will change in some predictable manner, for example, in line with future changes in general price levels or general salary levels.

Assumptions about medical costs take account of estimated future changes in the cost of medical services, resulting from both inflation and specific changes in medical costs.

Consolidated Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2015

# **Accounting Policies**

### 1.21 Retirement benefits (continued)

## Other post retirement obligations

The Municipality provides post-retirement health care benefits, housing subsidies and gratuities upon retirement to some retirees.

The entitlement to post-retirement health care benefits is based on the employee remaining in service up to retirement age and the completion of a minimum service period. The expected costs of these benefits are accrued over the period of employment. Independent qualified actuaries carry out valuations of these obligations. The Municipality also provides a gratuity and housing subsidy on retirement to certain employees. An annual charge to income is made to cover both these liabilities.

The amount recognised as a liability for other long-term employee benefits is the net total of the following amounts:

- the present value of the defined benefit obligation at the reporting date;
- minus the fair value at the reporting date of plan assets (if any) out of which the obligations are to be settled directly.

The entity shall recognise the net total of the following amounts as expense or revenue, except to the extent that another standard requires or permits their inclusion in the cost of an asset:

- current service cost;
- interest cost:
- the expected return on any plan assets and on any reimbursement right recognised as an asset;
- actuarial gains and losses, which shall all be recognised immediately;
- past service cost, which shall all be recognised immediately; and
- the effect of any curtailments or settlements.

#### Pension, provident and retirement funds

The Municipality and its employees contribute to various pension, provident and retirement funds and its councillors contribute to the Pension Fund for Municipal Councillors. The retirement benefits are calculated in accordance with the rules of the funds. Full actuarial valuations are performed by the relevant funds on a regular basis as per the requirements of the various funds.

Current contributions are charged against the relevant expense account of the Municipality at a percentage of the basic salary paid to employees, or allowances in the case of councillors. Pension contributions in respect of employees who were not members of a pension fund (e.g. gratuities) are recognised as an expense when incurred.

The Tshwane Pension Fund is a defined benefit plan. The cost of providing these benefits is determined on the Projected Unit Credit Method prescribed by IAS 19 and actuarial valuations are performed at each reporting date. The retirement benefit obligation presented in the statement of financial position presents the sum of the present value of the obligation less the fair value of plan assets plus/minus any balance of unrecognised actuarial gains or losses, minus any balance of unrecognised past service cost.

Multi-employer funds are treated as defined contribution funds, due to the nature of these funds and the fact that the assets are not specifically associated to meet the obligation in respect of individual employers in terms of paragraph 30 of GRAP 25.

# Defined contribution plans: Sandspruit Works Association

Sandspruit Works Association has a defined contribution plan registered with Alexander Forbes Retirement Fund (Registration number 12/8/34766). Payments to defined contribution benefits plans are charged as an expense as they fall due.

# **Tshwane Economic Development Agency (TEDA)**

TEDA has a pension fund defined contribution plan with Momentum where employees pay a fixed amount and the employer pays for the administration fees. The entity further has a group risk plan with Discovery Life where employees pay a fixed amount and the employer pays the administration fees.

# Medical Aid: Continued members

The Municipality provides certain post-retirement medical benefits by funding the medical aid contributions of certain retired members of the Municipality.

According to the rules of the medical aid funds associated with the Municipality, a member who joined the organisation under the current conditions of service retires, is entitled to remain a continued member of such medical aid fund on retirement, in which case the Municipality is liable for a certain portion of the medical aid membership fee.

The cost of providing these benefits is determined on the basis of the Projected Unit Credit Method prescribed by GRAP 25. Future benefit values are projected using specific actuarial assumptions and the liability for in-service members is accrued over the expected working lifetime. No plan assets exist and any actuarial gains and losses are recognised immediately.

Consolidated Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2015

# **Accounting Policies**

### 1.22 Provisions and contingencies

Provisions are recognised when:

- the group has a present obligation as a result of a past event;
- it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits or service potential will be required to settle the obligation; and
- a reliable estimate can be made of the obligation.

Provisions are not recognised for future operating losses.

Where there are a number of similar obligations, the likelihood that an outflow will be required in settlement is determined by considering the class of obligations as a whole. A provision is recognised even if the likelihood of an outflow with respect to any one item included in the same class of obligations may be small.

Provisions are reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate. Provisions are measured at the present value of the expenditures expected to be incurred to settle the obligation. The increase in the provision due to passage of time is recognised as interest expense.

The discount rate is a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the liability.

Where some or all of the expenditure required to settle a provision is expected to be reimbursed by another party, the reimbursement is recognised when, and only when, it is virtually certain that reimbursement will be received if the group settles the obligation. The reimbursement is treated as a separate asset. The amount recognised for the reimbursement does not exceed the amount of the provision.

Where discounting is used, the carrying amount of a provision increases in each period to reflect the passage of time. This increase is recognised as an interest expense.

A provision is used only for expenditures for which the provision was originally recognised.

Contingent assets and contingent liabilities are not recognised. Contingencies are disclosed in Note 55.

A contingent asset is a possible asset that arises from past events and whose existence will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the municipality.

A contingent liability is:

- a possible obligation that arises from past events and whose existence will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence
  of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the municipality;
- a present obligation that arises from past events but is not recognised because:
  - it is not probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits or service potential will be required to settle the obligation; and
  - the amount of the obligation cannot be measured with sufficient reliability.

### Decommissioning, restoration and similar liability

Changes in the measurement of an existing decommissioning, restoration and similar liability that result from changes in the estimated timing or amount of the outflow of resources embodying economic benefits or service potential required to settle the obligation, or a change in the discount rate, is accounted for as follows:

If the related asset is measured using the cost model:

- changes in the liability is added to, or deducted from, the cost of the related asset in the current period.
- the amount deducted from the cost of the asset does not exceed its carrying amount. If a decrease in the liability exceeds the carrying amount of the asset, the excess is recognised immediately in surplus or deficit.
- if the adjustment results in an addition to the cost of an asset, the entity consider whether this is an indication that the new carrying amount of the asset may not be fully recoverable. If there is such an indication, the entity test the asset for impairment by estimating its recoverable amount or recoverable service amount, and account for any impairment loss, in accordance with the accounting policy on impairment of assets as described in the accounting policy paragraphs 1.7 and 1.20; and
- in the event that a decrease in the liability exceeds the carrying amount that would have been recognised had the asset been carried under the cost model, the excess is recognised immediately in surplus or deficit.

The adjusted depreciable amount of the asset is depreciated over its useful life. Therefore, once the related asset has reached the end of its useful life, all subsequent changes in the liability is recognised in surplus or deficit as they occur. This applies under both the cost model and the revaluation model.

The periodic unwinding of the discount is recognised in surplus or deficit as a finance cost as it occurs.

Consolidated Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2015

# **Accounting Policies**

### 1.22 Provisions and contingencies (continued)

#### Levies

A levy is an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits that is imposed by governments on entities in accordance with legislation (i.e. laws and/or regulations), other than:

- those outflows of resources that are within the scope of other standards, and
- fines or other penalties that are imposed for breaches of the legislation.

The obligating event that gives rise to a liability to pay a levy is the activity that triggers the payment of the levy, as identified by the legislation.

The liability to pay a levy is recognised progressively if the obligating event occurs over a period of time (i.e. if the activity that triggers the payment of the levy, as identified by the legislation, occurs over a period of time).

If an obligation to pay a levy is triggered when a minimum threshold is reached, the corresponding liability is recognised when that minimum threshold is reached.

The group recognises an asset if it has prepaid a levy but does not yet have a present obligation to pay that levy.

#### The following provisions exist within the Municipality:

### · Clearing of alien vegetation

In terms of the Conservation of Agricultural Resources Act, 1983 (Act 43 of 1983) the provision for the clearing of alien vegetation was established in 2005/06 as a start to address the backlogs that exist.

### Cleaning up of illegal dumping

The Municipality is cleaning up illegal dumping on an ongoing basis as part of maintenance. Therefore there is no backlog. No provision is currently made for cleaning up illegal dumping.

# Landfill sites

The Municipality has an obligation to rehabilitate its landfill sites in terms of its licence stipulations. A provision was established from 2007/08. The amount of the provision is recognised at the present value of the expenditure expected to be required to settle the obligation and is carried at amortised cost.

### Quarries

In terms of section 52(2)(d) of the Mineral and Petroleum Resources Development Act, 2002 (Act 28 of 2002) the City of Tshwane is required to rehabilitate its quarries and borrow pits after these quarries and borrow pits have been closed. The amount of the provision is recognised at the present value of the expenditure expected to be required to settle the obligation and is carried at amortised cost.

# Legal costs

A provision was created since 2013/14 for the legal cost contingencies of certain cases. Refer to Note 6.

### 1.23 Commitments

Items are classified as commitments when an entity has committed itself to future transactions that will normally result in the outflow of cash.

Disclosures are required in respect of unrecognised contractual commitments.

Commitments for which disclosure is necessary to achieve a fair presentation should be disclosed in a note to the financial statements, if both the following criteria are met:

- Contracts should be non-cancelable or only cancelable at significant cost (for example, contracts for computer or building maintenance services); and
- Contracts should relate to something other than the routine, steady, state business of the entity therefore salary commitments relating to employment contracts or social security benefit commitments are excluded.

Consolidated Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2015

# Accounting Policies

### 1.24 Revenue from exchange transactions

Revenue is the gross inflow of economic benefits or service potential during the reporting period when those inflows result in an increase in net assets, other than increases relating to contributions from owners.

Revenue is derived from a variety of sources which include rates levied, grants from other tiers of government and revenue from trading activities and other services provided.

Revenue is recognised when it is probable that future economic benefits or service potential will flow to the Municipality and these benefits can be measured reliably.

An exchange transaction is one in which the Municipality receives assets or services, or has liabilities extinguished, and directly gives approximately equal value (primarily in the form of goods, services or use of assets) to the other party in exchange.

Revenue from exchange transactions refers to revenue that accrued to the Municipality directly in return for services rendered/goods sold, the value of which approximates the consideration received or receivable.

When the outcome of a transaction involving the rendering of services can be estimated reliably, revenue associated with the transaction shall be recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the transaction at the reporting date. The outcome of a transaction can be estimated reliably when all the following conditions are satisfied:

- (a) the amount of revenue can be measured reliably;
- (b) it is probable that the economic benefits or service potential associated with the transaction will flow to the Municipality;
- (c) the stage of completion of the transaction at the reporting date can be measured reliably;
- (d) the costs incurred for the transaction and the costs to complete the transaction can be measured reliably.

The percentage of completion method is utilised to recognise revenue on long-term contracts. Management exercises judgement in calculating the deferred revenue reserve which is based on the anticipated cost of repairs over the life cycle of the equipment applied to the total expected revenue arising from maintenance and repair contracts.

#### Measurement

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the supply of services in the ordinary course of activities. Revenue is shown net of value-added tax, returns, rebates and discounts.

# Sale of goods

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when all the following conditions have been satisfied:

- the group has transferred to the purchaser the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods;
- the group retains neither continuing managerial involvement to the degree usually associated with ownership nor effective control over the goods sold;
- the amount of revenue can be measured reliably;
- it is probable that the economic benefits or service potential associated with the transaction will flow to the group; and
- the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured reliably.

### Rendering of services

When the outcome of a transaction involving the rendering of services can be estimated reliably, revenue associated with the transaction is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the transaction at the reporting date. The outcome of a transaction can be estimated reliably when all the following conditions are satisfied:

- It is probable that the economic benefits or service potential associated with the transaction will flow to the group;
- The costs incurred for the transaction and the costs to complete the transaction can be measured reliably.

When services are performed by an indeterminate number of acts over a specified time frame, revenue is recognised on a straight-line basis over the specified time frame unless there is evidence that some other method better represents the stage of completion. When a specific act is much more significant than any other acts, the recognition of revenue is postponed until the significant act is executed.

When the outcome of the transaction involving the rendering of services cannot be estimated reliably, revenue is recognised only to the extent of the expenses recognised that are recoverable.

# Service charges

Service charges relating to electricity, water and sanitation are based on consumption. Waste removal is based on the size of the bin and the number of times it is collected. Meters are read and billed on a monthly basis and revenue is recognised when invoiced. Estimates of consumption are made monthly when meter readings have not been performed. The estimates of consumption are recognised as revenue when invoiced. Adjustments to estimates of consumption are made in the invoicing period when meters have been read. These adjustments are recognised as revenue in the invoicing period. Waste removal services are billed on a monthly basis.

Consolidated Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2015

# **Accounting Policies**

# 1.24 Revenue from exchange transactions (continued) Services provided on a prepaid basis

Various services are provided on a prepaid basis in which case no formal billing takes place and revenue associated with the transaction is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the transaction at the reporting date.

### Income from agency services

Income from agency services is recognised on a monthly basis once the income collected on behalf of agents has been quantified. The income recognised is in terms of an agency agreement.

## Housing rental and installments

Income in respect of housing rental and installments are accrued monthly in advance. Finance income from the sale of housing by way of installment sales agreements or finance leases is recognised on a time-proportionate basis.

### **Collection charges**

Collection charges are recognised when such amounts are incurred/earned.

### Interest, royalties and dividends

Revenue arising from the use by others of entity assets yielding interest, royalties and dividends is recognised when:

- It is probable that the economic benefits or service potential associated with the transaction will flow to the Municipality, and
- The amount of the revenue can be measured reliably.

Interest is recognised, in surplus or deficit, using the effective interest rate method.

Interest earned on investments is recognised on a time proportionate basis that takes into account the effective yield on the investments.

Interest earned on outstanding debtors is recognised on a time proportionate basis.

### 1.25 Revenue from non-exchange transactions

Revenue comprises gross inflows of economic benefits or service potential received and receivable by a municipality, which represents an increase in net assets, other than increases relating to contributions from owners.

Conditions on transferred assets are stipulations that specify that the future economic benefits or service potential embodied in the asset is required to be consumed by the recipient as specified or future economic benefits or service potential must be returned to the transferor.

Non-exchange transactions are transactions that are not exchange transactions. In a non-exchange transaction, a municipality either receives value from another municipality without directly giving approximately equal value in exchange, or gives value to another municipality without directly receiving approximately equal value in exchange.

Restrictions on transferred assets are stipulations that limit or direct the purposes for which a transferred asset may be used, but do not specify that future economic benefits or service potential is required to be returned to the transferor if not deployed as specified.

Stipulations on transferred assets are terms in laws or regulation, or a binding arrangement, imposed upon the use of a transferred asset by entities external to the reporting municipality.

Tax expenditures are preferential provisions of the tax law that provide certain taxpayers with concessions that are not available to others.

The taxable event is the event that the government, legislature or other authority has determined will be subject to taxation.

Taxes are economic benefits or service potential compulsorily paid or payable to entities, in accordance with laws and or regulations, established to provide revenue to government. Taxes do not include fines or other penalties imposed for breaches of the law.

Transfers are inflows of future economic benefits or service potential from non-exchange transactions, other than taxes.

# Recognition

An inflow of resources from a non-exchange transaction recognised as an asset is recognised as revenue, except to the extent that a liability is also recognised in respect of the same inflow.

Consolidated Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2015

# **Accounting Policies**

### 1.25 Revenue from non-exchange transactions (continued)

Revenue received from conditional grants, donations and funding are recognised as revenue to the extent that the Municipality has complied with any of the criteria, conditions or obligations embodied in the agreement. To the extent that the criteria, conditions or obligations have not been met, a liability is recognised.

As the municipality satisfies a present obligation recognised as a liability in respect of an inflow of resources from a non-exchange transaction recognised as an asset, it reduces the carrying amount of the liability recognised and recognises an amount of revenue equal to that reduction.

#### Measurement

Revenue from a non-exchange transaction is measured at the amount of the increase in net assets recognised by the Municipality or municipal entity.

When, as a result of a non-exchange transaction, the Municipality or municipal entity recognises an asset, it also recognises revenue equivalent to the amount of the asset measured at its fair value as at the date of acquisition, unless it is also required to recognise a liability. Where a liability is required to be recognised it will be measured as the best estimate of the amount required to settle the obligation at the reporting date, and the amount of the increase in net assets, if any, recognised as revenue. When a liability is subsequently reduced, because the taxable event occurs or a condition is satisfied, the amount of the reduction in the liability is recognised as revenue.

# Taxes (property rates for municipalities)

The municipality or municipal entity recognises an asset in respect of taxes when the taxable event occurs and the asset recognition criteria are met.

Resources arising from taxes satisfy the definition of an asset when the municipality or municipal entity controls the resources as a result of a past event (the taxable event) and expects to receive future economic benefits or service potential from those resources. Resources arising from taxes satisfy the criteria for recognition as an asset when it is probable that the inflow of resources will occur and their fair value can be reliably measured. The degree of probability attached to the inflow of resources is determined on the basis of evidence available at the time of initial recognition, which includes, but is not limited to, disclosure of the taxable event by the taxpayer.

The municipality or municipal entity analyses the taxation laws to determine what the taxable events are for the various taxes levied.

The taxable event for property tax is the passing of the date on which the tax is levied, or the period for which the tax is levied, if the tax is levied on a periodic basis.

Taxation revenue is determined at a gross amount. It is not reduced for expenses paid through the tax system.

## **Transfers**

Apart from services in kind, which are not recognised, the municipality recognises an asset in respect of transfers when the transferred resources meet the definition of an asset and satisfy the criteria for recognition as an asset.

Transferred assets are measured at their fair value as at the date of acquisition.

### **Fines**

Fines are economic benefits or service potential received or receivable by entities, as determined by a court or other law enforcement body, as a consequence of the breach of laws or regulations.

Fines are recognised as revenue when the receivable meets the definition of an asset and satisfies the criteria for recognition as an asset.

Assets arising from fines are measured at the best estimate of the inflow of resources to the municipality.

Where the municipality collects fines in the capacity of an agent, the fine will not be revenue of the collecting entity.

# **Bequests**

Bequests that satisfy the definition of an asset are recognised as assets and revenue when it is probable that the future economic benefits or service potential will flow to the municipality, and the fair value of the assets can be measured reliably.

## Gifts and donations, including goods inkind

Gifts and donations, including goods in kind, are recognised as assets and revenue when it is probable that the future economic benefits or service potential will flow to the municipality and the fair value of the assets can be measured reliably.

Consolidated Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2015

# **Accounting Policies**

### 1.25 Revenue from non-exchange transactions (continued)

#### Services inkind

Services inkind are not recognised but are disclosed in the notes to the financial statements.

#### Concessionary loans received

A concessionary loan is a loan granted to or received by a municipality on terms that are not market related.

The portion of the loan that is repayable, along with any interest payments, is an exchange transaction and is accounted for in accordance with the Standard of GRAP on Financial Instruments. The off-market portion of the loan is a non-exchange transaction. The off-market portion of the loan that is recognised as non-exchange revenue is calculated as the difference between the proceeds received from the loan, and the present value of the contractual cash flows of the loan, discounted using a market related rate of interest.

The recognition of revenue is determined by the nature of any conditions that exist in the loan agreement that may give rise to a liability. Where a liability exists the cash flow statement recognises revenue as and when it satisfies the conditions of the loan agreement.

#### 1.26 Operating expenses

The definition of expenses encompasses expenses that arise from the ordinary activities of the entity.

Under the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognised when incurred, usually when goods are received or services are rendered. This may not be when the goods or services are actually paid for.

The point at which an expense is recognised is dependent on the nature of the transaction or other event that gives rise to the expense.

#### 1.27 Translation of foreign currencies

### Foreign currency transactions

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency of the municipality (i.e. South African rand) using the rate of exchange prevailing on the date of the transaction. Trade creditors denominated in foreign currency are reported at the Statement of Financial Position date by using the exchange rate at that date. Exchange differences arising on the settlement of creditors or on reporting of creditors at rates different from those at which they were initially recorded during the period are recognised as revenue or as expense in the period in which they arise.

Where a transaction is covered by a forward exchange contract, the rate specified in the contract is used. The municipality will not incur a foreign currency liability other than that allowed by the Local Government: Municipal Finance Management Act, 2003 (Act 56 of 2003).

# 1.28 Comparative figures

Where necessary, comparative figures have been reclassified to conform to changes in presentation in the current year. Refer to Note 47

## Prior year comparatives

When the presentation or classification of items in the annual financial statements is amended, prior period comparative amounts are reclassified. The nature and reason for the reclassification is disclosed.

Where accounting errors have been identified in the current financial year, the correction is made retrospectively as far as it is practical and the prior year comparatives are restated accordingly. Where there has been a change in accounting policy in the current year, the adjustment is made retrospectively as far as it is practical and the prior year comparatives are restated accordingly.

The comparative figures (accounting policy and disclosures) may not be consistent with the current year accounting policies and disclosures due to the implementation of the new GRAP standards.

# 1.29 Unauthorised expenditure

Unauthorised expenditure means any expenditure incurred by the municipality otherwise than in accordance with section 15 or 11(3) of the Municipal Finance Management Act (Act 56 of 2003), and includes:

- · overspending of the total amount appropriated in the municipality's approved budget;
- overspending of the total amount appropriated for a vote in the approved budget;
- expenditure from a vote unrelated to the department of functional area covered by the vote;
- expenditure of money appropriated for a specific purpose, otherwise than for that specific purpose;
- spending of an allocation referred to in paragraph (b), (c) or (d) of the definition of "allocation" otherwise than in accordance with any conditions of the allocation; or
- a grant by the municipality other than in accordance with the Municipal Finance Management Act.

Consolidated Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2015

# **Accounting Policies**

# 1.29 Unauthorised expenditure (continued)

All expenditure relating to unauthorised expenditure is recognised as an expense in the statement of financial performance in the year that the expenditure was incurred. The expenditure is classified in accordance with the nature of the expense, and where recovered, it is subsequently accounted for as revenue in the statement of financial performance.

#### 1.30 Fruitless and wasteful expenditure

Fruitless expenditure means expenditure which is made in vain and would have been avoided had reasonable care been exercised.

All expenditure relating to fruitless and wasteful expenditure is recognised as an expense in surplus or deficit in the year that the expenditure was incurred. The expenditure is classified in accordance with the nature of the expense, and where recovered, it is subsequently accounted for as revenue in surplus or deficit.

### 1.31 Irregular expenditure

Irregular expenditure is expenditure that is contrary to the Local Government: Municipal Finance Management Act, 2003 (Act 56 of 2003), the Local Government: Municipal Systems Act, 2000 (Act 32 of 2000), the Public Office Bearers Act, 1993 (Act 20 of 1998) or in contravention of the municipality's Supply Chain Management Policy. Irregular expenditure excludes unauthorised expenditure.

Irregular expenditure is accounted for as an expense in surplus or deficit in the period it occurred and where recovered, it is subsequently accounted for as revenue in surplus or deficit for the year.

# 1.32 Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs are interest and other expenses incurred by an entity in connection with the borrowing of funds.

Borrowing costs are recognised as an expense in the period in which they are incurred.

#### 1.33 Accumulated surplus

Retained earnings or accumulated surplus/(deficit) are the cumulative effect of differences between revenue and expenditure as per statement of financial performance.

### 1.34 Budget information

The group is typically subject to budgetary limits in the form of appropriations or budget authorisation (or equivalent), which is given effect through authorising legislation, appropriation or similar.

General-purpose financial reporting by the group shall provide information on whether resources were obtained and used in accordance with the legally adopted budget.

The approved budget is prepared on a accrual basis and presented by economic classification linked to performance outcome objectives. The approved budget covers the fiscal period from 2014/07/01 to 2015/06/30.

The consolidated annual financial statements and the budget are on the same basis of accounting therefore a comparison with the budgeted amounts for the reporting period have been included in the statement of comparison of budget and actual amounts (Appropriation Statement in terms of Circular 67 of National Treasury). The statement of comparative and actual information has been included in the consolidated annual financial statements as the recommended disclosure when the consolidated annual financial statements and the budget are on the same basis of accounting as determined by the National Treasury.

# 1.35 Related parties

The group operates in an economic sector currently dominated by entities directly or indirectly owned by the South African government. As a consequence of the constitutional independence of the three spheres of government in South Africa, only entities within the local sphere of government are considered to be related parties.

Management are those persons responsible for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the group, including those charged with the governance of the group in accordance with legislation, in instances where they are required to perform such functions (refer to Note 30 and 31). Close members of the family of a person are considered to be those family members who may be expected to influence, or be influenced by, that management in their dealings with the group (refer to Note 46).

A related party is a person or an entity with the ability to control or jointly control the other party, or exercise significant influence over the other party, or vice versa, or an entity that is subject to common control, or joint control.

Only transactions with related parties not at arm's length or not in the ordinary course of business are disclosed.

Consolidated Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2015

# **Accounting Policies**

# 1.36 Events after reporting date

Events after reporting date are those events, both favourable and unfavourable, that occur between the reporting date and the date when the financial statements are authorised for issue. Two types of events can be identified:

- those that provide evidence of conditions that existed at the reporting date (adjusting events after the reporting date); and
- those that are indicative of conditions that arose after the reporting date (non-adjusting events after the reporting date).

The group will adjust the amount recognised in the financial statements to reflect adjusting events after the reporting date once the event has occurred.

The group will disclose the nature of the event and an estimate of its financial effect or a statement that such estimate cannot be made in respect of all material non-adjusting events where non-disclosure could influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial statements.

Consolidated Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2015

# **Notes to the Consolidated Annual Financial Statements**

 Group		Municipality	
R	R	R	R

# 2. New standards and interpretations

### 2.1 Standards and interpretations effective and adopted in the current year

In the current year, the group has adopted the following standards and interpretations that are effective for the current financial year and that are relevant to its operations:

#### GRAP 100 (as revised): Discontinued operations

The objective of this standard is to specify the presentation and disclosure of discontinued operations. In particular, the standard requires the results of discontinued operations to be presented separately in the statement of financial performance with additional disclosures provided in the notes to the financial statements.

An entity shall disclose the following information in the notes in the period in which the disposal of a component occurs:

- a description of the component;
- a description of the facts and circumstances of the disposal; and
- if applicable, the segment in which the component is presented in accordance with the GRAP standard on segment reporting.

An entity shall apply the amendments with regard to changes to the way in which non-current assets held for sale are measured, prospectively at the beginning of the period in which these amendments are adopted.

Changes to the way in which non-current assets held for sale are classified and presented on the statement of financial position and accompanying notes shall be applied retrospectively by adjusting information for the earliest period presented.

The effective date of the standard is for years beginning on or after 01 April 2014.

The group adopted the standard for the first time in the 2015 consolidated annual financial statements.

The adoption of this standard did not have a material impact on the results of the municipality as no discontinued operations occurred in the year under review.

# GRAP 5 (revised 2013): Borrowing costs

Benchmark treatment is to recognise borrowing costs as an expense. Allowed alternative is to capitalise borrowing cost if it is attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of a qualifying asset. All other instances, expense borrowing costs.

All amendments are to be applied retrospectively.

The effective date of the standard is for years beginning on or after 01 April 2014.

The group has always expensed borrowing costs therefore the revised standard had no impact.

### 2.2 Standards and interpretations early adopted

The group has chosen not to early adopt any standards and interpretations:

## 2.3 Standards and interpretations issued, but not yet effective

The group has not applied the following standards and interpretations, which have been published and are mandatory for the group's accounting periods beginning on or after 01 July 2015 or later periods:

# **GRAP 18: Segment reporting**

Segments are identified by the way in which information is reported to management, both for purposes of assessing performance and making decisions about how future resources will be allocated to the various activities undertaken by the group. The major classifications of activities identified in budget documentation will usually reflect the segments for which an entity reports information to management.

Segment information is either presented based on service or geographical segments. Service segments relate to a distinguishable component of an entity that provides specific outputs or achieves particular operating objectives that are in line with the group's overall mission. Geographical segments relate to specific outputs generated, or particular objectives achieved, by an entity within a particular region.

This standard has been approved by the Board but its effective date has not yet been determined by the Minister of Finance. The effective date indicated is a provisional date and could change depending on the decision of the Minister of Finance.

Consolidated Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2015

# **Company Secretary's Certification**

### 2. New standards and interpretations (continued)

Directive 3 - Transitional provisions for high-capacity municipalities state that no comparative segment information need to be presented on initial adoption of the standard. Where items have not been recognised as a result of transitional provisions under the Standard of GRAP on Property, Plant and Equipment, recognition requirements of this standard would not apply to such items until the transitional provision in that standard expires.

The effective date of this statement for municipalities has not yet been determined.

The municipality is unable to reliably estimate the impact of the standard on the consolidated annual financial statements as the current systems do not allow for segment reporting yet.

#### GRAP 105: Transfers of functions between entities under common control

The objective of this Standard is to establish accounting principles for the acquirer and transferor in a transfer of functions between entities under common control. It requires an acquirer and a transferor that prepares and presents financial statements under the accrual basis of accounting to apply this standard to a transaction or event that meets the definition of a transfer of functions. It includes a diagram and requires that entities consider the diagram in determining whether this standard should be applied in accounting for a transaction or event that involves a transfer of functions or merger.

It furthermore covers definitions, identifying the acquirer and transferor, determining the transfer date, assets acquired or transferred and liabilities assumed or relinquished, accounting by the acquirer and transferor, disclosure, transitional provisions as well as the effective date of the standard.

The effective date of the standard is for years beginning on or after 01 April 2015.

The group expects to adopt the standard for the first time in the 2016 consolidated annual financial statements if it is applicable at that stage.

The municipality is unable to reliably estimate the impact of the amendment on the consolidated annual financial statements as it will only be applicable if such a transfer of function does occur.

# GRAP 106: Transfers of functions between entities not under common control

The objective of this standard is to establish accounting principles for the acquirer in a transfer of functions between entities not under common control. It requires an entity that prepares and presents financial statements under the accrual basis of accounting to apply this standard to a transaction or other event that meets the definition of a transfer of functions. It includes a diagram and requires that entities consider the diagram in determining whether this standard should be applied in accounting for a transaction or event that involves a transfer of functions or merger.

It furthermore covers definitions, lidentifying a transfer of functions between entities not under common control, the acquisition method, recognising and measuring the difference between the assets acquired and liabilities assumed and the consideration transferred, measurement period, determining what is part of a transfer of functions, subsequent measurement and accounting, disclosure, transitional provisions as well as the effective date of the standard.

The effective date of the standard is for years beginning on or after 01 April 2015. The group expects to adopt the standard for the first time in the 2016 consolidated annual financial statements if it is applicable at that stage.

The municipality is unable to reliably estimate the impact of the amendment on the consolidated annual financial statements as it will only be applicable if such a transfer of function does occur.

## **GRAP 107: Mergers**

The objective of this standard is to establish accounting principles for the combined entity and combining entities in a merger. It requires an entity and combining entities that prepare and present financial statements under the accrual basis of accounting to apply this standard to a transaction or event that meets the definition of a merger where no acquirer can be identified.

It furthermore covers definitions, identifying a merger between entities, the acquisition method, recognising and measuring the difference between the assets acquired and liabilities assumed and the consideration transferred, measurement period, determining what is part of a merger, subsequent measurement and accounting, disclosure, transitional provisions as well as the effective date of the standard.

The effective date of the standard is for years beginning on or after 01 April 2015. The group expects to adopt the standard for the first time in the 2016 consolidated annual financial statements if it is applicable at that stage.

The municipality is unable to reliably estimate the impact of the amendment on the consolidated annual financial statements as it will only be applicable if such a merger does occur.

Consolidated Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2015

# **Company Secretary's Certification**

### 2. New standards and interpretations (continued)

#### **GRAP 20: Related parties**

The objective of this standard is to ensure that a reporting entity's consolidated annual financial statements contain the disclosures necessary to draw attention to the possibility that its financial position and surplus or deficit may have been affected by the existence of related parties and by transactions and outstanding balances with such parties.

An entity that prepares and presents financial statements under the accrual basis of accounting (in this standard referred to as the reporting entity) shall apply this standard in:

- identifying related party relationships and transactions;
- identifying outstanding balances, including commitments, between an entity and its related parties;
- identifying the circumstances in which disclosure of the items in (a) and (b) is required; and
- determining the disclosures to be made about those items.

This standard requires disclosure of related party relationships, transactions and outstanding balances, including commitments, in the consolidated and separate financial statements of the reporting entity in accordance with the Standard of GRAP on Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements. This standard also applies to individual consolidated annual financial statements.

Disclosure of related party transactions, outstanding balances, including commitments, and relationships with related parties may affect users' assessments of the financial position and performance of the reporting entity and its ability to deliver agreed services, including assessments of the risks and opportunities facing the entity. This disclosure also ensures that the reporting entity is transparent about its dealings with related parties.

The standard states that a related party is a person or an entity with the ability to control or jointly control the other party, or exercise significant influence over the other party, or vice versa, or an entity that is subject to common control, or joint control. As a minimum, the following are regarded as related parties of the reporting entity:

- A person or a close member of that person's family is related to the reporting entity if that person:
  - has control or joint control over the reporting entity;
  - has significant influence over the reporting entity;
  - is a member of the management of the entity or its controlling entity.
- An entity is related to the reporting entity if any of the following conditions apply:
  - the entity is a member of the same economic entity (which means that each controlling entity, controlled entity and fellow controlled entity is related to the others);
  - one entity is an associate or joint venture of the other entity (or an associate or joint venture of a member of an economic entity of which the other entity is a member);
  - both entities are joint ventures of the same third party;
  - one entity is a joint venture of a third entity and the other entity is an associate of the third entity;
  - the entity is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of employees of either the entity or an entity related to the entity. If the reporting entity is itself such a plan, the sponsoring employers are related to the entity;
  - the entity is controlled or jointly controlled by a person identified in (a); and
  - a person identified in (a)(i) has significant influence over that entity or is a member of the management of that entity (or its controlling entity).

The standard furthermore states that related party transaction is a transfer of resources, services or obligations between the reporting entity and a related party, regardless of whether a price is charged.

The standard elaborates on the definitions and identification of:

- Close member of the family of a person;
- Management;
- Related parties;
- Remuneration; and
- Significant influence.

The standard sets out the requirements, inter alia, for the disclosure of:

- Control
- · Related party transactions; and
- Remuneration of management.

The effective date of the standard is for years beginning on or after 01 April 2016 but the date has not yet been gazetted.

The adoption of this standard is not expected to impact on the results of the municipality, but may result in more disclosure than is currently provided in the consolidated annual financial statements.

Consolidated Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2015

# **Company Secretary's Certification**

# 2. New standards and interpretations (continued)

#### IGRAP 11: Consolidation - special purpose entities

An entity may be created to accomplish a narrow and well-defined objective (e.g. to effect a lease, research and development activities or a securitisation of financial assets). Such a special purpose entity ("SPE") may take the form of a corporation, trust, partnership or unincorporated entity. SPEs often are created with legal arrangements that impose strict and sometimes permanent limits on the decision-making powers of their management over the operations of the SPE. Frequently, these provisions specify that the policy guiding the ongoing activities of the SPE cannot be modified, other than perhaps by its creator or sponsor (i.e. they operate on so-called "autopilot"). The sponsor (or entity on whose behalf the SPE was created) frequently transfers assets to the SPE, obtains the right to use assets held by the SPE or performs services for the SPE, while other parties ("capital providers") may provide the funding to the SPE. An entity that engages in transactions with an SPE (frequently the creator or sponsor) may in substance control the SPE. A beneficial interest in an SPE may, for example, take the form of a debt instrument, an equity instrument, a participation right, a residual interest or a lease. Some beneficial interests may simply provide the holder with a fixed or stated rate of return, while others give the holder rights or access to other future economic benefits or service potential of the SPE's activities. In most cases, the creator or sponsor (or the entity on whose behalf the SPE was created) retains a significant beneficial interest in the SPE's activities, even though it may own little or none of the SPE's net assets.

The Standard of GRAP on Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements requires the consolidation of entities that are controlled by the reporting entity. However, the standard GRAP does not provide explicit guidance on the consolidation of SPEs. The issue is under what circumstances an entity should consolidate an SPE. This interpretation of the Standards of GRAP does not apply to postemployment benefit plans or other long-term employee benefit plans to which the Standard of GRAP on Employee Benefits applies.

A transfer of assets from an entity to an SPE may qualify as a sale by that entity. Even if the transfer does qualify as a sale, the provisions of the Standard of GRAP on Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements and this Interpretation of the Standards of GRAP may mean that the entity should consolidate the SPE. This Interpretation of the Standards of GRAP does not address the circumstances in which sale treatment should apply for the entity or the elimination of the consequences of such a sale upon consolidation.

The effective date of this interpretation is dependent on/in conjunction with the effective date of GRAP 105, 106 and 107.

The group expects to adopt the interpretation for the first time in the 2016 consolidated annual financial statements.

Due to the nature of the current transactions the municipality is unable to reliably estimate the impact of the interpretation on the consolidated annual financial statements.

# IGRAP 12: Jointly controlled entities - Non-monetary contributions by ventures

Paragraph .54 in the Standard of GRAP on Interests in Joint Ventures refers to both contributions and sales between a venturer and a joint venture as follows: "When a venturer contributes or sells assets to a joint venture, recognition of any portion of a gain or loss from the transaction shall reflect the substance of the transaction". In addition, paragraph 31 in the Standard of GRAP on Interests in Joint Ventures says that "a jointly controlled entity is a joint venture that involves the establishment of a corporation, partnership or other entity in which each venturer has an interest". There is no explicit guidance on the recognition of gains and losses resulting from contributions of non-monetary assets to jointly controlled entities ("JCEs").

Contributions to a JCE are transfers of assets by venturers in exchange for an interest in the net asset in the JCE. Such contributions may take various forms. Contributions may be made simultaneously by the venturers either upon establishing the JCE or subsequently. The consideration received by the venturer(s) in exchange for assets contributed to the JCE may also include cash or other consideration that does not depend on future cash flows of the JCE ("additional consideration").

# The issues are:

- when the appropriate portion of gains or losses resulting from a contribution of a non-monetary asset to a JCE in exchange for an interest in the net assets in the JCE should be recognised by the venturer in surplus or deficit;
- how additional consideration should be accounted for by the venturer; and
- how any unrealised gain or loss should be presented in the consolidated financial statements

This Interpretation of the Standards of GRAP deals with the venturer's accounting for non-monetary contributions to a JCE in exchange for an interest in the net assets in the JCE that is accounted for using either the equity method or proportionate consolidation.

The effective date of this interpretation is dependent on/in conjunction with the effective date of GRAP105, 106 and 107.

The group expects to adopt the interpretation for the first time in the 2016 consolidated annual financial statements.

Due to the nature of the current transactions the municipality is unable to reliably estimate the impact of the interpretation on the consolidated annual financial statements.

Consolidated Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2015

# **Company Secretary's Certification**

# 2. New standards and interpretations (continued)

#### GRAP 6 (as revised 2010): Consolidated and separate financial statements

The definition of "minority interest" has been amended to "non-controlling interest", and paragraph .60 was added by the Improvements to the Standards of GRAP issued in November 2010. An entity shall apply these amendments prospectively for annual financial periods beginning on or after the effective date [in conjunction with the effective date to be determined by the Minister of Finance for GRAP 105, 106 and 107]. If an entity elects to apply these amendments earlier, it shall disclose this fact.

Paragraph .59 was amended by Improvements to the Standards of GRAP issued in November 2010. An entity shall apply these amendments prospectively for annual financial periods beginning on or after the effective date [in conjunction with the effective date to be determined by the Minister of Finance for GRAP 105, 106 and 107] from the date at which it first applied the Standard of GRAP on Non-current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations. If an entity elects to apply these amendments earlier, it shall disclose this fact.

The Standards of GRAP on Transfer of Functions Between Entities Under Common Control, Transfer of Functions Between Entities Not Under Common Control and Mergers amended paragraphs .03, .39, .47 to .50 and added paragraphs .51 to .58 and .61 to .62. An entity shall apply these amendments when it applies the Standards of GRAP on Transfer of Functions Between Entities Under Common Control, Transfer of Functions Between Entities Not Under Common Control and Mergers.

An entity shall apply this amendment for consolidated annual financial statements covering periods beginning on or after the effective date [in conjunction with the effective date to be determined by the Minister of Finance for GRAP 105, 106 and 107].

The group expects to adopt the amendment for the first time in the 2016 consolidated annual financial statements.

Due to the nature of the current transactions the municipality is unable to reliably estimate the impact of the amendment on the consolidated annual financial statements.

#### GRAP 7 (as revised 2010): Investments in associates

Paragraphs .03 and .42 were amended by the Improvements to the Standards of GRAP issued in November 2010. An entity shall apply these amendments prospectively for annual financial periods beginning on or after the effective date [in conjunction with the effective date to be determined by the Minister of Finance for GRAP 105, 106 and 107]. If an entity elects to apply these amendments earlier, it shall disclose this fact.

The Standards of GRAP on Transfer of Functions Between Entities Under Common Control, Transfer of Functions Between Entities Not Under Common Control and Mergers amended paragraphs .22, .28 and .38 and added paragraph .24. An entity shall apply these amendments and addition when it applies the Standards of GRAP on Transfer of Functions Between Entities Under Common Control, Transfer of Functions Between Entities Not Under Common Control and Mergers.

An entity shall apply this amendment for consolidated annual financial statements covering periods beginning on or after the effective date [in conjunction with the effective date to be determined by the Minister of Finance for GRAP 105, 106 and 107].

The group expects to adopt the amendment for the first time in the 2016 consolidated annual financial statements.

Due to the nature of the current transactions the municipality is unable to reliably estimate the impact of the amendment on the consolidated annual financial statements.

# GRAP 8 (as revised 2010): Interests in joint ventures

Paragraph .04 was amended by the Improvements to the Standards of GRAP issued in November 2010. An entity shall apply these amendments prospectively for annual financial periods beginning on or after the effective date [in conjunction with the effective date to be determined by the Minister of Finance for GRAP 105, 106 and 107]. If an entity elects to apply these amendments earlier, it shall disclose this fact.

The Standards of GRAP on Transfer of Functions Between Entities Under Common Control, Transfer of Functions Between Entities Not Under Common Control and Mergers added paragraph .50 and amended paragraphs .51 and .52. An entity shall apply these amendments and addition when it applies the Standards of GRAP on Transfer of Functions Between Entities Under Common Control, Transfer of Functions Between Entities Not Under Common Control and Mergers.

An entity shall apply this amendment for annual financial statements covering periods beginning on or after the effective date [in conjunction with the effective date to be determined by the Minister of Finance for GRAP 105, 106 and 107].

The group expects to adopt the amendment for the first time in the 2016 consolidated annual financial statements.

Due to the nature of the current transactions the municipality is unable to reliably estimate the impact of the amendment on the consolidated annual financial statements.

Consolidated Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2015

# Company Secretary's Certification

# 2. New standards and interpretations (continued)

#### **GRAP32: Service concession arrangements: Grantor**

The objective of this standard is to prescribe the accounting for service concession arrangements by the grantor, a public sector entity.

It furthermore covers definitions, recognition and measurement of a service concession asset, recognition and measurement of liabilities, other liabilities, contingent liabilities, and contingent assets, other revenues, presentation and disclosure, transitional provisions, as well as the effective date.

The effective date of the standard has not yet been set by the Minister of Finance.

The group expects to adopt the standard for the first time when the Minister sets the effective date for the standard.

Due to the nature of the current transactions the municipality is unable to reliably estimate the impact of the standard on the consolidated annual financial statements.

#### **GRAP108: Statutory receivables**

The objective of this standard is to prescribe accounting requirements for the recognition, measurement, presentation and disclosure of statutory receivables.

It furthermore covers definitions, recognition, derecognition, measurement, presentation and disclosure, transitional provisions, as well as the effective date.

The effective date of the standard has not yet been set by the Minister of Finance.

The group expects to adopt the standard for the first time when the Minister sets the effective date for the standard.

Due to the nature of the current transactions the municipality is unable to reliably estimate the impact of the standard on the consolidated annual financial statements.

# IGRAP17: Service concession arrangements where a grantor controls a significant residual interest in an asset

This Interpretation of the standards of GRAP provides guidance to the grantor where it has entered into a service concession arrangement, but only controls, through ownership, beneficial entitlement or otherwise, a significant residual interest in a service concession asset at the end of the arrangement, where the arrangement does not constitute a lease. This Interpretation of the Standards of GRAP shall not be applied by analogy to other types of transactions or arrangements.

A service concession arrangement is a contractual arrangement between a grantor and an operator in which the operator uses the service concession asset to provide a mandated function on behalf of the grantor for a specified period of time. The operator is compensated for its services over the period of the service concession arrangement, either through payments, or through receiving a right to earn revenue from third-party users of the service concession asset, or the operator is given access to another revenue-generating asset of the grantor for its use.

Before the grantor can recognise a service concession asset in accordance with the Standard of GRAP on Service Concession Arrangements: Grantor, both the criteria as noted in paragraph .01 of this Interpretation of the Standards of GRAP need to be met. In some service concession arrangements, the grantor only controls the residual interest in the service concession asset at the end of the arrangement, and can therefore not recognise the service concession asset in terms of the Standard of GRAP on Service Concession Arrangements: Grantor.

A consensus is reached, in this Interpretation of the Standards of GRAP, on the recognition of the performance obligation and the right to receive a significant interest in a service concession asset.

The effective date of the standard has not yet been set by the Minister of Finance.

The group expects to adopt the standard for the first time when the Minister sets the effective date for the standard.

Due to the nature of the current transactions the municipality is unable to reliably estimate the impact of the standard on the consolidated annual financial statements.

Consolidated Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2015

# **Company Secretary's Certification**

# 2. New standards and interpretations (continued)

# DIRECTIVE 11: Changes in measurement bases following the initial adoption of Standards of GRAP

The objective of this directive is to permit an entity to change its measurement bases following the initial adoption of Standards of GRAP. The change is based on the principles in the Standard of GRAP on Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors. This directive should therefore be read in conjunction with the Standard of GRAP on Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors.

Subsequent to the application of this directive, an entity will be allowed to change its accounting policy in future periods subject to it meeting the requirements in the Standard of GRAP on Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors.

The effective date of the standard is for years beginning on or after 01 April 2015.

This directive will not be applied, as the municipality applied the cost method and not the revaluation or fair value method.

		G	roup	Mun	icipality
		2015	2014 Restated*	2015	2014 Restated*
		R	R	R	R
3.	Housing development fund				
	Unappropriated surplus Less: Loans extinguished by Government on 1 April 1998	225,449,115 69,006,463	225,449,115 69,006,463	225,449,115 69,006,463	225,449,115 69,006,463
	Housing development fund	156,442,652	156,442,652	156,442,652	156,442,652
	The housing development fund is represented	d by the following asse	ts and liabilities		
	Housing selling scheme loans Housing debtors Bank and cash	9,692,028 43,273,872 103,476,752	20,081,989 37,693,897 98,666,766	9,692,028 43,273,872 103,476,752	20,081,989 37,693,897 98,666,766
	Housing development fund assets	156,442,652	156,442,652	156,442,652	156,442,652
	Summary of long-term borrowings: Term loans Local registered stock Municipal bonds Annuity loans	3,232,502,825 1,000 2,177,419,005 4,852,534,005	1,733,033,012 6,000 2,177,926,163 5,342,534,125	3,230,014,405 2,177,419,005 4,852,534,005	1,730,229,171 5,000 2,177,926,163 5,342,534,125
		10,262,456,835	9,253,499,300	10,259,967,415	9,250,694,459
	Held at amortised cost Term loans Development Bank of South Africa (1- 2100) Unsecured 20-year bullet loan, Jibar rate +2.5 margin interest rate repayable semi- annually, while capital will be redeemed by way of a bullet repayment on the final	1,600,000,000	1,600,000,000	1,600,000,000	1,600,000,000
	Development Bank of South Africa (1-02) Secured 20-year bullet loan, Jibar floating rate repayable semi-annually, while capital will be redeemed by way of a bullet repayment on the final redemption date 31 October 2019. A sinking fund investment has been made for the purpose of providing for the capital repayment at the date of redemption.	78,331,528	78,331,528	78,331,528	78,331,528
	Development Bank of South Africa (1-2) Unsecured 20-year bullet loan, Jibar rate + 2.5 margin interest rate repayable semi- annually, while capital will be redeemed by way of a bullet repayment on the final redemption date 30 June 2035.	1,500,000,000	-	1,500,000,000	

# **Notes to the Consolidated Annual Financial Statements**

	Grou	Group		pality
	2015	2014 Restated*	2015	2014 Restated*
	R	R	R	R
Loans and bonds (continued) Development Bank of South Africa (1-400) Secured 20-year bullet loan, fixed interest rate repayable semi-annually, while capital will be redeemed by way of a bullet repayment on the final redemption date 30 September 2018. A sinking fund investment has been made for the purpose of providing for the capital repayment at the date of redemption.	51,682,877	51,897,643	51,682,877	51,897,643
National Housing Finance Corporation (Housing Company Tshwane) This loan is secured, bears interest at 14% per annum and is repayable in 105 monthly instalments of R57 495.07. The loan is secured by a mortgage bond over Eloff Building.	2,488,420	2,803,841	-	-
Municipal bonds Standard Bank (1-1900) Unsecured 15-year bond. Fixed interest rate repayable semi-annually, while capital will be redeemed by way of a bullet repayment on the final redemption date 2 April 2028. A sinking fund investment has been made for the purpose of providing for the capital repayment at the date of redemption.	573,927,890	574,165,042	573,927,890	574,165,042
Standard Bank (1-1901) Unsecured 10-year bond. Fixed interest rate repayable semi-annually, while capital will be redeemed by way of a bullet repayment on the final redemption date 2 April 2022. A sinking fund investment has been made for the purpose of providing for the capital repayment at the date of redemption.	848,437,142	848,691,794	848,437,142	848,691,794
Standard Bank (1-1950) Unsecured 15-year bond. Fixed interest rate repayable semi-annually, while capital will be redeemed by way of a bullet repayment on the final redemption date 5 June 2028. A sinking fund investment has been made for the purpose of providing for the capital repayment at the date of redemption.	755,053,973	755,069,327	755,053,973	755,069,327
Local registered stock Development Bank of South Africa (1- 1250) Unsecured bond paying fixed interest semi- annually	-	5,000	-	5,000

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<sup>\*</sup> See Note 47

	Grou	up	Munici	pality
	2015	2014	2015	2014
	R	Restated* R	R	Restated* R
Loans and bonds (continued) TEDA municipal entity shares Share capital in municipal entity (loan bears no interest and has no fixed terms of repayment).	1,000	1,000	-	-
Annuity loans Standard Bank (1-1300) Unsecured variable interest rate 15-year loan repayable semi-annually in instalments of interest and capital with interest payable on reducing balance until capital is paid off on 29 June 2026.	834,719,010	881,198,269	834,719,010	881,198,269
Development Bank of South Africa (1-950) Unsecured fixed interest 20-year loan repayable semi-annually in equal instalments of interest and capital with interest payable on reducing balance until capital is paid off on 30 June 2029.	123,524,219	128,705,566	123,524,219	128,705,566
Development Bank of South Africa (1-851) Unsecured fixed interest 13-year loan repayable semi-annually in equal instalments of interest and capital with interest payable on reducing balance until capital is paid off on 31 March 2021.	79,033,212	87,439,471	79,033,212	87,439,471
Development Bank of South Africa (1-800) Unsecured fixed interest 20-year loan repayable semi-annually in equal instalments of interest and capital with interest payable on reducing balance until capital is paid off on 30 June 2028.	173,896,059	179,213,252	173,896,059	179,213,252
Development Bank of South Africa (1-700) Unsecured fixed interest 20-year loan repayable semi-annually in equal instalments of interest and capital with interest payable on reducing balance until capital is paid off on 30 June 2028.	77,577,256	81,358,424	77,577,256	81,358,424
Development Bank of South Africa (1-701) Unsecured fixed interest 20-year loan repayable semi-annually in equal instalments of interest and capital with interest payable on reducing balance until capital is paid off on 30 June 2028.	174,654,021	179,757,874	174,654,021	179,757,874

<sup>\*</sup> See Note 47

	Gro	up	Municipality	
	2015 R	2014 Restated* R	2015 R	2014 Restated* R
	K	ĸ	K	K
Loans and bonds (continued) Development Bank of South Africa (1-501) Unsecured fixed interest 15-year loan repayable semi-annually in equal instalments of interest and capital with interest payable on reducing balance until capital is paid off on 31 December 2021.	226,785,249	253,457,829	226,785,249	253,457,829
Development Bank of South Africa (1-500) Unsecured fixed interest 15-year loan repayable semi-annually in equal instalments of interest and capital with interest payable on reducing balance until capital is paid off on 31 December 2021.	48,790,472	55,609,388	48,790,472	55,609,388
Development Bank of South Africa (1-200) Unsecured fixed interest 15-year loan repayable semi-annually in equal instalments of interest and capital with interest payable on reducing balance until capital is paid off on 31 December 2020.	145,592,806	165,075,115	145,592,806	165,075,115
INCA (1-100) Unsecured fixed interest 15-year loan repayable semi-annually in equal instalments of interest and capital with interest payable on reducing balance until capital is paid off on 31 March 2020.	112,500,421	129,428,391	112,500,421	129,428,391
Development Bank of South Africa (1-52) Secured fixed interest 20-year loan repayable semi-annually in equal instalments of interest and capital with interest payable on reducing balance until capital is paid off on 30 September 2018.	117,552,430	142,607,678	117,552,430	142,607,678
Development Bank of South Africa (1-50) Unsecured fixed interest 15-year loan repayable semi-annually in equal instalments of interest and capital with interest payable on reducing balance until capital is paid off on 31 December 2018.	109,138,016	133,548,252	109,138,016	133,548,252
iVuzi Investments (1-550) Unsecured fixed interest 15-year loan repayable semi-annually in equal instalments of interest and capital with interest payable on reducing balance until capital is paid off on 12 December 2021.	118,007,394	131,016,718	118,007,394	131,016,718
iVuzi Investments (1-450) Unsecured fixed interest 15-year loan repayable semi-annually in equal instalments of interest and capital with interest payable on reducing balance until capital is paid off on 30 June 2021.	47,198,007	52,555,939	47,198,007	52,555,939

<sup>\*</sup> See Note 47

		Grou	nb	Municipality	
		2015	2014 Restated*	2015	2014 Restated*
		R	R	R	R
4.	Loans and bonds (continued) iVuzi Investments (1-300) Unsecured fixed interest 15-year loan repayable semi-annually in equal instalments of interest and capital with interest payable on reducing balance until capital is paid off on 31 December 2020.	55,530,809	62,583,790	55,530,809	62,583,790
	iVuzi Investments (1-150) Unsecured fixed interest 15-year loan repayable semi-annually in equal instalments of interest and capital with interest payable on reducing balance until capital is paid off on 30 June 2020.	25,941,742	29,662,375	25,941,742	29,662,375
	iVuzi Investments (1-0) Unsecured fixed interest 15-year loan repayable semi-annually in equal instalments of interest and capital with interest payable on reducing balance until capital is paid off on 30 June 2019.	8,783,754	10,451,340	8,783,754	10,451,340
	Nedbank (1-1150) Unsecured variable interest rate 10-year loan repayable in semi-annual instalments of interest and capital with interest payable on reducing balance until capital is paid off on 16 June 2020.	217,113,900	250,338,505	217,113,900	250,338,505
	Nedbank (1-1100) Unsecured variable interest rate 10-year loan repayable in semi-annual instalments of interest and capital with interest payable on reducing balance until capital is paid off on 18 May 2020.	218,170,246	251,662,110	218,170,246	251,662,110
	Nedbank (1-852) Unsecured fixed interest 13-year loan repayable semi-annually in equal instalments of interest and capital with interest payable on reducing balance until capital is paid off on 31 March 2021.	105,925,613	116,813,255	105,925,613	116,813,255
	ABSA Bank Ltd (1-850) Unsecured fixed interest 13-year loan repayable semi-annually in equal instalments of interest and capital with interest payable on reducing balance until capital is paid off on 31 March 2021.	154,073,619	169,910,189	154,073,619	169,910,189
	Development Bank of South Africa (1-1352) Unsecured fixed interest rate loan repayable in monthly equal instalments of interest and capital with interest payable on reducing balance until capital is paid off on 31 August 2016. Loan taken over from Nokeng Municipality on 1 July 2011.	260,076	469,252	260,076	469,252

<sup>\*</sup> See Note 47

		Gro	oup	Municipality		
		2015 R	2014 Restated* R	2015 R	2014 Restated* R	
Ur in ca ba 20	pans and bonds (continued) evelopment Bank of South Africa (1- 00) usecured fixed interest rate loan repayable monthly equal instalments of interest and pital with interest payable on reducing lance until capital is paid off on 30 June 16. Loan taken over from Kungwini unicipality on 1 July 2011.	5,090,982	9,484,154	5,090,982	9,484,154	
Ur in ca ba Se	andard Bank - Magalies Water (1-1401) nsecured fixed interest rate loan repayable monthly equal instalments of interest and pital with interest payable on reducing lance until capital is paid off on 30 eptember 2014. Loan taken over from lingwini Municipality on 1 July 2011.	-	335,756	-	335,75	
Ur ye ins	uzi (FirstRand Bank) (1-1850) nsecured (Jibar) variable interest rate 9- ar loan repayable in semi-annual equal stalments of interest and capital with erest payable on reducing balance until pital is paid off on 30 June 2022.	368,421,053	421,265,160	368,421,053	421,265,160	
Ur ye ins int	Nedbank (1-1800) Unsecured (Jibar) variable interest rate 16- year loan repayable in semi-annual equal instalments of interest and capital with interest payable on reducing balance until capital is paid off on 29 June 2029.	569,004,970	620,108,276	569,004,970	620,108,270	
Ur ye ins int	uzi (FirstRand Bank) (1-1851) nsecured (Jibar) variable interest rate 14- ar loan repayable in semi-annual equal stalments of interest and capital with erest payable on reducing balance until pital is paid off on 1 December 2027.	413,793,103	448,494,113	413,793,103	448,494,11:	
Ur ye ins	edbank (1-1801) nsecured (Jibar) variable interest rate 12- ar loan repayable in semi-annual equal stalments of interest and capital with erest payable on reducing balance until pital is paid off on 1 December 2025.	321,455,566	349,983,684	321,455,566	349,983,684	
		10,262,456,835	9,253,499,300	10,259,967,415	9,250,694,459	
No	on-current liabilities					
At	amortised cost	9,660,757,084	8,746,039,145	9,658,583,062	8,743,549,702	
	urrent liabilities amortised cost	601,699,751	507,460,155	601,384,353	507,144,75	
		10,262,456,835	9,253,499,300	10,259,967,415	9,250,694,459	
	ecured and unsecured long-term bilities					
	ecured nsecured	250,055,255 10,012,401,580	275,641,690 8,977,857,610	247,566,835 10,012,400,580	272,836,84 8,977,857,61	
		10,262,456,835	9,253,499,300	10,259,967,415	9,250,694,459	

<sup>\*</sup> See Note 47

# **Notes to the Consolidated Annual Financial Statements**

		Grou	p	Municipality	
		2015	2014 Restated*	2015	2014 Restated*
		R	R	R	R
4.	Loans and bonds (continued)				
	No defaults or breaches of the loans occurred in the	e year under review.			
5.	Lease liabilities				
	Minimum lease payments due				
	<ul> <li>within one year</li> <li>in second to fifth year inclusive</li> </ul>	100,916,305 131,839,189	8,904,916 246,720	100,916,305 131,839,189	8,904,916 246,720
	Less: future finance charges	232,755,494 (23,892,605)	9,151,636 (183,251)	232,755,494 (23,892,605)	9,151,636 (183,251
	Present value of minimum lease payments	208,862,889	8,968,385	208,862,889	8,968,385
	Present value of minimum lease payments due				
	- within one year - in second to fifth year inclusive	85,909,835 122,953,054	8,745,768 222,617	85,909,835 122,953,054	8,745,768 222,617
		208,862,889	8,968,385	208,862,889	8,968,385
	Non-current liabilities Current liabilities	122,953,054 85,909,835	222,617 8,745,768	122,953,054 85,909,835	222,617 8,745,768
		208,862,889	8,968,385	208,862,889	8,968,385
	Collateral held in terms of the above leases (Net book amount of leased assets)	208,862,889	8,968,385	208,862,889	8,968,385
	Carrying value of leased assets	204,414,498	8,084,445	204,414,498	8,084,445

Lease liabilities are effectively secured as the rights to the leased asset revert to the lessor in the event of default.

The average lease term is 3 years and the average effective borrowing rate is 8.305%. Interest rates are variable at the contract date. All leases have variable repayments and include additional charges for contingent rent based on excess kilometers travelled.

#### **Provisions** 6.

# Reconciliation of provisions - Group - 2015

	445,694,280	56,705,203	(9,456,264)	162,585,893	655,529,112
Employee benefit cost	2,562	-	-	(2,562)	-
Rehabilitation of quarries	14,733,300	3,017,434	(1,492,875)	16,839,380	33,097,239
Rehabilitation of landfill sites	360,575,120	49,653,538	(4,271,526)	138,993,539	544,950,671
Legal proceedings	39,306,073	-	_	(6,100,806)	33,205,267
Clearing of alien vegetation	31,077,225	4,034,231	(3,691,863)	12,856,342	44,275,935
		interest	the year	d during the year	
	Opening balance	Unwinding of	Utilised during	Reversed/adjuste	Total

Consolidated Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2015

# **Notes to the Consolidated Annual Financial Statements**

	Group	Municipality	
2015	2014 2015 Restated*		2014 Restated*
R	R	R	R

### 6. Provisions (continued)

# Reconciliation of provisions - Group - 2014

	Opening balance	Unwinding of interest		Reversed/adjusted during the year	Additions	Total
Clearing of alien vegetation	26,436,092	3,189,606	(3,453,704)	4,905,231	-	31,077,225
Legal proceedings	-	-	· -	39,306,073	-	39,306,073
Rehabilitation of landfill sites	210,325,366	33,306,162	(10,366,425)	127,310,017	-	360,575,120
Rehabilitation of quarries	5,840,073	1,360,908	(1,776,132)	9,308,451	-	14,733,300
Employee benefit cost		-	-	-	2,562	2,562
	242,601,531	37,856,676	(15,596,261)	180,829,772	2,562	445,694,280

### Reconciliation of provisions - Municipality - June 2015

	Opening balance	Unwinding of interest rate	Utilised during the year	Reversed/ adjusted during the year	Total
Clearing of alien vegetation	31,077,225	4,034,231	(3,691,863)	12,856,342	44,275,935
Legal proceedings	39,306,073	-	-	(6,100,806)	33,205,267
Rehabilitation of landfill sites	360,575,120	49,653,538	(4,271,526)	138,993,539	544,950,671
Rehabilitation of quarries	14,733,300	3,017,434	(1,492,875)	16,839,380	33,097,239
	445,691,718	56,705,203	(9,456,264)	162,588,455	655,529,112

# Reconciliation of provisions - Municipality - 2014

	Opening balance	Unwinding of interest rate	Utilised during the year	Reversed/ adjusted during the year	Total
Clearing of alien vegetation Legal proceedings Rehabilitation of landfill sites Rehabilitation of quarries	26,436,092 - 210,325,366 5,840,073	3,189,606 - 33,306,162 1,360,908	(3,453,704) - (10,366,425) (1,776,132)	,	31,077,225 39,306,073 360,575,120 14,733,300
	242,601,531	37,856,676	(15,596,261)	180,829,772	445,691,718

The carrying amount of the rehabilitation provisions increases in each period to reflect the passage of time (also referred to as unwinding of interest).

Due to the nature of the legal cases it is not foreseen that it will be finalised within the next 12 months and therefore there is no short-term portion.

# Environmental rehabilitation provision - landfill sites

The municipality has an obligation to rehabilitate its landfill sites in terms of its licence stipulations. The amount of the provision is recognised at the present value of the expenditure expected to be required to settle the obligation and is carried at amortised cost.

# Clearing of alien vegetation

In terms of the Conservation of Agricultural Resources Act, 1983 (Act 43 of 1983) the provision for the clearing of alien vegetation was established to address the backlogs that exist.

# Rehabilitation of quarries

In terms of the Mineral and Petroleum Resources Development Act, 2002 (Act 28 of 2002), section 52(2)(d), the municipality is required to rehabilitate its quarries and borrow pits after these quarries and borrow pits have been closed. The amount of the provision is recognised at the present value of the expenditure expected to be required to settle the obligation and is carried at amortised cost.

<sup>\*</sup> See Note 47

# **Notes to the Consolidated Annual Financial Statements**

G	Group		icipality
2015	2015 2014 Restated*		2014 Restated*
R	R	R	R

### **Provisions (continued)**

# Legal cost provision

A provision for legal cost with regard to certain cases was created due to the fact that it was probable (more likely than not) that a present obligation existed at the reporting date and that the municipality will be liable for the legal cost in these cases. The history and nature of these cases further indicate that the liability is more of a long-term nature.

The cases included in the provision are still pending and disclosing details will prejudice the position of the municipality in a dispute with other parties on the subject matter.

# **Employee benefit cost - Housing Company Tshwane**

Short-term absences for which the employees are compensated for include only vacation leave for employees. Sick leave was not provided for since employees forfeit it when they leave the company.

#### 7. Financial instruments disclosure

# Categories of financial instruments

Group - 2015

#### **Financial assets**

At fair value	At amortised cost	Total
-	503,670,164	503,670,164
-	1,299,725,370	1,299,725,370
-	2,547,486,005	2,547,486,005
-	97,558,776	97,558,776
-	9,692,028	9,692,028
-	1,136,448	1,136,448
-	69,982,588	69,982,588
-	146,535,828	146,535,828
130,122,756	-	130,122,756
130,122,756	4,675,787,207	4,805,909,963
At fair value	At amortised cost	Total
-	380,473,652	380,473,652
-	4,652,843,066	4,652,843,066
-	355,015,828	355,015,828
-	10,262,456,835	10,262,456,835
85,625,408	-	85,625,408
85,625,408	15,650,789,381	15,736,414,789
	130,122,756  130,122,756  At fair value	- 503,670,164 - 1,299,725,370 - 2,547,486,005 - 97,558,776 - 9,692,028 - 1,136,448 - 69,982,588 - 146,535,828 - 130,122,756 - 4,675,787,207   At fair value  At amortised cost 380,473,652 - 4,652,843,066 - 355,015,828 - 10,262,456,835 - 85,625,408

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<sup>\*</sup> See Note 47

	Group		Munici	pality
	2015	2014 Restated*	2015	2014 Restated*
	R	R	R	R
Financial instruments disclosure (continued)				
Group - 2014				
Financial assets				
Investments		At fair value	At amortised cost 628,755,765	Total 628,755,76
Other receivables		-	1,132,210,205	1,132,210,20
Consumer receivables		-	2,560,483,515	2,560,483,5
Cash and cash equivalents		-	224,867,307	224,867,3
Long-term receivables: Housing loans		-	20,081,989	20,081,9
Long-term receivables: Sport club loans		-	1,185,039 74,279,492	1,185,0
Long-term receivables: Sale of land Long-term receivables: Arrangement debtors		-	264,395,381	74,279,4 264,395,3
Interest rate swap asset		34,411,454	-	34,411,4
·		34,411,454	4,906,258,693	4,940,670,1
Financial liabilities				
		At fair value	At amortised cost	Total
Retention creditors		-	372,163,755	372,163,7
Trade and other payables from exchange transactions		-	4,342,680,886	4,342,680,8
Consumer deposits Long-term loans (term loans, bonds, etc)		-	410,749,321 9,253,499,300	410,749,3 9,253,499,3
Interest rate swap liability		44,114,153	-	44,114,1
, ,		44,114,153	14,379,093,262	14,423,207,4
Municipality - 2015				
Financial assets				
		At fair value	At amortised cost	Total
Investments		-	493,971,848	493,971,8
Other receivables		-	1,244,338,234	1,244,338,2
Consumer receivables Cash and cash equivalents		-	2,534,999,605 57,158,390	2,534,999,6 57,158,3
Long-term receivables: Housing loans		-	9,692,028	9,692,0
Long-term receivables: Sport club loans		-	1,136,448	1,136,4
Long-term receivables: Sale of land		-	69,982,588	69,982,5
Long-term receivables: Arrangement debtors Interest rate swap asset		- 130,122,756	146,535,828	146,535,8 130,122,7
		130,122,756	4,557,814,969	4,687,937,7
Financial liabilities				
		At fair value	At amortised cost	Total
Retention creditors		At Idii Value	380,473,652	380,473,6
Trade and other payables from exchange transactions		-	4,568,554,239	4,568,554,2
Consumer deposits		-	351,259,691	351,259,6
Long-term loans (term loans, bonds, etc) Interest rate swap liability		- 85,625,408	10,259,967,415 -	10,259,967,4 85,625,4
•		85,625,408	15,560,254,997	15,645,880,4
		-,, -,	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	, -,,-

# **Notes to the Consolidated Annual Financial Statements**

	Group		icipality
2015	2014 Restated*	2015	2014 Restated*
R	R	R	R

#### 7. Financial instruments disclosure (continued)

# Municipality - 2014

### Financial assets

Investments Other receivables Consumer receivables Cash and cash equivalents Long-term receivables: Housing loans Long-term receivables: Sport club loans Long-term receivables: Sale of land Long-term receivables: Arrangement debtors Interest rate swap asset	At fair value 34,411,454 - 34,411,454	At amortised cost 628,755,766 1,111,189,545 2,544,542,916 174,299,426 20,081,989 1,185,039 74,279,492 264,395,381	Total 628,755,766 1,111,189,545 2,544,542,916 174,299,426 20,081,989 1,185,039 74,279,492 264,395,381 34,411,454 4,853,141,008
Financial liabilities			
Retention creditors Trade and other payables from exchange transactions Consumer deposits Long-term loans (term loans, bonds, etc) Interest rate swap liability	At fair value 44,114,153 - 44,114,153	At amortised cost 372,163,755 4,291,580,757 407,023,659 9,250,694,459	Total 372,163,755 4,291,580,757 407,023,659 9,250,694,459 44,114,153 14,365,576,783

#### 8. Financial instruments: Risks involved

## Risks

In the course of the group's business operations it is exposed to interest rate, credit, liquidity and market risk. The group has developed a comprehensive risk management process to monitor and control these risks. The risk management process relating to each of these risks is discussed under the headings below.

# Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk arises from the fluctuations in the economic market due to the economic climate. The group manages its interest rate risk by maintaining an appropriate mix between fixed and floating interest rate borrowings and investments, as well as by entering into interest rate swap contracts on outstanding borrowings. The group's exposure to interest rate risk and the effective interest rates on financial instruments at statement of financial position date are as follows:

# **Notes to the Consolidated Annual Financial Statements**

	Group		icipality
2015	2015 2014 Restated*		2014 Restated*
R	R	R	R

#### Financial instruments: Risks involved (continued) 8.

Year ended 30 June 2015

			Fixed rate		Non-intere	est bearing	
Description	Floating rate	Amount	Weighted average effective interest rate	Weighted average period for which rate is fixed	Amount	Weighted average period until maturity	Total
	R	R	% 	Years	R	Years	R
Assets							
Investments Long-term receivables:	502,959,644	710,520	16.45	5.67			503,670,164
Housing loans		9,692,028	13.87	30.00			9,692,028
Sport club loans		1,136,448	11.99	10.00			1,136,448
Sale of land		69,982,588	11.09	5.00			69,982,588
Arrangement debtors Trade receivables:		66,826,850	9.00		79,708,978		146,535,828
Consumer		6,054,609,131	9.00	1.00	2,303,462,095		8,358,071,226
Other		-,,,			1,299,725,370		1,299,725,370
Cash		97,558,776			.,,		97,558,776
Total financial assets	502,959,644	6,300,516,341			3,682,896,443		10,486,372,428
Liabilities							
Interest bearing borrowings	6,123,498,796	131,301,505	10.18	14.20			6,254,800,301
Interest rate swaps (notional amounts)	2,490,312,448	1,517,344,086	9.31	13.50			4,007,656,534
Lease liabilities		208,862,889					208,862,889
Trade payables:		,,					
Creditors					5,314,733,969	0.08	5,314,733,969
Retention					380,473,652	1.00	380,473,652
Consumer deposits					355,015,828	0.08	355,015,828
Total financial liabilities	8,613,811,244	1,857,508,480			6,050,223,449		16,521,543,173

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<sup>\*</sup> See Note 47

# **Notes to the Consolidated Annual Financial Statements**

	Group		icipality
2015	2015 2014 Restated*		2014 Restated*
R	R	R	R

#### Financial instruments: Risks involved (continued) 8.

Year ended 30 June 2014

			Fixed rate		Non-intere	est bearing	
Description	Floating rate	Amount	Weighted average effective interest rate	Weighted average period for which rate is fixed	Amount	Weighted average period until maturity	Total
	R	R	% 	Years	R	Years	R
Assets							
Investments Long-term receivables:	625,406,061	3,349,704	16.45	15.90			628,755,765
Housing loans		20,081,989	13.87	30.00			20,081,989
Loans to sport		1,185,039	11.99	10.00			1,185,039
clubs Sale of land		74,279,492	11.09	5.00			74,279,492
Arrangement		754,889	8.50	5.00	263,640,492		264,395,381
debtors		,	0.00		200,010,102		201,000,001
Trade receivables:							
Consumer		5,470,718,615	8.50	1.00	2,388,505,266		7,859,223,881
Other		00400=00=			1,132,210,205		1,132,210,205
Cash		224,867,307					224,867,307
Total financial assets	625,406,061	5,795,237,035			3,784,355,963		10,204,999,059
Liabilities							
Interest bearing borrowings	4,041,921,941	3,487,048,271	10.18	14.20			7,528,970,212
Interest rate swaps	862,264,544	862,264,544	9.31	13.50			1,724,529,088
Lease liabilities		8,968,385					8,968,385
Trade payables:							
Creditors					5,166,169,935	0.08	5,166,169,935
Retention					372,163,755	1.00	372,163,755
Consumer deposits					410,749,321	0.08	410,749,321
Total financial liabilities	4,904,186,485	4,358,281,200			5,949,083,011		15,211,550,696

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<sup>\*</sup> See Note 47

Consolidated Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2015

# **Notes to the Consolidated Annual Financial Statements**

G	Group		icipality
2015	2015 2014 Restated*		2014 Restated*
R	R	R	R

### 8. Financial instruments: Risks involved (continued)

### Interest rate swaps

The group has entered into interest rate swap contracts that entitle it to receive interest at fixed rates/floating rates on notional principal amounts and that oblige it to pay interest at variable rates/fixed rates on the same amounts. The interest rate swaps allow the group to raise long-term borrowings at fixed rates/floating rates and effectively swap them into variable rates/fixed rates in terms of the structured finance contractual requirements.

The estimated fair value gain/(loss) indicated below was determined by comparing the interest rate swap contracted values (fixed rate) with the variable rate paid.

At the reporting date the Municipality had entered into the following interest rate swaps relating to specific statement of financial position items:

	Fair value	Estimated fair value
	R	gain/(loss) R
30 June 2015  Non-current assets: Interest rate swap asset  Non-current liability: Interest swap liability	130,122,756 (85,625,408)	95,711,302 (41,511,255)
	44,497,348	54,200,047
	Fair value	Estimated fair value gain/(loss)
	R	R
30 June 2014 Non-current assets: Interest rate swap asset Non-current liability: Interest swap liability	34,411,454 (44,114,153)	(6,948,992) (44,114,153)
	(9,702,699)	(51,063,145)

# **Currency risk**

The group undertakes certain transactions denominated in foreign currencies (although the transactions entered into are with South African based service providers), hence exposures to exchange rate fluctuations might arise. The group, however, manages this risk by entering into contracts where the risk is carried by the service provider.

### Credit risk

Financial assets, which potentially subject the Municipality to the risk of non-performance by counter-parties and thereby subject the group to concentrations of credit risk, consist mainly of trade receivables. Credit risk is controlled through the application of a credit control policy and monitoring procedures. Where necessary, the group obtains appropriate deposits and guarantees from debtors to mitigate risk. The group's cash and cash equivalents and short-term deposits are placed with high credit quality financial institutions.

The group limits its treasury counter-party exposure arising from the money market by only dealing with well-established financial institutions confirmed by the rating agency appointed by the Group Chief Financial Officer. The group only deals with financial institutions with a short-term credit rating of A+ and long-term credit rating of AA- and higher at an international accredited credit-rating agency. The group's exposure is continuously monitored and the aggregate value of transactions concluded is spread amongst different types of approved investments and institutions.

Credit risk with respect to trade receivables is limited due to the large number of customers comprising the group's customer base and their dispersion across different industries and geographical areas. The group does not have any significant exposure to any individual customer or counter-party. Accordingly, the group does not consider there to be any significant concentration of credit risk that has not been adequately provided for. Trade receivables are presented net of the allowance for impairment.

Consolidated Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2015

# Notes to the Consolidated Annual Financial Statements

	Group		Municipality	
2015	2014 Restated*	2015	2014 Restated*	
R	R	R	R	

### 8. Financial instruments: Risks involved (continued)

Maximum exposure to credit risk: There has been no significant change during the financial year, or since the end of the financial year, to the group's exposure to credit risk, the approach of measurement or the objectives, policies and processes for managing this risk. The carrying amount of financial assets recorded in the financial statements, which is net of impairment losses, represents the group's maximum exposure to credit risk without taking into account the value of any collateral obtained.

The major concentrations of credit risk that arise from the group's receivables in relation to customer classification are as follows:

	30 June 2015	30 June 2014
Consumer receivables:		
Household	49	53
Industrial/commercial	23	25
National and provincial government	3	3
Other consumer receivables	5	5
Long-term receivables	2	4
Sundry receivables	18	10
	100	100

### Liquidity risk

The group manages liquidity risk through proper management of working capital, capital expenditure and actual versus forecast cash flows. Adequate reserves, liquid resources and unutilised borrowing facilities are also maintained. In terms of its borrowing requirements, the group ensures that adequate funds are available to meet its expected and unexpected financial commitments. In terms of its long-term liquidity risk, a reasonable balance is maintained between the period over which assets generate funds and the period over which the respective assets are funded. Capital expenditure, budgeted and forecast cash flow calculations are funded as follows from the capital market:

The group's risk to liquidity is a result of the funds available to cover future commitments. The group manages liquidity risk through an ongoing review of future commitments and credit facilities.

Cash flow forecasts are prepared and adequate utilised borrowing facilities are monitored.

	30 June 2016	30 June 2017	30 June 2018
	R	R	R
External funding: Capital expenditure	1,200,000,000	1,200,000,000	1,200,000,000

### Market risk

The group is exposed to fluctuating market prices inherent in the purchasing of electricity, water and coal used in the delivery of electricity and water services. The group manages this risk by giving any price increases through to the consumers on an annual basis. An agreement has been entered into with both Eskom and Rand Water that tariff increases occur only once a year.

Interest rate risk management: The group's interest rate profile consists of fixed and floating rate loans and bank balances that exposesthe municipality to fair value interest rate risk and cash flow interest rate risk and can be summarised as follows:

### Financial assets/liabilities:

Trade and other receivables/payables: At a fixed rate of interest -

Management manages interest rate risk by negotiating beneficial rates on floating rate loans and where possible using fixed rate loans. Management also has a policy of balancing the interest on asset loans with the interest payable on liabilities.

# Fair values

The group's financial instruments consist mainly of cash and cash equivalents, trade receivables, investments, trade payables, long-term debt and derivative instruments (interest rate swaps).

<sup>\*</sup> See Note 47

Consolidated Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2015

# **Notes to the Consolidated Annual Financial Statements**

G	Group		Municipality	
2015	2014 Restated*	2015	2014 Restated*	
R	R	R	R	

### 8. Financial instruments: Risks involved (continued)

No financial asset was carried at an amount in excess of its fair value and fair values could be reliably measured for all financial assets that are available-for-sale or held-for-trading. The following methods and assumptions are used to determine the fair value of each class of financial instrument.

### Cash and cash equivalents

The carrying amount of cash and cash equivalents approximates fair value due to the relatively short-term maturity of these financial assets and financial liabilities.

## Trade receivables (debtors)

The carrying amount of trade receivables, net of provision for impairment (provision for bad debt), approximates fair value due to the relatively short-term maturity of these financial assets.

### Investments

Investments are carried at their original cost in the statement of financial position, except for those where the interest received semiannually are capitalised. The fair value of publicly traded instruments is based on quoted market prices for those investments.

#### Trade payables

The carrying amount of trade payables approximates fair value due to the relatively short-term maturity of this financial liability.

### Interest bearing borrowings

Subsequent to initial recognition, interest bearing borrowings are stated at amortised cost with any difference between cost and redemption value being recognised in surplus or deficit over the period of the borrowings on an effective interest basis. The fair value of interest bearing borrowings with variable interest rates approximates their carrying amounts.

# **Derivatives (interest rate swaps)**

Derivative financial instruments (interest rate swaps) are initially measured at fair value on the contract date and are remeasured to fair value at subsequent reporting dates.

The fair value of financial liabilities at statement of financial position date is as follows:

Year ended	Fair value	Carrying
	R	amount R
30 June 2015 Liabilities Interest rate swaps	85,625,408	85,625,408
30 June 2014 Liabilities Interest rate swaps	44,114,153	44,114,153

# **Maturity profile**

The maturity profiles of financial assets and liabilities at statement of financial position date are as follows:

<sup>\*</sup> See Note 47

# **Notes to the Consolidated Annual Financial Statements**

	Group		Municipality	
2015	2014 Restated*	2015	2014 Restated*	
R	R	R	R	

#### Financial instruments: Risks involved (continued) 8.

Year ended 30 June 2015

	<b>1 year or less</b> R	1 to 5 years R	<b>Over 5 years</b> R	<b>Total</b> R
Assets				
Investments	381,950,535	121,719,629		503,670,164
Long-term receivables:	989,582	8,702,446		9,692,028
Housing loans Loans to sport clubs	579,145	557,299		1,136,444
Sale of land	594,391	69,388,197		69,982,588
Arrangement debtors	100,553,190	45,982,638		146,535,828
Trade receivables:	,,	-,,		-,,-
Consumer	4,331,745,286	4,026,325,940		8,358,071,226
Other debtors	847,591,710	951,257,281		1,798,848,991
Cash	97,558,776	100 100 ==0		97,558,776
Interest rate swap asset		130,122,756		130,122,756
Total financial assets	5,761,562,615	5,354,056,186		11,115,618,801
Liabilities				
Interest bearing borrowings		1,316,239,212	4,938,561,089	6,254,800,301
Interest rate swaps		101 000 000	4,007,656,534	4,007,656,534
Lease liabilities	86,866,859	121,996,030		208,862,889
Trade payables: Creditors	5,314,733,969			5,314,733,969
Retention	3,314,733,909	380,473,652		380,473,652
Consumer deposits		355,015,828		355,015,828
Interest rate swap liability		85,625,408		85,625,408
Total financial liabilities	5,401,600,828	2,259,350,130	8,946,217,623	16,607,168,581
Year ended 30 June 2014				
	1 Year or less	1 to 5 years	Over 5 years	Total
	R	R	R	R
Assets				
Investments	622,948,673	5,807,093		628,755,766
Long-term receivables:	1 152 651	10 020 220		20 001 000
Housing loans Loans to sport clubs	1,152,651 579,149	18,929,338 605,890		20,081,989 1,185,039
Sale of land	608,370	73,671,122		74,279,492
Arrangement debtors	159,778,753	104,616,628		264,395,381
Trade receivables:	, -,	- ,,		, , , , , , , ,
Consumer	4,222,924,933	3,636,298,948		7,859,223,881
Other debtors	822,524,206	788,103,616		1,610,627,822
Cash	224,867,307			224,867,307
Interest rate swap asset		34,411,454		34,411,454
Total financial assets	6,055,384,042	4,662,444,089	-	10,717,828,131
	3,000,000,000	-,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		
Liabilities				
Interest bearing borrowings	510,144,757	474,493,021	6,544,332,434	7,528,970,212
Interest bearing borrowings Interest rate swaps	510,144,757	474,493,021	6,544,332,434 1,724,529,088	1,724,529,088
Interest bearing borrowings Interest rate swaps Lease liabilities				
Interest bearing borrowings Interest rate swaps Lease liabilities Trade payables:	510,144,757 8,745,768	474,493,021		1,724,529,088 8,968,385
Interest bearing borrowings Interest rate swaps Lease liabilities Trade payables: Creditors	510,144,757	474,493,021 222,617		1,724,529,088 8,968,385 5,166,169,935
Interest bearing borrowings Interest rate swaps Lease liabilities Trade payables: Creditors Retention	510,144,757 8,745,768	474,493,021 222,617 372,163,755		1,724,529,088 8,968,385 5,166,169,935 372,163,755
Interest bearing borrowings Interest rate swaps Lease liabilities Trade payables: Creditors	510,144,757 8,745,768	474,493,021 222,617		1,724,529,088 8,968,385 5,166,169,935
Interest bearing borrowings Interest rate swaps Lease liabilities Trade payables: Creditors Retention Consumer deposits	510,144,757 8,745,768	474,493,021 222,617 372,163,755 410,749,321		1,724,529,088 8,968,385 5,166,169,935 372,163,755 410,749,321

<sup>\*</sup> See Note 47

# **Notes to the Consolidated Annual Financial Statements**

		Gro	up	Munic	pality						
		2015	2014 Restated*	2015	2014 Restated*						
		R	R	R	R						
8.	Financial instruments: Risks involved (continue	ed)									
	Hedging										
	Hedging is not applicable in the environment of the	group.									
9.	Consumer deposits										
	Electricity and water	355,015,828	410,749,321	351,259,691	407,023,659						
	Guarantees held:										
	Electricity and water consumers (who do not have deposits)	168,752,564	175,476,346	168,752,564	175,476,346						
	Township development guarantees	262,093,183	251,719,428	262,093,183	251,719,428						
		430,845,747	427,195,774	430,845,747	427,195,774						
10.	Payables from exchange transactions										
	Trade payables	2,822,679,130	2,975,175,392	2,747,807,892	2,932,482,885						
	Payments received in advance - various services	406,488,039	151,113,681	405,378,283	149,562,636						
	Accrued leave pay	462,742,762	644,876,714	456,162,934	637,564,288						
	Deposits received	24,546,104	20,797,231	24,064,008	20,317,694						
	Debtors with credit balances - reclassification	814,353,676	666,483,154	814,057,310	666,192,515						
	Other creditors	584,776,118	526,639,316	577,246,747	523,025,029						
	Retention creditors	380,473,652	372,163,755	380,473,652	372,163,755						
	Accrual 13th cheque	199,148,141	178,612,335	197,309,151	176,894,381						
	Municipal entities - SARS		2,472,113								
		5,695,207,622	5,538,333,691	5,602,499,977	5,478,203,183						

## **Notes to the Consolidated Annual Financial Statements**

		Gro	up			
		2015	2014 Restated*	2015	2014 Restated*	
		R	R	R	R	
11.	Unspent grants and receipts					
	Unspent grants and receipts comprise:					
	Unspent grants and receipts					
	DoRA: INEP (Electricity for All)	950	-	950	-	
	DoRA: Finance Management Grant (FMG)	921,685	705,152	921,685	705,152	
	SANBI/Groen Sebenza	7,823	7,823	7,823	7,823	
	Housing Grants (provincial)	19,840,060	68,393,290	19,840,060	68,393,290	
	DoRA: Urban Settlement Development Grant (USDG)	36,867,333	44,829,756	36,867,333	44,829,756	
	DoRA: PTIS	224,108	-	224,108	-	
	Delft grant	2,293,422	2,293,422	2,293,422	2,293,422	
	Neighbourhood Development Programme	1,526	2,359,341	1,526	2,359,341	
	Research and Technology	892,857	-	892,857	-	
	Arts and Culture Grant (Libraries)	1,185,105	1,942,452	1,185,105	1,942,452	
	Gautrans job creation	12,071,107	12,293,525	12,071,107	12,293,525	
	Municipal Disaster Recovery Grant	13,886,268	-	13,886,268	-	
	Sandspruit Works Association: New meter project	278,854	278,854	-	-	
	Social Infrastructure Grant	5,682,211	-	5,682,211	-	
	LG SETA Merit Awards	266,921	266,921	266,921	266,921	
	DPSA Smart connect	378,440	-	378,440	-	
	Sport and Recreation	72,617	72,617	72,617	72,617	
	Performance Management	268,665	268,665	268,665	268,665	
	Electricity Demand Side	3,000,000	-	3,000,000	-	
	Revenue Enhancement	1,224,800	1,224,800	1,224,800	1,224,800	
	Integrated City Development	6,307,025	-	6,307,025	-	
	Human Settlements Capacity Grant	16,419,484		16,419,484		
		122,091,261	134,936,618	121,812,407	134,657,764	
	Movement during the year					
	Balance at the beginning of the year	134,936,618	126,494,481	134,657,764	125,330,239	
	Receipts during the year	5,677,719,999	4,984,560,786	5,677,719,999	4,983,221,998	
	Transfers between grants (returned to NT	2,359,341	-	2,359,341	-	
	deducted from current year)					
	Returned to NT	(2,359,341)	_	(2,359,341)		
	Prior year correction (write back of expense)	-	2,159,543	-	2,159,543	
	Sandspruit - reclassification of error	-	(1,551,043)	-		
	Income recognition during the year	(5,642,012,126)	(4,976,727,149)	(5,642,012,126)	(4,976,054,016)	
	Write back of grant debtor (Housing)	(48,553,230)	-	(48,553,230)	-	
		122,091,261	134,936,618	121,812,407	134,657,764	

The figures above shows:

See Note 27 for reconciliation of grants from national/provincial government. These amounts are invested in a ring-fenced investment until utilised.

The nature and extent of all government grants recognised in the annual financial statements and an indication of other forms of government assistance from which the municipality has directly benefited; and

Unfulfilled conditions and other contingencies attaching to government assistance that has been recognised. Note must be taken that the unspent portion mostly relates to amounts received in advance and which relate to allocations of the following

<sup>\*</sup> See Note 47

## **Notes to the Consolidated Annual Financial Statements**

		Grou	ıp Municip		pality	
		2015	2014 Restated*	2015	2014 Restated*	
_		R	R	R	R	
12.	VAT					
	VAT refundable VAT payable	3,771,137 (109,353,039)	122,506,729 (849,242)	- (108,639,319)	122,506,729	
		(105,581,902)	121,657,487	(108,639,319)	122,506,729	

VAT is payable on the receipt basis. Only once payment is received from debtors is VAT paid over to SARS. All VAT returns have been submitted by the due date throughout the financial year.

\* See Note 47

# **Notes to the Consolidated Annual Financial Statements**

Figures in Rand

## 13. Property, plant and equipment

Group		2015			2014	
	Cost/Valuation	Accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment	Carrying value	Cost/Valuation	Accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment	Carrying value
Land	353,231,445	-	353,231,445	321,440,140	-	321,440,140
Buildings	932,983,935	(538,883,670)	394,100,265	1,238,951,007	(602,584,808)	636,366,199
Biological assets (game)	14,478,788	-	14,478,788	16,587,413	-	16,587,413
Infrastructure: capitalised	21,583,078,591	(6,106,409,205)	15,476,669,386	19,763,119,851	(5,279,819,124)	14,483,300,727
Community	3,197,916,549	(932,468,752)	2,265,447,797	2,905,964,956	(663,526,085)	2,242,438,871
Other: capitalised	2,447,093,730	(1,281,687,284)	1,165,406,446	2,481,112,429	(1,245,158,816)	1,235,953,613
Infrastructure: Asset under construction	7,514,470,009	-	7,514,470,009	5,571,966,519	-	5,571,966,519
Community: Asset under construction	464,712,660	-	464,712,660	232,262,465	-	232,262,465
Other: Asset under construction	218,170,720	-	218,170,720	417,002,679	-	417,002,679
Housing	434,237,702	(66,278,722)	367,958,980	180,068,440	(7,097,718)	172,970,722
Housing: Asset under construction	340,891,248	-	340,891,248	152,591,190	-	152,591,190
Total	37,501,265,377	(8,925,727,633)	28,575,537,744	33,281,067,089	(7,798,186,551)	25,482,880,538

# **Notes to the Consolidated Annual Financial Statements**

Figures in Rand

## 13. Property, plant and equipment (continued)

Municipality	2015				2014		
	Cost/Valuation	Accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment	Carrying value	Cost/Valuation	Accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment	Carrying value	
Buildings	925,600,691	(535,677,826)	389,922,865	1,231,567,763	(599,724,508)	631,843,255	
Land	353,231,445	-	353,231,445	321,440,140	-	321,440,140	
Biological assets (game)	14,478,788	-	14,478,788	16,587,413	-	16,587,413	
Infrastructure: Capitalised	21,569,976,129	(6,095,613,183)	15,474,362,946	19,750,430,081	(5,269,921,758)	14,480,508,323	
Infrastructure: Asset under construction	7,514,470,009		7,514,470,009	5,571,966,519		5,571,966,519	
Community: Capitalised	3,197,916,549	(932,468,752)	2,265,447,797	2,905,964,956	(663,526,085)	2,242,438,871	
Community: Asset under construction	464,712,660		464,712,660	232,262,465	· -	232,262,465	
Other: Capitalised	2,424,709,218	(1,267,955,322)	1,156,753,896	2,459,904,483	(1,235,092,021)	1,224,812,462	
Other: Asset under construction	218,170,720		218,170,720	417,002,679		417,002,679	
Housing: Capitalised	434,237,702	(66,278,722)	367,958,980	180,068,440	(7,097,718)	172,970,722	
Housing: Asset under construction	340,891,248	-	340,891,248	152,591,190	-	152,591,190	
Total	37,458,395,159	(8,897,993,805)	28,560,401,354	33,239,786,129	(7,775,362,090)	25,464,424,039	

# **Notes to the Consolidated Annual Financial Statements**

Figures in Rand

## 13. Property, plant and equipment (continued)

## Reconciliation of property, plant and equipment - Group - 2015

	Opening balance	Additions	Retirements	Transfers: Capitalisation	Transfers: Purification	Gains/(losses) arising from changes in fair value	Depreciation	Impairment loss	Total
Land	321,440,140	-	(8,001,138)	40,420,633	(628,190)	-	-	-	353,231,445
Buildings	636,366,199	2,683,987	· -	5,244,955	(213,842,412)	-	(36,352,464)	-	394,100,265
Office equipment	16,587,413	-	-	-	-	(2,108,625)	-	-	14,478,788
Infrastructure	14,483,300,727	418,473,526	(86,892,103)	1,457,893,451	9,280,932	-	(805,384,725)	(2,422)	15,476,669,386
Infrastructure: Asset under construction	5,571,966,519	3,226,903,727	-	(1,460,830,884)	299,646,747	-	-	(123,216,100)	7,514,470,009
Community	2,242,438,871	26,031,846	(6,045,359)	18,136,311	106,393,376	-	(121,506,445)	(803)	2,265,447,797
Community: Asset under construction	232,262,465	178,725,735	-	(17,285,093)	71,009,553	-	-	-	464,712,660
Other property, plant and equipment	1,235,953,613	235,651,684	(8,315,994)	27,737,270	(106,313,259)	-	(217,611,193)	(1,695,675)	1,165,406,446
Other: Asset under construction	417,002,679	241,615,330	-	(69,790,989)	(370,656,300)	-	-	-	218,170,720
Housing	172,970,722	-	(151,568)	85,562	205,109,553	-	(10,055,289)	-	367,958,980
Housing: Asset under construction	152,591,190	191,552,500	-	(3,252,442)	-	-	-	-	340,891,248
	25,482,880,538	4,521,638,335	(109,406,162)	(1,641,226)	-	(2,108,625)	(1,190,910,116)	(124,915,000)	28,575,537,744

## Reconciliation of property, plant and equipment - Group - 2014

	Opening balance	Additions	Retirements	Transfers: Capitalisation	Gains/(losses) arising from changes in fair value	Reclassifications	Depreciation	Impairment loss	Total
Land	273,010,212	48,487,961	(1,339,325)	1,491,292	-	(210,000)	-	-	321,440,140
Buildings	841,321,677	5,504,260	-	(11,364,632)	-	(150,629,519)	(48,465,587)	-	636,366,199
Biological assets (game)	13,050,850	-	-	· -	3,536,563	·	· -	-	16,587,413
Infrastructure: capitalised	12,869,635,859	356,977,392	(58,433,169)	1,489,730,583	-	569,951,490	(743,374,118)	(1,187,310)	14,483,300,727
Infrastructure: Asset under construction	3,834,349,271	3,203,678,070	-	(1,466,060,822)	-	-	-	-	5,571,966,519
Community: capitalised	1,730,556,302	36,086,516	(21,463,441)	448,833,992	-	150,839,519	(100,583,745)	(1,830,272)	2,242,438,871
Community: Asset under construction	356,223,203	276,116,727	-	(400,077,465)	-	-	-	-	232,262,465
Other: capitalised	1,538,126,806	331,569,119	(10,562,822)	150,759,682	-	(569,985,270)	(201,770,723)	(2,183,179)	1,235,953,613
Other: Asset under construction	296,677,264	287,649,530	(39,840,804)	(127,483,311)	-	-	-	-	417,002,679
Housing	103,438,485	1,600,000	(170,527)	68,944,400	-	-	(841,636)	-	172,970,722
Housing: Asset under construction	191,387,891	81,913,700	<u>-</u>	(71,414,401)	-	(49,296,000)		-	152,591,190
	22,047,777,820	4,629,583,275	(131,810,088)	83,359,318	3,536,563	(49,329,780)	(1,095,035,809)	(5,200,761)	25,482,880,538

# **Notes to the Consolidated Annual Financial Statements**

Figures in Rand

## 13. Property, plant and equipment (continued)

Reconciliation of property, plant and equipment - Municipality - 2015

	Opening balance	Acquisitions	Retirements	Transfers: Capitalisation	Transfers: Purification	Gains/(losses) arising from changes in fair value	Depreciation	Impairment loss	Total
Land	321,440,140	_	(8,001,138)	40,420,633	(628,190)	-	-	-	353,231,445
Buildings	631,843,255	2,683,987	-	5,244,955	(213,842,412)	-	(36,006,920)	-	389,922,865
Biological assets (game)	16,587,413	-	-	-		(2,108,625)	· -	-	14,478,788
Infrastructure: Capitalised	14,480,508,323	418,060,834	(86,892,103)	1,457,893,451	9,280,932	-	(804,486,069)	(2,422)	15,474,362,946
Infrastructure: Asset under construction	5,571,966,519	3,226,903,727	-	(1,460,830,884)	299,646,747	-	-	(123,216,100)	7,514,470,009
Community: Capitalised	2,242,438,871	26,031,846	(6,045,359)	18,136,311	106,393,376	-	(121,506,445)	(803)	2,265,447,797
Community: Asset under construction	232,262,465	178,725,735	-	(17,285,093)	71,009,553	-	-	-	464,712,660
Other: Capitalised	1,224,812,462	234,355,325	(8,270,732)	27,737,269	(106,313,259)	-	(213,871,494)	(1,695,675)	1,156,753,896
Other: Asset under construction	417,002,679	241,615,330	-	(69,790,989)	(370,656,300)	-	-	-	218,170,720
Housing: Capitalised	172,970,722	-	(151,568)	85,562	205,109,553	-	(10,055,289)	-	367,958,980
Housing: Asset under construction	152,591,190	191,552,500	-	(3,252,442)	-	-		-	340,891,248
	25,464,424,039	4,519,929,284	(109,360,900)	(1,641,227)	-	(2,108,625)	(1,185,926,217)	(124,915,000)	28,560,401,354

## **Notes to the Consolidated Annual Financial Statements**

Figures in Rand

### 13. Property, plant and equipment (continued)

#### Reconciliation of property, plant and equipment - Municipality - 2014

	Opening balance	Acquisitions	Retirements	Transfers: Capitalisation	Gains/(losses) arising from changes in fair values	Reclassifications	Depreciation	Impairment loss	Total
Land	273,010,212	48,487,961	(1,339,325)	1,491,292	-	(210,000)	-	_	321,440,140
Buildings	836,453,189	5,504,260	-	(11,364,632)	-	(150,629,519)	(48,120,043)	-	631,843,255
Biological assets	13,050,850	-	-		3,536,563		· -	-	16,587,413
Infrastructure: Capitalised	12,865,968,829	356,966,938	(58,433,169)	1,489,730,583	-	569,951,490	(742,489,038)	(1,187,310)	14,480,508,323
Infrastructure: Asset under construction	3,834,349,271	3,203,678,070	-	(1,466,060,822)	-	-	-	-	5,571,966,519
Community: Capitalised	1,730,556,302	36,086,516	(21,463,441)	448,833,992	-	150,839,519	(100,583,745)	(1,830,272)	2,242,438,871
Community: Asset under construction	356,223,203	276,116,727	-	(400,077,465)	-	-	-	-	232,262,465
Other: Capitalised	1,535,234,641	320,929,786	(10,490,843)	150,759,682	-	(569,985,271)	(199,452,354)	(2,183,179)	1,224,812,462
Other: Asset under construction	296,677,264	287,649,530	(39,840,804)	(127,483,311)	-	-	-	-	417,002,679
Housing: Capitalised	103,438,485	1,600,000	(170,527)	68,944,400	-	-	(841,636)	-	172,970,722
Housing: Asset under construction	191,387,891	81,913,700	<u>-</u>	(71,414,401)	-	(49,296,000)	<u>-</u>	-	152,591,190
	22,036,350,137	4,618,933,488	(131,738,109)	83,359,318	3,536,563	(49,329,781)	(1,091,486,816)	(5,200,761)	25,464,424,039

#### Pledged as security

No property, plant and equipment are pledged as security, except for leased assets (refer to Note 5 and 17).

#### Other information

Depreciation on property, plant and equipment (refer to Note 32)

	1,190,910,116	1,095,035,809	1,185,926,217	1,091,486,816
Rehabilitation assets	53,637,933	27,202,069	53,637,933	27,202,069
Property plant and equipment	1,137,272,183	1,067,833,740	1,132,288,284	1,064,284,747

A register containing the information required by section 63 of the Municipal Finance Management Act is available for inspection at the registered office of the municipality and the relevant municipal entities.

Consolidated Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2015

## **Notes to the Consolidated Annual Financial Statements**

	Group	Mun	icipality
2015	2014 Restated*	2015	2014 Restated*
R	R	R	R

#### 13. Property, plant and equipment (continued)

#### **Useful lives:**

According to GRAP17: Property, plant and equipment, all useful lives of property, plant and equipment must be reviewed on an annual basis

Since reviewing the useful life of an asset on an annual basis does not require amending the previous estimate unless expectations differ from the previous estimate, the useful life of assets has only been amended in the case where expectations differed from previous estimates.

The useful lives of assets were reviewed according to the requirements of GRAP 17.

#### Treatment of all useful lives to be adjusted:

All remaining useful lives that were adjusted for the 2014/15 financial year are disclosed in the financial statements as a change in estimate in accordance with GRAP 3 (refer to Note 56). All changes in estimates occur prospectively and no prior year adjustments were made. All review of useful life adjustments occurred with effect from 1 July 2014. The following were the reasons for the review of useful life adjustments:

#### Water and sanitation assets:

In 2014/15 the remaining useful lives of assets were adjusted, where applicable, to align with:

- the expected useful lives (and where applicable residual values) in the adopted data;
- the assessed condition based on physical inspections (above ground assets); and
- the condition identified through an assessment (pipe replacement prioritisation) of age, condition (where applicable), performance and the respective data confidence.

### All other infrastructure assets and buildings:

The following condition grading scale was used in 2014/15 to test the RUL of the assets in comparison to the condition of the asset:

- Grade 1: Very good sound structure, well maintained, only normal maintenance required: Average 86% indicative RU
- Grade 2: Good serves needs but minor deterioration (<5%), minor maintenance required: Average 58% indicative RUL</li>
- Grade 3: Fair marginal, clearly evident deterioration (10 20%), significant maintenance required: Average 36% indicative RUL
- Grade 4: Poor significant deterioration of structure and/or appearance, significant impairment of functionality (20 40%), significant renewal/upgrade required: Average 18% indicative RUL
- Grade 5: Very poor unsound, failed needs reconstruction/replacement (50% needs replacement): Average 5% indicative RUL

Consideration was given to the assessment of the asset. Where the conditions of assets are indicated as either very good, good or fair, the RUL was not adjusted. Where no indication was made by custodian departments it was assumed that the assets are still in use and in a fair condition, hence the expectations do not differ from that of the prior year and therefore no adjustment was made.

In instances where the condition of an asset was indicated as very poor or scrap, the RUL of the asset was determined using the average percentage as per the grading above. However, where the average percentage was applied and the RUL amounted to less than 12 months, the RUL for the 2014/15 financial year was extended to 13 months preventing the asset to depreciate to R0 during the year. During the 2015/16 financial year these assets must be disposed of in terms the SCM Policy. In instances where the condition of the asset was indicated as poor, the RUL of the asset was determined using the average percentage as per the grading above. However, where the average percentage was applied and the RUL amounted to less than 12 months, the RUL was adjusted to 18 months, and where the RUL when applying the average percentage amounted to less than the RUL as at 1 July 2014, the RUL was decreased to the calculated RUL. However, where the average percentage was applied and the RUL resulted in a longer RUL, the RUL was left unchanged. In instances where departments indicated the RUL in years and months, the RUL was amended based on the information provided.

For all assets having a RUL of zero or less than 24 months, consideration was given to the change in expectation as at 1 July 2014 and a decision was taken by management to amend the RUL as follows:

- For movable assets, the RUL was adjusted with a further 12 months in order to allow for departments to consider the future
  use of the assets vs. the replacement of these assets.
- For immoveable assets, the RUL was adjusted with a further 24 months, seeing that these assets are used in the ordinary delivery of services to the community (except for a few buildings where the RUL was adjusted with more than the 24 months, since Council will not merely replace a building). As for movable assets, the responsible departments will also have to consider the future use of the assets vs the replacement/upgrading thereof.

<sup>\*</sup> See Note 47

Consolidated Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2015

## **Notes to the Consolidated Annual Financial Statements**

G	roup	Mun	icipality
2015	2014 Restated*	2015	2014 Restated*
R	R	R	R

#### 13. Property, plant and equipment (continued)

A total of 366 551 high-value assets were affected and a total of 14 017 low-value assets were affected. The change in annual depreciation is R46 516 604.

#### Impairment:

The City of Tshwane has implemented the Standards of GRAP 21 and GRAP 26 on impairment of assets based on a position paper adopted on these standards. Based on the position paper all assets tested during this financial year were treated according to GRAP 21: Impairment of non-cash generating assets. GRAP 21.10 states that cash-generating assets are assets held with the primary objective of generating a commercial return. An asset generates a commercial return when it is deployed in a manner consistent with that adopted by a profit-orientated entity where the entity intends to generate positive cash inflows from the asset (or from the cash-generating unit of which the asset is a part) and earn a return that reflects the risk involved in holding the asset.

Although the City of Tshwane holds material amounts of infrastructure assets such as water and electricity networks where a cost plus return is billed for services rendered, the majority of these assets are non-cash generating as the primary objective of such services is not to generate a commercial return that reflects the risk involved in holding the asset, but rather to provide a basic service in terms of the municipality's constitutional mandate. According to GRAP 21.11 there is a number of circumstances in which entities may hold some assets with the primary objective of generating a commercial return. None of the assets that were impaired in the 2014/15 financial year are held for the purpose of generating a commercial return.

In 2014/15 the Asset Compliance and Control Division forwarded a questionnaire to all departments regarding the assets under their control and according to the questionnaire, departments had to indicate whether any assets under their control need to be impaired. Based on the results of these questionnaires and available information, impairment tests were performed and assets were impaired where necessary.

## Impairment indicators:

 Assets were impaired according to specific indicators including: vandalism, physical damage, discontinued assets and assets that became idle.

Figu	ures in Rand						
14.	Investment property						
	Group		2015			2014	
		Cost/Valuation	Accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment	Carrying value	Cost/Valuation	Accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment	Carrying value
	Investment property	942,051,753	(189,331,377)	752,720,376	940,196,294	(186,649,063)	753,547,231
	Municipality		2015			2014	
		Cost/Valuation	Accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment	Carrying value	Cost/Valuation	Accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment	Carrying value
	Investment property: Capitalised	936,808,293	(189,081,688)	747,726,605	932,705,637	(184,401,866)	748,303,771
	Reconciliation of investment property - Group - 2015						
		Opening balance	Additions	Retirements	Transfers:	Depreciation	Total
	Investment property	753,547,231	13,626,000	(11,177,177)	Capitalisation 1,673,401	(4,949,079)	752,720,376
	Reconciliation of investment property - Group - 2014						
		Opening balance	Retirements	Transfers: Capitalisation	Reclassifications	Depreciation	Total
	Investment property	839,097,685	(24,040,510)	•	49,296,000	(4,861,400)	753,547,231

Consolidated Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2015

## **Notes to the Consolidated Annual Financial Statements**

G	Group		icipality
2015	2014 Restated*	2015	2014 Restated*
R	R R		R

#### 14. Investment property (continued)

### Reconciliation of investment property - Municipality - 2015

	Opening balance	Additions	Retirements	Transfers: Capitalisation	Depreciation	Total
Investment property: Capitalised	748,303,771	13,626,000	(11,177,177)	1,673,401	(4,699,390)	747,726,605

## Reconciliation of investment property - Municipality - 2014

	Opening balance	Retirements	Transfers: Capitalisation	Reclassifications	Depreciation	Total
Investment property: Capitalised	833,604,535	(24,040,509)	(105,944,544)	49,296,000	(4,611,711)	748,303,771

### Pledged as security

No investment property is pledged as security in the case of the municipality. For the group, the investment property of Housing Company Tshwane (Eloff Building) serves as security over the loan granted to the municipal entity (refer to Note 4). The carrying value of this asset amounted to R4 993 771 (2014 = R5 243 460) for the year under review.

#### Fair value of investment properties:

#### Municipality:

The fair value of investment properties is not disclosed. Fair value should reflect the market conditions that exist at a reporting date. The municipal valuation roll does not reflect the market conditions at the reporting date since the values are determined and remain effective for a period of four years, with the current valuation roll having been prepared in 2012/13. Due to the cost implications management also did not appoint a qualified valuer to determine the fair value of all investment properties at the reporting date taking into consideration all market conditions. Therefore, no fair value is disclosed.

### **Housing Company Tshwane:**

The fair value of the investment property has been determined by management, having considered, inter alia, the proposed valuation by an independent sworn appraiser taking into account income generated from rentals, occupation levels and capitalisation rates. The capitalisation rate applied to the property is 12% and movement is reflected as a fair value adjustment through surplus or deficit. The investment property is valued on an annual basis. However, on consolidation the fair value adjustments are written back and depreciation is calculated, as the controlling entity is on a different accounting policy than Housing Company Tshwane.

The fair value of the investment property amounted to R13 400 000 for the 2014/15 financial year and R13 500 000 for the 2013/14 financial year.

Rental income from investment property: Housing Company Tshwane	2,895,112	2,738,764	-	-
Operating expenses from investment property: Housing Company Tshwane	3,487,901	1,638,294	-	-

Fig	ures in Rand							
15.	Intangible assets							
	Group			2015			2014	
			Cost/Valuation	Accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment	Carrying value	Cost/Valuation	Accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment	Carrying value
	Computer software, other Servitudes		178,064,702 184,032,944	(114,685,324) -	63,379,378 184,032,944	574,313,994 184,032,944	(371,432,112)	202,881,882 184,032,944
	Total		362,097,646	(114,685,324)	247,412,322	758,346,938	(371,432,112)	386,914,826
	Municipality			2015			2014	
			Cost/Valuation	Accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment	Carrying value	Cost/Valuation	Accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment	Carrying value
	Computer software Servitudes		177,472,345 184,032,944	(114,492,635)	62,979,710 184,032,944	574,105,874 184,032,944	(371,368,485)	202,737,389 184,032,944
	Total		361,505,289	(114,492,635)	247,012,654	758,138,818	(371,368,485)	386,770,333
	Reconciliation of intangible assets - Group - 2015							
		Opening balance	Additions	Retirements	Transfers:	Amortisation	Impairment loss	Total
	Computer software, other Servitudes	202,881,882 184,032,944	1,418,263 -	(77,675,587) -	Capitalisation (32,174)	(63,205,172	) (7,834) -	63,379,378 184,032,944
		386,914,826	1,418,263	(77,675,587)	(32,174)	(63,205,172)	) (7,834)	247,412,322

# **Notes to the Consolidated Annual Financial Statements**

Figu	res in Rand								
15.	Intangible assets (continued)								
	Reconciliation of intangible assets - Group - 2014								
			Opening balance	Additions	Retirements	Transfers: Capitalisation	Reclassifications	Amortisation	Total
	Computer software, other Servitudes		275,020,879 171,233,851	2,220,844 7,415,532	- (13,434,315)	19,555,597	(16,702,289) 16,702,289	(77,213,149) 50,841	202,881,882 184,032,944
			446,254,730	9,636,376	(13,434,315)	21,620,343	-	(77,162,308)	386,914,826
	Reconciliation of intangible assets - Municipality - 2015								
		Opening balance	Acquisitions	Retirements	Transfers: Capitalisation	Reclassifications	Amortisation	Impairment loss	Total
	Computer software Servitudes	202,737,389 184,032,944	1,029,286	(77,675,587) -	(32,174)	- -	(63,071,370) -	(7,834)	62,979,710 184,032,944
		386,770,333	1,029,286	(77,675,587)	(32,174)	-	(63,071,370)	(7,834)	247,012,654
	Reconciliation of intangible assets - Municipality - 2014								
		Opening balance	Additions	Retirements	Transfers: Capitalisation	Reclassifications	Amortisation	Impairment loss	Total
	Computer software Servitudes	274,858,027 171,233,851	2,179,395 7,415,532	- (13,434,315)	19,555,597 2,064,746	(16,702,289) 16,702,289	) (77,153,341) 50,841	-	202,737,389 184,032,944
		446,091,878	9,594,927	(13,434,315)	21,620,343	-	(77,102,500)	-	386,770,333

## Pledged as security

No intangible assets are pledged as security.

# **Notes to the Consolidated Annual Financial Statements**

	Group		Municipality	
_	2015 2014		2015	2014 Restated*
		Restated*		Restated*
	R R		R	R

## 16. Heritage assets

Group		2015			2014	
	Cost/Valuation	Accumulated impairment losses	Carrying value	Cost/Valuation	Accumulated impairment losses	Carrying value
Art collections, antiquities and exhibits	446,037,321	-	446,037,321	446,030,830	-	446,030,830
Collections of rare books, manuscripts and records	826,050	-	826,050	826,050	-	826,050
Historical monuments	2,400,000	-	2,400,000	2,400,000	-	2,400,000
Historical buildings	3,157,787,330	-	3,157,787,330	3,157,787,330	-	3,157,787,330
Stamp collections, military insignia, medals, coin	577,500	-	577,500	577,500	-	577,500
Total	3,607,628,201	-	3,607,628,201	3,607,621,710	-	3,607,621,710
Municipality		2015			2014	
Manicipality						
	Cost/Valuation	Accumulated impairment losses	Carrying value	Cost/Valuation	Accumulated impairment losses	Carrying value
Art collections, antiquities and exhibits	446,037,321	-	446,037,321	446,030,830	-	446,030,830
Collections of rare books, manuscripts and records	826,050	-	826,050	826,050	-	826,050
Historical monuments	2,400,000	-	2,400,000	2,400,000	-	2,400,000
Historical buildings	3,157,787,330	-	3,157,787,330	3,157,787,330	-	3,157,787,330
Stamp collections, military insignia, medals, coin	577,500	-	577,500	577,500	-	577,500
Total	3,607,628,201	-	3,607,628,201	3,607,621,710	-	3,607,621,710
Reconciliation of heritage ass	sets - Group - 201	5				
Art collections, antiquities and e		le.	Opening balance 446,030,830 826,050	Additions 6,491	Retirements -	Total 446,037,321 826,050

	3,607,621,710	6,491	-	3,607,628,201
Stamp collections, military insignia, medals, coin	577,500	-	-	577,500
Historical buildings	3,157,787,330	-	-	3,157,787,330
Historical monuments	2,400,000	-	-	2,400,000
Collections of rare books, manuscripts and records	826,050	-	-	826,050
Art collections, antiquities and exhibits	446,030,830	6,491	-	446,037,321
	Opening balance	Additions	Retirements	rotai

## Reconciliation of heritage assets Group - 2014

	Opening balance	Additions	Retirements	Total
Art collections, antiquities and exhibits	446,031,366	-	(536)	446,030,830
Collections of rare books, manuscripts and records	826,050	-	-	826,050
Historical monuments	2,400,000	-	-	2,400,000
Historical buildings	3,157,787,330	-	-	3,157,787,330
Stamp collections, military insignia, medals, coin	577,500	-	-	577,500
	3,607,622,246	-	(536)	3,607,621,710

<sup>\*</sup> See Note 47

Consolidated Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2015

## **Notes to the Consolidated Annual Financial Statements**

	Group		icipality	
2015	2015 2014 Restated*		2015 2014 Restated*	
R	R R		R	

#### 16. Heritage assets (continued)

### Reconciliation of heritage assets - Municipality - 2015

	3,607,621,710	6,491	-	3,607,628,201
Stamp collections, military insignia, medals, coin	577,500	-	-	577,500
Historical buildings	3,157,787,330	-	-	3,157,787,330
Historical monuments	2,400,000	-	-	2,400,000
Collections of rare books, manuscripts and records	826,050	-	-	826,050
Art cCollections, antiquities and exhibits	446,030,830	6,491	-	446,037,321
	Opening balance	Additions	Retirements	Total

#### Reconciliation of heritage assets - Municipality - 2014

	Opening balance	Additions	Retirements	Total
Art cCollections, antiquities and exhibits	446,031,366	-	(536)	446,030,830
Collections of rare books, manuscripts and records	826,050	-	-	826,050
Historical monuments	2,400,000	-	-	2,400,000
Historical buildings	3,157,787,330	-	-	3,157,787,330
Stamp collections, military insignia, medals, coin	577,500	-	-	577,500
	3,607,622,246	-	(536)	3,607,621,710

## Pledged as security

No heritage assets are pledged as security.

#### Transitional provisions lapsed on 30 June 2015

#### Heritage assets recognised at provisional amounts

In accordance with the transitional provisions as per Directive 3 of the GRAP Reporting Framework, certain heritage assets were recognised at provisional amounts up to 30 June 2014. During 2014/15 heritage assets were restated to correctly account for the applicable values of all assets. The R24 563 785 is the amount as per the audited financial statements of 2013/14 (restated) - refer to Note 47 for the restatement of the 2013/14 financial year.

## Change in value with lapse of transitional provisions

Heritage assets: Deemed cost 3,607,622,246 24,563,785 3,607,622,246 24,563,785

Deemed cost was determined by experts in the field of heritage assets.

Desktop archival research, both qualitative and quantitative, was carried out followed by fieldwork where verification and confirmation of data were done, as well as consultations where applicable for the purposes of clarity and verification.

#### The approach used:

- Lightstone valuation reports
- A variable of 1.5 was used as a multiple
- A variance of -20% was applied to ensure comparable distribution
- 1ha = 10 000 sq/m
- Valuation of heritage buildings where at R5 000 per sqm plus further R5 000 per sqm for fixtures and fittings. Note must be taken
  that fixtures and fittings in heritage sites/buildings are not easily replicable or depreciate in value.

## **Notes to the Consolidated Annual Financial Statements**

				Group		Municip	ality
			2015		2014 Restated*	2015	2014 Restated*
			R		R	R	R
7.	Leased assets						
	Group		2015			2014	
		Cost/Valuation	Accumulated depreciation	Carrying valu	e Cost/Valuation	on Accumulated depreciation	Carrying value
	Vehicles	270,175,204	(65,760,707	204,414,4	97 136,196,4	98 (128,112,053)	8,084,445
	Municipality		2015			2014	
		Cost/Valuation	Accumulated depreciation	Carrying valu	e Cost/Valuation	on Accumulated depreciation	Carrying value
	Vehicles	270,175,204	(65,760,707	) 204,414,4	97 136,196,4	98 (128,112,053)	8,084,445
	Reconciliation of leased as	sets - Group - 2015					
	Reconciliation of leased as	•	ening balance 8,084,445	Additions 266,860,619	Retirements -	Depreciation (70,530,567)	Total 204,414,497
		Оре	ening balance 8,084,445		Retirements -		
	Vehicles	Ope	ening balance 8,084,445		Retirements - Other changes 828,212		
	Vehicles  Reconciliation of leased as	Ope ssets - Group - 2014 Ope	ening balance 8,084,445	266,860,619 Retirements	Other changes	(70,530,567)  Depreciation	204,414,497 Total
	Vehicles  Reconciliation of leased as  Vehicles	Ope ssets - Group - 2014 Ope ssets - 2015	ening balance 8,084,445	266,860,619 Retirements	Other changes	(70,530,567)  Depreciation	204,414,497 Total
	Vehicles  Reconciliation of leased as  Vehicles  Reconciliation of leased as	Operated Seeds - Group - 2014  Operated Seeds - 2015  Operated Seeds - 2015	ening balance 8,084,445 ening balance 84,214,682 ening balance 8,084,445	266,860,619  Retirements (2,458,636)  Additions	Other changes 828,212	(70,530,567)  Depreciation (74,499,813)  Depreciation	Total 8,084,445

## Disposal of a significant asset(s)/or a group of assets and liabilities/or a component of the entity

Management has taken a decision to dispose of a significant asset/or a group of assets and liabilities/or a component of the entity.

## Description of the asset(s), group of assets and liabilities or component

Mostly vehicles, bicycles and other smaller movable assets have been marked for disposal and were in the auction yard at year end.

During 2014/15 two (2) properties and hundred (100) buses were sold.

## **Carrying values**

Assets in the auction yard (auction still to be 552,509 170,510 Sale of properties (completed) 107,191 697,291 Disposal of buses 6,148,505

## Facts and circumstances of the disposal

The assets in the auction yard are movable assets and have been marked for disposal as they are in most cases damaged or outdated and no longer fit for usage by the municipality.

<sup>\*</sup> See Note 47

Consolidated Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2015

## **Notes to the Consolidated Annual Financial Statements**

	Group		icipality
2015	2014 Restated*	2015	2014 Restated*
R	R	R	R

#### 18. Disposal of a significant asset(s)/or a group of assets and liabilities/or a component of the entity (continued)

### Further approvals required

Council approval to hold an auction is required.

The expected sale or transfer date is still to be determined.

### Disposals completed during the year

During the 2014/15 financial year 2 properties were sold with a carrying value of R107 191.

Hundred (100) buses were sold during 2014/15 with a carrying value of R6 148 505. The fair value of these buses was determined as R4 340 000.

Circumstances that may have resulted in a decision to dispose of an asset being reversed during the reporting period

None.

#### 19. Investments

At amortised cost Short-term investments	502,959,644	622,948,673	493,261,328	622,948,673
At amortised cost Municipal stock Assurance companies	710,520 -	710,520 5,096,572	710,520 -	710,520 5,096,572
	710,520	5,807,092	710,520	5,807,092
Total investments	503,670,164	628,755,765	493,971,848	628,755,765
Non-current assets Long-term investments (at amortised cost)	710,520	5,807,092	710,520	5,807,092
<b>Current assets</b> Short-term investments (at amortised cost - refer Note 24)	502,959,644	622,948,673	493,261,328	622,948,673

There were no gains or losses realised on the disposal of held to maturity financial assets in 2015 and 2014, as all the financial assets were disposed of at their redemption date. No default or breach of requirements occurred during the year under review.

The market value (indicated below) was obtained from balance certificates from the various financial institutions.

<sup>\*</sup> See Note 47

# **Notes to the Consolidated Annual Financial Statements**

	Group		Mur	nicipality
	2015	2014 Restated*	2015	2014 Restated
	R	R	R	R
Investments (continued)				
Market value of listed investments and management's valuation of				
unlisted investments:				
Knysna Municipality - local registered stock (interest payable semi-annually)	710,520	710,520	710,520	710,52
Sanlam no 26 policy (unceded)	14,620	48,027	14,620	48,02
Sanlam no 27 policy (ceded to	5,653,644	4,880,500	5,653,644	4,880,50
Compensation Commissioner)	3,333,511	.,000,000	3,000,011	.,000,00
Capital Alliance no 28 (unceded)	639,642	617,224	639,642	617,22
Capital Alliance no 29 (unceded)	2,005,016	2,021,960	2,005,016	2,021,96
ABSA Money Market investment no 32	27,454,598	25,942,929	27,454,598	25,942,92
(interest capitalised monthly) (ceded to DBSA sinking fund loan repayable at 30 April 2018)	27,434,396	23,942,929	21,404,090	23,942,92
ABSA Money Market investment no 33 (interest capitalised monthly) (unceded)	9,621,079	9,091,336	9,621,079	9,091,33
ABSA Money Market investment no 34 (interest capitalised monthly) (ceded to	7,206,009	6,809,242	7,206,009	6,809,24
DBSA sinking fund loan payable at 30 September 2019)				
ABSA Money Market investment no 35	158,648	149,913	158,648	149,91
(interest capitalised monthly) (ceded to DBSA sinking fund loan payable at 30	100,010		.00,0.0	
September 2019) Investec Money Market investment no	24,110,490	22,711,552	24,110,490	22,711,55
37 (interest capitalised monthly) (ceded to DBSA sinking fund loan payable at 30 April 2018)	21,110,100	22,7 11,002	21,110,100	22,777,00
Investec Money Market investment no 38 (interest capitalised monthly)	7,706,183	7,259,055	7,706,183	7,259,05
(unceded) Investec Money Market investment no	1,032,352	972,453	1,032,352	972,45
39 (interest capitalised monthly) (unceded)	, ,	,	, ,	,
Standard Bank Money Market	87,200,303	82,066,416	87,200,303	82,066,41
investment no 40 (interest capitalised	• •	, ,	, ,	
monthly) (ceded to DBSA sinking fund				
loan payable at 30 April 2018)				
Standard Bank Money Market	2,706,587	2,547,238	2,706,587	2,547,23
investment no 41 (interest capitalised	• •	, ,	, ,	
monthly) (ceded to DBSA sinking fund				
loan payable at 30 September 2019)				
Investec Money Market investment no	27,969,540	26,452,809	27,969,540	26,452,80
108 (interest capitalised monthly) (ceded	,,	-, - ,	,,-	-, - ,-
to DBSA sinking fund loan payable at 30				
April 2018)				
Standard Bank Money Market	64,124,703	60,798,624	64,124,703	60,798,62
investment no 41 (interest capitalised	• •	, ,	, ,	, ,
monthly) (ceded to DBSA sinking fund loan payable at 30 April 2018)				
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	268,313,934	253,079,798	268,313,934	253,079,79
Average rate of return	40.45.0/	40 45 0/	40 45 0/	40.45
On long-term investments	16.45 %	16.45 %	16.45 %	16.45
On short-term investments	5.67 %	4.99 %	5.67 %	4.99

No investments were past due. No impairment occurred during the financial year under review.

<sup>\*</sup> See Note 47

Consolidated Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2015

## Notes to the Consolidated Annual Financial Statements

		Group		Municip	Municipality	
		2015	2014 Restated*	2015	2014 Restated*	
		R	R	R	R	
19.	Investments (continued)					
	Financial assets pledged as collateral					
	Secured and unsecured investments					
	Secured investments against long-term liabilities (refer to Note 4)	111,310,793	518,386,777	111,310,793	518,386,777	
	Investment ceded to the Compensation Commissioner (refer to Note 55)	-	4,906,708	-	4,906,708	
	Unsecured investments	392,359,371	105,462,280	382,661,055	105,462,280	
		503,670,164	628,755,765	493,971,848	628,755,765	
20.	Long-term receivables					
	Consumer: Arrangement debtors (refer to Note 22)	146,535,828	264,395,381	146,535,828	264,395,381	
	Housing loans	9,692,028	20,081,989	9,692,028	20,081,989	
	Loans to sport clubs	1,136,448	1,185,039	1,136,448	1,185,039	
	Sale of land	69,982,588	74,279,492	69,982,588	74,279,492	
		227,346,892	359,941,901	227,346,892	359,941,901	
	Current portion of long-term receivables	(102,165,612)	(162,118,924)	(102,165,612)	(162,118,924	
		125,181,280	197,822,977	125,181,280	197,822,977	
	Impairment allowance	(66,776,468)	(89,609,011)	(66,776,468)	(89,609,011)	
		58,404,812	108,213,966	58,404,812	108,213,966	
	Reconciliation of impairment allowance					
	Balance at the beginning of the year	(89,609,011)	(89,609,011)	(89,609,011)	(89,609,011	
	Write-off during the year	1,158,733	-	1,158,733	-	
	Write back of impairment (over provision)	21,673,810		21,673,810		
		(66,776,468)	(89,609,011)	(66,776,468)	(89,609,011)	

## **Consumer: Arrangement debtors**

A policy exists granting consumer debtors an opportunity to make arrangements to pay off their arrear debt over a period of 12, 24 or 36 months with a deposit payable.

### **Housing loans**

Housing loans were granted to qualifying individuals in terms of the Provincial Administration's Housing Program. These loans attracted interest of 13.5% per annum and are repayable over periods of 20 and 30 years. These loans have various terms applicable. No new loans were issued in the current financial year.

## Loans to sport clubs

Sport clubs that qualified signed a 99-year leasehold agreement with the municipality at a nominal amount and were provided with financial assistance from the municipality to build or improve a facility for which the funds are repayable over a period and the club has no claim to the improvements after the expiration of the leasehold agreement.

## Sale of land debtors

Vacant properties are sold through a process administered by Property Legal Services. Contracts are signed and advices for the opening of individual accounts, which indicate the amount of the deposit (10%) and VAT (14%), are issued. The contract stipulates as from when interest is payable (immediately after signing the contract or after 12 months). The interest rate used is the Municipality's mortgage bond rate which currently is 9%. Interest is calculated monthly on the outstanding balance of the property.

<sup>\*</sup> See Note 47

## **Notes to the Consolidated Annual Financial Statements**

G	Group		icipality
2015	2014 Restated*	2015	2014 Restated*
R	R	R	R

As from 1 March 2014 all land sales are conducted on payment of the full amount to the Municipality by the purchaser. No extended payment terms are offered and full payment is required on registration.

	AGEING				
	Consumer: Arrangement debtors				
	121 - 365 days	100,553,190	159,778,753	100,553,190	159,778,753
	> 365 days	45,982,638	104,616,628	45,982,638	104,616,628
		146,535,828	264,395,381	146,535,828	264,395,381
	Housing loans				
	121 - 365 days	989,582	1,152,651	989,582	1,152,651
	> 365 days	8,702,446	18,929,338	8,702,446	18,929,338
		9,692,028	20,081,989	9,692,028	20,081,989
	Loans to sport clubs				
	121 - 365 days	579,149	579,149	579,149	579,149
	> 365 days <sup>*</sup>	557,299	605,890	557,299	605,890
		1,136,448	1,185,039	1,136,448	1,185,039
	Sale of land				
	121 - 365 days	594,391	608,370	594,391	608,370
	> 365 days	69,388,197	73,671,122	69,388,197	73,671,122
		69,982,588	74,279,492	69,982,588	74,279,492
21.	Inventories				
	Raw materials, components	356,741,513	263,528,665	354,416,611	260,756,380
	Water	9,184,994	7,840,545	8,380,663	7,229,920
	Food and beverage	22,274	15,272	22,274	15,272
	Fuel (diesel, petrol) Bus tickets	2,280,311 2,649,086	2,049,876 1,250,496	2,280,311 2,649,086	2,049,876 1,250,496
	Plants (nursery)	109,882	86,471	109,882	86,471
	Quarries	414,242	827,076	414,242	827,076
	Coal (power stations)	114,072,852	116,317,544	114,072,852	116,317,544
		485,475,154	391,915,945	482,345,921	388,533,035
	Inventory pledged as security				
	No inventory is pledged as security.				
	Write-down of inventory (included in general expenditure)				
	Surplus inventory	1,708,010	1,227,021	1,708,010	1,227,021
	Shortages	(2,623,564)	(2,599,015)	(2,623,564)	(2,599,015)
	Theft	(4,329,571)	(165,061)	(4,329,571)	(165,061)
	Revaluation of inventory	(74,787)	(62,948)	(74,787)	(62,948)
	Damaged inventory	(313,498)	(582,288)	(313,498)	(582,288)
	Obsolete inventory	(384,273)	(1,166,062)	(384,273)	(1,166,062)
	Rounding differences	(15)	(357)	` (15)	(357)
	Sandspruit obsolete inventory	(354,245)	(118,484)		· -
		(6,371,943)	(3,467,194)	(6,017,698)	(3,348,710)

<sup>\*</sup> See Note 47

## **Notes to the Consolidated Annual Financial Statements**

G	Group		icipality
2015	2014 Restated*	2015	2014 Restated*
R	R	R	R

#### 22. Consumer receivables

The City of Tshwane has a consolidated account billing system. The split of debtors per service category is done on a pro rata basis based on the levies.

The interest and other fees and levies indicated below cannot be split between exchange and non-exchange transactions. It is included in the total age analysis.

Service debtors:				
Rates	2,173,698,542	1,995,487,431	2,173,698,542	1,995,487,431
Electricity	1,714,012,580	1,977,421,282	1,714,012,580	1,977,421,282
Water	2,197,729,167	1,765,396,211	1,610,076,228	1,288,360,569
Other fees and levies	484,773,014	626,957,803	484,773,014	626,957,803
Sewerage	333,330,749	283,987,184	333,330,749	283,987,184
Refuse	452,847,827	377,837,603	452,847,827	377,837,603
Interest	1,001,679,347	832,136,367	1,001,679,347	832,136,367
	8,358,071,226	7.859.223.881	7.770.418.287	7,382,188,239
Less: Arrangement debtors (refer to Note	(146,535,828)	(264,395,381)	(146,535,828)	(264,395,381)
20)	( -,,,	( - ,, ,	( -,,,	( - ,, ,
,	8,211,535,398	7,594,828,500	7,623,882,459	7,117,792,858
Less: Allowance for impairment				
General: All services	(5,664,049,393)	(5,034,345,185)	(5,088,882,854)	(4,573,249,942)
General. All services	(5,004,049,595)	(3,034,343,103)	(3,000,002,034)	(4,575,245,342)
N				
Net balance	0.470.000.540	4 005 407 404	0.470.000.540	4 005 407 404
Rates	2,173,698,542	1,995,487,431	2,173,698,542	1,995,487,431
Electricity Water	1,714,012,580 2,197,729,167	1,977,421,282 1,765,396,211	1,714,012,580 1,610,076,228	1,977,421,282 1,288,360,569
Other fees and levies	484,773,014	626,957,803	484,773,014	626,957,803
Sewerage	333,330,749	283,987,184	333,330,749	283,987,184
Refuse	452,847,827	377,837,603	452,847,827	377,837,603
Interest	1,001,679,347	832,136,367	1,001,679,347	832,136,367
Arrangement debtors	(146,535,828)	(264,395,381)	(146,535,828)	(264,395,381)
Less: Provision for bad debt	(5,664,049,393)	(5,034,345,185)	(5,088,882,854)	(4,573,249,942)
	2,547,486,005	2,560,483,315	2,534,999,605	2,544,542,916
Included in the above are receivables				
from exchange transactions				
Electricity	1,714,012,580	1,977,421,282	1,714,012,580	1,977,421,282
Water	2,197,729,167	1,765,396,211	1,610,076,228	1,288,360,569
Other fees and levies	484,773,014	626,957,803	484,773,014	626,957,803
Sewerage	333,330,749	283,987,184	333,330,749	283,987,184
Refuse	452,847,827	377,837,603	452,847,827	377,837,603
Interest	1,001,679,347	832,136,367	1,001,679,347	832,136,367
	6,184,372,684	5,863,736,450	5,596,719,745	5,386,700,808
Included in the above are receivables				
from non-exchange transactions (taxes				
and transfers)				
Rates	2,173,698,542	1,995,487,431	2,173,698,542	1,995,487,431
Gross balance	8,358,071,226	7,859,223,881	7,770,418,287	7,382,188,239

<sup>\*</sup> See Note 47

Consolidated Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2015

## **Notes to the Consolidated Annual Financial Statements**

G	Group		icipality
2015	2014 Restated*	2015	2014 Restated*
R	R	R	R

#### 22. Consumer receivables (continued)

### 2014/15:

An amount of R474 939 843 exclusive of VAT was written off up to June 2015 (R541 431 421 inclusive of VAT) in respect of Region 5 and 7 as well as indigent and inactive accounts. A council resolution dated 31 July 2014 approved the write-off of arrear debt with regard to Region 5 and 7. Further, in terms of a council resolution dated 29 August 2002 and 25 March 2010 the Group Chief Financial Officer have delegated powers to write off amounts lower than R3 000 and inactive accounts. A council resolution dated 31 March 2005 renders approval whereby the debt of indigent households is written off.

#### 2013/14:

An amount of R206 404 856 exclusive of VAT was written off up to June 2014 (R235 301 536 inclusive of VAT) in terms of a council resolution dated 29 August 2002 and 25 March 2010 whereby the Group Chief Financial Officer have delegated powers to write off amounts lower than R3 000 and inactive accounts. A council resolution dated 31 March 2005 renders approval whereby the debt of indigent households is written off.

#### AGEING (of gross debtors):

Rates Current (0 - 30 days) 31 - 60 days 61 - 90 days 91 - 120 days 121 - 150 days 151 - 180 days 181 - 365 days 365+ days	508,381,268	462,636,609	508,381,268	462,636,609
	73,649,177	75,783,587	73,649,177	75,783,587
	63,293,909	57,002,314	63,293,909	57,002,314
	51,410,364	47,260,516	51,410,364	47,260,516
	46,016,025	39,975,234	46,016,025	39,975,234
	60,535,619	40,021,468	60,535,619	40,021,468
	246,871,821	233,004,005	246,871,821	233,004,005
	1,123,540,359	1,039,803,698	1,123,540,359	1,039,803,698
	2,173,698,542	1,995,487,431	2,173,698,542	1,995,487,431
Electricity Current (0 - 30 days) 31 - 60 days 61 - 90 days 91 - 120 days 121 - 150 days 151 - 180 days 151 - 365 days 365+ days	741,692,060 28,275,747 27,685,776 28,891,023 9,322,508 28,888,864 118,280,126 730,976,476	967,391,112 44,565,002 45,196,516 28,112,214 17,330,656 26,212,399 137,885,978 710,727,405	741,692,060 28,275,747 27,685,776 28,891,023 9,322,508 28,888,864 118,280,126 730,976,476	967,391,112 44,565,002 45,196,516 28,112,214 17,330,656 26,212,399 137,885,978 710,727,405 1,977,421,282
Water Current (0 - 30 days) 31 - 60 days 61 - 90 days 91 - 120 days 121 - 150 days 151 - 180 days 181 - 365 days 365+ days	485,428,744	451,143,899	472,360,913	440,287,856
	85,206,508	60,510,031	70,546,333	49,697,563
	71,831,940	58,711,628	59,490,898	49,464,554
	71,654,057	40,138,269	56,756,773	31,071,827
	33,271,104	31,585,235	20,653,435	22,415,086
	71,968,795	43,177,995	55,804,597	32,773,057
	684,309,934	531,728,288	180,530,805	114,249,760
	694,058,085	548,400,866	693,932,474	548,400,866
	2,197,729,167	1,765,396,211	1,610,076,228	1,288,360,569

<sup>\*</sup> See Note 47

Consumer receivables (continued)		Group		Municipality	
Consumer receivables (continued)   Char fees and levies			Restated*		Restated*
Other fees and levies         Current (0 - 30 days)         16,860,268         1,798,565         16,860,268         1,798,565           31 - 60 days         2,217,824         12,080,070         2,217,824         12,080,61         190 days         4,079,134         2,351,839         4,079,134         2,351,839         4,079,134         2,351,839         4,079,134         2,351,839         4,079,134         2,351,839         4,079,134         2,217,824         12,080,995         3,734,312         12,150 days         (2,002,647)         313,225         (2,002,647)         313,225         (2,002,647)         7,125,826         (2,202,544)         7,125,826         (2,202,544)         7,125,826         (2,202,544)         7,125,826         (2,202,544)         7,125,826         (2,202,544)         7,125,826         (2,202,544)         7,125,826         (2,202,544)         7,125,826         (2,202,544)         7,125,826         (2,202,544)         7,127,727,27         313,147,727         313,147,747         2,126,834         4,626,847,803         484,773,014         626,957,803         484,773,014         626,957,803         484,773,014         626,957,803         484,773,014         626,957,803         484,773,014         62,957,803         482,777,304         8,211,479         7,227,713         9,228,935         117,007,704         99,228,935		R	R	R	R
Current (0 - 30 days)	Consumer receivables (continued)				
31 - 80 days					
61 - 90 days	` ,			, ,	1,798,565
91 - 120 days (503,995) (3,743,278) (503,995) (3,743,178) (501,004) (3,743,178) (503,096) (3,743,151) (501,004) (2,070,647) (313,295) (2,070,647) (313,151) (301,004) (3,743,278) (2,202,544) (7,125,626) (2,202,544) (2,202,5	•			· · ·	
121 - 150 days		, ,		, ,	
151 - 180 days			, , ,		313,295
365+ days					(2,202,544)
Sanitation	181 - 365 days	(3,304,871)	114,774,274	(3,304,871)	114,774,274
Sanitation   Current (0 - 30 days)   117,007,704   99,228,985   117,007,704   99,228, 31 - 60 days   7,327,713   9,517,479   7,327,713   9,517, 61 - 90 days   7,886,823   6,883,288   7,896,823   6,883,288   7,896,823   6,883,288   7,896,823   6,883,288   7,896,823   6,883,288   7,896,823   6,883,288   7,896,823   6,883,288   7,896,823   6,883,288   7,896,823   6,883,288   7,896,823   6,883,288   7,896,823   7,896,823   7,896,823   7,896,823   7,896,823   7,896,823   7,981,431   4,451,885   3,981,413   4,451,885   3,981,413   4,451,885   3,981,413   4,451,885   3,277,087   25,116,081   3,277,087   25,116,081   3,277,087   25,116,081   3,277,087   25,116,081   3,277,087   25,116,081   3,277,087   25,116,081   3,277,087   25,116,081   3,277,087   25,116,081   3,277,087   25,116,081   3,277,087   25,116,081   3,277,087   25,116,081   3,277,083   27,294, 656   145,103,783   127,294, 656   145,103,783   127,294, 656   145,103,783   127,294, 656   145,103,783   127,294, 656   145,103,783   127,294, 656   145,103,783   127,294, 656   145,103,783   127,294, 656   145,103,783   127,294, 656   145,103,783   127,294, 656   145,103,783   127,294, 656   145,103,783   127,294, 656   145,103,783   127,294, 656   145,103,783   127,294, 656   145,103,783   127,294, 656   145,103,783   127,294, 656   145,103,783   127,294, 656   145,103,783   127,294, 656   145,103,783   127,294, 656   127,294, 656   127,294, 656   127,294, 656   127,294, 657   127,294,	365+ days	460,369,475	501,585,582	460,369,475	501,585,582
Current (0 - 30 days)		484,773,014	626,957,803	484,773,014	626,957,803
Current (0 - 30 days)	Sanitation				
31 - 60 days 7, 327,713 9,517,479 7,327,713 9,517, 61 - 90 days 7, 896,823 6,883,228 7,886,823 6,883,239 1120 days 8,729,834 5,820,678 8,729,834 5,820,678 8,729,834 5,820,678 8,729,834 5,820,678 8,729,834 5,820,678 1,729,834 5,820,678 1,729,834 5,820,678 1,729,834 5,820,678 1,729,834 5,820,678 1,729,834 5,820,678 1,729,834 1,729,834 1,729,834 1,729,834 1,729,834 1,729,834 1,729,832 1		117.007.704	99.228.985	117.007.704	99,228,985
61 - 90 days			· · ·	, ,	9,517,479
91120 days	61 - 90 days		, ,		6,883,228
151 - 180 days 181 - 365 days 33,277,087 25,116,081 332,77087 25,116,081 332,77087 25,116,081 332,77087 25,116,081 332,77087 25,116,081 332,77087 25,116,081 332,77087 25,116,081 332,77087 25,116,081 332,77087 25,116,081 333,330,749 283,987,184 31,150,988 81,137,088 81,137,038 81,147,333,210 12,948,277 13,733,210 12,948,277 13,733,210 12,948,277 13,733,210 12,948,277 13,733,210 12,948,277 13,733,210 12,948,277 13,733,210 12,948,277 13,733,210 12,948,277 13,733,210 12,948,277 13,733,210 12,948,277 13,733,210 12,948,277 13,733,210 12,948,277 13,733,210 12,948,277 13,733,210 13,956,217 13,956,217 13,956,217 13,956,217 13,956,219 13,956,217 13,956,219 13,956,217 13,956,219 13,956,217 13,956,219 13,956,217 13,956,219 13,956,217 13,956,219 13,956,217 13,956,219 13,956,217 13,956,219 13,956,217 13,956,219 13,956,210 13,956,217 13,956,210 13,956,217 13,956,210 13,956,217 13,956,210 13,956,217	,				5,820,678
181 - 365 days				· · ·	4,451,885
365+ days				, ,	5,674,192
Solid waste         Current (0 - 30 days)         101,158,988         81,137,038         101,158,988         81,137,038         101,158,988         81,137,038         101,158,988         81,137,038         101,158,988         81,137,33,210         12,948,277         13,733,210         12,948,277         13,733,210         12,948,277         13,733,210         12,948,277         13,733,210         12,948,277         13,733,210         8,747,348         13,123,930         8,747,348         13,123,930         8,747,348         13,123,930         8,747,348         13,123,930         8,747,348         13,123,930         8,747,348         13,123,930         8,747,737         12,028,953         7,609,747         12,028,953         7,609,747         12,028,953         7,609,747         12,028,953         7,609,747         12,028,953         7,609,747         12,028,953         7,609,747         12,028,953         7,609,747         12,028,953         7,609,747         12,028,953         7,609,747         12,028,953         7,609,747         12,028,953         7,609,747         12,028,953         7,609,747         12,028,953         7,609,747         12,028,953         7,609,747         12,028,953         7,609,747         12,028,953         7,609,747         12,028,953         7,609,747         12,028,953         7,609,747         12,028,953         7,609,747 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>25,116,081</td>					25,116,081
Solid waste         Current (0 - 30 days)         101,158,988         81,137,038         101,158,988         81,137,038         101,158,988         81,137,33,210         12,948,277         13,733,210         12,948,277         13,733,3210         12,948,277         13,733,3210         12,948,277         13,733,3210         12,948,277         13,733,3210         12,948,277         13,733,3210         12,948,277         13,733,210         12,948,277         13,733,210         12,948,277         13,733,210         12,948,277         13,733,210         12,948,277         13,733,210         12,948,277         13,733,210         8,747,348         13,123,930         8,747,769         14,120,28,953         7,609,747         12,028,953         7,609,747         12,028,953         7,609,747         12,028,953         7,609,747         12,028,953         7,609,747         12,028,953         7,609,747         12,028,953         7,609,747         12,028,953         7,609,747         12,028,953         7,609,747         12,028,953         7,609,747         12,028,953         7,609,747         12,028,953         7,609,747         12,028,953         7,609,747         19,157,126         13,956,217         9,157,126         13,956,217         9,157,126         13,956,217         9,157,126         13,956,217         9,157,126         13,956,217         9,157,226         2	305+ days				283,987,184
Current (0 - 30 days)			200,007,104		200,007,104
31 - 60 days 12,948,277 13,733,210 12,948,277 13,733, 61 - 90 days 13,123,930 8,747,348 13,123,930 8,747, 71 - 120 days 12,028,953 7,609,747 12,028,953 7,609,747 12,028,953 7,609,747 12,028,953 7,609,747 12,028,953 7,609,747 12,028,953 7,609,747 12,028,953 7,609,747 12,028,953 7,609,747 12,028,953 7,609,747 12,028,953 7,609,747 12,028,953 7,609,747 12,028,953 7,609,747 13,956,217 9,157, 181 - 365 days 13,956,217 9,157,126 13,956,217 9,157, 181 - 365 days 237,877,539 211,132,118 237,877,539 211,132, 182,347,827 377,837, 245,847,847 31,847,847,847,847,847,847,847,847,847,847					
61 - 90 days 13,123,930 8,747,348 13,123,930 8,747, 91 - 120 days 12,028,953 7,609,747 12,028,953 7,609, 121 - 150 days 8,949,061 8,080,058 8,949,061 8,060,058 8,949,061 8,080,058 8,949,061 8,080,058 8,949,061 8,080,058 8,949,061 8,080,058 8,949,061 8,080,058 8,949,061 8,080,058 8,949,061 8,080,058 8,949,061 8,080,058 8,949,061 8,080,058 8,949,061 8,000,058 8,949,061 8,000,058 8,949,061 8,000,058 8,949,061 8,000,058 8,949,061 8,000,058 8,949,061 8,000,058 8,949,061 8,000,058 8,240,022,38 219,717,563 229,279,61 8,218,413,028 2,055,809,914 2,137,556,61 8,200,000,000 8,200				· · ·	81,137,038
91 - 120 days					
121 - 150 days			· · ·		7,609,747
151 - 180 days 13,956,217 9,157,126 13,956,217 9,157, 181 - 365 days 52,804,862 38,240,958 52,804,862 38,240,958 52,804,862 38,240,958 52,804,862 38,240,958 52,804,862 38,240,958 52,804,862 38,240,958 52,804,862 38,240,958 52,804,862 38,240,958 52,804,862 38,240,958 52,804,862 38,240,958 52,804,862 38,240,958 52,804,862 38,240,958 52,804,862 38,240,958 52,804,862 37,837,539 211,132,118 237,877,539 211,132,118 237,877,539 211,132,118 237,877,539 211,132,130,140,140,140,140,140,140,140,140,140,14					8,080,058
11,132, 118				· · ·	9,157,126
Materest   Current (0 - 30 days)   85,565,527   67,164,425   85,565,527   67,164, 31 - 60 days   25,756,129   25,463,438   25,756,129   25,463, 436   26,722,91 - 120 days   32,356,300   23,423,200   32,356,300   23,423, 121 - 150 days   31,629,710   24,313,176   31,629,710   24,313, 181 - 365 days   31,7770,711   135,569,498   137,770,711   135,699,498   137,770,711   135,433,181   1365 days   1267,738,299   1,213,651,500   763,959,170   796,172,365+40ys   1,267,738,299   1,213,651,500   763,959,170   796,172,365+40ys   1,267,738,299   1,213,651,500   763,959,170   796,172,365+40ys   1,267,738,299   1,213,651,500   3636,298,948   4,026,325,940   3,636,298,948   4,	181 - 365 days	52,804,862	38,240,958	52,804,862	38,240,958
Interest Current (0 - 30 days)	365+ days				211,132,118
Current (0 - 30 days)       85,565,527       67,164,425       85,565,527       67,164,31 - 60 days         31 - 60 days       25,756,129       25,463,438       25,756,129       25,463,438         61 - 90 days       27,373,312       26,722,251       27,373,312       26,722,291         91 - 120 days       32,356,300       23,423,200       32,356,300       23,423,210         121 - 150 days       19,305,601       22,271,662       19,305,601       22,271,151 - 180 days       31,629,710       24,313,176       31,629,710       24,313,         181 - 365 days       137,770,711       135,569,498       137,770,711       135,569,498       137,770,711       135,569,498         365+ days       641,922,057       507,208,717       641,922,057       507,208,717         401,922,057       507,208,717       641,922,057       507,208,717         31 - 60 days       234,377,738       240,092,238       219,717,563       229,279,61         31 - 90 days       214,656,293       204,410,002       202,315,251       195,162,91         31 - 120 days       204,186,051       148,164,200       189,288,768       139,097,71         31 - 150 days       118,465,400       122,355,807       105,847,731       113,185,151 - 180 days       223,237,148 <td< td=""><td></td><td>452,847,827</td><td>377,837,603</td><td>452,847,827</td><td>377,837,603</td></td<>		452,847,827	377,837,603	452,847,827	377,837,603
31 - 60 days	Interest				
61 - 90 days       27,373,312       26,722,251       27,373,312       26,722, 251         91 - 120 days       32,356,300       23,423,200       32,356,300       23,423, 201         121 - 150 days       19,305,601       22,271,662       19,305,601       22,271, 271         151 - 180 days       31,629,710       24,313,176       31,629,710       24,313, 31         181 - 365 days       137,770,711       135,569,498       137,770,711       135,569, 31         365+ days       641,922,057       507,208,717       641,922,057       507,208, 507, 507, 208, 507, 208, 507, 507, 507, 507, 507, 507, 507, 507	Current (0 - 30 days)	85,565,527	67,164,425	85,565,527	67,164,425
91 - 120 days 32,356,300 23,423,200 32,356,300 23,423, 121 - 150 days 19,305,601 22,271,662 19,305,601 22,271, 151 - 180 days 31,629,710 24,313,176 31,629,710 24,313, 181 - 365 days 137,770,711 135,569,498 137,770,711 135,569, 365+ days 641,922,057 507,208,717 641,922,057 507,208,  Ageing: Total gross debtors  Current (0 - 30 days) 2,069,084,357 2,148,413,028 2,055,890,914 2,137,556, 31 - 60 days 234,377,738 240,092,238 219,717,563 229,279, 61 - 90 days 214,656,293 204,410,002 202,315,251 195,162, 91 - 120 days 204,186,051 148,164,200 189,288,768 139,097, 121 - 150 days 118,465,400 122,355,807 105,847,731 113,185, 151 - 180 days 223,237,148 145,838,158 207,072,950 135,433, 181 - 365 days 1,267,738,299 1,213,651,500 763,959,170 796,172, 365+ days 4,026,325,940 3,636,298,948 4,026,325,940 3,636,298,			· · ·		25,463,438
121 - 150 days			· · ·		26,722,251
151 - 180 days		' '		, ,	23,423,200
181 - 365 days       137,770,711       135,569,498       137,770,711       135,569,498         365+ days       641,922,057       507,208,717       641,922,057       507,208,717         Ageing: Total gross debtors         Current (0 - 30 days)       2,069,084,357       2,148,413,028       2,055,890,914       2,137,556,31 - 60 days         31 - 60 days       234,377,738       240,092,238       219,717,563       229,279,61 - 90 days         61 - 90 days       214,656,293       204,410,002       202,315,251       195,162,91 - 120 days         91 - 120 days       204,186,051       148,164,200       189,288,768       139,097,121 - 150 days         151 - 180 days       118,465,400       122,355,807       105,847,731       113,185,151 - 180 days         151 - 365 days       1,267,738,299       1,213,651,500       763,959,170       796,172,365 + days         365+ days       4,026,325,940       3,636,298,948       4,026,325,940       3,636,298,948	•				
365+ days       641,922,057       507,208,717       641,922,057       507,208, 717       641,922,057       507,208, 717       641,922,057       507,208, 717       641,922,057       507,208, 717       641,922,057       507,208, 717       832,136, 717       832,136, 718         Ageing: Total gross debtors         Current (0 - 30 days)       2,069,084,357       2,148,413,028       2,055,890,914       2,137,556, 731       229,279, 61 - 90 days       224,410,002       202,315,251       195,162, 91 - 195,162, 91 - 120 days       204,186,051       148,164,200       189,288,768       139,097, 121 - 150 days       121 - 150 days       118,465,400       122,355,807       105,847,731       113,185, 151 - 180 days       223,237,148       145,838,158       207,072,950       135,433, 181 - 365 days       1,267,738,299       1,213,651,500       763,959,170       796,172, 365+ days       4,026,325,940       3,636,298,948       4,026,325,940       3,636,298,948       4,026,325,940       3,636,298					135,569,498
Ageing: Total gross debtors         Current (0 - 30 days)       2,069,084,357       2,148,413,028       2,055,890,914       2,137,556,31 - 60 days         31 - 60 days       234,377,738       240,092,238       219,717,563       229,279,61 - 90 days         61 - 90 days       214,656,293       204,410,002       202,315,251       195,162,91 - 195,1			, ,		507,208,717
Current (0 - 30 days)       2,069,084,357       2,148,413,028       2,055,890,914       2,137,556,31 - 60 days         31 - 60 days       234,377,738       240,092,238       219,717,563       229,279,61 - 90 days         61 - 90 days       214,656,293       204,410,002       202,315,251       195,162,91 - 1		1,001,679,347	832,136,367	1,001,679,347	832,136,367
Current (0 - 30 days)       2,069,084,357       2,148,413,028       2,055,890,914       2,137,556,31 - 60 days         31 - 60 days       234,377,738       240,092,238       219,717,563       229,279,61 - 90 days         61 - 90 days       214,656,293       204,410,002       202,315,251       195,162,91 - 1					
31 - 60 days       234,377,738       240,092,238       219,717,563       229,279,         61 - 90 days       214,656,293       204,410,002       202,315,251       195,162,         91 - 120 days       204,186,051       148,164,200       189,288,768       139,097,         121 - 150 days       118,465,400       122,355,807       105,847,731       113,185,         151 - 180 days       223,237,148       145,838,158       207,072,950       135,433,         181 - 365 days       1,267,738,299       1,213,651,500       763,959,170       796,172,         365+ days       4,026,325,940       3,636,298,948       4,026,325,940       3,636,298,948		2 060 084 257	2 1/10 //12 020	2 055 900 044	2 127 556 005
61 - 90 days 214,656,293 204,410,002 202,315,251 195,162, 91 - 120 days 204,186,051 148,164,200 189,288,768 139,097, 121 - 150 days 118,465,400 122,355,807 105,847,731 113,185, 151 - 180 days 223,237,148 145,838,158 207,072,950 135,433, 181 - 365 days 1,267,738,299 1,213,651,500 763,959,170 796,172, 365+ days 4,026,325,940 3,636,298,948 4,026,325,940 3,636,298,					2,137,556,965
91 - 120 days       204,186,051       148,164,200       189,288,768       139,097,         121 - 150 days       118,465,400       122,355,807       105,847,731       113,185,         151 - 180 days       223,237,148       145,838,158       207,072,950       135,433,         181 - 365 days       1,267,738,299       1,213,651,500       763,959,170       796,172,         365+ days       4,026,325,940       3,636,298,948       4,026,325,940       3,636,298,948		· · ·			195,162,928
121 - 150 days       118,465,400       122,355,807       105,847,731       113,185,         151 - 180 days       223,237,148       145,838,158       207,072,950       135,433,         181 - 365 days       1,267,738,299       1,213,651,500       763,959,170       796,172,         365+ days       4,026,325,940       3,636,298,948       4,026,325,940       3,636,298,948		, ,	· · ·	· · ·	139,097,758
181 - 365 days       1,267,738,299       1,213,651,500       763,959,170       796,172,         365+ days       4,026,325,940       3,636,298,948       4,026,325,940       3,636,298,		· · ·			113,185,658
365+ days 4,026,325,940 3,636,298,948 4,026,325,940 3,636,298,					135,433,220
					796,172,972 3,636,298,948
8 358 071 226		8,358,071,226	7,859,223,881	7,770,418,287	7,382,188,239

	Gro	up	Munic	Municipality	
	2015	2014	2015	2014	
	R	Restated* R	R	Restated* R	
Consumer receivables (continued)					
Consumer debtors - past due and					
impaired 60 days and beyond	5,664,049,393	5,034,345,185	5,088,882,854	4,573,249,9	
oo days and beyond	3,004,043,333	3,034,343,103	3,000,002,004	4,575,245,3	
Consumer debtors - past due and not					
impaired 31 - 60 days	624 937 476	676 465 668	625,644,519	671,381,	
31 - 00 days	624,937,476	676,465,668	625,644,519	071,301,	
Note must be taken that the amounts indicate total age analysis as the municipality only imimpairment of consumer debtors, impairment r	pairs from 60 days onward	. However, due to th			
Summary of debtors by customer classification	ation				
Consumers					
Household	5,332,592,352	5,024,213,141	4,773,551,442	4,574,785	
Industrial/commercial	2,267,659,290	2,130,670,655	2,256,161,614	2,126,447	
National and provincial government Other	298,501,991 459,317,593	287,087,983 417,252,102	281,387,638 459,317,593	263,703 417,252	
	8,358,071,226	7,859,223,881	7,770,418,287	7,382,188,	
Households					
Current (0 - 30 days)	1,618,248,623	1,511,859,632	1,607,073,665	1,501,010	
31 - 60 days	111,683,583	150,874,161	98,546,549	140,829	
61 - 90 days	123,902,922	118,091,266	113,108,740	109,515	
91 - 120 days	120,668,704	95,922,327	108,082,528	87,661	
121 - 150 days	74,802,576	84,174,611	64,227,148	75,449,	
151 - 180 days	145,573,016	101,894,219	129,909,987	91,693,	
181 -365 days	963,606,552	899,630,162	478,496,449 2,174,106,376	506,859,	
205 1 4-1-	0.474.400.070				
365 + days	2,174,106,376	2,061,766,763			
365 + days	2,174,106,376 5,332,592,352	5,024,213,141	4,773,551,442		
Industrial/ commercial	5,332,592,352	5,024,213,141	4,773,551,442	4,574,785,	
Industrial/ commercial Current (0 - 30 days)	<b>5,332,592,352</b> 857,709,320	5,024,213,141 906,484,465	<b>4,773,551,442</b> 855,863,190	<b>4,574,785</b> 906,590	
Industrial/ commercial	5,332,592,352	5,024,213,141	4,773,551,442	<b>4,574,785</b> 906,590 61,772	
Industrial/ commercial Current (0 - 30 days) 31 - 60 days	5,332,592,352 857,709,320 90,724,231	5,024,213,141 906,484,465 62,098,647	4,773,551,442 855,863,190 89,502,293	906,590 61,772 71,162	
Industrial/ commercial Current (0 - 30 days) 31 - 60 days 61 - 90 days 91 - 120 days 121 -150 days	5,332,592,352 857,709,320 90,724,231 65,299,807 54,337,988 30,656,880	906,484,465 62,098,647 71,516,541 40,947,720 29,903,848	855,863,190 89,502,293 64,528,554 52,759,376 28,955,194	906,590 61,772 71,162 40,660 29,581	
Industrial/ commercial Current (0 - 30 days) 31 - 60 days 61 - 90 days 91 - 120 days 121 -150 days 151 - 180 days	5,332,592,352 857,709,320 90,724,231 65,299,807 54,337,988 30,656,880 44,538,004	906,484,465 62,098,647 71,516,541 40,947,720 29,903,848 36,177,311	855,863,190 89,502,293 64,528,554 52,759,376 28,955,194 44,349,562	906,590 61,772 71,162 40,660 29,581 36,022	
Industrial/ commercial Current (0 - 30 days) 31 - 60 days 61 - 90 days 91 - 120 days 121 -150 days 151 - 180 days 181 - 365 days	5,332,592,352 857,709,320 90,724,231 65,299,807 54,337,988 30,656,880 44,538,004 202,632,029	906,484,465 62,098,647 71,516,541 40,947,720 29,903,848 36,177,311 192,569,322	855,863,190 89,502,293 64,528,554 52,759,376 28,955,194 44,349,562 198,442,414	906,590 61,772 71,162 40,660 29,581 36,022 189,684	
Industrial/ commercial Current (0 - 30 days) 31 - 60 days 61 - 90 days 91 - 120 days 121 -150 days 151 - 180 days	5,332,592,352 857,709,320 90,724,231 65,299,807 54,337,988 30,656,880 44,538,004	906,484,465 62,098,647 71,516,541 40,947,720 29,903,848 36,177,311	855,863,190 89,502,293 64,528,554 52,759,376 28,955,194 44,349,562	906,590, 61,772, 71,162, 40,660, 29,581, 36,022, 189,684, 790,972,	
Industrial/ commercial Current (0 - 30 days) 31 - 60 days 61 - 90 days 91 - 120 days 121 -150 days 151 - 180 days 181 - 365 days 365 + days	5,332,592,352 857,709,320 90,724,231 65,299,807 54,337,988 30,656,880 44,538,004 202,632,029 921,761,031	906,484,465 62,098,647 71,516,541 40,947,720 29,903,848 36,177,311 192,569,322 790,972,801	855,863,190 89,502,293 64,528,554 52,759,376 28,955,194 44,349,562 198,442,414 921,761,031	906,590, 61,772, 71,162, 40,660, 29,581, 36,022, 189,684, 790,972,	
Industrial/ commercial Current (0 - 30 days) 31 - 60 days 61 - 90 days 91 - 120 days 121 -150 days 151 - 180 days 181 - 365 days 365 + days	5,332,592,352 857,709,320 90,724,231 65,299,807 54,337,988 30,656,880 44,538,004 202,632,029 921,761,031	906,484,465 62,098,647 71,516,541 40,947,720 29,903,848 36,177,311 192,569,322 790,972,801	855,863,190 89,502,293 64,528,554 52,759,376 28,955,194 44,349,562 198,442,414 921,761,031 2,256,161,614	906,590, 61,772, 71,162, 40,660, 29,581, 36,022, 189,684, 790,972,	
Industrial/ commercial Current (0 - 30 days) 31 - 60 days 61 - 90 days 91 - 120 days 121 - 150 days 151 - 180 days 181 - 365 days 365 + days  National and provincial government Current (0 - 30 days) 31 - 60 days	5,332,592,352  857,709,320 90,724,231 65,299,807 54,337,988 30,656,880 44,538,004 202,632,029 921,761,031  2,267,659,290  170,890,988 14,115,925	5,024,213,141  906,484,465 62,098,647 71,516,541 40,947,720 29,903,848 36,177,311 192,569,322 790,972,801  2,130,670,655  170,081,389 7,293,172	855,863,190 89,502,293 64,528,554 52,759,376 28,955,194 44,349,562 198,442,414 921,761,031 2,256,161,614	906,590, 61,772, 71,162, 40,660, 29,581, 36,022, 189,684, 790,972, <b>2,126,447</b> ,	
Industrial/ commercial Current (0 - 30 days) 31 - 60 days 61 - 90 days 91 - 120 days 121 - 150 days 151 - 180 days 181 - 365 days 365 + days  National and provincial government Current (0 - 30 days) 31 - 60 days 61 - 90 days	5,332,592,352  857,709,320 90,724,231 65,299,807 54,337,988 30,656,880 44,538,004 202,632,029 921,761,031  2,267,659,290  170,890,988 14,115,925 10,278,045	5,024,213,141  906,484,465 62,098,647 71,516,541 40,947,720 29,903,848 36,177,311 192,569,322 790,972,801  2,130,670,655  170,081,389 7,293,172 6,945,464	855,863,190 89,502,293 64,528,554 52,759,376 28,955,194 44,349,562 198,442,414 921,761,031 2,256,161,614 170,718,634 13,814,722 9,502,438	906,590, 61,772, 71,162, 40,660, 29,581, 36,022, 189,684, 790,972, 2,126,447,	
Industrial/ commercial Current (0 - 30 days) 31 - 60 days 61 - 90 days 91 - 120 days 121 -150 days 151 - 180 days 181 - 365 days 365 + days  National and provincial government Current (0 - 30 days) 31 - 60 days 61 - 90 days 91 - 120 days	5,332,592,352  857,709,320 90,724,231 65,299,807 54,337,988 30,656,880 44,538,004 202,632,029 921,761,031  2,267,659,290  170,890,988 14,115,925 10,278,045 12,287,078	5,024,213,141  906,484,465 62,098,647 71,516,541 40,947,720 29,903,848 36,177,311 192,569,322 790,972,801  2,130,670,655  170,081,389 7,293,172 6,945,464 4,473,603	855,863,190 89,502,293 64,528,554 52,759,376 28,955,194 44,349,562 198,442,414 921,761,031 2,256,161,614 170,718,634 13,814,722 9,502,438 11,554,582	4,574,785, 906,590, 61,772, 71,162, 40,660, 29,581, 36,022, 189,684, 790,972, 2,126,447, 169,968, 6,851, 6,628, 3,955,	
Industrial/ commercial Current (0 - 30 days) 31 - 60 days 61 - 90 days 91 - 120 days 121 -150 days 151 - 180 days 181 - 365 days 365 + days  National and provincial government Current (0 - 30 days) 31 - 60 days 61 - 90 days 91 - 120 days 121 - 150 days	5,332,592,352  857,709,320 90,724,231 65,299,807 54,337,988 30,656,880 44,538,004 202,632,029 921,761,031  2,267,659,290  170,890,988 14,115,925 10,278,045 12,287,078 8,422,439	5,024,213,141  906,484,465 62,098,647 71,516,541 40,947,720 29,903,848 36,177,311 192,569,322 790,972,801  2,130,670,655  170,081,389 7,293,172 6,945,464 4,473,603 2,593,706	855,863,190 89,502,293 64,528,554 52,759,376 28,955,194 44,349,562 198,442,414 921,761,031 2,256,161,614 170,718,634 13,814,722 9,502,438 11,554,582 8,081,884	906,590,61,772,71,162,40,660,29,581,36,022,189,684,790,972,2,126,447,6628,3,955,2,471,	
Industrial/ commercial Current (0 - 30 days) 31 - 60 days 61 - 90 days 91 - 120 days 121 -150 days 151 - 180 days 181 - 365 days 365 + days  National and provincial government Current (0 - 30 days) 31 - 60 days 61 - 90 days 91 - 120 days 121 - 150 days 151 - 180 days	5,332,592,352  857,709,320 90,724,231 65,299,807 54,337,988 30,656,880 44,538,004 202,632,029 921,761,031  2,267,659,290  170,890,988 14,115,925 10,278,045 12,287,078 8,422,439 8,808,164	5,024,213,141  906,484,465 62,098,647 71,516,541 40,947,720 29,903,848 36,177,311 192,569,322 790,972,801  2,130,670,655  170,081,389 7,293,172 6,945,464 4,473,603 2,593,706 567,160	4,773,551,442  855,863,190 89,502,293 64,528,554 52,759,376 28,955,194 44,349,562 198,442,414 921,761,031  2,256,161,614  170,718,634 13,814,722 9,502,438 11,554,582 8,081,884 8,495,437	4,574,785, 906,590, 61,772, 71,162, 40,660, 29,581, 36,022, 189,684, 790,972, 2,126,447, 169,968, 6,851, 6,628, 3,955, 2,471, 517,	
Industrial/ commercial Current (0 - 30 days) 31 - 60 days 61 - 90 days 91 - 120 days 121 -150 days 151 - 180 days 181 - 365 days 365 + days  National and provincial government Current (0 - 30 days) 31 - 60 days 61 - 90 days 91 - 120 days 121 - 150 days	5,332,592,352  857,709,320 90,724,231 65,299,807 54,337,988 30,656,880 44,538,004 202,632,029 921,761,031  2,267,659,290  170,890,988 14,115,925 10,278,045 12,287,078 8,422,439	5,024,213,141  906,484,465 62,098,647 71,516,541 40,947,720 29,903,848 36,177,311 192,569,322 790,972,801  2,130,670,655  170,081,389 7,293,172 6,945,464 4,473,603 2,593,706	855,863,190 89,502,293 64,528,554 52,759,376 28,955,194 44,349,562 198,442,414 921,761,031 2,256,161,614 170,718,634 13,814,722 9,502,438 11,554,582 8,081,884	2,061,766, 4,574,785,  906,590, 61,772, 71,162, 40,660, 29,581, 36,022, 189,684, 790,972, 2,126,447,  169,968, 6,851, 6,628, 3,955, 2,471, 517, 21,466, 51,843,	

<sup>\*</sup> See Note 47

		Group		Munic	ipality
		2015 R	2014 Restated* R	2015 R	2014 Restated* R
		K	K	- K	K
22.	Consumer receivables (continued)				
	Other				
	Current (0 - 30 days)	65,252,733	55,759,058	65,252,733	55,759,058
	31 - 60 days	(6,869,726)	(1,847,934)	(6,869,726)	(1,847,934) (10,592,340)
	61 - 90 days 91 - 120 days	(7,590,012) (4,407,443)	(10,592,340) (6,328,590)	(7,590,012) (4,407,443)	(6,328,590)
	121 - 150 days	(7,327,015)	(5,015,985)	(7,327,015)	(5,015,985)
	151 - 180 days	1,017,073	(5,603,256)	1,017,073	(5,603,256)
	181 - 365 days	(27,083,752)	2,898,773	(27,083,752)	2,898,773
	365 + days	446,325,735	387,982,376	446,325,735	387,982,376
		459,317,593	417,252,102	459,317,593	417,252,102
	Reconciliation of allowance for				
	impairment Balance at beginning of the year	(5,034,345,185)	(3,741,379,797)	(4,573,249,942)	(3,353,295,969)
	Contributions to allowance	(842,780,280)	(1,272,836,856)	(699,944,326)	(1,166,475,292)
	Debt impairment written off against	496,204,502	235,255,005	474,939,843	206,404,856
	allowance Corrections of write-offs against the	(290,628,429)	(259,883,537)	(290,628,429)	(259,883,537)
	allowance Sandspruit: Amounts recovered during the year	7,499,999	4,500,000	-	-
	year	(5,664,049,393)	(5,034,345,185)	(5,088,882,854)	(4,573,249,942)
23.	Other receivables				
20.					
	AARTO fine debtor (i.t.o. IGRAP1)	237,883,400	114,004,525	237,883,400	114,004,525
	Gauteng Province: Housing grants	-	48,553,230	-	48,553,230
	Creditors reclassification	14,598,214	24,960,842	14,598,214	24,960,842
	Housing debtors Prepaid expenses	43,273,872 1,589,575	37,693,897 2,229,732	43,273,872	37,693,897
	Pre-payment Sanral	470,659,738	513,918,961	470,659,738	513,918,961
	Miscellaneous	344,381,448	247,611,645	255.573.356	194,206,266
	Lease revenue	47,932,434	46,767,973	47,932,434	46,767,973
	Waste management	1,220,661	312,903	1,220,661	312,903
	Sundry rentals	82,926,752	68,148,314	82,926,752	68,148,314
	Sundry persons	237,677,859	262,455,364	237,677,859	262,455,364
	Public contributions	315,448,745	242,714,143	315,448,745	242,714,143
	Sandspruit RTMC: AARTO debtor	- 1,256,293	- 1,256,293	34,298,530 1,256,293	34,298,530 1,256,293
		1,798,848,991	1,610,627,822	1,742,749,854	1,589,291,241
	Less: Allowance for impairment	(499,123,621)	(478,417,617)	(498,411,620)	(478,101,696)
	·	1,299,725,370	1,132,210,205	1,244,338,234	1,111,189,545
	AGEING				
	Pre-payment Sanral				
	> 365 days	470,659,738	513,918,961	470,659,738	513,918,961
	Housing debtors				
	121 - 365 days	43,273,872	37,693,897	43,273,872	37,693,897
	Pre-paid expenses				
	61 - 90 days	1,589,575	2,229,732		

<sup>\*</sup> See Note 47

	Grou	ab dr	Municipality	
	2015	2014 Restated*	2015	2014 Restated*
	R	R	R	R
Other receivables (continued)				
Miscellaneous 121 - 365 days	344,381,448	247,611,645	255,573,356	194,206,266
Lease revenue 31 - 60 days	47,932,434	46,767,973	47,932,434	46,767,973
AARTO fine debtor (ito IGRAP 1) > 365 days	237,883,400	114,004,525	237,883,400	114,004,525
Waste management 61 - 90 days	1,220,661	312,903	1,220,661	312,903
Sundry rentals 61 - 90 days	82,926,752	68,148,314	82,926,752	68,148,314
Sundry persons 91 - 120 days	237,677,859	262,455,364	237,677,859	262,455,364
Public contributions 121 - 365 days > 365 days	72,734,602 242,714,143	82,534,013 160,180,130	72,734,602 242,714,143	82,534,013 160,180,130
	315,448,745	242,714,143	315,448,745	242,714,143
Sandspruit Works Association > 365 days			34,298,530	34,298,530
RTMC: AARTO debtor 121 - 365 days > 365 days	- 1,256,293	1,256,293	- 1,256,293	1,256,293 -
	1,256,293	1,256,293	1,256,293	1,256,293
Reconciliation of allowance for impairment				
Opening balance Contributions to provision Write-off against the provision Amounts recovered	(478,417,617) (44,406,395) 9,310,323 17,270	(374,900,434) (76,724,433) 4,416,468 7,220	(478,101,696) (43,905,567) 9,222,845	(374,893,214) (76,408,512) 4,416,468
Corrections of write-offs against allowance	14,372,798 (499,123,621)	(31,216,438) (478,417,617)	14,372,798	(31,216,438)
	(455,123,021)	(470,417,017)	(498,411,620)	(478,101,696)

<sup>\*</sup> See Note 47

Consolidated Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2015

## **Notes to the Consolidated Annual Financial Statements**

	Group		icipality
2015	2014 Restated*	2015	2014 Restated*
R	R	R	R

#### 23. Other receivables (continued)

## Other receivables from exchange and non-exchange transactions past due but not impaired

Trade and other receivables which are less than 2 months past due are not considered to be impaired. At 30 June 2015, R1,299,725,370 (2014: R 1,132,210,205) was past due but not impaired with regard to the municipality.

Trade and other receivables which are less than 2 months past due are not considered to be impaired. At 30 June 2015, R1,299,725,370 (2014: R 1,132,210,205) was past due but not impaired with regard to the group.

The ageing of amounts past due but not impaired is as follows:

2 months past due 1,299,725,370 1,132,210,205 1,244,338,234 1,111,189,545

#### Other receivables from exchange and non-exchange transactions past due and impaired

As of 30 June 2015, trade and other receivables of R 1,798,848,991 (2014: R 1,610,627,822) were impaired and provided for with regard to the municipality.

As of 30 June 2015, trade and other receivables of R 1,798,848,991 (2014: R 1,610,627,822) were impaired and provided for with regard to the group.

The amount of the impairment was R (499,123,621) as of 30 June 2015 (2014: R (478,417,617)) for the municipality.

The amount of the impairment was R (499,123,621) as of 30 June 2015 (2014: R (478,417,617)) for the group.

The ageing of these receivables is as follows:

Over 2 months 499,123,621 478,417,617 498,411,620 478,101,696

Up to June 2015 an amount of R9 222 845 was written off with regard to sundry/other debtors of the municipality against the allowance. For the group an amount of R9 310 323 was written off against the allowance.

Up to June 2014 an amount of R4 416 468 was written off with regard to sundry/other debtors of the municipality against the allowance. For the group an amount of R4 416 468 was written off against the allowance.

### 24. Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents consist of:

Cash on hand Cash book (bank account) balances Short-term investments (refer to Note 19)	373,598	338,477	358,055	329,087
	97,185,178	224,528,830	56,800,335	173,970,339
	502,959,644	622,948,673	493,261,328	622,948,673
	600,518,420	847,815,980	550,419,718	797,248,099
Cash and bank	97,558,776	224,867,307	57,158,390	174,299,426
Short-term investments (refer to Note 19)	502,959,644	622,948,673	493,261,328	622,948,673
,	600,518,420	847,815,980	550,419,718	797,248,099

## **Notes to the Consolidated Annual Financial Statements**

G	Group		icipality
2015	2014 Restated*	2015	2014 Restated*
R	R	R	R

## 24. Cash and cash equivalents (continued)

The municipality and municipal entities have the following bank accounts

Account number/description			Cash book balances			
-	30 June 2015	30 June 2014	30 June 2013	30 June 2015	30 June 2014	30 June 2013
Absa - 4060738263	24,355,342	24,526,283	53,425,770	(25,654,420)	22,580,444	53,425,770
FNB - 51420107207	17,291,903	19,227,713	29,947,819	(6,402,849)	17,745,899	29,947,819
Standard - 410801453	163,315,841	93,282,021	542,419,806	51,147,872	101,398,473	564,333,136
Insurance Contingency - Absa - 4062593950	232,135	108,155	3,765,923	232,135	108,155	3,765,923
Tshwane Market - Absa - 4068829119	36,158,223	27,973,747	28,505,953	32,814,759	29,228,692	28,365,848
Nedbank - 1454121963	9,455,310	5,961,424	5,956,092	4,662,838	2,908,676	5,956,092
	250,808,754	171,079,343	664,021,363	56,800,335	173,970,339	685,794,588
Housing Company Tshwane: Absa - 4065722829	11,730,624	8,720,956	5,914,551	11,730,624	8,720,956	5,914,551
Housing Company Tshwane: Absa - 4057481879	5,586,660	22,245,505	20,439,337	5,586,660	22,245,505	20,439,336
Housing Company Tshwane: Absa - 911408066	598,581	557,445	534,490	598,581	557,445	534,490
Sandspruit: Standard - 32250738	382,346	5,801,687	7,336,707	376,111	5,686,626	7,189,507
Sandspruit: ODI Standard - 31906842	1,196,499	187,996	166,095	1,164,140	187,996	166,096
Sandspruit: ODI Standard - 738717959	17,806,359	4,524,666	3,896,360	17,806,359	4,524,667	3,896,360
Sandspruit: Absa - 4051139634	2,769,397	3,318,984	706,559	2,750,620	3,318,984	706,559
Sandspruit: Absa Money Market - 9074185817	174,297	163,959	156,627	169,990	163,959	156,012
TEDA: Standard - 410791830	195,808	3,426,693	15,834,405	195,808	3,426,693	15,834,405
TEDA: Standard - 011057491	5,950	1,725,660	-	5,950	1,725,660	-
Entities	40,446,521	50,673,551	54,985,131	40,384,843	50,558,491	54,837,316
Group total	291,255,275	221,752,894	719,006,494	97,185,178	224,528,830	740,631,904

## **Notes to the Consolidated Annual Financial Statements**

		Gr	Group		cipality
		2015	2014 Restated*	2015	2014 Restated*
		R	R	R	R
25.	Property rates				
	Rates received				
	Property rates	4,925,333,122	4,457,364,251	4,925,535,427	4,457,532,111
	Less: Interdepartmental charges - assessment rates	(33,384,862)	(25,022,717)	(33,384,862)	(25,022,717)
	Property rates 3	(25,600,087)	(22,006,956)	(25,600,087)	(22,006,956)
		4,866,348,173	4,410,334,578	4,866,550,478	4,410,502,438
	Valuations				
	Residential	276,245,582,455	269,532,026,567	276,245,582,455	269,532,026,567
	Other	123,145,145,117	121,749,459,313	123,145,145,117	121,749,459,313
		399,390,727,572	391,281,485,880	399,390,727,572	391,281,485,880

The land value was changed to market value according to the Municipal Property Rates Act, 2004 (Act 6 of 2004) (MPRA) that came into effect on 1 July 2008. The increase in valuation is due to the fact that the full market value of a property is now the basis of levying rates and not the land value.

No difference is made between land value and the value of improvements and only the market value appears on the valuation roll. With the implementation of the MPRA, different categories of properties are levied at different tariffs with different rebates applicable.

Property owners who are 60 years and older and/or physically or mentally disabled, who can substantiate receipt of a social pension, and owners certified by the Medical Officer of Health as physically or mentally disabled, can qualify for a rebate, subject to certain

### Service charges

8,980,907,849	8,508,568,172	8,982,611,447	8,511,463,339
2,830,379,012	2,573,128,894	2,947,600,732	2,662,580,141
991,166,534	788,777,865	991,166,534	788,777,865
768,239,905	683,556,115	727,475,636	643,495,058
178,480,401	135,714,966	178,480,401	135,714,966
13,749,173,701	12,689,746,012	13,827,334,750	12,736,646,894
(243,995,707)	(197,814,924)	(243,995,707)	(197,814,924)
(125,572,085)	(134,265,299)	(125,572,085)	(134,265,299)
(21,523,120)	(20,666,526)	(21,523,120)	(20,666,526)
(13,947,956)	(20,053,052)	(13,947,956)	(20,053,052)
13,344,134,833	12,316,946,211	13,422,295,882	12,369,231,568
	2,830,379,012 991,166,534 768,239,905 178,480,401 13,749,173,701 (243,995,707) (125,572,085) (21,523,120) (13,947,956)	2,830,379,012       2,573,128,894         991,166,534       788,777,865         768,239,905       683,556,115         178,480,401       135,714,966         13,749,173,701       12,689,746,012         (243,995,707)       (197,814,924)         (125,572,085)       (134,265,299)         (21,523,120)       (20,666,526)         (13,947,956)       (20,053,052)	2,830,379,012       2,573,128,894       2,947,600,732         991,166,534       788,777,865       991,166,534         768,239,905       683,556,115       727,475,636         178,480,401       135,714,966       178,480,401         13,749,173,701       12,689,746,012       13,827,334,750         (243,995,707)       (197,814,924)       (243,995,707)         (125,572,085)       (134,265,299)       (125,572,085)         (21,523,120)       (20,666,526)       (21,523,120)         (13,947,956)       (20,053,052)       (13,947,956)

# **Notes to the Consolidated Annual Financial Statements**

	2015	2014 Restated*	2015	2014 Restated*
	R	R	R	R
Government grants, subsidies, awards and don	ations			
Operating grants	4 075 540 044	4 400 004 000	4 075 540 044	4 400 004 000
Equitable share Local Government Revenue Enhancement	1,375,518,341	1,166,964,000 2,275,200	1,375,518,341	1,166,964,000 2,275,200
Emergency Management Services subsidy	56,683,000	53,750,000	56,683,000	53,750,000
Fuel levy	1,352,410,000	1,308,179,000	1,352,410,000	1,308,179,000
Finance Management Grant (FMG)	4,539,576	4,012,167	4,539,576	4,012,16
PTIS	138,000,000	178,366,181	138,000,000	178,366,18
LG SETA grant	-	669,079	-	669,079
Department of Water Affairs (DWA)	-	4,833	-	4,83
Integrated Development Contribution	-	400,000	-	400,000
Operation Clean Audit Grant	-	1,000,000	-	1,000,000
Municipal Human Settlement Capacity Grant	31,086,516	<u>-</u>	31,086,516	
Health subsidy	39,967,000	35,837,000	39,967,000	35,837,00
HIV/AIDS subsidy	10,923,000	14,603,977	10,923,000	14,603,97
Community libraries	1,836,707	2,569,477	1,836,707	2,569,47
Expanded Public Works Programme	30,760,000	33,170,000	30,760,000	33,170,00
(EPWP) Gautrans	222,417	2,777,583	222,417	2.777.58
Tshepo 10 000	222,417	8,750,000	222,417	8,750,00
USDG operational	194,671	39,177,936	194,671	39,177,93
Municipal Disaster Recovery Grant	991,732	-	991,732	00,177,00
Integrated City Development	38,351,975	8,096,000	38,351,975	8,096,00
Development Bank of South Africa	-	780,000	-	780,000
	3,081,484,935	2,861,382,433	3,081,484,935	2,861,382,433
Capital grants				
INEP	31,999,050	65,000,000	31,999,050	65,000,000
PTIS roads and storm water	136,000,000	104,795,858	136,000,000	104,795,85
PTIS transport	731,346,892	506,133,131	731,346,892	506,133,13
Neighbourhood Development (NDPG)	174,998,474	198,964,369	174,998,474	198,964,36
Blue IQ	-	11,999,119	-	11,999,11
Libraries	3,203,336	2,340,663	3,203,336	2,340,66
Finance Management Grant (FMG)	243,891	752,847	243,891	752,84
USDG capital	1,477,217,753	1,206,603,308	1,477,217,753	1,206,603,30
Electricity demand side Department of Water Affairs (DWA)	-	406,964 14,000,000	-	406,96 14,000,00
Expanded Public Works Programme	-	924,606	-	924,60
Social Infrastructure Grant	5,517,789	500,000	5,517,789	500,00
SANBI/Groen Sebenza	-	91,177	-	91,17
	2,560,527,185	2,112,512,042	2,560,527,185	2,112,512,04
	5,642,012,120	4,973,894,475	5,642,012,120	4,973,894,47
Conditional and unconditional				
Included above are the following categories of gran	its and subsidies recogn	ised as revenue:		
Conditional grants	2,914,083,779	2,498,751,475	2,914,083,779	2,498,751,47
Unconditional grants (equitable share and fuel levy)	2,727,928,341	2,475,143,000	2,727,928,341	2,475,143,000
idelievy)	5,642,012,120	4,973,894,475	5,642,012,120	4,973,894,47
		.,0.,000.,		

Group

Municipality

<sup>\*</sup> See Note 47

Consolidated Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2015

## **Notes to the Consolidated Annual Financial Statements**

	Group		icipality
2015	2014 Restated*	2015	2014 Restated*
R	R	R	R

#### 27. Government grants, subsidies, awards and donations (continued)

### **Equitable Share (DoRA)**

In terms of the Constitution, this grant is used to subsidise the provision of basic services to indigent community members.

All registered indigents receive a monthly subsidy of R465.38 (2014 = R384 and 2013 = R419.92), which is funded from the grant.

Current year receipts Conditions met - transferred to revenue	1,375,518,341 (1,375,518,341)	1,166,964,000 (1,166,964,000)	1,375,518,341 (1,375,518,341)	1,166,964,000 (1,166,964,000)
Fuel levy (DoRA)				
Current year receipts Conditions met - transferred to revenue	1,352,410,000 (1,352,410,000)	, , ,	1,352,410,000 (1,352,410,000)	1,308,179,000 (1,308,179,000) -

The purpose of the fuel levy grant is to provide for basic services and infrastructure development in under-serviced communities, specifically to transport infrastructure, given the link between fuel sales and road usage.

### **Primary Health Care Subsidy (Provincial)**

Current-year receipts Conditions met - transferred to revenue	39,967,000	35,837,000	39,967,000	35,837,000
	(39,967,000)	(35,837,000)	(39,967,000)	(35,837,000)
	-			-

The Municipality renders health services on behalf of the provincial government. The purpose of this subsidy is to render comprehensive primary health services according to service level agreements. This subsidy has been used exclusively to fund clinic services. The conditions of the subsidy have been met.

## **Emergency Management Services Subsidy (Provincial)**

Current-year receipts	56,683,000	53,750,000	56,683,000	53,750,000
Conditions met - transferred to revenue	(56,683,000)	(53,750,000)	(56,683,000)	(53,750,000)
	-	-	-	-

The Municipality renders ambulance services on behalf of the provincial government and is reimbursed. The purpose of this subsidy is to ensure rapid and effective emergency care. This grant has been used exclusively to fund the rendering of ambulance services (included in the Emergency Medical Services vote in Appendix D). The conditions of the subsidy have been met.

## Department of Water Affairs (DoRA)

Balance unspent at beginning of year	-	4,833	-	4,833
Current-year receipts	-	14,000,000	-	14,000,000
Conditions met - transferred to revenue	-	(14,004,833)	-	(14,004,833)
<del>-</del>	-		_	_

The purpose of this grant is to subsidise and build capacity in water schemes owned and/or operated by the Department of Water Affairs or by other agencies on behalf of the department and transfer these schemes to local government. This grant was received for the supply of water services for community upliftment.

<sup>\*</sup> See Note 47

Consolidated Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2015

## Notes to the Consolidated Annual Financial Statements

		Group		Municipality	
		2015	2014 Restated*	2015	2014 Restated*
		R	R	R	R
27.	Government grants, subsidies, awards and do	onations (continued)			
	Electricity for All (INEP) (DoRA)				
	Current-year receipts	32,000,000	65,000,000	32,000,000	65,000,000
	Conditions met - transferred to revenue	(31,999,050)	(65,000,000)	(31,999,050)	(65,000,000)
		950	-	950	

Conditions still to be met - remain liabilities (see Note 11)

A rollover of the balance of R950 was requested.

The purpose of the grant is to implement the Integrated National Electrification Programme (INEP) by providing capital subsidies to municipalities to address the electrification backlog of occupied residential dwellings, the installation of bulk infrastructure, and rehabilitation and refurbishment of electricity infrastructure in order to improve the quality of supply.

### Finance Management Grant (FMG) (DoRA)

Balance unspent at beginning of year	705,152	470,166	705,152	470,166
Current-year receipts	5,000,000	5,000,000	5,000,000	5,000,000
Conditions met - transferred to revenue	(4,783,467)	(4,765,014)	(4,783,467)	(4,765,014)
	921,685	705,152	921,685	705,152

Conditions still to be met - remain liabilities (see Note 11)

A request was submitted to National Treasury for approval to roll forward of the balance of R921 685.

The balance of the 2013/14 financial year was approved by National Treasury to be rolled forward.

The purpose of this grant was to promote support reforms in financial management by building capacity in municipalities to implement the Local Government: Municipal Finance Management Act (MFMA). As part of strengthening financial and asset management in municipalities, the grant provides funding for water and energy internship programmes to graduates in selected wards, boards and municipalities.

### SANBI/Groen Sebenza (DoRA)

Balance unspent at beginning of year	7,823	-	7,823	-
Current-year receipts	-	99,000	-	99,000
Conditions met - transferred to revenue	-	(91,177)	-	(91,177)
	7,823	7,823	7,823	7,823

Conditions still to be met - remain liabilities (see Note 11)

The City of Tshwane acts as a host organisation for the Groen Sebenza Internship Programme. The City will receive a grant for the duration of the internship programme.

## Housing grants (provincial)

Balance unspent at beginning of year Conditions met - transferred to revenue Reversal of expenditure (incorrect in prior	68,393,290 - -	70,686,712 (2,159,544) 2,159,544	68,393,290 - -	70,686,712 (2,159,544) 2,159,544
year) Transfer to Delft grant Write back of debtor - grant will not be received	(48,553,230)	(2,293,422)	- (48,553,230)	(2,293,422)
	19,840,060	68,393,290	19,840,060	68,393,290

Conditions still to be met - remain liabilities (see Note 11)

<sup>\*</sup> See Note 47

Consolidated Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2015

## **Notes to the Consolidated Annual Financial Statements**

G	Group		icipality
2015	2014 Restated*	2015	2014 Restated*
R	R	R	R

#### 27. Government grants, subsidies, awards and donations (continued)

The debtor of R48 553 229 was created during 2012/13 for amounts already expensed by the Municipality but it was now indicated that the claims will no longer be accepted and the grant will not be paid over.

The expenditure of R2 159 544 relates to the Delft grant for housing which was included in the opening balance. This expenditure however, was deemed not to be of a capital nature and the expense was reversed to operational expenses. This has now been transferred to a separate grant.

Government approved a comprehensive housing strategy to speed up housing delivery and develop sustainable human settlements. The Gauteng Department of Housing approve housing subsidies and projects and provide support to municipalities for housing development. Municipalities are responsible for the provision and ongoing operation of associated bulk and distribution infrastructure and services, such as water, sanitation, roads, and in many cases electricity.

#### Integrated Development Corporation (DoRA)

Current-year receipts	-	400,000	-	400,000
Conditions met - transferred to revenue	-	(400,000)	-	(400,000)

The purpose of this contribution is to develop an Agri-cluster development and management plan.

#### Urban Settlement Development Grant (USDG) (DoRA)

Balance unspent at beginning of year	44,829,756	-	44,829,756	-
Current-year receipts	1,469,450,000	1,290,611,000	1,469,450,000	1,290,611,000
Conditions met - transferred to revenue	(1,477,412,423)	(1,245,781,244)	(1,477,412,423)	(1,245,781,244)
	36,867,333	44,829,756	36,867,333	44,829,756

Conditions still to be met - remain liabilities (see Note 11)

A request for the approval to roll over the balance of R79 862 080 at the end of 2014/15 was submitted to National Treasury.

The request for roll over of the balance of 2013/14 to the value of R44 829 756 was approved by National Treasury.

The grant is intended to provide specific capital finance for backlogs in basic municipal infrastructure for poor households, micro enterprises and social institutions servicing poor communities. No funds have been withheld.

## Public Transport Grant (PTIS and PTNOG) (DoRA)

-	15,534,170	-	15,534,170
1,005,571,000	788,761,000	1,005,571,000	788,761,000
(1,005,346,892)	(789,295,170)	(1,005,346,892)	(789,295,170)
<u>-</u>	(15,000,000)	-	(15,000,000)
224,108	-	224,108	
	1,005,571,000 (1,005,346,892)	1,005,571,000 788,761,000 (1,005,346,892) (789,295,170) - (15,000,000)	1,005,571,000 788,761,000 1,005,571,000 (1,005,346,892) (789,295,170) (1,005,346,892) (15,000,000)

Conditions still to be met - remain liabilities (see Note 11)

The balance consists of the unspent portion of the 204/15 financial year and a request for a rollover was submitted to National Treasury.

The purpose of this grant is to provide for accelerated planning, construction and improvement of public and non-motorised transport networks.

<sup>\*</sup> See Note 47

Consolidated Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2015

## Notes to the Consolidated Annual Financial Statements

		Group		Municipality	
		2015	2014 Restated*	2015	2014 Restated*
		R	R	R	R
27.	Government grants, subsidies, awards and de	onations (continued)			
	HIV and AIDS (Provincial Health Department)(	provincial)			
	Balance unspent at beginning of year	-	4,200,977	-	4,200,977
	Current-year receipts	10,923,000	10,403,000	10,923,000	10,403,000
	Conditions met - transferred to revenue	(10,923,000)	(14,603,977)	(10,923,000)	(14,603,977
	The purpose of this grant is to sustain and extellocal services; to build communities and suppor AIDS in the local community.				
	Gautrans (operational and capital)				
	Balance unspent at beginning of year Current-year receipts	12,293,525	71,108 15,000,000	12,293,525	71,108 15,000,000
	•				

Conditions still to be met - remain liabilities (see Note 11)

Conditions met - transferred to revenue

During 2013/14 an amount of R11 500 000 was received in advance for the 2014/15 financial year.

The purpose of this grant is to reconstruct and update the Garsfontein Road (K50) to a dual carriageway between Loristo and Anton van Wouw Streets.

(222,418)

12,071,107

(2,777,583)

12.293.525

(222,418)

12.071.107

(2,777,583)

12.293.525

## **Neighbourhood Development Programme (DoRA)**

Balance unspent at beginning of year Current-year receipts	2,359,341 175.000.000	2,187,710 199.136.000	2,359,341 175.000.000	2,187,710 199.136.000
Conditions met - transferred to revenue Returned to National Treasury	(174,998,474) (2,359,341)	(198,964,369)	(174,998,474) (2,359,341)	(198,964,369)
•	1,526	2,359,341	1,526	2,359,341

Conditions still to be met - remain liabilities (see Note 11).

The balance consists of the unspent portion of the 2013/14 financial year. Rollover of the balance was not approved by National Treasury and the 2014/15 allocation was decreased by the amount of R2 359 341. The transferring official did not approve the request for roll-forward, as they deemed the 2014/15 allocation to be enough to finalise the projects.

The purpose of this grant is to support neighbourhood development projects that provide community infrastructure and create the platform for other public and private sector development towards improving the quality of life of residents in targeted underserved neighbourhoods (townships generally).

### **Research and Technology Grant**

Current-year receipts	892,857	-	892,857	-
•	,		*	

Conditions still to be met - remain liabilities (see Note 11).

The purpose of this grant is to transfer funds to the municipality for the purpose of maintenance and operationalising mechanisation assets, namely tractors and implements (including trailers). The project life is 12 months.

Consolidated Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2015

## **Notes to the Consolidated Annual Financial Statements**

		Group		Municipality	
		2015	2014 Restated*	2015	2014 Restated*
		R	R	R	R
27.	Government grants, subsidies, awards and do	nations (continued)			
	Community library services (Provincial Depart	ment of Sport, Arts, Cultu	re and Recreation)		
	Balance unspent at beginning of year	1,942,452	2,752,593	1,942,452	2,752,593
	Current-year receipts	4,282,695	4,100,000	4,282,695	4,100,000
	Conditions met - transferred to revenue	(5,040,042)	(4,910,141)	(5,040,042)	(4,910,141)
		1,185,105	1,942,452	1,185,105	1,942,452

Conditions still to be met - remain liabilities (see Note 11).

The balance consists of the unspent portion of the 2013/14 financial year, and rollover of the amount was approved by the National Treasury.

The purpose of the grant is to have transformed urban and rural community library infrastructure, facilities and services (primarily targeting previously disadvantaged communities) through a re-capitalised programme at provincial and local government level; and to provide the best possible sport and recreation facilities and service to all people in Tshwane to enhance their quality of life.

#### Local economic development (provincial)

Current-year receipts Conditions met - transferred to revenue	 8,750,000 (8,750,000)	 8,750,000 (8,750,000)

The purpose of the grant is in support of the urban renewal program. An assessment has been undertaken on the requirements and a scope exercise conducted looking at the viability of current projects which the department is undertaking in other townships.

## **Municipal Human Settlement Capacity Grant**

Current-year receipts	47,506,000	-	47,506,000	-
Conditions met - transferred to revenue	(31,086,516)	-	(31,086,516)	-
	16,419,484	_	16,419,484	

Conditions still to be met - remain liabilities (see Note 11).

The balance consists of the unspent portion of the 2014/15 financial year and a request for a rollover was submitted to National Treasury.

The purpose of this grant is to build capacity in municipalities to deliver and subsidise the operational costs of administering human settlements programmes and to ensure effective management of human settlements programmes at the local government level in line with the accreditation framework.

### Expanded Public Works Programme (EPWP) (DoRA)

Balance unspent at beginning of year	-	4,424,606	-	4,424,606
Current-year receipts	30,760,000	29,670,000	30,760,000	29,670,000
Conditions met - transferred to revenue	(30,760,000)	(34,094,606)	(30,760,000)	(34,094,606)
	<del></del>			

The purpose of this grant was to encourage local authorities and provincial departments to increase job creation efforts in infrastructure, environment and culture programmes through the use of labour-intensive methods and the expansion of job creation in line with the Expanded Public Works Programme guidelines.

<sup>\*</sup> See Note 47

Consolidated Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2015

## **Notes to the Consolidated Annual Financial Statements**

		Group		Municipality	
		2015	2014 Restated*	2015	2014 Restated*
		R	R	R	R
7.	Government grants, subsidies, awards and do	nations (continued)			
	Delft housing grant				
	Balance unspent at beginning of year	2,293,422	2,293,422	2,293,422	2,293,422
	Conditions still to be met - remain liabilities (see N	lote 11).			
	Conditions still to be met - remain liabilities (see N On 5 November 2005 the mayors of the sister financial support for the building of the multi-pu Mamelodi Extension 5.	cities of Tshwane and D			
	On 5 November 2005 the mayors of the sister financial support for the building of the multi-pu	cities of Tshwane and Di irpose community centre	as part of the integra	ated community-build	ing project in
	On 5 November 2005 the mayors of the sister financial support for the building of the multi-pu Mamelodi Extension 5.	cities of Tshwane and Di irpose community centre	as part of the integra	ated community-build	ing project in
	On 5 November 2005 the mayors of the sister financial support for the building of the multi-pu Mamelodi Extension 5.  The City of Delft decided to co-fund the multi purp	cities of Tshwane and Di irpose community centre	as part of the integra	ated community-build	ing project in

Conditions still to be met - remain liabilities (see note 11).

During the month of November 2013, severe damage to infrastructure was caused by hail in Gauteng Province. Because of this a l state of disaster was declared in Tshwane in December 2013. The infrastructure and services damage reports and preliminary costing of damages were submitted by the Department of Human Settlements and the City of Tshwane Metropolitan Municipality through the Gauteng Provincial Disaster Management Centre in May 2014.

## **DBSA** grant

Current-year receipts Conditions met - transferred to revenue	<u> </u>	780,000 (780,000)	<u> </u>	780,000 (780,000)
	-	-	-	-

This grant was received from the Development Bank of South Africa to conduct a feasibility study for the retrofitting of seven municipal owned buildings occupied and managed buildings/facilities for the City of Tshwane.

### **Sandspruit Works Association**

Balance unspent at beginning of year	278,854	1,164,242	-	-
Current-year receipts	-	1,338,789	-	-
Conditions met - transferred to revenue	-	(673,132)	-	-
Reclassification of error	-	(1,551,045)	-	-
	278,854	278,854	-	

Conditions still to be met - remain liabilities (see Note 11).

The above amounts consist of the New Meter and Repeat Offenders Project and the Housing project of Sandspruit Works Association. The balance will be utilised in the following financial year.

Consolidated Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2015

## **Notes to the Consolidated Annual Financial Statements**

		Group		Municipality	
		2015	2014 Restated*	2015	2014 Restated*
		R	R	R	R
27.	Government grants, subsidies, awards and do	nations (continued)			
	Social Infrastructure Grant				
	Current-year receipts	11,200,000	500,000	11,200,000	500,000
	Conditions met - transferred to revenue	(5,517,789)	(500,000)	(5,517,789)	(500,000)
		5,682,211	-	5,682,211	-

Conditions still to be met - remain liabilities (see Note 11).

The balance consists of the unspent portion of the 2014/15 financial year and a request for a rollover was submitted to National Treasury.

20 Priority Township project Hammanskraal - the purpose of this grant is to plan and design the Hammanskraal Early Childhood Development Centre and the Hammanskraal Care Centre for the Aged.

#### Blue IQ

Balance unspent at beginning of year Conditions met - transferred to revenue	 11,999,119 (11,999,119)	 11,999,119 (11,999,119)
	 _	 _

This amount was received in advance and was ring-fenced until the project was finalised.

This amount was received with the purpose of ring-fencing a contribution towards bulk contributions for electricity infrastructure supply. The project was finalised in the 2013/14 financial year.

#### **LG SETA Merit Awards**

Balance unspent at beginning of year	266,921	-	266,921	-
Current-year receipts	-	936,000	-	936,000
Conditions met - transferred to revenue	-	(669,079)	-	(669,079)
	266,921	266,921	266,921	266,921

Conditions still to be met - remain liabilities (see Note 11).

This money is an award for skills development. The purpose is to strengthen the municipality's capacity in relation to skills development for the purpose of training the Skills Development Facilitator or employees within the Human Resources/Skills Development Department, or to enhance the capacity of the Training Committee.

## **DPSA Smart Connect Grant**

Current-year receipts	378,440	-	378,440	-

Conditions still to be met - remain liabilities (see Note 11).

The amount indicated was received in advance to be used in 2015/16.

The grant was received for the project Smart Connect. This project envisages a system where citizens and government communicate effectively to maximise service delivery. It aims to increase the efficiency of service delivery by facilitating improved communication between stakeholders such as the public and the service departments. By providing an integrated communication framework between departments, service requests that involve more than one department can be coordinated efficiently.

<sup>\*</sup> See Note 47

## **Notes to the Consolidated Annual Financial Statements**

	Grou	qı	Municip	ality			
	2015	2014 Restated*	2015	2014 Restated*			
	R	R	R	R			
Government grants, subsidies, awards and donate	ions (continued)						
Sport and Recreation							
Balance unspent at beginning of year	72,617	72,617	72,617	72,61			
Conditions still to be met - remain liabilities (see note	11).						
The department requested a rollover of the balance incurred during 2013/14 or 2014/15.	e to be utilised in the	e 2013/14 financial yea	ar. However, no exp	penditure was			
This amount was received during the 2010/11 financia	al year for the HM Pitje	Stadium.					
Performance management (COGTA) (DoRA)							
Balance unspent at beginning of year	268,665	268,665	268,665	268,66			
Conditions still to be met - remain liabilities (see Note	11).						
These funds were received for the upgrading of the municipality's performance management system, the quality performance result system and the enterprise project management system to include the newly merged municipalities.  Electricity demand side							
Balance unspent at beginning of year	-	406,964	-	406,96			
Current-year receipts Conditions met - transferred to revenue	3,000,000	- (406,964)	3,000,000	(406,96			
	3,000,000		3,000,000	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
Conditions still to be met - remain liabilities (see Note 11).							
The department requested a rollover of the unspent portion from the Department of Mineral and Energy and the National Treasury during 2014/15, as the service level agreement with the CSIR was finalised late.							
The purpose of this grant is to provide subsidies to municipal infrastructure in order to reduce electricity of			and side manageme	nt (EDSM) in			
Revenue enhancement							
Balance unspent at beginning of year Conditions met - transferred to revenue	1,224,800	3,500,000 (2,275,200)	1,224,800	3,500,00 (2,275,20			
	1,224,800	1,224,800	1,224,800	1,224,80			
	11).						
Conditions still to be met - remain liabilities (see Note							
Conditions still to be met - remain liabilities (see Note  This once-off allocation was received from the Depa Rollover of the balance as at 30 June 2014 was reque			venue enhancement	programmes.			
This once-off allocation was received from the Depa	ested from National Tre		venue enhancement	programmes.			
This once-off allocation was received from the Depa Rollover of the balance as at 30 June 2014 was reque	ested from National Tre		venue enhancement -	programmes.			

This grant was awarded to the municipality by the Provincial Department of Local Government and Housing for the implementation of the Operation Clean Audit project in the Municipality.

<sup>\*</sup> See Note 47

## **Notes to the Consolidated Annual Financial Statements**

		Group		Municipality	
		2015	2014 Restated*	2015	2014 Restated*
		R	R	R	R
27.	Government grants, subsidies, awards and do	onations (continued)			
	Integrated City Development (DoRA)				
	Current-year receipts	44,659,000	8,096,000	44,659,000	8,096,000
	Conditions met - transferred to revenue	(38,351,975)	(8,096,000)	(38,351,975)	(8,096,000)
		6,307,025	-	6,307,025	-

Conditions still to be met - remain liabilities (see Note 11).

The balance consists of the unspent portion of the 2014/15 financial year and a request for a rollover was submitted to National Treasury.

The purpose of this grant from National Treasury is to provide a financial incentive for metropolitan municipalities to integrate and focus their use of all available infrastructure investment and regulatory instruments, to achieve a more compact urban spatial form and the development of more inclusive, livable, productive and sustainable urban built environments in metropolitan municipalities.

## Changes in the level of government grants

Based on the allocations set out in the Division of Revenue Act, no significant changes in the level of government grant funding are expected over the forthcoming 3 financial years.

#### Other income 28.

Maykatta	120 244 402	407.070.500	120 244 402	107 070 500
Market fees	130,244,462	127,870,599	130,244,462	127,870,599
Land sales	306,842	975,096	306,842	975,096
VAT audit refund	80,573,129	46,076,490	80,573,129	46,076,490
Sale of unusable stock	467,017	3,173,158	467,017	3,173,158
Drain cleaning fees	814,890	1,150,681	814,890	1,150,681
Interest on property sales	316,815	266,255	316,815	266,255
Donated: Assets	2,993,797	7,811,376	2,993,797	7,811,376
Dumping fees	2,078	63,077	2,078	63,077
Building plan fees	47,903,223	43,822,890	47,903,223	43,822,890
Income from grave services	6,657,875	5,867,879	6,657,875	5,867,879
Motor vehicle licences (refund - Province)	73,165,158	73,384,644	73,165,158	73,384,644
Training fees recovered	10,648,550	11,689,104	10,648,550	11,689,104
Newly identified assets	30,020,007	85,403,449	30,020,007	85,403,449
Insurance claims	54,338,205	61,799,060	54,338,205	61,799,060
A re Yeng revenue	3,859,886	-	3,859,886	-
Sundry fees	8,461,622	6,571,742	1,683,301	2,360,014
Airside income	4,538,714	4,455,887	4,538,714	4,455,887
Ambulance fees	4,376,591	3,619,710	4,376,591	3,619,710
Reminder fees	75,020,843	28,269,137	75,020,843	28,269,137
Discount on prompt payments	822,543	733,943	822,543	733,943
Approval fees: advertisements	55,672,323	38,903,042	55,672,323	38,903,042
LG Seta discretionary allocation	4,454,390	-	4,454,390	-
Cemetery fees	5,821,612	4,853,474	5,821,612	4,853,474
Application fees	5,153,837	4,316,202	5,153,837	4,316,202
Income from bulk containers	2,587,628	441,105	2,587,628	441,105
Sales: Aeroplane fuel	11,098,807	15,398,187	11,098,807	15,398,187
Transport fees	31,624,779	31,422,841	31,624,779	31,422,841
Miscellaneous	123,291,791	117,767,944	124,824,847	117,763,694
	775,237,414	726,106,972	769,992,149	721,890,994

<sup>\*</sup> See Note 47

	Gro	up	Munic	panty
	2015	2014 Restated*	2015	2014 Restated*
	R	R	R	R
Employee-related costs				
Salaries and wages	4,178,513,903	4,029,060,856	4,086,498,773	3,942,665,1
Bonus Medical aid contributions	437,927	90,014 349,368,317	373,453,747	341,613,9
UIF	389,753,230	32.465.598		, ,
Leave pay provision charge	30,803,324 1,469,462	32,465,596	30,803,324	32,041,3
Pension fund contributions	801.472.162	744,115,632	797,774,122	735,631,4
Travel, motor car, subsistence and other	298,710,633	285,962,105	298,710,633	285,962,1
allowances	230,7 10,033	200,002,100	250,7 10,055	200,002,1
Overtime payments	305,323,007	303,652,335	305,323,007	303,652,3
Long-service awards	6,195,010	6,935,205	6,195,010	6,935,2
Incentive bonuses	356,188	245,564	356,188	245,5
Other allowances	242,223,608	271,332,239	240,433,675	269,874,8
Housing benefits and allowances	25,863,510	23,308,065	25,032,667	22,556,6
Compensation commissioner (COIDA)	37,831,668	36,154,725	37,831,668	36,154,7
Componed (CC.27.1)	6,318,953,632	6,086,504,529	6,202,412,814	5,977,333,2
Remuneration of City Manager (Jason Ngobeni	)			
Annual remuneration	3.052.954	2,858,838	3,052,954	2,858,8
Cell phone allowance	24,000	36.000	24,000	36,0
Other	15,701	10,473	15,701	10,4
	3,092,655	2,905,311	3,092,655	2,905,3
The remuneration of staff is within the upper limits				
	of the SALGA Bargaining			
Remuneration of Chief Financial Officer - muni	of the SALGA Bargaining	g Council determination		
Remuneration of Chief Financial Officer - muni Annual remuneration	of the SALGA Bargaining	g Council determination 2,330,653		
Remuneration of Chief Financial Officer - muni Annual remuneration Bonus and performance related payments	of the SALGA Bargaining cipal entities 2,118,474 43,476	2,330,653 40,631		-,,-
Remuneration of Chief Financial Officer - muni Annual remuneration Bonus and performance related payments Vehicle allowance	of the SALGA Bargaining cipal entities  2,118,474 43,476 327,486	2,330,653 40,631 318,752		
Remuneration of Chief Financial Officer - muni Annual remuneration Bonus and performance related payments Vehicle allowance Medical and retirement contributions	of the SALGA Bargaining cipal entities 2,118,474 43,476 327,486 130,554	2,330,653 40,631 318,752 194,492		-,,-
Remuneration of Chief Financial Officer - muni Annual remuneration Bonus and performance related payments Vehicle allowance	of the SALGA Bargaining cipal entities 2,118,474 43,476 327,486 130,554 216,084	2,330,653 40,631 318,752 194,492 72,690		
Remuneration of Chief Financial Officer - munical Annual remuneration Bonus and performance related payments Vehicle allowance Medical and retirement contributions Expense allowance	of the SALGA Bargaining cipal entities  2,118,474 43,476 327,486 130,554 216,084  2,836,074	2,330,653 40,631 318,752 194,492		
Remuneration of Chief Financial Officer - muni Annual remuneration Bonus and performance related payments Vehicle allowance Medical and retirement contributions Expense allowance  Remuneration of Chief Executive Officer - mun	of the SALGA Bargaining cipal entities  2,118,474 43,476 327,486 130,554 216,084 2,836,074  icipal entities	2,330,653 40,631 318,752 194,492 72,690 <b>2,957,218</b>		
Remuneration of Chief Financial Officer - muni Annual remuneration Bonus and performance related payments Vehicle allowance Medical and retirement contributions Expense allowance  Remuneration of Chief Executive Officer - mun Annual remuneration	of the SALGA Bargaining cipal entities  2,118,474 43,476 327,486 130,554 216,084 2,836,074  icipal entities  2,476,809	2,330,653 40,631 318,752 194,492 72,690 <b>2,957,218</b>		
Remuneration of Chief Financial Officer - muni Annual remuneration Bonus and performance related payments Vehicle allowance Medical and retirement contributions Expense allowance  Remuneration of Chief Executive Officer - mun Annual remuneration Vehicle allowance	of the SALGA Bargaining cipal entities  2,118,474 43,476 327,486 130,554 216,084 2,836,074  icipal entities	2,330,653 40,631 318,752 194,492 72,690 <b>2,957,218</b> 4,246,081 284,948		
Remuneration of Chief Financial Officer - muni Annual remuneration Bonus and performance related payments Vehicle allowance Medical and retirement contributions Expense allowance  Remuneration of Chief Executive Officer - mun Annual remuneration Vehicle allowance Performance bonuses	of the SALGA Bargaining cipal entities  2,118,474 43,476 327,486 130,554 216,084 2,836,074  icipal entities  2,476,809 306,731	2,330,653 40,631 318,752 194,492 72,690 2,957,218 4,246,081 284,948 130,592		
Remuneration of Chief Financial Officer - muni  Annual remuneration Bonus and performance related payments Vehicle allowance Medical and retirement contributions Expense allowance  Remuneration of Chief Executive Officer - mun  Annual remuneration Vehicle allowance Performance bonuses Other allowances	of the SALGA Bargaining cipal entities  2,118,474 43,476 327,486 130,554 216,084 2,836,074  icipal entities  2,476,809 306,731 106,809	2,330,653 40,631 318,752 194,492 72,690 2,957,218 4,246,081 284,948 130,592 83,389		
Remuneration of Chief Financial Officer - muni  Annual remuneration Bonus and performance related payments Vehicle allowance Medical and retirement contributions Expense allowance  Remuneration of Chief Executive Officer - mun  Annual remuneration Vehicle allowance Performance bonuses Other allowances Pension and medical aid contributions	of the SALGA Bargaining cipal entities  2,118,474 43,476 327,486 130,554 216,084 2,836,074  icipal entities  2,476,809 306,731	2,330,653 40,631 318,752 194,492 72,690 2,957,218 4,246,081 284,948 130,592 83,389 169,160		
Remuneration of Chief Financial Officer - muni Annual remuneration Bonus and performance related payments Vehicle allowance Medical and retirement contributions Expense allowance  Remuneration of Chief Executive Officer - mun Annual remuneration Vehicle allowance Performance bonuses Other allowances Pension and medical aid contributions Termination benefit	of the SALGA Bargaining cipal entities  2,118,474 43,476 327,486 130,554 216,084 2,836,074  icipal entities  2,476,809 306,731 106,809	2,330,653 40,631 318,752 194,492 72,690 2,957,218 4,246,081 284,948 130,592 83,389 169,160 378,287		
Remuneration of Chief Financial Officer - muni  Annual remuneration Bonus and performance related payments Vehicle allowance Medical and retirement contributions Expense allowance  Remuneration of Chief Executive Officer - mun  Annual remuneration Vehicle allowance Performance bonuses Other allowances Pension and medical aid contributions	of the SALGA Bargaining cipal entities  2,118,474 43,476 327,486 130,554 216,084 2,836,074  icipal entities  2,476,809 306,731 106,809	2,330,653 40,631 318,752 194,492 72,690 2,957,218 4,246,081 284,948 130,592 83,389 169,160		
Remuneration of Chief Financial Officer - muni Annual remuneration Bonus and performance related payments Vehicle allowance Medical and retirement contributions Expense allowance  Remuneration of Chief Executive Officer - mun Annual remuneration Vehicle allowance Performance bonuses Other allowances Pension and medical aid contributions Termination benefit	of the SALGA Bargaining cipal entities  2,118,474 43,476 327,486 130,554 216,084 2,836,074  icipal entities  2,476,809 306,731 106,809	2,330,653 40,631 318,752 194,492 72,690 2,957,218 4,246,081 284,948 130,592 83,389 169,160 378,287		
Remuneration of Chief Financial Officer - muni Annual remuneration Bonus and performance related payments Vehicle allowance Medical and retirement contributions Expense allowance  Remuneration of Chief Executive Officer - mun Annual remuneration Vehicle allowance Performance bonuses Other allowances Pension and medical aid contributions Termination benefit	cipal entities  2,118,474 43,476 327,486 130,554 216,084 2,836,074  icipal entities  2,476,809 306,731 106,809 23,572 2,913,921	2,330,653 40,631 318,752 194,492 72,690 <b>2,957,218</b> 4,246,081 284,948 130,592 83,389 169,160 378,287 124,336		
Remuneration of Chief Financial Officer - munical Annual remuneration Bonus and performance related payments Vehicle allowance Medical and retirement contributions Expense allowance  Remuneration of Chief Executive Officer - mun Annual remuneration Vehicle allowance Performance bonuses Other allowances Pension and medical aid contributions Termination benefit Leave capitalisation	cipal entities  2,118,474 43,476 327,486 130,554 216,084 2,836,074  icipal entities  2,476,809 306,731 106,809 23,572 2,913,921	2,330,653 40,631 318,752 194,492 72,690 <b>2,957,218</b> 4,246,081 284,948 130,592 83,389 169,160 378,287 124,336		
Remuneration of Chief Financial Officer - municipal emuneration Bonus and performance related payments Vehicle allowance Medical and retirement contributions Expense allowance  Remuneration of Chief Executive Officer - mun  Annual remuneration Vehicle allowance Performance bonuses Other allowances Pension and medical aid contributions Termination benefit Leave capitalisation	of the SALGA Bargaining cipal entities  2,118,474 43,476 327,486 130,554 216,084 2,836,074  icipal entities  2,476,809 306,731 106,809 23,572 2,913,921  ntities	2,330,653 40,631 318,752 194,492 72,690 2,957,218 4,246,081 284,948 130,592 83,389 169,160 378,287 124,336 5,416,793		
Remuneration of Chief Financial Officer - muni Annual remuneration Bonus and performance related payments Vehicle allowance Medical and retirement contributions Expense allowance  Remuneration of Chief Executive Officer - mun  Annual remuneration Vehicle allowance Performance bonuses Other allowances Pension and medical aid contributions Termination benefit Leave capitalisation  Remuneration of other managers - municipal e  Annual remuneration Vehicle allowance Performance bonuses	of the SALGA Bargaining cipal entities  2,118,474 43,476 327,486 130,554 216,084  2,836,074  icipal entities  2,476,809 306,731 106,809 23,572 2,913,921  ntities  8,912,127 1,812,189 250,432	2,330,653 40,631 318,752 194,492 72,690 2,957,218 4,246,081 284,948 130,592 83,389 169,160 378,287 124,336 5,416,793		
Remuneration of Chief Financial Officer - muni Annual remuneration Bonus and performance related payments Vehicle allowance Medical and retirement contributions Expense allowance  Remuneration of Chief Executive Officer - mun Annual remuneration Vehicle allowance Performance bonuses Other allowances Pension and medical aid contributions Termination benefit Leave capitalisation  Remuneration of other managers - municipal e Annual remuneration Vehicle allowance	of the SALGA Bargaining cipal entities  2,118,474 43,476 327,486 130,554 216,084  2,836,074  icipal entities  2,476,809 306,731	2,330,653 40,631 318,752 194,492 72,690 2,957,218 4,246,081 284,948 130,592 83,389 169,160 378,287 124,336 5,416,793		
Remuneration of Chief Financial Officer - muni Annual remuneration Bonus and performance related payments Vehicle allowance Medical and retirement contributions Expense allowance  Remuneration of Chief Executive Officer - mun Annual remuneration Vehicle allowance Performance bonuses Other allowances Pension and medical aid contributions Termination benefit Leave capitalisation  Remuneration of other managers - municipal e Annual remuneration Vehicle allowance Performance bonuses	of the SALGA Bargaining cipal entities  2,118,474 43,476 327,486 130,554 216,084  2,836,074  icipal entities  2,476,809 306,731 106,809 23,572 2,913,921  ntities  8,912,127 1,812,189 250,432	2,330,653 40,631 318,752 194,492 72,690 2,957,218 4,246,081 284,948 130,592 83,389 169,160 378,287 124,336 5,416,793		

<sup>\*</sup> See Note 47

# **Notes to the Consolidated Annual Financial Statements**

	Gro	up	Municipality	
	2015	2014 Restated*	2015	2014 Restated*
	R	R	R	R
Employee-related costs (continued)				
Directors - municipal entities				
Non-executive directors: board fees	3,628,159	5,380,599		
Remuneration: Executive Mayor (Kgosie	ntso D Ramokgopa)			
Annual remuneration	883,229	841,171	883,229	841,17
Travel allowance	294,410	280,390	294,410	280,39
Cell phone allowances	27,880	41,820	27,880	41,82
Other	11,555	11,073	11,555	11,07
	1,217,074	1,174,454	1,217,074	1,174,454
Remuneration: Speaker (Audrey W M K I	Mosupyoe-Letsholo)			
Annual remuneration	670,328	647,281	670,328	647,28
Travel allowance	237,771	224,312	237,771	224,31
Cell phone allowances	27,880	41,820	27,880	41,82
Other	52,360	34,598	52,360	34,59
	988,339	948,011	988,339	948,01
Remuneration: Members of the Mayoral	Committee			
Annual remuneration	6,235,472	5,904,339	6,235,472	5,904,33
Travel allowance	2,006,190	1,892,633	2,006,190	1,892,63
Cell phone allowances	139,120	208,680	139,120	208,68
Other	752,141	694,987	752,141	694,98
	9,132,923	8,700,639	9,132,923	8,700,63

Refer to General information for the list of the individual members of the mayoral committee.

<sup>\*</sup> See Note 47

# **Notes to the Consolidated Annual Financial Statements**

	Group		icipality
2015	2014 Restated*	2015	2014 Restated*
R	R	R	R

## 30. Remuneration of top management

## Reporting directly to the City Manager

June 2015

Name	Designation	Remuneration	Travel allowance	Cell phone allowance	Other allowances	Total
Dyakala, Andile P	Group Chief Financial Officer	1,969,040	45,909	16,527	-	2,031,476
Kwele, Lindiwe	Deputy City Manager	2,151,294	300,000	21,600	43,684	2,516,578
Mangcu, Lisa N	Deputy City Manager	2,016,009	60,000	21,600	-	2,097,609
Boshielo, Mokholela, K F	Deputy City Manager	1,896,009	180,000	21,600	-	2,097,609
Lukhwareni, Ndvihoniswani	Service Delivery Coordinator and Transformation Manager	1,968,005	108,000	21,600	-	2,097,605
Seabela, Bruno S	SED: Group Legal Services	1,744,575	180,000	21,600	572	1,946,747
Aborn, Pieter K	Contract Management Director	1,696,640	12,000	21,600	-	1,730,240
Shozi, Ernest W	Chief of Staff	1,540,896	236,412	21,600	23,664	1,822,572
Otumile, Dudlana J	Group Chief Information Officer	1,597,308	180,000	21,600	-	1,798,908
De Beer, Joan K	Chief of Emergency Services	1,680,200	72,000	21,600	-	1,773,800
Ramulifho K C (From December 2014)	1SED: Corporate and Shared Services	1,513,600	86,400	21,600	-	1,621,600
Nemahagala, Tshilidzi D	SED: City Manager Support	1,658,171	81,818	14,727	-	1,754,716
Ngobeni, Khazamula S	Chief of Police	1,719,974	-	21,600	17,552	1,759,126
Matsena, Mapiti David	SEH: Secretariat of Council	1,352,993	234,546	21,600	· -	1,609,139
Mkhwebane, Kgaugelo W	SEH: Office of the Chief Whip	1,497,536	90,000	21,600	-	1,609,136
Manganye, Mahlomola D	Safer City Coordinator	1,551,536	36,000	21,600	2,288	1,611,424
Thenga, Obed	Chief Audit Executive	1,527,525	60,000	21,600	21,615	1,630,740
		29,081,311	1,963,085	355,254	109,375	31,509,025

<sup>\*</sup> See Note 47

# **Notes to the Consolidated Annual Financial Statements**

	Group		icipality
2015	2014 Restated*	2015	2014 Restated*
R	R	R	R

## 30. Remuneration of top management (continued)

## June 2014

Name	Designation	Remuneration	Travel allowance	Cell phone allowance	Other allowance	Total
Dyakala, Andile P	Group Chief Financial Officer	1,826,833	60,000	21,600	858	1,909,291
Kwele, Lindiwe	DCM: Strategy Development and Implementation	1,995,434	300,000	21,600	34,602	2,351,636
Mangcu, Lisa N	DCM: Infrastructure and Programme Management	1,995,434	300,000	21,600	-	2,317,034
Boshielo, Mokholela, K F	DCM: Operations & Service Delivery	1,764,010	180,000	21,600	-	1,965,610
Lukhwareni, Ndvihoniswani		1,836,006	108,000	21,600	-	1,965,606
Seabela, Bruno S	SED: Group Legal Services	1,622,205	180,000	21,600	-	1,823,805
Aborn, Peter K	Project Manager	1,588,000	12,000	21,600	-	1,621,600
Shozi, Ernest W	SED: Office of the Executive Mayor	1,427,889	236,412	21,600	28,380	1,714,281
Otumile, Dudlana J	SED: Group Information Technology	1,484,301	180,000	21,600	11,748	1,697,649
De Beer, Joan K	Chief Emergency Services	1,568,790	72,000	21,600	-	1,662,390
Ntsikeni, Zukiswa (resign 3 April)		1,549,355	80,000	18,000	1,144	1,648,499
Nemahagala, Tshilidzi D	SED: City Manager Support	1,509,355	120,000	21,600	16,638	1,667,593
Ngobeni, Khazamula S	Chief of Metro Police	1,610,613	-	21,600	37,809	1,670,022
Matsena, Mapiti David	SEH: Secretary of Council	1,252,052	234,546	21,600	-	1,508,198
Mkhwebani, Kgaugelo W	SEH: Office of the Chief Whip	1,396,596	90,000	21,600	-	1,508,196
Manganye, Mahlomola D	Safer City Coordinator	1,414,596	72,000	21,600	30,106	1,538,302
Thenga, Obed	Chief Audit Executive	1,426,585	60,000	21,600	9,915	1,518,100
	-	27,268,054	2,284,958	363,600	171,200	30,087,812

<sup>\*</sup> Other allowances comprise S & T allowances.

## **Notes to the Consolidated Annual Financial Statements**

	Group		icipality
2015	2014 Restated*	2015	2014 Restated*
R	R	R	R

## 30. Remuneration of top management (continued)

## **Reporting to the Deputy City Managers**

## June 2015

Name	Designation	Remuneration	Travel allowance	Cell phone allowance	Other allowance	Total
Madlala, Lungile N	Executive Project Manager: IRPNT	1,775,141	43,200	10,800	-	1,829,141
Mhlekwa, Thembeka	SED: Economic Development	1,731,989	8,000	21,600	20,976	1,782,565
Makgata, Makgorometje A	SED: City Planning	1,631,989	108,000	21,600	47,074	1,808,663
Ncunyana, Zukiswa	SED: Strategy, Research and Innovation	1,667,989	72,000	21,600	16,625	1,778,214
Ndlovu, Nomasonto Cynthia		1,619,989	120,000	21,600	65,576	1,827,165
Kekana, Seoketsa E	SED: Health and Social Development	1,600,596	48,000	21,600	19,585	1,689,781
Maganlal, Mayur	SED: City Strategies and Performance Management	1,531,792	102,000	21,600	-	1,655,392
Nteo, Lemao D	SED: Green Desk	1,437,587	84,000	21,600	31,922	1,575,109
Kolisa, Mthobeli S	SED: Environmental Management	1,341,587	180,000	21,600	16,430	1,559,617
Letlonkane, Pheko I	SED: Transport Development	1,705,904	120,000	21,600	-	1,847,504
Mothoagae, Amolemo G	SED: Housing and Human Settlement	1,409,806	240,000	21,600	-	1,671,406
Tshwale, Ngako D	SED: Sport and Recreation	1,388,270	-	21,600	-	1,409,870
Mutshidza, Ndwamato T	SED: Electricity	1,601,850		21,600	-	1,623,450
	_	20,444,489	1,125,200	270,000	218,188	22,057,877

<sup>\*</sup> See Note 47

# **Notes to the Consolidated Annual Financial Statements**

	Group		icipality
2015	2014 Restated*	2015	2014 Restated*
R	R	R	R

## 30. Remuneration of top management (continued)

Name	Designation	Remuneration	Travel allowance	Cell phone allowance	Other allowance	Total
Madlala, Lungile N	Tshwane Rapid Transit Project Leader	1,616,325	86,400	21,600	15,901	1,740,226
Mhlekwa, Thembeka S	SED: Economic Development	1,581,355	48,000	21,600	12,016	1,662,971
Makgata, Makgorometje A	SED: City Planning	1,521,355	108,000	21,600	30,621	1,681,576
Ncunyana, Zukiswa	SED: Strategy, Research and Innovation	1,557,355	72,000	21,600	13,728	1,664,683
Ndlovu, Nomasonto Cynthia		1,509,355	120,000	21,600	34,390	1,685,345
	SED: Health and Social Development	1,495,773	48,000	21,600	-	1,565,373
Memela, Nontobeko	ED: Housing Provision	1,304,403	132,000	21,600	572	1,458,575
Maganial, Mayur	SED: City Strategies and Performance Management	1,427,911	102,000	21,600	286	1,551,797
Nteo, Lemao D )	Specialist: Green Desk/City Sustainability Office	1,340,840	84,000	21,600	63,846	1,510,286
Kolisa, Mthobeli S	SED: Environmental Management	1,424,840	-	21,600	9,405	1,455,845
Letlonkane, Pheko I	ED: Transport Development	1,589,808	120,000	21,600	1,716	1,733,124
Mothoagae, Amolemo G	SED: Housing and Human Settlement	1,304,906	240,000	21,600	17,496	1,584,002
Tshwale, Ngako D	SED: Sports and Recreation	1,300,000	-	21,600	-	1,321,600
Mutshidza, Ndwamato T	SED: Electricity	1,500,000	-	21,600	12,798	1,534,398
		20,474,226	1,160,400	302,400	212,775	22,149,801

<sup>\*</sup> See Note 47

## **Notes to the Consolidated Annual Financial Statements**

		Grou	Group		oality
		2015	2014 Restated*	2015	2014 Restated*
_		R	R	R	R
31.	Remuneration of councillors				
	Councillors' allowances Travelling allowance	101,735,728 8,487	94,546,753 73,462	101,735,728 8.487	94,546,753 73,462
	Other (Caucus management)	2,448,608	2,168,287	2,448,608	2,168,287
		104,192,823	96,788,502	104,192,823	96,788,502

### In-kind benefits

The Executive Mayor, Deputy Executive Mayor, Speaker and Mayoral Committee members are full-time. Each is provided with an office and secretarial support at the cost of the Municipality.

According to the organisational structure of the Municipality the sub-section Executive Mayor Protection has 7 staff members of, which 5 are VIP protection officers.

The Executive Mayor is entitled to stay at the mayoral residence owned by the Municipality at no cost. The Executive Mayor has use of a municipal vehicle for official duties.

The allowances and benefits of Councillors, loans made to Councillors, if any, and payments made to Councillors for loss of office, if any, as disclosed above are within the upper limits of the framework envisaged in Section 219 of the Constitution, read with the Remuneration of Public Office Bearers Act and the Minister of Provincial and Local Government's determination in accordance with this Act.

### Remuneration of the Executive Mayor, Speaker and members of the Mayoral Committee:

For the disclosure of the remuneration of the executive mayor, speaker and members of the mayoral committee refer to Note 29

### Depreciation and amortisation

	Depreciation: Investment property (Note 16) Amortisation: Intangible assets (Note 17)	4,949,079 63,205,172	4,861,400 77,162,308	4,699,390 63,071,370	4,611,711 77,102,500
	Depreciation: Property, plant & equipment (Note 13)	1,137,272,183	1,067,833,740	1,132,288,284	1,064,284,747
	Depreciation: Leased assets (Note 17)	70,530,567	74,499,813	70,530,567	74,499,813
	Depreciation: Rehabilitation assets (Note 13)	53,637,933	27,202,069	53,637,933	27,202,069
		1,329,594,934	1,251,559,330	1,324,227,544	1,247,700,840
33.	Finance costs (interest paid)				
	Long-term liabilities (external loans)	875,390,680	757,340,949	875,016,160	756,921,712
	Interest rate swaps	38,959,100	-	38,959,100	-
	Finance leases	13,708,000	5,170,781	13,708,000	5,170,781
	Bank overdraft	558,712	2,558,718	14,572	2,082,826
	Other finance costs (bank charges, transit banking, etc)	12,144,836	10,900,075	12,144,836	10,900,075
	Amortisation: provisions	56,705,202	37,856,677	56,705,202	37,856,677
		997,466,530	813,827,200	996,547,870	812,932,071
34.	Investment revenue				
	Interest revenue (interest received)				
	Bank	6,146,925	5,222,047	5,742,166	5,045,952
	Investments	15,003,896	21,847,120	14,151,280	21,420,289
	Long-term investments	15,351,018	23,484,654	15,351,018	23,484,654
	Contingency insurance	1,629,873	1,848,678	1,629,873	1,848,678
		38,131,712	52,402,499	36,874,337	51,799,573

<sup>\*</sup> See Note 47

## **Notes to the Consolidated Annual Financial Statements**

		Gro	up	Municipality	
		2015	2014 Restated*	2015	2014 Restated*
_		R	R	R	R
35.	Debt impairment				
	Contributions to impairment allowance (refer to Note 20, 22, 23	850,661,938	1,338,600,788	721,971,875	1,242,883,805

Please note the amounts reflected above are the net balance in the expenditure accounts.

For the 2014/15 financial year the total amount written off was R474 939 843 for consumer receivables and R9 222 845 for other receivables which was written off against the allowance with regard to the municipality. For the group an amount of R496 204 502 was written off against the allowance for consumer receivables and R9 310 323 for other receivables.

In 2013/14 the total amount written off was R206 404 856 for consumer receivables and R4 416 468 for other receivables which was written off against the allowance with regard to the municipality. For the group an amount of R235 255 005 was written off for consumer receivables and for other receivables an amount of R4 416 468 was written off against the allowance.

For amounts written off refer to Note 20, 22 and 23.

#### Bulk purchases

	Electricity Water	6,074,185,393 1,500,068,781	5,771,986,187 1,284,554,858	6,075,797,312 1,641,280,162	5,774,862,972 1,401,846,775
		7,574,254,174	7,056,541,045	7,717,077,474	7,176,709,747
37.	Grants and subsidies paid				
	Grants paid to municipal entities Transfers to Sandspruit, TEDA and Housing Company Tshwane			191,734,734	264,529,992

		Gro	Group		Municipality	
		2015 R	2014 Restated* R	2015 R	2014 Restated* R	
		K	K	K	K	
١.	General expenses					
	National Health Insurance	10,188,845	24,261,102	10,188,845	24,261,10	
	Assessment rates and municipal charges	9,853,709	15,125,737	9,853,709	15,125,73	
	Auditors' remuneration	22,057,672	23,966,900	20,784,528	22,712,81	
	Commission paid	27,436,582	33,929,809	27,436,582	33,929,809	
	Wi-Fi	179,999,729	-	179,999,729		
	Cleaning services	17,480,745	19,964,986	16,350,628	18,827,33	
	Protective clothing	19,862,627	17,590,489	19,518,642	17,285,41	
	Chemicals	37,047,061	36,359,033	37,047,061	36,359,03	
	Gratuities	19,567,470	18,867,743	19,567,470	18,867,74	
	Ward committee: Administration	11,073,657	19,475,565	11,073,657	19,475,56	
	Rental of plant and equipment	193,701,015	657,498,657	193,701,015	657,498,65	
	HIV and AIDS grant	10,923,000	22,488,400	10,923,000	22,488,40	
	Refreshments for meetings	11,104,444	13,931,398	11,104,444	13,931,39	
	Insurance	116,327,274	77,668,127	115,566,744	77,117,81	
	LED initiatives	60,133,030	30,726,797	60,133,030	30,726,79	
	Imbizo	24,144,817	54,650,180	24,144,817	54,650,18	
	End-user support	17,082,231	18,686,163	17,082,231	18,686,16	
	Implementation: OITPS	77,826,361	79,545,331	77,826,361	79,545,33	
	Postage	32,069,117	24,125,783	32,069,117	24,125,78	
	USDG grant expenditure	194,671	39,177,936	194,671	39,177,93	
	EPWP expenditure	30,760,000	33,170,000	30,760,000	33,170,00	
	Communications	47,442,492	407 202 654	47,442,492	407 000 05	
	Leasing of property	220,733,771	197,283,651	224,783,771	197,283,65	
	Advertising and marketing	12,200,231	35,132,090	12,097,513	34,873,59	
	Post-employment benefit expenses	180,404,220	200,792,972	180,404,220	200,792,97	
	Consultant fees Private sector labour	110,979,352 53,754,668	46,738,449 1,002,904	104,961,274 53,754,668	40,769,73 1,002,90	
	Telecommunication	102,515,251	131,732,717	101,090,279	130,200,40	
	Service providers	9,474,587	84,313,696	101,090,219	130,200,40	
	Project-linked housing	9,474,567	30,043,000		30,043,00	
	Forensic audit	52,099,009	45,660,547	52,099,009	45,660,54	
	Tshwane Open	40,000,000	39,053,869	40,000,000	39,053,86	
	Dinokeng	10,868,574	15,000,000	10,868,574	15,000,00	
	Lease expenses	72,357,751	3,387,434	62,503,204	(7,236,71	
	EPWP: Job creation	139,292,437	97,045,385	139,292,437	97,045,38	
	Management information	43,521,370	44,071,777	43,521,370	44,071,77	
	Subsistence and travelling	19,903,986	11,593,046	19,704,843	11,255,27	
	Formalisation: Informal sector	110,376,687	137,026,793	110,376,687	137,026,79	
	Medical aid fund	53,648,241	50,810,843	53,648,241	50,810,84	
	Tshepo 10 000 Council	17,371,851	-	17,371,851		
	Locomotion allowance	24,049,393	22,753,723	24,049,393	22,753,72	
	Prevention of illegal land invasion	33,675,827	47,478,111	33,675,827	47,478,11	
	Household refuse removal	344,272,546	122,039,807	344,272,546	122,039,80	
	Rental vehicles - vatable	95,811,004	140,747,132	95,811,004	140,747,13	
	Tanker water services	19,682,340	42,806,896	19,682,340	42,806,89	
	CCTV	48,958,690	24,129,110	48,958,690	24,129,11	
	Petrol and diesel fuel	145,171,695	187,684,820	145,171,695	187,684,82	
	Re-aga-Tshwane	101,399,735	376,984	101,399,735	376,98	
	Legal costs	26,040,113	72,670,765	26,029,705	72,637,30	
	Licences	53,345,180	49,576,341	53,345,180	49,576,34	
	Stationery	30,541,450	25,900,412	29,841,167	25,129,53	
	PTIS grant expenditure	138,000,497	178,366,181	138,000,497	178,366,18	
	Tshwane Inner City	6,196,450	8,274,819	6,196,450	8,274,81	
	Internet fees	25,187,623	17,586,881	25,187,623	17,586,88	
	Training board fees	54,765,494	50,895,488	54,765,494	50,895,48	
	Stipend learners	79,754,837	-	79,754,837		
	Events management	18,981,841	29,748,590	18,981,841	29,748,59	
	Watchmen services	299,749,326	266,878,522	291,886,736	259,768,48	
	Service fee	808,333,532	177,557,908	808,333,532	177,557,90	
	Other expenses	676,926,033	447,463,642	673,529,727	405,329,76	
	Caron expenses					

<sup>\*</sup> See Note 47

	Grou	тb	Municipality	
	2015	2014 Restated*	2015	2014 Restated*
	R	R	R	R
Cash generated from operations				
Surplus	1,178,662,431	607,303,401	1,177,976,313	619,290,29
Adjustments for:				
Depreciation and amortisation	1,329,594,934	1,251,559,330	1,324,227,544	1,247,700,84
Gain on sale of assets and liabilities	171,819,804	143,237,630	171,774,542	143,165,6
Fair value adjustments	(52,091,422)	(3,536,565)	(52,091,422)	(3,536,5
Impairment deficit	124,922,833	5,200,760	124,922,833	5,200,7
Debt impairment	850,661,938	1,338,600,788	721,971,875	1,242,883,8
Movements in operating lease assets and accruals	(1,872,193)	(2,457,968)	(2,308,997)	(2,990,9
Movements in retirement benefit assets and liabilities	180,404,220	200,792,972	180,404,220	200,792,9
Movements in provisions	209,834,832	203,092,749	209,837,394	203,090,1
Annual charge for deferred tax  Changes in working capital:	(449,203)	26,550	-	203,090, 1
Inventories	(93,559,209)	10,322,696	(93,812,886)	10,934,7
		, ,		
Other receivables	(167,515,165)	(76,724,037)	(133,148,689)	(74,128,9
Consumer debtors	(837,664,628)	(752,216,270)	(712,428,564)	(657,007,6
Payables from exchange transactions	156,873,930	349,248,718	124,296,790	337,585,1
VAT	227,239,389	(106,992,341)	231,146,048	(110,808,3
Unspent grants and receipts	(12,845,357)	8,442,137	(12,845,357)	9,327,5
Consumer deposits	(55,733,493)	(7,918,647)	(55,763,968)	(8,150,6
Taxation	(2,181,693)	2,092,154		
	3,206,101,948	3,170,074,057	3,204,157,676	3,163,348,9
Additional disclosure in terms of the Local Gov  Contributions to organised local government	3,206,101,948	3,170,074,057		3,163,348,9
Additional disclosure in terms of the Local Gov  Contributions to organised local government  Current year subscription/fee	3,206,101,948 ernment: Municipal Fin	3,170,074,057  ance Management A 3,387,544	ct 3,326,196	3,387,5
Additional disclosure in terms of the Local Gov Contributions to organised local government	3,206,101,948 ernment: Municipal Fin	3,170,074,057  ance Management A	ct	3,387,5
Additional disclosure in terms of the Local Gov  Contributions to organised local government  Current year subscription/fee	3,206,101,948 ernment: Municipal Fin	3,170,074,057  ance Management A 3,387,544	ct 3,326,196	3,387,5
Additional disclosure in terms of the Local Gov  Contributions to organised local government  Current year subscription/fee	3,206,101,948 ernment: Municipal Fin	3,170,074,057  ance Management A 3,387,544	ct 3,326,196	3,387,5
Additional disclosure in terms of the Local Gov Contributions to organised local government Current year subscription/fee Amount paid - current year	3,206,101,948 ernment: Municipal Fin 3,326,196 (3,326,196) - 1,310,946	3,170,074,057  ance Management A 3,387,544	ct 3,326,196	3,387,5
Additional disclosure in terms of the Local Gov Contributions to organised local government Current year subscription/fee Amount paid - current year	3,206,101,948 ernment: Municipal Fin  3,326,196 (3,326,196)  -  1,310,946 20,334,332	3,170,074,057  ance Management A  3,387,544 (3,387,544)	3,326,196 (3,326,196)	3,387,5 (3,387,5
Additional disclosure in terms of the Local Gov Contributions to organised local government Current year subscription/fee Amount paid - current year  Audit fees Opening balance Current year audit fee	3,206,101,948 ernment: Municipal Fin 3,326,196 (3,326,196) - 1,310,946	3,170,074,057  ance Management A  3,387,544 (3,387,544)	3,326,196 (3,326,196) - - - 1,310,946 17,830,402	3,387,5 (3,387,5 27,526,4
Additional disclosure in terms of the Local Gov Contributions to organised local government Current year subscription/fee Amount paid - current year  Audit fees Opening balance	3,206,101,948 ernment: Municipal Fin  3,326,196 (3,326,196)  -  1,310,946 20,334,332 (20,051,775) (1,310,946)	3,170,074,057  ance Management A  3,387,544 (3,387,544)  -  29,637,517 (28,326,571) -	3,326,196 (3,326,196) - - 1,310,946	3,387,5 (3,387,5 27,526,4 (26,215,5
Additional disclosure in terms of the Local Gov Contributions to organised local government Current year subscription/fee Amount paid - current year  Audit fees Opening balance Current year audit fee Amount paid - current year	3,206,101,948 ernment: Municipal Fin  3,326,196 (3,326,196)  -  1,310,946 20,334,332 (20,051,775)	3,170,074,057  ance Management A  3,387,544 (3,387,544)	3,326,196 (3,326,196) - - - 1,310,946 17,830,402 (17,830,402)	3,387,5 (3,387,5 27,526,4 (26,215,5
Additional disclosure in terms of the Local Gov Contributions to organised local government Current year subscription/fee Amount paid - current year  Audit fees Opening balance Current year audit fee Amount paid - current year	3,206,101,948  ernment: Municipal Fin  3,326,196 (3,326,196)  -  1,310,946 20,334,332 (20,051,775) (1,310,946) 282,557	3,170,074,057  ance Management A  3,387,544 (3,387,544)   29,637,517 (28,326,571)  1,310,946	3,326,196 (3,326,196) - - - 1,310,946 17,830,402 (17,830,402)	3,163,348,9 3,387,5 (3,387,5 27,526,4 (26,215,5
Additional disclosure in terms of the Local Gov Contributions to organised local government Current year subscription/fee Amount paid - current year  Audit fees Opening balance Current year audit fee Amount paid - current year Amount paid - previous years	3,206,101,948  ernment: Municipal Fin  3,326,196 (3,326,196)  -  1,310,946 20,334,332 (20,051,775) (1,310,946) 282,557	3,170,074,057  ance Management A  3,387,544 (3,387,544)   29,637,517 (28,326,571)  1,310,946	3,326,196 (3,326,196) - - - 1,310,946 17,830,402 (17,830,402)	3,387,5 (3,387,5 27,526,4 (26,215,5
Additional disclosure in terms of the Local Gov Contributions to organised local government Current year subscription/fee Amount paid - current year  Audit fees Opening balance Current year audit fee Amount paid - current year Amount paid - previous years  The balance of the previous financial year was paid	3,206,101,948  ernment: Municipal Fin  3,326,196 (3,326,196)  -  1,310,946 20,334,332 (20,051,775) (1,310,946) 282,557	3,170,074,057  ance Management A  3,387,544 (3,387,544)   29,637,517 (28,326,571)  1,310,946	3,326,196 (3,326,196) - - - 1,310,946 17,830,402 (17,830,402)	3,387,5 (3,387,5 27,526,4 (26,215,5 1,310,9
Additional disclosure in terms of the Local Gov Contributions to organised local government Current year subscription/fee Amount paid - current year  Audit fees Opening balance Current year audit fee Amount paid - current year Amount paid - previous years  The balance of the previous financial year was paid PAYE and UIF Opening balance	3,206,101,948  ernment: Municipal Fin  3,326,196 (3,326,196)  -  1,310,946 20,334,332 (20,051,775) (1,310,946) 282,557  d in the following financial	3,170,074,057  ance Management A  3,387,544 (3,387,544)   29,637,517 (28,326,571) 1,310,946	3,326,196 (3,326,196) - - - 1,310,946 17,830,402 (17,830,402) (1,310,946)	3,387,5 (3,387,5 27,526,4 (26,215,5 1,310,9
Additional disclosure in terms of the Local Gov Contributions to organised local government Current year subscription/fee Amount paid - current year  Audit fees Opening balance Current year audit fee Amount paid - current year Amount paid - previous years  The balance of the previous financial year was paid	3,206,101,948 ernment: Municipal Fin  3,326,196 (3,326,196)  -  1,310,946 20,334,332 (20,051,775) (1,310,946) 282,557 d in the following financial  79,392,746 965,756,460	3,170,074,057  ance Management A  3,387,544 (3,387,544)   29,637,517 (28,326,571)   1,310,946  year.  66,692,022 870,004,976	3,326,196 (3,326,196) 	3,387,5 (3,387,5 27,526,4 (26,215,5 <b>1,310,9</b> 64,637,2 847,972,7
Additional disclosure in terms of the Local Gov Contributions to organised local government Current year subscription/fee Amount paid - current year  Audit fees Opening balance Current year audit fee Amount paid - current year Amount paid - previous years  The balance of the previous financial year was paid PAYE and UIF Opening balance Current year payroll deductions Amount paid - current year	3,206,101,948 ernment: Municipal Fin  3,326,196 (3,326,196)  -  1,310,946 20,334,332 (20,051,775) (1,310,946) 282,557  d in the following financial  79,392,746 965,756,460 (880,637,866)	3,170,074,057  ance Management A  3,387,544 (3,387,544)   29,637,517 (28,326,571)   1,310,946  year.  66,692,022 870,004,976 (791,679,950)	3,326,196 (3,326,196) 	3,387,5 (3,387,5 27,526,4 (26,215,5 <b>1,310,9</b> 64,637,2 847,972,7 (771,476,3
Additional disclosure in terms of the Local Gov Contributions to organised local government Current year subscription/fee Amount paid - current year  Audit fees Opening balance Current year audit fee Amount paid - current year Amount paid - previous years  The balance of the previous financial year was paid PAYE and UIF Opening balance Current year payroll deductions	3,206,101,948 ernment: Municipal Fin  3,326,196 (3,326,196)  -  1,310,946 20,334,332 (20,051,775) (1,310,946) 282,557 d in the following financial  79,392,746 965,756,460	3,170,074,057  ance Management A  3,387,544 (3,387,544)   29,637,517 (28,326,571)   1,310,946  year.  66,692,022 870,004,976	3,326,196 (3,326,196) 	3,387,5 (3,387,5 27,526,4 (26,215,5

<sup>\*</sup> See Note 47

## **Notes to the Consolidated Annual Financial Statements**

	Group	Muni	Municipality	
2015	2014 Restated*	2015	2014 Restated*	
R	R	R	R	

### 40. Additional disclosure in terms of the Local Government: Municipal Finance Management Act (continued)

### **Pension and Medical Aid Deductions**

Opening balance	276,968	102,871	-	-
Current year payroll deductions and council	1,761,182,071	1,607,539,090	1,734,559,756	1,587,865,173
contributions				
Amount paid - current year	(1,761,298,313)	(1,607,364,993)	(1,734,559,756)	(1,587,865,173)
Amount paid - previous years	(160,726)	-	-	-
	-	276,968	-	

### Councillors' arrear consumer accounts

The following Councillors had arrear accounts outstanding as at 30 June 2015:

# These Councillors made arrangements to pay off their arrear debt.

30 June 2015	Less than 90 days	More than 90 days	Total R
Ncube, M E	1,109	3,325	4,434
Lesufi M L	1,519	8,106	9,625
Lesufi M M (Heir) #	657	2,905	3,562
Buthelezi, M M # (Inactive)	6,405	35,198	41,603
Marema, M P	4,416	435	4,851
Matentjie, M J	1,399	4,587	5,986
Thobejane, E M #	630	13,778	14,408
Khumalo, Z C #	2,314	13,973	16,287
Majeng, M J	586	345	931
Zitha, B P and F T	1,797	599	2,396
Babane, T J	787	156	943
Mathafa, O M	551	474	1,025
Boshomane, M J	3,378	3,057	6,435
Strijdom, C E	30,143	2,149	32,292
Mabelane, V P	3,750	374	4,124
Maseko, N E	10,070	11,540	21,610
Majeng, J (Sandspruit)	673	2,871	3,544
Mampheko, A M (Sandspruit)	836	5,962	6,798
Motsepe, R H (Sandspruit)	401	24,121	24,522
Rammushi, J P (Sandspruit)	1,680	3,705	5,385
Sekonya, M D (Sandspruit)	117	-	117
Sindane, J M (Sandspruit)	1,140	15,251	16,391
	74,358	152,911	227,269

<sup>\*</sup> See Note 47

## **Notes to the Consolidated Annual Financial Statements**

	Group	Mun	Municipality	
2015	2014 Restated*	2015	2014 Restated*	
R	R	R	R	

### Additional disclosure in terms of the Local Government: Municipal Finance Management Act (continued)

Buthelezi M M #         12,790         21,985         34,775           Huma S E         865         259         1,124           Katake N S         538         170         708           Khoza K S         465         10         475           Khumalo Z C #         3,594         22,352         25,946           Kwenda L H         341         85         426           Lehobye M J         751         242         993           Mabona A D         511         170         681           Majeng M J         719         231         950           Marotola M S         649         71         720           Marotola Y K and M S         568         5,187         5,755           Maseko N E         1,004         214         1,218           Matentije M J         1,548         573         2,121           Mathafa O M         741         238         979           Mbele N B         365         72         437           Mohlala R K B         330         235         965           Mosimo D W         580         339         919           Mosimo D W         580         339         919	30 June 2014	Less than 90 days	More than 90 days	Total R
Huma S E       865       259       1,124         Katake N S       538       170       708         Khoza K S       465       10       475         Khumalo Z C #       3,594       22,352       25,946         Kwenda L H       341       85       426         Lehobye M J       751       242       993         Mabona A D       511       170       681         Majeng M J       719       231       950         Marotola M S       649       71       720         Marotola Y K and M S       568       5,187       5,755         Maseko N E       1,004       214       1,218         Matentije M J       741       238       979         Mbele N B       365       72       437         Mohlala R K B       365       72       437         Mosime D W       580       339       919         Mosito D B       730       235       965         Motswapong B J       455       109       564         Ncube M E       1,209       295       1,504         Ngwenya F P and Moqoba A #       3,160       1,770       4,930         Rammushi J P <td>Buthelezi M M #</td> <td>12,790</td> <td>21,985</td> <td>34,775</td>	Buthelezi M M #	12,790	21,985	34,775
Khoza K S       465       10       475         Khumalo Z C #       3,594       22,352       25,946         Kwenda L H       341       85       426         Lehobye M J       751       242       993         Mabona A D       511       170       681         Majeng M J       719       231       950         Marotola M S       649       71       720         Marotola Y K and M S       568       5,187       5,755         Maseko N E       1,004       214       1,218         Matentjie M J       1,548       573       2,121         Matentjie M J       741       238       979         Mbele N B       365       72       437         Mohlala R K B       365       72       437         Molala R K B       2,365       778       3,143         Mosime D W       580       339       919         Mosito D B       730       235       965         Motswapong B J       455       109       564         Ncube M E       1,209       295       1,504         Ngwenya F P and Moqoba A #       3,160       1,770       4,930         Ramm	Huma S E			,
Khumalo Z C #       3,594       22,352       25,946         Kwenda L H       341       85       426         Lehobye M J       751       242       993         Mabona A D       511       170       681         Majeng M J       719       231       950         Marotola M S       649       71       720         Marotola Y K and M S       568       5,187       5,755         Maseko N E       1,004       214       1,218         Matentjie M J       1,548       573       2,121         Matentjie M J       741       238       979         Mbele N B       365       72       437         Mohlala R K B       365       72       437         Mosime D W       580       339       919         Mosito D B       730       235       965         Motswapong B J       455       109       564         Ngwenya F P and Moqoba A #       3,160       1,770       4,930         Rammushi J P       241       60       301         Thobejane E M #       (2,922)       21,038       18,116         Baloyi, R W (Sandspruit)       121       -       117	Katake N S	538	170	708
Kwenda L H       341       85       426         Lehobye M J       751       242       993         Mabona A D       511       170       681         Majeng M J       719       231       950         Marotola M S       649       71       720         Marotola Y K and M S       568       5,187       5,755         Maseko N E       1,004       214       1,218         Matentijie M J       1,548       573       2,121         Matentije N B       365       72       437         Mbele N B       365       72       437         Molala R K B       2,365       778       3,143         Mosime D W       580       339       919         Mosito D B       730       235       965         Motswapong B J       455       109       564         Ncube M E       1,209       295       1,504         Ngwenya F P and Moqoba A #       3,160       1,770       4,930         Rammushi J P       241       60       301         Thobejane E M #       (2,922)       21,038       18,116         Baloyi, R W (Sandspruit)       117       -       117 <t< td=""><td>Khoza K S</td><td>465</td><td>10</td><td>475</td></t<>	Khoza K S	465	10	475
Lehobye M J       751       242       993         Mabona A D       511       170       681         Majeng M J       719       231       950         Marotola M S       649       71       720         Marotola Y K and M S       568       5,187       5,755         Maseko N E       1,004       214       1,218         Matențije M J       1,548       573       2,121         Mathafa O M       741       238       979         Mbele N B       365       72       437         Mohlala R K B       2,365       778       3,143         Mosime D W       580       339       919         Mosito D B       730       235       965         Motswapong B J       455       109       564         Ncube M E       1,209       295       1,504         Ngwenya F P and Moqoba A #       3,160       1,770       4,930         Rammushi J P       241       60       301         Thobejane E M #       (2,922)       21,038       18,116         Baloyi, R W (Sandspruit)       121       -       121         Sesoko, A M (Sandspruit)       1,978       3,394       5,372 </td <td>Khumalo Z C #</td> <td>3,594</td> <td>22,352</td> <td>25,946</td>	Khumalo Z C #	3,594	22,352	25,946
Mabona A D       511       170       681         Majeng M J       719       231       950         Marotola M S       649       71       720         Marotola Y K and M S       568       5,187       5,755         Maseko N E       1,004       214       1,218         Matentjie M J       1,548       573       2,121         Mathafa O M       741       238       979         Mbele N B       365       72       437         Mohlala R K B       2,365       778       3,143         Mosime D W       580       339       919         Mosito D B       730       235       965         Notswapong B J       455       109       564         Ncube M E       1,209       295       1,504         Ngwenya F P and Moqoba A #       3,160       1,770       4,930         Rammushi J P       241       60       301         Thobejane E M #       (2,922)       21,038       18,116         Baloyi, R W (Sandspruit)       121       -       121         Sesoko, A M (Sandspruit)       1,978       3,394       5,372         Mampheko, R M (Sandspruit)       126       3,689 <td>Kwenda L H</td> <td>341</td> <td>85</td> <td>426</td>	Kwenda L H	341	85	426
Majeng M J       719       231       950         Marotola M S       649       71       720         Marotola Y K and M S       568       5,187       5,755         Maseko N E       1,004       214       1,218         Matentjie M J       1,548       573       2,121         Mathafa O M       741       238       979         Mbele N B       365       72       437         Mohlala R K B       2,365       778       3,143         Mosime D W       580       339       919         Mosito D B       730       235       965         Motswapong B J       455       109       564         Ngwenya F P and Moqoba A #       3,160       1,770       4,930         Rammushi J P       241       60       301         Thobejane E M #       (2,922)       21,038       18,116         Baloyi, R W (Sandspruit)       121       -       121         Sesoko, A M (Sandspruit)       1978       3,394       5,372         Mampheko, R M (Sandspruit)       1978       3,689       3,815         Motsepe, R H (Sandspruit)       766       18,657       19,423         Rammushi, J P (Sandspruit)	Lehobye M J	751	242	993
Marotola M S       649       71       720         Marotola Y K and M S       568       5,187       5,755         Maseko N E       1,004       214       1,218         Matentjie M J       1,548       573       2,121         Mathafa O M       741       238       979         Mbele N B       365       72       437         Mohala R K B       2,365       778       3,143         Mosime D W       580       339       919         Mosito D B       730       235       965         Motswapong B J       455       109       564         Ncube M E       1,209       295       1,504         Ngwenya F P and Moqoba A #       3,160       1,770       4,930         Rammushi J P       241       60       301         Thobejane E M #       (2,922)       21,038       18,116         Baloyi, R W (Sandspruit)       121       -       121         Sesoko, A M (Sandspruit)       117       -       117         Mampheko, R M (Sandspruit)       1,978       3,394       5,372         Mampheko, R M (Sandspruit)       126       3,689       3,815         Motsepe, R H (Sandspruit)	Mabona A D	511	170	681
Marotola Y K and M S       568       5,187       5,755         Maseko N E       1,004       214       1,218         Matentjie M J       1,548       573       2,121         Mathafa O M       741       238       979         Mbele N B       365       72       437         Mohlala R K B       2,365       778       3,143         Mosime D W       580       339       919         Mosito D B       730       235       965         Motswapong B J       455       109       564         Ncube M E       1,209       295       1,504         Ngwenya F P and Moqoba A #       3,160       1,770       4,930         Rammushi J P       241       60       301         Thobejane E M #       (2,922)       21,038       18,116         Baloyi, R W (Sandspruit)       121       -       121         Sesoko, A M (Sandspruit)       1,978       3,394       5,372         Mampheko, R M (Sandspruit)       1,978       3,689       3,815         Motsepe, R H (Sandspruit)       766       18,657       19,423         Rammushi, J P (Sandspruit)       696       929       1,625         Sindane, J	Majeng M J	719	231	950
Maseko N E       1,004       214       1,218         Matentjie M J       1,548       573       2,121         Mathafa O M       741       238       979         Mbele N B       365       72       437         Mohlala R K B       2,365       778       3,143         Mosime D W       580       339       919         Mosito D B       730       235       965         Motswapong B J       455       109       564         Ncube M E       1,209       295       1,504         Ngwenya F P and Moqoba A #       3,160       1,770       4,930         Rammushi J P       241       60       301         Thobejane E M #       (2,922)       21,038       18,116         Baloyi, R W (Sandspruit)       121       -       121         Sesoko, A M (Sandspruit)       1,177       -       117         Majeng, J (Sandspruit)       1,978       3,394       5,372         Mampheko, R M (Sandspruit)       126       3,689       3,815         Motsepe, R H (Sandspruit)       766       18,657       19,423         Rammushi, J P (Sandspruit)       696       929       1,625         Sindane, J M (	Marotola M S	649	71	720
Matentjie M J       1,548       573       2,121         Mathafa O M       741       238       979         Mbele N B       365       72       437         Mohlala R K B       2,365       778       3,143         Mosime D W       580       339       919         Mosito D B       730       235       965         Motswapong B J       455       109       564         Ncube M E       1,209       295       1,504         Ngwenya F P and Moqoba A #       3,160       1,770       4,930         Rammushi J P       241       60       301         Thobejane E M #       (2,922)       21,038       18,116         Baloyi, R W (Sandspruit)       121       -       121         Sesoko, A M (Sandspruit)       117       -       117         Majeng, J (Sandspruit)       1,978       3,394       5,372         Mampheko, R M (Sandspruit)       126       3,689       3,815         Motsepe, R H (Sandspruit)       766       18,657       19,423         Rammushi, J P (Sandspruit)       696       929       1,625         Sindane, J M (Sandspruit)       1,426       11,878       13,304 <td>Marotola Y K and M S</td> <td>568</td> <td>5,187</td> <td>5,755</td>	Marotola Y K and M S	568	5,187	5,755
Mathara O M       741       238       979         Mbele N B       365       72       437         Mohlala R K B       2,365       778       3,143         Mosime D W       580       339       919         Mosito D B       730       235       965         Motswapong B J       455       109       564         Ncube M E       1,209       295       1,504         Ngwenya F P and Moqoba A #       3,160       1,770       4,930         Rammushi J P       241       60       301         Thobejane E M #       (2,922)       21,038       18,116         Baloyi, R W (Sandspruit)       121       -       121         Sesoko, A M (Sandspruit)       117       -       117         Majeng, J (Sandspruit)       1,978       3,394       5,372         Mampheko, R M (Sandspruit)       126       3,689       3,815         Motsepe, R H (Sandspruit)       766       18,657       19,423         Rammushi, J P (Sandspruit)       696       929       1,625         Sindane, J M (Sandspruit)       1,426       11,878       13,304	Maseko N E	1,004	214	1,218
Mbele N B       365       72       437         Mohlala R K B       2,365       778       3,143         Mosime D W       580       339       919         Mosito D B       730       235       965         Motswapong B J       455       109       564         Ncube M E       1,209       295       1,504         Ngwenya F P and Moqoba A #       3,160       1,770       4,930         Rammushi J P       241       60       301         Thobejane E M #       (2,922)       21,038       18,116         Baloyi, R W (Sandspruit)       121       -       121         Sesoko, A M (Sandspruit)       117       -       117         Mappheko, R M (Sandspruit)       1,978       3,394       5,372         Mampheko, R M (Sandspruit)       126       3,689       3,815         Motsepe, R H (Sandspruit)       766       18,657       19,423         Rammushi, J P (Sandspruit)       696       929       1,625         Sindane, J M (Sandspruit)       1,426       11,878       13,304	Matentjie M J	1,548	573	2,121
Mohlala R K B       2,365       778       3,143         Mosime D W       580       339       919         Mosito D B       730       235       965         Motswapong B J       455       109       564         Ncube M E       1,209       295       1,504         Ngwenya F P and Moqoba A #       3,160       1,770       4,930         Rammushi J P       241       60       301         Thobejane E M #       (2,922)       21,038       18,116         Baloyi, R W (Sandspruit)       121       -       121         Sesoko, A M (Sandspruit)       117       -       117         Majeng, J (Sandspruit)       1,978       3,394       5,372         Mampheko, R M (Sandspruit)       126       3,689       3,815         Motsepe, R H (Sandspruit)       766       18,657       19,423         Rammushi, J P (Sandspruit)       696       929       1,625         Sindane, J M (Sandspruit)       1,426       11,878       13,304	Mathafa O M	741	238	979
Mosime D W       580       339       919         Mosito D B       730       235       965         Motswapong B J       455       109       564         Ncube M E       1,209       295       1,504         Ngwenya F P and Moqoba A #       3,160       1,770       4,930         Rammushi J P       241       60       301         Thobejane E M #       (2,922)       21,038       18,116         Baloyi, R W (Sandspruit)       121       -       121         Sesoko, A M (Sandspruit)       117       -       117         Majeng, J (Sandspruit)       1,978       3,394       5,372         Mampheko, R M (Sandspruit)       126       3,689       3,815         Motsepe, R H (Sandspruit)       766       18,657       19,423         Rammushi, J P (Sandspruit)       696       929       1,625         Sindane, J M (Sandspruit)       1,426       11,878       13,304	Mbele N B	365	72	437
Mosito D B       730       235       965         Motswapong B J       455       109       564         Ncube M E       1,209       295       1,504         Ngwenya F P and Moqoba A #       3,160       1,770       4,930         Rammushi J P       241       60       301         Thobejane E M #       (2,922)       21,038       18,116         Baloyi, R W (Sandspruit)       121       -       121         Sesoko, A M (Sandspruit)       117       -       117         Majeng, J (Sandspruit)       1,978       3,394       5,372         Mampheko, R M (Sandspruit)       126       3,689       3,815         Motsepe, R H (Sandspruit)       766       18,657       19,423         Rammushi, J P (Sandspruit)       696       929       1,625         Sindane, J M (Sandspruit)       1,426       11,878       13,304	Mohlala R K B	2,365	778	3,143
Motswapong B J       455       109       564         Ncube M E       1,209       295       1,504         Ngwenya F P and Moqoba A #       3,160       1,770       4,930         Rammushi J P       241       60       301         Thobejane E M #       (2,922)       21,038       18,116         Baloyi, R W (Sandspruit)       121       -       121         Sesoko, A M (Sandspruit)       117       -       117         Majeng, J (Sandspruit)       1,978       3,394       5,372         Mampheko, R M (Sandspruit)       126       3,689       3,815         Motsepe, R H (Sandspruit)       766       18,657       19,423         Rammushi, J P (Sandspruit)       696       929       1,625         Sindane, J M (Sandspruit)       1,426       11,878       13,304	Mosime D W	580	339	919
Ncube M E       1,209       295       1,504         Ngwenya F P and Moqoba A #       3,160       1,770       4,930         Rammushi J P       241       60       301         Thobejane E M #       (2,922)       21,038       18,116         Baloyi, R W (Sandspruit)       121       -       121         Sesoko, A M (Sandspruit)       117       -       117         Majeng, J (Sandspruit)       1,978       3,394       5,372         Mampheko, R M (Sandspruit)       126       3,689       3,815         Motsepe, R H (Sandspruit)       766       18,657       19,423         Rammushi, J P (Sandspruit)       696       929       1,625         Sindane, J M (Sandspruit)       1,426       11,878       13,304	Mosito D B	730	235	965
Ngwenya F P and Moqoba A #       3,160       1,770       4,930         Rammushi J P       241       60       301         Thobejane E M #       (2,922)       21,038       18,116         Baloyi, R W (Sandspruit)       121       -       121         Sesoko, A M (Sandspruit)       117       -       117         Majeng, J (Sandspruit)       1,978       3,394       5,372         Mampheko, R M (Sandspruit)       126       3,689       3,815         Motsepe, R H (Sandspruit)       766       18,657       19,423         Rammushi, J P (Sandspruit)       696       929       1,625         Sindane, J M (Sandspruit)       1,426       11,878       13,304	Motswapong B J	455	109	564
Rammushi J P       241       60       301         Thobejane E M #       (2,922)       21,038       18,116         Baloyi, R W (Sandspruit)       121       -       121         Sesoko, A M (Sandspruit)       117       -       117         Majeng, J (Sandspruit)       1,978       3,394       5,372         Mampheko, R M (Sandspruit)       126       3,689       3,815         Motsepe, R H (Sandspruit)       766       18,657       19,423         Rammushi, J P (Sandspruit)       696       929       1,625         Sindane, J M (Sandspruit)       1,426       11,878       13,304	Ncube M E	1,209	295	1,504
Thobejane E M #       (2,922)       21,038       18,116         Baloyi, R W (Sandspruit)       121       -       121         Sesoko, A M (Sandspruit)       117       -       117         Majeng, J (Sandspruit)       1,978       3,394       5,372         Mampheko, R M (Sandspruit)       126       3,689       3,815         Motsepe, R H (Sandspruit)       766       18,657       19,423         Rammushi, J P (Sandspruit)       696       929       1,625         Sindane, J M (Sandspruit)       1,426       11,878       13,304	Ngwenya F P and Moqoba A #	3,160	1,770	4,930
Baloyi, R W (Sandspruit)       121       -       121         Sesoko, A M (Sandspruit)       117       -       117         Majeng, J (Sandspruit)       1,978       3,394       5,372         Mampheko, R M (Sandspruit)       126       3,689       3,815         Motsepe, R H (Sandspruit)       766       18,657       19,423         Rammushi, J P (Sandspruit)       696       929       1,625         Sindane, J M (Sandspruit)       1,426       11,878       13,304	Rammushi J P	241	60	301
Sesoko, A M (Sandspruit)       117       -       117         Majeng, J (Sandspruit)       1,978       3,394       5,372         Mampheko, R M (Sandspruit)       126       3,689       3,815         Motsepe, R H (Sandspruit)       766       18,657       19,423         Rammushi, J P (Sandspruit)       696       929       1,625         Sindane, J M (Sandspruit)       1,426       11,878       13,304	Thobejane E M #	(2,922)	21,038	18,116
Majeng, J (Sandspruit)       1,978       3,394       5,372         Mampheko, R M (Sandspruit)       126       3,689       3,815         Motsepe, R H (Sandspruit)       766       18,657       19,423         Rammushi, J P (Sandspruit)       696       929       1,625         Sindane, J M (Sandspruit)       1,426       11,878       13,304	Baloyi, R W (Sandspruit)	121	-	121
Mampheko, R M (Sandspruit)       126       3,689       3,815         Motsepe, R H (Sandspruit)       766       18,657       19,423         Rammushi, J P (Sandspruit)       696       929       1,625         Sindane, J M (Sandspruit)       1,426       11,878       13,304	Sesoko, A M (Sandspruit)	117	-	117
Motsepe, R H (Sandspruit)       766       18,657       19,423         Rammushi, J P (Sandspruit)       696       929       1,625         Sindane, J M (Sandspruit)       1,426       11,878       13,304	Majeng, J (Sandspruit)	1,978	3,394	5,372
Rammushi, J P (Sandspruit)       696       929       1,625         Sindane, J M (Sandspruit)       1,426       11,878       13,304	Mampheko, R M (Sandspruit)	126	3,689	3,815
Sindane, J M (Sandspruit) 1,426 11,878 13,304	Motsepe, R H (Sandspruit)	766	18,657	19,423
	Rammushi, J P (Sandspruit)	696	929	1,625
<u>36,497</u> 115,030 151,527	Sindane, J M (Sandspruit)	1,426	11,878	13,304
		36,497	115,030	151,527

<sup>#</sup> These councillors made arrangements to pay off their arrear debt

### 41. Non-compliance with applicable legislation

## MFMA: Section 116(3)

Contracts were amended or extended without notifying the public as required by section 116(3) of the MFMA.

## **Supply Chain Management Regulations**

In terms of Supply Chain Management Regulation 44, awards may not be made to a person who is in service of the state. Awards were made by the municipality to persons who are in the service of the state.

<sup>\*</sup> See Note 47

## **Notes to the Consolidated Annual Financial Statements**

	Gro	up	Munici	pality
	2015	2014 Restated*	2015	2014 Restated*
	R	R	R	R
Commitments				
Authorised capital expenditure				
Approved and contracted for				
<ul> <li>Infrastructure</li> </ul>	2,596,038,643	2,993,697,396	2,596,038,643	2,993,697,396
<ul> <li>Community</li> </ul>	164,000,000	556,925,500	164,000,000	556,925,500
• Other	571,933,150	325,712,626	571,933,150	325,712,626
	3,331,971,793	3,876,335,522	3,331,971,793	3,876,335,522
Approved but not yet contracted for				
Infrastructure	223,521,429	307,719,559	223,521,429	307,719,559
<ul> <li>Community</li> </ul>	62,300,000	95,886,359	62,300,000	95,886,359
<ul> <li>Other</li> </ul>	238,773,260	73,839,849	238,773,260	73,839,849
<ul> <li>Housing</li> </ul>	<u> </u>	35,000,000		35,000,000
	524,594,689	512,445,767	524,594,689	512,445,767
	3,856,566,482	7,752,671,044	3,856,566,482	4,388,781,289
Total capital commitments				
Approved and contracted for	3,331,971,793	3,876,335,522	3,331,971,793	3,876,335,522
Approved but not yet contracted for	524,594,689	512,445,767	524,594,689	512,445,767
	3,856,566,482	4,388,781,289	3,856,566,482	4,388,781,289
Authorised operational expenditure				
Approved and contracted for				
<ul> <li>TEDA</li> </ul>	8,331,873	596,642	-	
Sandspruit Works Association	12,896,025	23,628,840		
	21,227,898	24,225,482		
Total operational commitments				
Already contracted and authorised	21,227,898	24,225,482		
Total commitments				
Total commitments				
Authorised capital expenditure	3,856,566,482	4,388,781,289	3,856,566,482	4,388,781,289
Authorised operational expenditure	21,227,898	24,225,482		
		4,413,006,771	3,856,566,482	4,388,781,289

The amount of the 2013/14 financial year regarding the parent municipality has been restated to reflect the amounts as approved in the adjustment budget.

Note: The capital commitments disclosed in this note, with regard to the Municipality, is based on the capital budget for the next financial year. Although most of the projects are multi year projects, however, only one year's approved capital budget for these projects has been disclosed.

<sup>\*</sup> See Note 47

## **Notes to the Consolidated Annual Financial Statements**

G	roup	Mun	Municipality	
2015	2015 2014 Restated*		2014 Restated*	
R	R	R	R	

### 43. Accumulated surplus

## Ring-fenced internal funds and reserves within accumulated surplus - Group - 2015

	Insurance reserve	COID reserve	Housing development fund	Accumulated surplus	Total
Opening balance	25,020,508	67,171,810	156,442,652	17,556,532,882	17,805,167,852
Net surplus for the year	-	-	-	1,178,662,431	1,178,662,431
Transfer to/(from) reserves	838,583	3,946,548	-	(4,785,131)	-
	25,859,091	71,118,358	156,442,652	18,730,410,182	18,983,830,283

### Ring-fenced internal funds and reserves within accumulated surplus - Group - 2014

	Insurance reserve	COID reserve	Housing development fund	Other	Total
Opening balance	58,163,634	150,012,090	156,442,652	13,238,923,501	13,603,541,877
Net surplus for the year	-	-	-	943,163,655	943,163,655
Restatement of 2013/14 financial year	-	-	-	(334,031,240)	(334,031,240)
Restatement of 2012/13 and prior financial years Restatement of 2012/13 and prior -	-	-	-	3,602,029,427	3,602,029,427
municipal entities Restatement of 2013/14 financial year -	-	-	-	(7,706,853)	(7,706,853)
municipal entities	_	-	-	(1,829,014)	(1,829,014)
Transfer to/(from) reserves	(33,143,126)	(82,840,280)	-	115,983,406	-
_	25,020,508	67,171,810	156,442,652	17,556,532,882	17,805,167,852

## Ring-fenced internal funds and reserves within accumulated surplus - Municipality - 2015

	Insurance reserve	COID reserve	Housing development fund	Accumulated surplus	Total
Opening balance	25,020,508	67,171,810	156,442,652	17,513,578,123	17,762,213,093
Net surplus for the year	-	-	-	1,177,976,313	1,177,976,313
Transfer to/(from reserves)	838,583	3,946,548	-	(4,785,131)	-
	25,859,091	71,118,358	156,442,652	18,686,769,305	18,940,189,406

## Ring-fenced internal funds and reserves within accumulated surplus - Municipality - 2014

	Insurance reserve	COID reserve	Housing development fund	Other	Total
Opening balance	58,163,634	150,012,090	156,442,652	13,176,274,997	13,540,893,373
Net surplus for the year	-	-	-	953,321,534	953,321,534
Restatement of 2013/14 financial year Restatement of 2012/13 and prior financial	-	-	-	(334,031,240)	(334,031,240)
years	-	-	-	3,602,029,427	3,602,029,427
Transfer to/(from) reserves	(33,143,126)	(82,840,280)	-	115,983,406	-
	25,020,508	67,171,810	156,442,652	17,513,578,124	17,762,213,094

## **Notes to the Consolidated Annual Financial Statements**

G	Group		icipality
2015	2014 Restated*	2015	2014 Restated*
R	R	R	R

### Employee benefit obligations

### Pension funds

Most employees of the Municipality are members of one of the following funds and those who are not, are paid a lump-sum gratuity at retirement age. The Municipality's contributions to these funds are reflected as a charge against income in the financial statements.

### Defined contribution plan (as classified by the relevant fund):

The Municipality contributes to the following defined contribution plans, which are governed by the Pension Fund Act of 1956. The total contributions are included under Employee-related costs, Note 29).

	763,308,150	693,745,947	763,308,150	693,745,947
are members of this fund.				
34 (0.19 %) of the Municipality's employees	1,486,281	1,539,887	1,486,281	1,539,887
Retirement Fund				
Meshawu National Local Authorities				
are members of this fund.	,	,	,	,
4 (0.02 % ) of the Municipality's employees	439,572	450,515	439,572	450,515
Germiston Municipal Retirement Fund				
employees are members of this fund.	33,020,012	33,011,100	55,020,012	23,011,100
1 193 (6.64 %) of the Municipality's	59,626,072	56.841.160	59.626.072	56,841,160
SAMWU National Provident Fund				
are members of this fund.	920,333	000,232	320,333	000,232
14 (0.08 %) of the Municipality's employees	928,555	888,292	928,555	888,292
are members of this fund.  SAMWU National Pension Fund				
55 (0.31 %) of the Municipality's employees	1,177,803	1,124,358	1,177,803	1,124,358
SALA Provident Fund/Gratuity Fund	4 477 000	4.404.050	4 477 000	4 404 050
employees are members of this fund.				
6 252 (34.80 %) of the Municipality's	380,608,532	346,974,897	380,608,532	346,974,897
National Fund for Municipal Workers				
employees are members of this fund.				
this fund. 67 (0.37 %) of the Municipality's				
Metropolitan Municipality are members of		• •	, ,	, ,
The Councillors of the City of Tshwane	6,195,402	5,909,449	6,195,402	5,909,449
Pension Fund for Municipal Councillors				
employees are members of this fund.	012,040,000	200,017,000	012,040,000	200,017,000
5 651 (31.45 % ) of the Municipality's	312,845,933	280,017,389	312,845,933	280,017,389
Fund/Tshwane Municipal Gratuity Fund				
Tshwane Municipal Provident				

<sup>\*</sup> See Note 47

# **Notes to the Consolidated Annual Financial Statements**

		Group		Municipality	
		2015	2014 Restated*	2015	2014 Restated*
_		R	R	R	R
44.	Employee benefit obligations (continued)				
	Defined benefit plan (as classified by the relev	ant funds):			
	Tshwane Municipal Pension Fund				
	256 (1.42%) of the Municipality's employees are n	nembers of this fund.			
	Included in general expenses are:				
	Current service cost	27,994,833	24,041,577	27,994,833	24,041,577
	Interest cost	202,496,145	58,407,763	202,496,145	58,407,763
	Expected return on assets	(194,855,117)	(58,069,726)	(194,855,117)	(58,069,726)
	Recognised Net (Gain)/Loss	118,187,597	(24,013,553)	118,187,597	(24,013,553)
	Defined benefit expense	153,823,458	366,061	153,823,458	366,061
	Post-employment benefit liability (funded status)				
	Present value of the obligation	(2,459,626,867)	(2,335,595,676)	(2,459,626,867)	(2,335,595,676)
	Fair value of plan assets	2,233,686,185	2,247,463,862	2,233,686,185	2,247,463,862
	Liability recognised in statement of financial position	(225,940,682)	(88,131,814)	(225,940,682)	(88,131,814)
	Reconciliation of defined benefit				
	obligation: Present value of obligation at beginning of	2,335,595,677	698,138,451	2,335,595,677	698,138,451
	year	_,,,,,,,,,,,	,,	_,,,	,,
	Interest cost	202,496,145	58,407,763	202,496,145	58,407,763
	Current service cost	27,994,833	24,041,577	27,994,833	24,041,577
	Member contributions	6,395,138	6,352,929	6,395,138	6,352,929
	Risk premiums	(1,947,828)	(1,913,807)	(1,947,828)	(1,913,807)
	Benefits paid	(127,727,283)	-	(127,727,283)	40.044.055
	Actuarial (gain)/loss on obligation Past service cost	16,820,185	12,311,255	16,820,185	12,311,255
			1,538,257,509		1,538,257,509
	Present value of obligation at end of year	2,459,626,867	2,335,595,677	2,459,626,867	2,335,595,677

<sup>\*</sup> See Note 47

	Grou	·	Munici	
	2015	2014 Restated*	2015	2014 Restated*
	R	R	R	R
Employee benefit obligations (continued)				
Reconciliation of plan assets (none of the Municipality's own financial instruments or property are included in				
the fair value of plan assets) Fair value of plan assets at beginning of	2,247,463,863	694,097,951	2,247,463,863	694,097,95
year Expected return on plan assets	194,855,117	58,069,726	194,855,117	58,069,72
Contributions	22,409,729	1,460,885,185	22,409,729	1,460,885,18
Risk premiums Benefits paid	(1,947,828) (127,727,283)	(1,913,807)	(1,947,828) (127,727,283)	(1,913,80
Actuarial (gain)/loss on obligation	(101,367,412)	36,324,808	(101,367,412)	36,324,80
Fair value of plan assets at end of year	2,233,686,186	2,247,463,863	2,233,686,186	2,247,463,86
Composition of plan assets:				
Cash	18.17 %	18.17 %	18.17 %	18.17
Equity	40.68 %	40.68 %	40.68 %	40.68
Bonds Property	8.45 % 4.65 %	8.45 % 4.65 %	8.45 % 4.65 %	8.45 4.65
Other	2.33 %	2.33 %	2.33 %	2.33
International	25.72 %	25.72 %	25.72 %	25.72
Total	100.00 %	100.00 %	100.00 %	100.00
Actual return on plan assets	194,855,117	56,674,040	194,855,117	56,674,04
Estimated contributions to be paid to the	22,409,729	22,528,641	22,409,729	22,528,64
Tshwane Pension Fund in the next financial period				
Tshwane Pension Fund in the next				
Tshwane Pension Fund in the next financial period				Gratuity Fund.
Tshwane Pension Fund in the next financial period  Municipal Gratuity Fund  1 577 (8.67%) of the Municipality's employees are included in general expenses are:	members of this fund. No	o specific plan assets	are set aside for the G	•
Tshwane Pension Fund in the next financial period  Municipal Gratuity Fund  1 577 (8.67%) of the Municipality's employees are included in general expenses are:  Current service cost	members of this fund. No	o specific plan assets 2,414,596	are set aside for the G	2,414,59
Tshwane Pension Fund in the next financial period  Municipal Gratuity Fund  1 577 (8.67%) of the Municipality's employees are included in general expenses are:	nembers of this fund. No 1,329,965 5,183,923	2,414,596 5,609,874	are set aside for the G 1,329,965 5,183,923	2,414,59 5,609,87
Tshwane Pension Fund in the next financial period  Municipal Gratuity Fund  1 577 (8.67%) of the Municipality's employees are included in general expenses are:  Current service cost Interest cost	members of this fund. No	o specific plan assets 2,414,596	are set aside for the G	•
Tshwane Pension Fund in the next financial period  Municipal Gratuity Fund  1 577 (8.67%) of the Municipality's employees are included in general expenses are:  Current service cost Interest cost Recognised net (gain)/loss  Defined benefit expense  Post-employment benefit liability (funded)	1,329,965 5,183,923 12,379,149	2,414,596 5,609,874 (6,141,372)	are set aside for the G 1,329,965 5,183,923 12,379,149	2,414,59 5,609,87 (6,141,37
Tshwane Pension Fund in the next financial period  Municipal Gratuity Fund  1 577 (8.67%) of the Municipality's employees are included in general expenses are: Current service cost Interest cost Recognised net (gain)/loss Defined benefit expense  Post-employment benefit liability (funded status)	1,329,965 5,183,923 12,379,149 18,893,037	2,414,596 5,609,874 (6,141,372) 1,883,098	1,329,965 5,183,923 12,379,149 18,893,037	2,414,59 5,609,87 (6,141,37 1,883,09
Tshwane Pension Fund in the next financial period  Municipal Gratuity Fund  1 577 (8.67%) of the Municipality's employees are in the Included in general expenses are:  Current service cost Interest cost Recognised net (gain)/loss  Defined benefit expense  Post-employment benefit liability (funded status)  Present value of the obligation  Net (expense)/income recognised in	1,329,965 5,183,923 12,379,149	2,414,596 5,609,874 (6,141,372)	are set aside for the G 1,329,965 5,183,923 12,379,149	2,414,59 5,609,8 (6,141,3 1,883,09
Tshwane Pension Fund in the next financial period  Municipal Gratuity Fund  1 577 (8.67%) of the Municipality's employees are in the latest cost and the latest cost are grainly loss. The latest cost are grainly loss. Defined benefit expense.  Post-employment benefit liability (funded status).  Present value of the obligation.	1,329,965 5,183,923 12,379,149 18,893,037	2,414,596 5,609,874 (6,141,372) 1,883,098	1,329,965 5,183,923 12,379,149 18,893,037	2,414,59 5,609,87 (6,141,37
Tshwane Pension Fund in the next financial period  Municipal Gratuity Fund  1 577 (8.67%) of the Municipality's employees are in the Included in general expenses are: Current service cost Interest cost Recognised net (gain)/loss  Defined benefit expense  Post-employment benefit liability (funded status)  Present value of the obligation Net (expense)/income recognised in statement of financial performance  Liability recognised in statement of	1,329,965 5,183,923 12,379,149 18,893,037  (71,244,758) 14,914,672	2,414,596 5,609,874 (6,141,372) 1,883,098 (76,279,430) 5,034,672	1,329,965 5,183,923 12,379,149 18,893,037 (71,244,758) 14,914,672	2,414,59 5,609,87 (6,141,37 1,883,09 (76,279,43 5,034,67
Tshwane Pension Fund in the next financial period  Municipal Gratuity Fund  1 577 (8.67%) of the Municipality's employees are in the Included in general expenses are: Current service cost Interest cost Recognised net (gain)/loss Defined benefit expense  Post-employment benefit liability (funded status) Present value of the obligation Net (expense)/income recognised in statement of financial performance Liability recognised in statement of financial position	1,329,965 5,183,923 12,379,149 18,893,037  (71,244,758) 14,914,672	2,414,596 5,609,874 (6,141,372) 1,883,098 (76,279,430) 5,034,672	1,329,965 5,183,923 12,379,149 18,893,037 (71,244,758) 14,914,672	2,414,59 5,609,87 (6,141,37 1,883,09 (76,279,40 5,034,67
Tshwane Pension Fund in the next financial period  Municipal Gratuity Fund  1 577 (8.67%) of the Municipality's employees are in Included in general expenses are: Current service cost Interest cost Recognised net (gain)/loss  Defined benefit expense  Post-employment benefit liability (funded status) Present value of the obligation Net (expense)/income recognised in statement of financial performance Liability recognised in statement of financial position  Reconciliation of defined benefit obligation: Present value of obligation at beginning of year	1,329,965 5,183,923 12,379,149 18,893,037  (71,244,758) 14,914,672  (56,330,086)  71,244,758	2,414,596 5,609,874 (6,141,372) 1,883,098 (76,279,430) 5,034,672 (71,244,758)	1,329,965 5,183,923 12,379,149 18,893,037  (71,244,758) 14,914,672  (56,330,086)	2,414,59 5,609,87 (6,141,37 1,883,09 (76,279,43 5,034,67
Tshwane Pension Fund in the next financial period  Municipal Gratuity Fund  1 577 (8.67%) of the Municipality's employees are in the Included in general expenses are: Current service cost Interest cost Recognised net (gain)/loss  Defined benefit expense  Post-employment benefit liability (funded status) Present value of the obligation Net (expense)/income recognised in statement of financial performance  Liability recognised in statement of financial position  Reconciliation of defined benefit obligation: Present value of obligation at beginning of year Interest cost	1,329,965 5,183,923 12,379,149 18,893,037  (71,244,758) 14,914,672  (56,330,086)  71,244,758 5,183,923	2,414,596 5,609,874 (6,141,372) 1,883,098 (76,279,430) 5,034,672 (71,244,758) 76,279,432 5,609,874	1,329,965 5,183,923 12,379,149 18,893,037  (71,244,758) 14,914,672  (56,330,086)  71,244,758 5,183,923	2,414,59 5,609,81 (6,141,31 1,883,09 (76,279,41 5,034,61 (71,244,79 76,279,41 5,609,81
Tshwane Pension Fund in the next financial period  Municipal Gratuity Fund  1 577 (8.67%) of the Municipality's employees are in the Included in general expenses are: Current service cost Interest cost Recognised net (gain)/loss  Defined benefit expense  Post-employment benefit liability (funded status) Present value of the obligation Net (expense)/income recognised in statement of financial performance  Liability recognised in statement of financial position  Reconciliation of defined benefit obligation: Present value of obligation at beginning of year Interest cost Current service cost	1,329,965 5,183,923 12,379,149 18,893,037  (71,244,758) 14,914,672  (56,330,086)  71,244,758 5,183,923 1,329,965	2,414,596 5,609,874 (6,141,372) 1,883,098 (76,279,430) 5,034,672 (71,244,758) 76,279,432 5,609,874 2,414,596	1,329,965 5,183,923 12,379,149 18,893,037  (71,244,758) 14,914,672  (56,330,086)  71,244,758 5,183,923 1,329,965	2,414,59 5,609,81 (6,141,31 1,883,09 (76,279,44 5,034,61 (71,244,74 5,609,81 2,414,59
Tshwane Pension Fund in the next financial period  Municipal Gratuity Fund  1 577 (8.67%) of the Municipality's employees are in the Included in general expenses are: Current service cost Interest cost Recognised net (gain)/loss  Defined benefit expense  Post-employment benefit liability (funded status) Present value of the obligation Net (expense)/income recognised in statement of financial performance  Liability recognised in statement of financial position  Reconciliation of defined benefit obligation: Present value of obligation at beginning of year Interest cost	1,329,965 5,183,923 12,379,149 18,893,037  (71,244,758) 14,914,672  (56,330,086)  71,244,758 5,183,923	2,414,596 5,609,874 (6,141,372) 1,883,098 (76,279,430) 5,034,672 (71,244,758) 76,279,432 5,609,874	1,329,965 5,183,923 12,379,149 18,893,037  (71,244,758) 14,914,672  (56,330,086)  71,244,758 5,183,923	2,414,59 5,609,87 (6,141,37 1,883,09 (76,279,43 5,034,67

<sup>\*</sup> See Note 47

	Grou	qı	Municip	ality	
	2015 R	2014 Restated* R	2015 R	2014 Restated* R	
Employee benefit obligations (continued)					
Estimated benefit payments to be paid iro gratuities in the next financial period	7,185,066	9,049,411	7,185,066	9,049,41	
Multi-employer funds					
The Municipality contributes to the following defined nature of these funds, the lack of information and respect of individual employers, these funds are acc total contributions are included in employee-related of	the fact that assets a counted for as defined of	re not specifically ass	sociated to meet the	obligations in	
SALA Pension Fund The actuarial valuation is carried annually since 1 July 1998. The actuarial valuation performed on 1 July 2004 showed an unfunded liability of R516,62 million (81,9% funding level). The Municipality's employees make up approximately 5,4% of the total membership and therefore the Municipality's possible liability with regard to the unfunded liability is calculated at R28 104 128. 693 (3.15%) of the Municipality's employees are members of this fund.  The Government Employees Pension	34,440,342	35,815,687	34,440,342	35,815,68	
Fund Actuarial valuations are performed every 3 years. The actuarial valuation performed on 31 March 2008 reported the fund to be in a sound financial position with a funding level of 100%. 7 (0.04%) of the Municipality's employees are members of this fund.	511,042	580,736	511,042	580,73	
Joint Municipal Pension Fund Actuarial valuations are performed every 3 years. The actuarial valuation performed on 30 September 2010 indicated a funding level of 104.9% and the fund was in a sound financial position at the valuation date. 40 (0.22 %) of the Municipality's employees are members of this fund.	4,014,982	3,861,615	4,014,982	3,861,61	
Municipal Employees Pension Fund The actuarial valuation performed on 1 February 2010 reported the fund to be in a sound financial position with a funding level of 100%. 2 272 (12.64 %) of the Municipality's employees are members of this fund.  Magalies Water Pension Fund	115,118,516	102,962,106	115,118,516	102,962,10	
Part of the transfer of functions during	_	(5,885)	-	(5,88	
2012/13		, ,		(-,	

<sup>\*</sup> See Note 47

	Group		Munic	pality	
	2015 R	2014 Restated* R	2015 R	2014 Restated* R	
Employee benefit obligations (continued)					
Medical aid funds					
Included in general expenses are:	25 442 000	40,400,000	25 442 000	40, 400, 000	
Current service cost Interest cost	25,443,000 105,946,044	16,423,238 92,922,554	25,443,000 105,946,044	16,423,238 92,922,554	
Expected employer benefit payments	(46,696,764)	(43,713,480)	(46,696,764)	(43,713,480	
Recognised net (gain)/loss	(90,128,255)	36,622,636	(90,128,255)	36,622,636	
Rounding correction	152	-	152	-	
Defined benefit expense	(5,435,823)	102,254,948	(5,435,823)	102,254,948	
Post-employment benefit liability (funded					
status)					
Present value of the unfunded obligation	(1,232,429,948)	(1,130,175,000)	(1,232,429,948)	(1,130,175,000	
Recognised actuarial gains	5,435,823	(102,254,948)	5,435,823	(102,254,948	
Liability recognised in statement of financial position	(1,226,994,125)	(1,232,429,948)	(1,226,994,125)	(1,232,429,948	
Reconciliation of defined benefit					
obligation:					
Present value of unfunded obligation at	1,232,429,948	1,130,175,000	1,232,429,948	1,130,175,000	
beginning of year	105.010.011	00 000 554	405.040.044	00 000 55	
Interest cost	105,946,044	92,922,554	105,946,044	92,922,554	
Current service cost Employer contributions	25,443,000 (46,696,764)	16,423,238 (43,713,480)	25,443,000 (46,696,764)	16,423,238 (43,713,480	
Actuarial gains/losses	(90,128,255)	36,622,636	(90,128,255)	36,622,636	
Rounding correction	152	-	152	-	
Present value of obligation at end of year	1,226,994,125	1,232,429,948	1,226,994,125	1,232,429,948	
Actionial (acina)/lanca recognized in					
Actuarial (gains)/losses recognised in other comprehensive income:					
Tshwane Pension Fund	118,187,597	(24,013,553)	118,187,597	(24,013,553	
Gratuities	12,379,149	(6,141,372)	12,379,149	(6,141,372	
Medical aid funds	(90,128,255)	36,622,636	(90,128,255)	36,622,636	
Total amount of actuarial (gains)/losses recognised	40,438,491	6,467,711	40,438,491	6,467,711	
Estimated employer benefit payments to be paid iro medical aid funds in the next financial period	47,780,436	46,696,764	47,780,436	46,696,764	
Sensitivity results					
The effect of an increase or decrease of one perce	entage point in the assum	ned health cost inflatio	n is the following:		
Subsidy increase rate:					
Accrued liability 30 June	1,226,993,973	1,232,430,100	1,226,993,973	1,232,430,100	
Decrease of 1%	1,113,097,173	1,135,548,100	1,113,097,173	1,135,548,100	
% change	(13.0)%	(7.9)%	(13.0)%	(7.9)%	
Increase of 1%	1,377,809,973	1,356,237,200	1,377,809,973	1,356,237,200	
% change	15.0 %	10.1 %	15.0 %	10.1 %	

<sup>\*</sup> See Note 47

	G	roup	Mur	nicipality	
	2015 R	2014 Restated* R	2015 R	2014 Restated* R	
Employee benefit obligations (continued)					
Long service awards					
Included in general expenses are:					
Current service cost	48,557,875	45,835,095	48,557,875	45,835,099	
Interest cost	35,691,770	31,357,478	35,691,770	31,357,47	
Expected employer benefit payments	(40,407,011)	, , , ,	(40,407,011)		
Recognised net (gain)/loss	19,103,214	(17,168,334)	19,103,214	(17,168,33	
Defined benefit expense	62,945,848	19,481,382	62,945,848	19,481,38	
Post-employment benefit liability (funded					
status)	(504.004.400)	(544.040.744)	(504.004.400)	(544.040.74	
Present value of the unfunded obligation Recognised actuarial gains	(564,094,126) (62,945,848)		(564,094,126) (62,945,848)		
Liability recognised in statement of	(627,039,974)		(627,039,974)		
financial position	(027,000,014)	(004,004,120)	(027,000,074)	(554,554,12	
Reconciliation of defined benefit					
obligation:					
Present value of unfunded obligation at	564,094,126	544,612,745	564,094,126	544,612,74	
beginning of year					
Interest cost	35,691,770	31,357,477	35,691,770	31,357,47	
Current service cost Employer contributions	48,557,875 (40,407,011)	45,835,095 (40,542,857)	48,557,875 (40,407,011)	45,835,09	
Actuarial gains/losses	19,103,214	(17,168,334)	19,103,214	(40,542,85 <sup>-</sup> (17,168,33-	
Present value of obligation at end of year	627,039,974	564,094,126	627,039,974	564,094,12	
Actuarial (gains)/losses recognised in					
other comprehensive income:					
Long service awards	19,103,214	(17,168,334)	19,103,214	(17,168,33	
Estimated employer benefit payments to be paid iro long service awards in the next financial period	42,986,327	404,074,011	42,986,327	40,407,01	
Sensitivity Results					
The effect of an increase and decrease of one pe	ercentage point in the as	sumed medical cost to	rend rates on is as fol	lows:	
Salary increase rate:					
Accrued liability 30 June	627,039,974	564,094,126	627,039,974	564,094,12	
Decrease of 1%	550,649,006	523,131,671	550,649,006	523,131,67	
% change	(9.0)%	(7.3)%	(9.0)%	(7.3)	
Increase of 1%	720,337,400	815,604,557	720,337,400	615,604,55	
% change	11.0 %	9.1 %	11.0 %	9.1	
Post-employment benefit liability:					
Statement of financial position	(005.040.000)	(00.404.045)	(005.040.000)	(00.404.045)	
Pension fund Municipal gratuity fund	(225,940,682)	(88,131,815)	(225,940,682)	(88,131,815)	
Municipal gratuity fund Medical aid funds	(56,330,086) (1,226,994,125)	(71,244,758) (1,232,429,948)	(56,330,086) (1,226,994,125)	(71,244,758) (1,232,429,948)	
IVICUICAI AIU IUI IUS					
	(627 030 074)	(56 <u>4</u> 004 126)	(627 ()30 07/1	(564 004 126)	
Long service awards	(627,039,974) (2,136,304,867)	(564,094,126) (1,955,900,647)	(627,039,974) (2,136,304,867)	(564,094,126) (1,955,900,647)	

Consolidated Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2015

## **Notes to the Consolidated Annual Financial Statements**

	Group		icipality
2015	2015 2014 Restated*		2014 Restated*
R	R	R	R

#### 44. Employee benefit obligations (continued)

#### **Actuarial assumptions**

A summary of the assumptions used in the valuation, together with a short description on each is given below:

# Economic assumptions (pension fund and gratuities):

Discount rate	8.58 %	8.67 %	8.58 %	8.67 %
Inflation rate	6.29 %	6.35 %	6.29 %	6.35 %
Salary increase rate	7.29 %	7.35 %	7.29 %	7.35 %
Expected rate of return on assets	8.58 %	8.67 %	8.58 %	8.67 %
Pension increase allowance	2.91 %	2.95 %	2.91 %	2.95 %
Health care cost inflation	7.95 %	8.02 %	7.95 %	8.02 %

#### Discount rate (pension fund and gratuities):

The rate to discount post-employment benefit obligations should be determined by reference to market expectations at the valuation date for the period over which the liability obligations are to be settled. If the market is not liquid then government bond yields at the estimated term of the defined benefit obligation should be used. Consequently a discount rate of 8.58% per annum has been used.

#### Inflation rate (pension fund and gratuities):

While not used explicitly in the valuation, we have assumed the underlying future rate of consumer price inflation (CPI) to be 6.29 % per annum. This assumption has been based on the relationship between current conventional bond yields and current index-linked bond yields. The expected inflation assumption was obtained from the differential between index-linked bonds (1.69%) and nominal bonds (8.58%) with a risk premium adjustment for the uncertainty implicit in guaranteeing real increases (0.50%). Therefore determined as follows: (8.58% - 0.5% - 1.69%)/1.0169.

### Salary increase:

Salary increases have historically exceeded CPI inflation by between 1.0% and 1.5% per annum. We have assumed that salaries will exceed the assumed inflation rate by 1% (pension funds) and 1 (gratuities).

## **Expected return on assets:**

The accounting standard was recently amended and now requires the assumed rate of return on assets to equal the discount rate, namely 8.58%.

### Pension rate increase:

The fund's pension increase policy aims to grant increases of between 75% and 100% of annual CPI inflation. If an average of 87.5% is assumed then increases of 5.51% per annum will be awarded on average over the longterm. This implies a post-retirement interest rate of 2.91% (from 1.0858/1.0551 - 1.0).

#### Health care cost inflation:

We have assumed that the current contribution table(s) of the medical scheme(s) would continue to apply in the future, with allowance for inflationary increases of 7.95% per annum. We have assumed that health care cost inflation exceeds CPI inflation by an average of 1.50% per annum over the longterm.

<sup>\*</sup> See Note 47

Consolidated Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2015

## **Notes to the Consolidated Annual Financial Statements**

	Group		icipality
2015	2015 2014 Restated*		2014 Restated*
R	R	R	R

### 44. Employee benefit obligations (continued)

### History of liabilities, assets and experience adjustments

Amounts for the current and previous four years are as follows:

	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
	R	R	R	R	R
History of liabilities and assets					
Accrued liability	1,910,364,185	1,867,768,832	1,751,067,174	1,449,361,665	1,366,271,668
Plan assets	-	-	-	-	-
Surplus (deficit)	(1,910,364,185)	(1,867,768,832)	(1,751,067,174)	(1,449,361,665)	(1,366,271,668)
Experience adjustments on plan: (Gains) and					
losses					
Liabilities	45,114,019	49,430,832	317,872,196	(236,307,193)	29,556,431

### 45. Events after the reporting date

#### 2014/15:

#### Termination of the Security of Revenue Project (Smart meter pre-paid):

The master service agreement (MSA) between PEU Capital (Pty) Ltd and the City of Tshwane to assist with the Security of Revenue Project (SORP) - which was originally signed on 6 June 2013 - has been terminated effective 30 June 2015. The system will be taken over form PEU, at a price yet to be determined. The contracted service fee, namely 19.5 cents in a Rand, will cease to be paid. From 1 July 2015, PEU will commence with a handover and transfer process estimated to last six (6) months. During the handover and transfer period, a service fee of 9.5 cents in a Rand will apply for the maintenance and upkeep of the system.

The expenditure incurred to date on the contract amounted to R808 333 532 (2013/14 - R177 557 908).

### TEDA:

### Non-adjusting events

The entity is in the process of finalising the organisational design (OD) process to position itself to its external environment. There was a need to identify capacity needs and skills requirements aligned to a business model that will allow TEDA to be a larger entity. The OD process identified a new organisational structure, which was approved with 60 positions. Based on the new structure, competency assessments were conducted for all employees to ascertain competency levels and their suitability in terms of competencies required as informed by the new structure. The cost implication of the process is yet to be established.

On 10 and 24 July 2015 two (2) laptops were reported stolen with a combined book value of R14 527 and were reported to the South African Police Service with the following case numbers: 223/07/2015 and 356/07/2015 respectively.

On 7 and 20 July 2015 a deviation in terms of section 36(1) of the Supply Chain Management Regulations for Multichoice and Greenboard was approved and noted to the amount of R13 501.76 and R227 179.20 respectively.

Consolidated Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2015

## **Notes to the Consolidated Annual Financial Statements**

	Group		Municipality		
2015	2014 Restated*	2015	2014 Restated*		
R	R R		R		

#### Related parties

#### Relationships

Members of key management

Refer to Note 29 for remuneration of the City Manager Refer to Note 30 for remuneration of top management Refer to Note 29 and 31 for remuneration of Councillors

#### Related party balances

Amounts included in trade receivables and loans regarding related parties Sandspruit Works Association	34,298,530	34,298,530
Canadptain Worker Recordation	01,200,000	01,200,000
Amounts included in trade payables regarding related parties		
Housing Company Tshwane: Rental received on behalf of City of Tshwane	(195,431)	(187,968)
Housing Company Tshwane: Grant owed by City of Tshwane	8,000,000	-
Housing Company Tshwane: Unspent conditional grant	-	(7,849,460)
Housing Company Tshwane: Services charges owed by City of Tshwane	22,446	6 005 304
Sandspruit Works Association: Operating loss account Sandspruit Works Association: Water treatment works	(12,138,910) 18,076,115	6,995,304 3,821,089
Sandspruit Works Association: Water accounts	3,298,235	1,451,298
TEDA	6,936	543,975
125,0	0,000	010,010
Related party transactions		
Sales to related parties		
Housing Company Tshwane: Rates	(202,305)	(167,860)
Housing Company Tshwane: Water and electricity	(91,679)	(18,382)
Housing Company Tshwane: Interest	(369)	-
Housing Company Tshwane: Deposit paid	(350)	-
Sandspruit Works Association (water purchases from CoT)	168,095,578	132,532,414
Sandspruit Works Association (electricity purchases from CoT)	1,611,919	2,876,785
Purchases from related parties		
Sandspruit Works Association (water sales to CoT)	140,954,128	116,864,174
TEDA: Loan from shareholder	-	588,482
TEDA: Printing services	1,208	-
Expenses paid on behalf of related parties		
Housing Company Tshwane: Telephone expenses	72,528	50,915
TEDA (salary of acting CEO) (seconded from CoT)	1,057,278 4,050,000	-
TEDA: Rental received from City of Tshwane TEDA: SAP implementation MM and FICO	4,050,000 505,296	-
TEDA. SAF Implementation will and FICO	505,290	-
Grants to related parties		
Housing Company Tshwane	15,849,460	12,288,435
Sandspruit Works Association: CoT subsidy	193,576,330	161,457,228
TEDA - grant	57,651,938	47,500,000
TEDA - rental income	4,050,000	543,975
Disestablishment of municipal entities:		
Metsweding Economic Development Agency (MEDA)	_	244,393
modificating Economic Development Agency (WEDA)	_	244,000

MEDA was part of the former Metsweding District Municipality and it was resolved by Council on 25 August 2011 to disestablish the municipal entity. During the 2011/12 financial year all assets and liabilities of MEDA were taken over by the City of Tshwane and creditors outstanding were paid by the City of Tshwane. The amount of R244 393 (2012 = R480 474) relates to the net balance (accumulated surplus) between assets and liabilities on 1 July 2011 and 30 June 2013 respectively. The final close-down financial statements are still to be compiled and finalised. No movement occurred in the balance during 2013/14. The balance was cleared to revenue during 2014/15.

<sup>\*</sup> See Note 47

Consolidated Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2015

## **Notes to the Consolidated Annual Financial Statements**

	Group	Municipality		
2015	2015 2014 Restated* R R		2014 Restated*	
R			R	

#### 47. Prior period restatements

#### Change in accounting policy

With the implementation of GRAP 103: Heritage assets in 2013 the accounting policy of the Municipality regarding the valuation of heritage assets changed. However, the Municipality used the transitional provisions which lapsed on 30 June 2015. According to the transitional provisions the Municipality was not required to measure heritage assets for reporting periods beginning on or after a date within three (3) years following the date of initial adoption of the standard. Up to 30 June 2014, heritage assets were therefore recognised at provisional amounts. An expert was appointed to value the heritage assets during 2014/15 and the value of heritage assets as on 30 June 2014 was therefore restated with an amount of R3 581 871 158.

#### Reclassification

#### Statement of financial performance:

A reclassification was done on general expenditure to the amount of R332 227 417 and consist of collection cost: electricity disconnection expenses which were reclassified to collection cost (R67 697 425) and an amount of R264 529 992 was reclassified to grants and subsidies paid, which relate to transfers to municipal entities. This reclassification was necessary, as the mapping of the expenses was incorrect.

A reclassification was done on expenditure relating to grants-in aid: assessment rates, as this was reclassified to property rates revenue to comply with paragraph 72 of GRAP 23 (R22 006 956).

#### Statement of financial position:

Non-current assets held for sale (R170 509) were reclassified to property, plant and equipment in terms of the revised GRAP 100 requirements.

Other receivables and consumer receivables: An amount of R25 714 380 was reclassified from other receivables to consumer receivables, as the smart prepaid electricity debtor was incorrectly mapped to other receivables.

## Cash flow statement:

A reclassification between receipts from ratepayers and other sources was done (R1 930 320 268) to be comparable, as the calculation method with regard to the receipts from ratepayers was changed during 2014/15. For the group the reclassification amounted to R764 958 649.

For the Municipality reclassification was done between payments to suppliers and transfers and grants to show the transfers to municipal entities correctly (R264 529 992). This is a result of the reclassification between general expenditure and transfers and grants.

For the Municipality an amount of R46 820 859 was reclassified between movement in long-term receivables and movement in financial assets, as these two (2) line items were split on the cash flow statement during 2014/15 to give more detailed information.

#### Correction of errors

#### Revenue:

Service charges were restated with an amount of R4 817 287 due to accruals that were corrected.

Rental of facilities and equipment was restated with an amount of R14 546 434 (group = R13 914 464) as a result of the correction of the straight lining calculations. Refer to other receivables on the statement of financial position as well.

Grant revenue was restated with an amount of R2 159 543 as a result of incorrect expenditure against a capital project which had to be transferred to operational expenditure and the grant revenue recognition had to be reversed as well. Refer to unspent grant under liabilities as well.

Other income was restated with an amount of R48 494 206 as a result of newly identified assets (assets identified during the year which were not on the asset register).

#### Expense:

For the group remuneration was restated with an amount of R518 967 due to corrections done by the municipal entities.

Consolidated Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2015

## **Notes to the Consolidated Annual Financial Statements**

G	Group		Municipality		
2015	2014 Restated*	2015	2014 Restated*		
R	R R		R		

#### 47. Prior period restatements (continued)

Depreciation and amortisation were restated with an amount of R13 853 678 (Group = R14 081 874) due to purification of the asset register.

Repairs and maintenance was restated with an amount of R65 094 008 (group = R74 654 536) due to purification of the asset register (i.e. amounts relate to operational expenditure which cannot be capitalised as an asset) and creditors accrual correction.

General expense was restated with an amount of R271 625 443 (group = R527 960 118) as a result of a correction of the creditors accrual as invoices were paid in 2014/15 and were dated before 30 June 2014. Refer to payables under liabilities as well.

Gain/loss on disposal of assets was restated with an amount of R8 421 329 (group = R8 412 324) as a result of scrapping of assets and disposal of assets.

Finance cost was restated with an amount of R158 928 as a result of corrections to lease liabilities.

Collection cost was restated with an amount of R575 365 as a result of creditors accrual correction.

Bulk purchases were restated with an amount of R28 368 560 as a result of creditors accrual correction.

TEDA: Taxation was restated with an amount of R9 608 due to errors picked up by the entity.

### Statement of financial position:

Other receivables were restated with an amount of R503 069 828 (group = R505 612 372) mainly as a result of corrections to levies for rental of facilities and waste management debtors which form party of sundry debtors and the pre-payment made to Sanral out of a capital project for which a debtor had to be created.

Investment property was restated with an amount of R102 873 780 due to purification of the fixed asset register and for the group it was restated with R111 130 210 as Housing Company Tshwane used the fair value model for investment property and an adjusting entry had to be done on consolidation..

The restatement of property, plant and equipment with an amount of R607 313 908 (group = R607 322 693) consists mainly of purification of the fixed asset register and transferring amounts to operational expenditure which cannot be capitalised as an asset under the purification of assets under construction.

Leased assets were restated with an amount of R1 847 328 and the lease liability was also restated with R1 866 272. This was due to calculation errors picked up.

Intangible assets were restated with an amount of R4 959 757 (group = R5 119 062) due to purification actions.

Heritage assets were restated with an amount of R3 581 871 158 due to the valuation of heritage assets as the transitional provisions of GRAP 103 lapsed on 30 June 2015.

Trade payables were restated with an amount of R271 095 714 (group = R273 519 145) due to the correction of creditor accruals due to late receiving of invoices (R368 317 362 increase) and the gain on transfer of functions which was transferred to revenue (R97 221 647 decrease).

Consumer deposits were restated with an amount of R3 001 653 due to the restatement of the transfer of functions. Council approval was obtained to write off or transfer to revenue the balances which showed no movement since the transfer of functions were finalised.

The municipality restated VAT receivable with R122 506 729 and VAT payable with R45 916 232 mainly due to the claiming of VAT on non-vatable services e.g. transport services and corrections by the municipal entities and the VAT audit done by SARS.

Unspent grants and receipts were restated with an amount of R2 159 545, and a municipal entity (Sandspruit) with an amount of R1 551 045 as a result of incorrect expenditure against a capital project which had to be transferred to operational expenditure and the grant revenue recognition had to be reversed as well. (Refer to grant revenue as well).

Accumulated surplus was restated with a net amount of R3 267 998 188 (group = R3 258 462 319) consisting of a decrease in the surplus of 2013/14 of R334 031 240 and an increase in the surplus of 2012/13 and prior of R3 602 029 427 and for municipal entities an amount of R9 535 867.

\* See Note 47

Consolidated Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2015

## **Notes to the Consolidated Annual Financial Statements**

	Group	Municipality		
2015	2015 2014 Restated* R R		2014 Restated*	
R			R	

#### 47. Prior period restatements (continued)

### Restatement on disclosure notes:

#### Note 46 - Related party transactions were restated due to errors picked up only in the 2013/14 financial year:

#### TFDA:

Trade receivables were restated from R0 to R543 975 due to rental income that is owed to TEDA by the City of Tshwane.

### Sandspruit Works Association:

Purchases from this related party was restated from R132 232 368 to R132 532 414.

#### Note 42 - Commitments:

The amount of the commitments relating to 2013/14 has been restated during 2014/15 to reflect the amounts as per the adjustment budget. The total was restated with an amount of R220 794 533 from R4 167 986 756 to R4 388 781 289.

### Note 49 - Fruitless and wasteful expenditure:

TEDA: The entity restated the fruitless and wasteful expenditure of 2013/14 from R50 515 to R246 174.

#### Note 50 - Irregular expenditure:-

The irregular expenditure of the municipality in 2013/14 was restated with an amount of R177 557 908 relating to non-compliance with section 23 of the SCM regulations which was only picked up during 2014/15.

## Note 53 - Operating leases were restated due to errors picked up in the 2014/15 financial year

During 2014/15 it was identified that the balance of R43 200 000 disclosed in the 2013/14 financial year was incorrect and should have been zero as the lease of the buses was fully repaid in 2013/14.

Presented below are the prior period restatements contained in the surplus for the year, the statement of financial position and the cash flow statement.

		G	Group		Municipality		
		2015		2014	2015	2014	
		R		Restated*	R	Restated R	
		iv					
<b>'</b> .	Prior period restatements (continued)						
	Group	As prev		Reclassi- fication	Correction of errors	Restated	
	2014	Τέρο	ieu	lication	enois		
	Statement of financial performance Revenue:						
	Property rates	4,432,3	341,534	(22,006,956)	-	4,410,334,578	
	Service charges	12,312,	128,924	-	4,817,287	12,316,946,21	
	Rental of facilities and equipment	112,8	356,800	-	(13,944,464)	98,912,33	
	Interest received: Outstanding consumer debtors	326,8	315,627	25,200	-	326,840,82	
	Public contributions and donations	237,9	944,478	-	-	237,944,47	
	Fines	/	385,787	-	(62,022,251)	134,863,53	
	Licences and permits	·	301,028	-	-	55,801,02	
	Government grants, subsidies, awards and donations		054,018	-	(2,159,543)		
	Other income	- ,	312,767	(05.000)	48,494,206	726,106,97	
	Interest received - external investments		127,699	(25,200)		52,402,49	
	Total Revenue	23,380,8	368,662	(22,006,956)	(24,814,765)	23,334,046,94	
	Expenditure:						
	Remuneration	6,085,9	985,562	-	518,967	6,086,504,52	
	Remuneration of councillors	96,7	788,502	-	-	96,788,50	
	Depreciation and amortisation		177,456	-	14,081,874	1,251,559,33	
	Impairment loss/reversal of impairments	,	200,760	-	-	5,200,76	
	Finance cost		986,128	-	(158,928)	813,827,20	
	Debt impairment		323,038	- 07.007.405	(62,022,250)	, , ,	
	Collection costs Repairs and maintenance	,	113,866 150,179	67,697,425	575,365 74,654,536	160,386,65 1,379,804,71	
	Bulk purchases		172,531	_	28,068,514	7,056,541,04	
	Grants and subsidies paid		06,956	242,523,036	(264,529,992)	7,000,041,04	
	General expenses	,	102,740	, ,	527,960,118	4,344,835,44	
	Total expenditure	22,236,9	07,718	(22,006,956)	319,148,204	22,534,048,96	
	Gain/(loss) on disposal of assets and liabilities	(151,6	349,954	)	8,412,324	(143,237,63	
	Fair value adjustments	(47,2	226,582		(300,000)		
	Gain/(loss) on foreign exchange	,	42,326		(0.000)	42,32	
	Taxation	(1,9	963,079	) -	(9,608)	(1,972,68	
	Surplus for the year	943,	63,655	-	(335,860,253)	607,303,40	

G	roup	Municipality		
2015			2014	
	Restated*		Restated*	
R	R R		R	

Group	As previously	Changes in	Reclassi-	Correction of	Restated
2014	reported	accounting policy	fication	errors	
Not	te				
Statement of financial position Current assets					
Inventory	391,915,943	-	-	2	391,915
Current portion of long-term receivables	162,118,924	-	-	-	162,118
Other receivables	652,312,213	-	(25,714,380)	505,612,372	1,132,210,
VAT receivable	1,785,209	-	-	120,721,520	122,506,
Consumer receivables	2,534,752,267	-	25,714,380	16,668	2,560,483,
Call investment deposits	622,948,673		-	-	622,948,
Cash and cash equivalents	224,867,307	-	-	-	224,867
Non-current assets					
Investment property	864,677,551		- -	(111,130,320)	753,547
Property, plant and equipment	26,090,032,722		170,509	(607,322,693)	
Leased assets	9,931,773		-	(1,847,328)	
Intangible assets	392,033,888		-	(5,119,062)	, ,
Heritage assets	25,750,552	, , ,	-	-	3,607,621,
Investments Long-term receivables	5,807,092 108,213,966		-	-	5,807, 108,213,
Interest rate swap asset	34,411,454		-	-	34,411,
Non-current assets held for sale  Current liabilities	170,509		(170,509)	-	04,411,
Long-term liabilities	507,460,155	_	-	-	507,460.
Lease liabilities	10,624,474	_	-	(1,878,706)	8,745,
Deferred operating lease liability	2,608,775		-	-	2,608
Payables from exchange transactions	5,264,814,545	-	-	273,519,145	5,538,333
VAT payable	45,916,232	-	-	(45,066,990)	849,
Consumer deposits	413,750,974	-	-	(3,001,653)	410,749,
Unspent grants and receipts	134,328,118		-	608,500	134,936,
Taxation	3,071,875	-	-	206,110	3,277,
Non-current liabilities Long-term liabilities	8,746,039,145	-	-	-	8,746,039
Lease liabilities	210,183	-	-	12,434	222,
Deferred operating lease liability Retirement benefit obligation	481,254 1,955,900,647		-	-	481, 1,955,900,
Deferred tax	9,700	-	-	(847)	8,
Provisions	445,694,280	-	-	` -	445,694
Interest rate swap liability	44,114,153	-	-	-	44,114,

<sup>\*</sup> See Note 47

	Group		Municipality						
	2015	2014 Restated*	2015	2014 Restated*					
	R	R	R	R					
7. Prior period restatements (continued)	Prior period restatements (continued)								
Group	As previously reported	Reclassi- fication	Correction of errors	Restated					
2014	. sportou		0.10.0						
Cash flow statement									
Cash generated from operations Cash receipts from ratepayers and service charges Cash receipts from other revenue sources Grants Cash paid to suppliers Cash paid to employees Transfers and grants Finance costs (interest paid) Taxes on surpluses Interest income	16,744,470,458 1,066,971,302 4,984,560,786 (12,651,146,942 (6,182,774,064 (22,006,956 (813,986,128	2 742,976,893 6 - 20 266,502,677 4) - 6) (242,523,036) 3) - (1,972,685)	(423,335,899) - 150,749,048	15,979,486,609 1,386,612,296 4,984,560,786 (12,233,895,217 (6,183,293,031 - (813,827,200 (1,972,685 52,402,499					
Net cash generated from operations	3,178,516,158	-	(8,442,098)	3,170,074,057					
Cash flow from investing activities Purchase of property, plant and equipment Purchase/redemption of leased assets Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment Purchase of investment property Purchase of other intangible assets/restatements Proceeds from sale of intangible assets Purchase of heritage assets Purchase of heritage assets Proceeds from sale of heritage assets Movement in long-term receivables Movement in financial assets Movement in interest rate swap asset Movement in interest rate swap liability Net cash from investing activities	(4,628,611,029 117,884 (20,591,172 23,316,350 (9,267,146 13,434,315 (7 536 (47,641,738 47,142,677 44,114,153 (4,577,985,178	4 - 2) - 5) - 55 - 7) - 64 - 70 - 65 - 70 - 646,820,859) 70 - 71 - 72 - 73 - 74 - 75 - 76 - 77 - 76 - 77 - 76 - 77 - 76 - 77 - 76 - 77 - 78 - 78 - 79 - 70 - 70 - 70 - 70 - 70 - 70 - 70 - 70	(972,246) 2,340,752 9,163,630 724,160 (369,230) - 7 - - - - - - 10,887,073	(4,629,583,275) 2,458,636 (11,427,542) 24,040,510 (9,636,376) 13,434,315 536 (46,820,859) (820,880) 47,142,677 44,114,153 (4,567,098,105)					
Cash flow from financing activities Proceeds from long-term liabilities Repayment of long-term liabilities Finance lease repayments	1,600,000,000 (648,537,164 (81,149,114	1) - 1) -	(2,444,976)	1,600,000,000 (648,537,164 (83,594,090					
Net cash from financing activities	870,313,722	-	(2,444,976)	867,868,746					

	G	roup		Municipality		
	2015		2014	2015	2014	
	R		Restated* R	R	Restated R	
Prior period restatements (continued)						
Net cash flow	/ <del>-</del> /	1			/=00 4== 004	
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	(529,1 1,376,9	55,301) 71,281	- -	-	(529,155,301 1,376,971,281	
Cash flow at the end of the year	847,8	15,980	-	-	847,815,980	
Municipality	As previ	ously	Reclassi-	Correction of	Restated	
2014	repor	ted	fication	errors		
2014	R'00	00	R'000	R'000	R'000	
Statement of financial performance Revenue:						
Property rates	4,432,5	09.394	(22,006,956)	_	4,410,502,438	
Service charges	12,364,1	-	-	5.117.333	12,369,231,56	
Rental of facilities and equipment	, ,	63,153	_	(14,546,434)		
Interest received: Outstanding consumer debtors	•	41,658	_	(, 0 . 0, . 0 . )	299,341,65	
Public contributions and donations	•	44,478	_	_	237,944,47	
Fines	,	85,787		(62,022,251)		
Licences and permits	,	01,028	_	(02,022,231)	55,801,02	
Government grants and subsidies	4,976,0	,	_	(2,159,543)		
Other income		96,789	_	48,494,206	721,890,99	
Interest received - external investments	,	99,573	-	-	51,799,57	
Total Revenue	23,397,7	10,113	(22,006,956)	(25,116,689)	23,350,586,46	
Municipality	As previ		Reclassi-	Correction of	Restated	
2014	repor	ieu	fication	errors		
Expenditure:						
Employee costs	5,977,3	-	-	-	5,977,333,28	
Remuneration of councillors	,	88,502	-	-	96,788,50	
Depreciation and amortisation	1,233,8		-	13,853,678	1,247,700,84	
Impairment loss/reversal of impairments	,	00,760	-	-	5,200,76	
Finance cost	•	90,999	-	(158,928)		
Debt impairment	1,304,9		-	(62,022,250)	1,242,883,80	
Collection costs	·	48,535	67,697,425	575,365	160,321,32	
Repairs and maintenance	1,302,6		-	65,094,008	1,367,741,01	
Bulk purchases	7,148,3		- 040 500 000	28,368,560	7,176,709,74	
Grants and subsidies paid General expenses	4,249,1	06,956 06,890	242,523,036 (332,227,417)	271,625,443	264,529,993 4,188,504,91	
Total expenditure	22,245,3	17,343	(22,006,956)	317,335.876	22,540,646,26	
Gain/(loss) on disposal of assets and liabilities	, ,	86,980		8,421,329	(143,165,65	
Fair value adjustments		26,582		-	(47,526,58	
Gain/(loss) on foreign exchange		42,326	-	-	42,32	
Surplus for the year	953.3	21,534	_	(334,031,236)	619,290,298	

# **Notes to the Consolidated Annual Financial Statements**

			Group		Mun	icipality
		20	15 F	2014 Restated*	2015	2014 Restated*
		F	₹	R	R	R
47.	Prior period restatements (continued)					
	Statement of financial position					
	Current assets	000 500 005				222 522 225
	Inventory	388,533,035	-	-	-	388,533,035
	Current portion of long-term receivables	162,118,924	-	-	-	162,118,924
	Other debtors	633,834,417	-	(25,714,380)	503,069,508	1,111,189,545
	Consumer debtors	2,518,811,868	-	25,714,380	16,668	2,544,542,916
	VAT receivable	-	-	-	122,506,729	122,506,729
	Call investment deposits	622,948,673	-	-	-	622,948,673
	Cash and cash equivalents Non-current assets	174,299,426	-	-	-	174,299,426
	Investment property	851,177,551	-	-	(102,873,780)	748,303,771
	Property, plant and equipment	26,071,567,438	-	170,509	(607,313,908)	25,464,424,039
	Leased assets	9,931,773	-	-	(1,847,328)	
	Intangible assets	391,730,090	-	-	(4,959,757)	
	Heritage assets	25,750,552	3,581,871,158	-	-	3,607,621,710
	Investments	5,807,092	-	-	-	5,807,092
	Long-term receivables	108,213,966	-	-	-	108,213,966
	Interest rate swap asset	34,411,454	-	(170 500)	-	34,411,454
	Non-current assets held for sale  Current liabilities	170,509	-	(170,509)	-	-
	Trade and other payables from exchange transactions	5,207,107,468	-	-	271,095,714	5,478,203,182
	Deferred operating lease liability	2,308,997	_	_	_	2,308,997
	Long-term liabilities	507,144,757	_	_	_	507,144,757
	Lease liabilities	10,624,474	-	_	(1,878,706)	
	VAT payable	45.916.232	_	_	(45,916,232)	-
	Unspent grants and receipts	132,498,219	-	_	2,159,545	134,657,764
	Consumer deposits	410,025,312	-	-	(3,001,653)	407,023,659
	Non-current liabilities					
	Long-term liabilities	8,743,549,702	-	-	-	8,743,549,702
	Lease liabilities	210,183	-	-	12,434	222,617
	Retirement benefit obligation	1,955,900,647	-	-	-	1,955,900,647
	Provisions	445,691,718	-	-	-	445,691,718
	Interest rate swap liability <b>Equity</b>	44,114,153	-	-	-	44,114,153
	Accumulated surplus	14,494,214,906	-	-	3,267,998,188	17,762,213,094

	G	roup		Municipality					
	2015	F	2014 Restated*	2015	2014 Restated				
	R		R	R	R				
Prior period restatements (continued)									
Municipality	As prev	•	Reclassi- fication	Correction of errors	Restated				
2014	ТСРО	icu	noation	Citoro					
Cash flow statement									
Cash generated from operations Cash receipts from ratepayers and service charges Cash receipts from other revenue sources Grants received Cash paid to suppliers Cash paid to employees	14,174,1 3,747,8 4,983,2 (12,876,1 (6,074,1	75,554 22,000 89,503)		(425,905,727)	4,983,222,000 (12,199,542,035				
Transfers and grants paid Finance costs (interest paid) Interest Income	(22,0 (813,0	21,790) 06,956) 90,999) 99,573	(242,523,036)	158,928 -	(8,074,121,790) (264,529,992) (812,932,07) 51,799,573				
Net cash generated from operations	3,171,6	10,505	-	(8,261,517)	3,163,348,988				
Cash flow from investing activities Purchase of property, plant and equipment Purchase/redemption of leased assets Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment Purchase of investment property Purchase of other intangible assets/restatements Proceeds from sale of intangible assets Purchase of heritage assets Proceeds from sale of heritage assets Movement in long-term receivables Movement in financial assets Movement in interest rate swap asset	(20,5 23,3 (9,0 13,4	61,242) 17,884 91,172) 16,350 45,120) 34,315 (7) 536 - 41,739) 42,677	- - - - - - (46,820,859)	(972,246) 2,340,752 9,163,630 724,159 (549,807) - 7 -	(4,618,933,488 2,458,636 (11,427,542 24,040,509 (9,594,922 13,434,319 536 (46,820,859 (820,886 47,142,677				
Movement in interest rate swap liability		14,153	-	-	44,114,15				
Net cash from investing activities	(4,567,1	13,365)	-	10,706,495	(4,556,406,87				
Cash flow from financing activities Proceeds from long-term liabilities Repayment of long-term liabilities Finance lease repayments	(648,2	00,000 21,694) 49,114)	- - -	- - (2,444,976)	1,600,000,00 (648,221,69 (83,594,09				
Net cash from financing activities	870,€	29,192	-	(2,444,976)	868,184,21				
Net cash flow Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year		73,668) 21,767	-	-	(524,873,66) 1,322,121,76				
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	797,2	48,099	-		797,248,09				

## **Notes to the Consolidated Annual Financial Statements**

		Gro	up	Munici	pality
		2015	2014 Restated*	2015	2014 Restated*
		R	R	R	R
48.	Unauthorised expenditure				
	Opening balance	1,193,981,952	_	1,193,981,952	_
	Unauthorised expenditure in current year (refer to Appendix D for detail)	785,504,172	1,193,981,952	785,504,172	1,193,981,952
	Less: Approved/Condoned by Council in respect of previous financial year	(1,193,981,952)	-	(1,193,981,952)	-
		785,504,172	1,193,981,952	785,504,172	1,193,981,952

## 2014/15:

Refer to Appendix D relating to municipal votes and Appendix E relating to revenue and expenditure line items for more detail.

The over-expenditure can mainly be attributed to, debt impairment, depreciation, finance charges and loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment.

Note: The unauthorised expenditure disclosed above is determined by the over-expenditure per municipal vote. While the unauthorised expenditure disclosed in the Statement of Comparison between Budget and Actual Amount is determined by the overexpenditure on the type of expenditure line items.

Unauthorised expenditure: Budget				
overspending - per strategic unit				
Group Financial Services	-	100,937,287	-	100,937,287
Health and Social Development	26,270,026	10,006,092	26,270,026	10,006,092
Information and Communication Technology	115,159,925	25,322,297	115,159,925	25,322,297
Management				
Metro Police Services	19,425,662	161,920,826	19,425,662	161,920,826
Office of the Chief Audit Executive	97,595,821	-	97,595,821	-
Regional Service Delivery	216,622,176	203,817,966	216,622,176	203,817,966
Service Infrastructure: Electricity	129,465,017	330,797,025	129,465,017	330,797,025
Service Infrastructure: Water and Sanitation	137,027,219	89,328,107	137,027,219	89,328,107
Transport	43,938,326	-	43,938,326	-
City Planning	-	4,573,719	-	4,573,719
City Strategies and Performance	-	2,110,624	-	2,110,624
Management				
Corporate and Shared Services	-	133,993,117	-	133,993,117
Emergency Services	-	19,540,982	-	19,540,982
Environmental Management	-	79,658,664	-	79,658,664
Housing and Human Settlement	-	14,335,000	-	14,335,000
Legal Services	-	330,829	-	330,829
Macro Economic Planning	-	1,829,000	-	1,829,000
Office of the Chief Whip	-	1,072,956	-	1,072,956
Office of the Speaker	-	14,407,461	-	14,407,461
	785,504,172	1,193,981,952	785,504,172	1,193,981,952

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<sup>\*</sup> See Note 47

## **Notes to the Consolidated Annual Financial Statements**

	Grou	р	Municip	ality
	2015	2014 Restated*	2015	2014 Restated*
	R	R	R	R
Fruitless and wasteful expenditure				
Opening balance	17,428,956	16,667,942	13,503,181	13,139,02
Fruitless and wasteful expenditure in current year (from declarations)	992,600	329,768	992,600	329,76
SCM: Lowest price quotation not selected	-	1,894	-	1,89
Electricity: Disputing interest levied by Eskom	-	32,495	-	32,49
Interest on overdue accounts not recorded	40,392	-	40,392	
Current year expenditure - TEDA	662,939	246,174	-	
Current year expenditure - Housing Company Tshwane	31,342	113,579	-	
Current year expenditure - Sandspruit	-	50,287	-	
Less: Condoned - TEDA	(38,990)		-	
Less: Recoveries - Housing Company Tshwane	(150)	(13,183)	-	
Less: Condoned - Housing Company Tshwane	(144,402)	-	-	
Less: Approved by Council	(329,768)	-	(329,768)	
	18,642,919	17,428,956	14,206,405	13,503,18
Details of fruitless and wasteful expenditure – cu Electricity: Eskom interest Interest on overdue accounts not recorded Group Finance: Cheque fraud Housing Company Tshwane: Interest and penalty to SARS TEDA: Interest and penalties in respect of provisional tax TEDA: Provisional tax CSRI for TITIIC	Urrent year Disciplinary steps tak Under investigation Non-compliance Under investigation Under investigation	en/criminal proceedi dispute with Eskom  VAT review ongoing in registering for PAYI	ngs	13,503,18 664,83 40,39 327,76 31,34 147,05 515,88
Electricity: Eskom interest Interest on overdue accounts not recorded Group Finance: Cheque fraud Housing Company Tshwane: Interest and penalty to SARS TEDA: Interest and penalties in respect of provisional tax TEDA: Provisional tax CSRI for TITIIC	Under investigation - Non-compliance Under investigation Under investigation Under investigation Under investigation  None. Due to delay and UIF None. Under provisi postponement	en/criminal proceedi dispute with Eskom  VAT review ongoing in registering for PAYI	ngs	664,83 40,39 327,76 31,34 147,05
Electricity: Eskom interest Interest on overdue accounts not recorded Group Finance: Cheque fraud Housing Company Tshwane: Interest and penalty to SARS TEDA: Interest and penalties in respect of provisional tax	Under investigation - Non-compliance Under investigation - Under investigation Under investigation Under investigation - None. Due to delay and UIF None. Under provisi postponement	en/criminal proceedice dispute with Eskom  VAT review ongoing in registering for PAYI ion due to TITIIC	ngs =, SDL	664,83 40,39 327,76 31,34 147,05 515,88
Electricity: Eskom interest Interest on overdue accounts not recorded Group Finance: Cheque fraud Housing Company Tshwane: Interest and penalty to SARS TEDA: Interest and penalties in respect of provisional tax TEDA: Provisional tax CSRI for TITIIC	Urrent year Disciplinary steps tak Under investigation Non-compliance Under investigation Under investigation None. Due to delay and UIF None. Under provisi postponement  doned Condoned by Cour	en/criminal proceedi - dispute with Eskom - VAT review ongoing in registering for PAYI ion due to TITIIC	ngs =, SDL	664,83 40,39 327,76 31,34 147,05 515,88
Electricity: Eskom interest Interest on overdue accounts not recorded Group Finance: Cheque fraud Housing Company Tshwane: Interest and penalty to SARS TEDA: Interest and penalties in respect of provisional tax TEDA: Provisional tax CSRI for TITIIC  Details of fruitless-and wasteful expenditure con Housing Company: Recoveries	Urrent year Disciplinary steps tak Under investigation Non-compliance Under investigation Under investigation Under investigation None. Due to delay and UIF None. Under provisi postponement  doned Condoned by Cour Recovered during th	en/criminal proceedi - dispute with Eskom - VAT review ongoing in registering for PAYI ion due to TITIIC	ngs =, SDL	664,83 40,39 327,76 31,34 147,05 515,88 1,727,27
Electricity: Eskom interest Interest on overdue accounts not recorded Group Finance: Cheque fraud Housing Company Tshwane: Interest and penalty to SARS TEDA: Interest and penalties in respect of provisional tax TEDA: Provisional tax CSRI for TITIIC  Details of fruitless-and wasteful expenditure con Housing Company: Recoveries Housing Company: Condonement	Under investigation - Non-compliance Under investigation Under inv	en/criminal proceedi - dispute with Eskom - VAT review ongoing in registering for PAYI ion due to TITIIC	ngs =, SDL	664,83 40,39 327,76 31,34 147,05 515,88 1,727,27
Electricity: Eskom interest Interest on overdue accounts not recorded Group Finance: Cheque fraud Housing Company Tshwane: Interest and penalty to SARS TEDA: Interest and penalties in respect of provisional tax TEDA: Provisional tax CSRI for TITIIC  Details of fruitless-and wasteful expenditure con Housing Company: Recoveries Housing Company: Condonement City of Tshwane: Cheque fraud	Under investigation - Non-compliance Under investigation - Under investigation Under investigation Under investigation Under investigation None. Due to delay and UIF None. Under provisi postponement  doned Condoned by Cour Recovered during th Condoned by Councidened by Counci	en/criminal proceedi - dispute with Eskom - VAT review ongoing in registering for PAYI ion due to TITIIC	ngs =, SDL	664,83 40,39 327,76 31,34 147,05 515,88 1,727,27
Electricity: Eskom interest Interest on overdue accounts not recorded Group Finance: Cheque fraud Housing Company Tshwane: Interest and penalty to SARS TEDA: Interest and penalties in respect of provisional tax TEDA: Provisional tax CSRI for TITIIC  Details of fruitless-and wasteful expenditure con Housing Company: Recoveries Housing Company: Condonement	Under investigation - Non-compliance Under investigation Under inv	en/criminal proceedi - dispute with Eskom - VAT review ongoing in registering for PAYI ion due to TITIIC	ngs =, SDL	664,83 40,39 327,76 31,34 147,05 515,88

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<sup>\*</sup> See Note 47

## **Notes to the Consolidated Annual Financial Statements**

	Grou	p	Municip	pality
	2015	2014 Restated*	2015	2014 Restated*
	R	R	R	R
Irregular expenditure				
Opening balance Add: Irregular Expenditure (from	627,469,867 124,312	293,590,854	612,048,099 124,312	284,186,513
declarations) - current year Add: Irregular expenditure due to non- compliance with regulation 44 of MFMA -	186,775	8,328,629	186,775	8,328,629
persons in service of City of Tshwane Add: Irregular expenditure due to awards to	1,920,492	-	1,920,492	
employees of other state institutions Add: Irregular expenditure ito section 32 of the MFMA	65,083,419	11,903,603	65,083,419	11,903,60
Add: Irregular expenditure due to rotation of suppliers	68,322	505,891	68,322	505,89
Add: Irregular expenditure due to procurement splitting	231,250	427,439	231,250	427,439
Add: Irregular expenditure due to unfair and subjective awards	-	189,999	-	189,999
Add: Irregular expenditure because 3 quotations were not obtained	11,288	68,101	11,288	68,10
Add: Irregular expenditure due to lowest price quotation not selected	-	80,548	-	80,54
Add: Irregular expenditure due to BRT System contract 239	-	79,161,683	-	79,161,68
Add: Irregular expenditure due to transactions with employees	-	1,794,764	-	1,794,76
Add: Irregular expendiute due to no disclosure of awards to spouses of employees	-	2,416,421	-	2,416,42
Add: Irregular expenditure due to value of awards made not disclosed	-	1,202,640	-	1,202,64
Add: Irregular expenditure due to SCM deviations	-	24,773,145	-	24,773,14
Add: Irregular expenditure due to the ward committee system found to be invalid by the courts	8,162,651	19,450,815	8,162,651	19,450,81
Add: Irregular expenditue due to expired BBBEE certificate	38,029,172	-	38,029,172	
Add: Irregular expenditure due to non compliance with section 19 (a) of SCM regulations (identified in current year)	808,333,532	177,557,908	808,333,532	177,557,90
Add: Sandspruit non-compliance with SCM regulations	14,251,713	7,205,515	-	
Add: Housing Company Tshwane - non compliance with SCM regulations	1,570,498	-	-	
Less: Ward committee expenditure of 2014 condoned ito court ruling	(19,450,815)	-	(19,450,815)	
Less: Ward committee expenditure of 2015 condoned ito court ruling	(8,162,651)	-	(8,162,651)	
Less: Sandspruit condoned Less: TEDA condoned	(707,405)	(1,188,088)	-	
Less: Approved/condoned during the year	(50,611)		(50,611)	
	1,537,071,809	627,469,867	1,506,535,235	612,048,09

## **Notes to the Consolidated Annual Financial Statements**

G	roup	Mun	icipality
2015	2014	2015	2014 Restated*
	Restated*		Restated*
R	R	R	R

## 50. Irregular expenditure (continued)

).	Irregular expenditure (continued)		
	Details of irregular expenditure – current year	Disciplinary steps taken/criminal proceedings	
	Ex facto payments - section 32	Non-compliance with SCM regulations	65,083,419
	Irregular expenditure due to the ward committee	Ward committee system found to be invalid by	8,162,651
	system	the courts	-,,
	Non-compliance with regulation 44 of MFMA - persons in service of City of Tshwane	Non-compliance with SCM regulations	186,775
	Declaration: Group Financial Services - remuneration	Court judgement in favour of employee who was reinstated	42,246
	Declaration: Corporate and Shared Services - salaries of 3 employees paid into fraudulent bank account	Matter is still investigated	82,066
	lrregular expenditure due to non-compliance with section 19(a) of SCM regulations (R177 557 908 of 2013/14 was identified in current year)	Non-compliance with SCM regulations	808,333,532
	Procurement of goods and/services split into parts	Non-compliance	231,250
	Awards to employees of other state institutions	Non-compliance	1,920,492
	Three quotations not obtained	Non-compliance with MFMA	11,288
	Supplier of goods and services not rotated	Non-compliance	68,322
	Expired BBBEE certificate	Non-compliance	38,029,172
	Sandspruit: Manhole covers	None. Amount has been condoned	73,391
	Sandspruit: Municipal Finance Management Programme	None. Amount has been condoned	289,332
	Sandspruit: TLB hire at WWTW	None. Amount has been condoned	28,500
	Sandspruit: Grass cutting at Rietgat WWTW	None. Amount has been condoned	28,158
	Sandspruit: Repairs and maintenance at water purification works	None. Amount has been condoned	30,435
	Sandspruit: Facilitation of strategic workshop and development of turnaround strategy	None. Amount has been condoned	171,000
	Sandspruit: Other items below R10 000 individually	None. Amount has been condoned	36,577
	Sandspruit: Supply and delivery of customised ODI diaries	None. Amount has been condoned	38,500
	Sandspruit: Annual software licence fee	None. Amount has been condoned	11,512
	Sandspruit: Various repairs and maintenance at various WWTW	None. Awaiting investigation/condonement	8,981,217
	Sandspruit: TLB hire	None. Awaiting investigation/condonement	1,210,825
	Sandspruit: Cash collection security services	None. Awaiting investigation/condonement	312,893
	Sandspruit: Grading of job profiles	None. Awaiting investigation/condonement	33,354
	Sandspruit: Office cleaning products	None. Awaiting investigation/condonement	268,872
	Sandspruit: Cutting of grass services	None. Awaiting investigation/condonement	35,867
	Sandspruit: Other various WWTW expenses	None. Awaiting investigation/condonement	126,120
	Sandspruit: Municipal Finance Management programme	None. Awaiting investigation/condonement	289,332
	Sandspruit: Repair and removal of branding on vehicles	None. Awaiting investigation/condonement	33,516
	Sandspruit: Valid emergencies reclassified due to lack of rotation of suppliers	None. Awaiting investigation/condonement	363,884
	Sandspruit: Repairs to submersible pump	None. Awaiting investigation/condonement	29,901
	Sandspruit: DN300 hydroclass pipe due to pipe burst in Ga-Rankuwa	None. Awaiting investigation/condonement	53,153
	Sandspruit: Cleaning of all Sandspruit offices	None. Awaiting investigation/condonement	1,015,700
	Sandspruit: Legal fees	None. Awaiting investigation/condonement	679,875
	Sandspruit: Accommodation hire for IMESA conference	None. Awaiting investigation/condonement	14,847
	Sandspruit: Secretarial services for board meetings	None. Awaiting investigation/condonement	5,903
	Sandspruit: Venue hire for board meeting	None. Awaiting investigation/condonement	5,212
	Sandspruit: Catering during Kuka Maoto	None. Awaiting investigation/condonement	4,200
	Sandspruit: Transpot for funeral arrangements	None. Awaiting investigation/condonement	4,900

<sup>\*</sup> See Note 47

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Consolidated Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2015

## **Notes to the Consolidated Annual Financial Statements**

		G	roup	Mun	icipality
		2015	2014	2015	2014
			Restated*		Restated*
		R	R	R	R
luunn					
Sand	ular expenditure (continued) Ispruit: Advertising of position in Epapers	None. Awaiting in	vestigation/condoneme	nt	33,902
	Ispruit: Incident investigation training	None Awaiting in	vestigation/condoneme	nt	40,835
	sing Company: Awarding security services		be launched to verify wh		431,345
	act without following bidding process (Eloff)		of negligence or miscon		101,010
	sing Company: Awarding cleaning services		be launched to verify wh		476,450
contr	contract without following bidding process (Clarina)		of negligence or miscon		.,
	sing Company: Awarding security services	Investigation will	be launched to verify wh	ether	521,903
contr (Clar	act without following bidding process		of negligence or miscon		,
	sing Company: Contract awarded without	Investigation will	be launched to verify wh	ether	140,800
follov	ving the bidding process and the amount is than R200 000		of negligence or miscon		
					937,973,424
Detai	ils of irregular expenditure condoned				
	or og a.a. oxportation o contaction	Condoned by Co	ouncil/City Manager/Si	ĒD	
Mana	: Group IT and Communications agement - engaging service provider while act has expired	Condoned by Co			50,611
2014	: Irregular expenditure due to the ward nittee system	Condoned by Council and in terms of court ruling			19,450,815
	: Irregular expenditure due to the ward nittee system	Condoned by Co	uncil and in terms of cou	ırt ruling	8,162,651
Sand	Ispruit: Manhole covers	Condoned by the	board		73,39
	lspruit: Municipal Finance Management ramme	Condoned by the	board		289,332
Sand	Ispruit: TLB hire at WWTW	Condoned by the	board		28,500
	Ispruit: Grass cutting at Rietgat WWTW	Condoned by the			28,158
Sand	Ispruit: Repairs and maintenance at water cation works	Condoned by the			30,435
Sand	Ispruit: Facilitaion of strategic workshop and lopment of turnaround strategy	Condoned by the	board		171,000
	Ispruit: Other items below R10 000	Condoned by the	board		36,577
Sand	individually Sandspruit: Supply and delivery of customised				
Sand indivi Sand		Condoned by the	board		38,500
Sand indivi Sand ODI	Ispruit: Supply and delivery of customised	Condoned by the			38,500 11,512

The irregular expenditure relating to prior year deviations was condoned in terms of the Supply Chain Management Policy by the Accounting Officer and was noted by Council. This irregular expenditure was then viewed as irregular subsequently and not complying with section 36 of the Supply Chain Management Policy, which allows the Accounting Officer to dispense with the official procurement process established by policy to procure any required goods or services through any convenient process, but only:

- (i) in an emergency;
  (ii) if such goods or services are produced or available from single provider only;
- (iii) in any other exceptional case where it is impractical or impossible to follow the official procurement process.

The prerogative of approval and condonement of deviation is a permission granted to the Accounting Officer of the Municipality and to be noted by Council. However, these particular deviations were viewed as not having complied with regulation 36, namely not being emergency or impractical or impossible to follow official procurement process, in the prior year.

These prior year deviations were also contracts running for the future years, but were condoned and certified by Council as irrecoverable, which is a core competency and function of the Council.

<sup>\*</sup> See Note 47

## **Notes to the Consolidated Annual Financial Statements**

G	roup	Mun	icipality
2015	2014 Restated*	2015	2014 Restated*
R	R	R	R

## 51. Regulation 45 disclosure

As per section 45 of the MFMA SCM regulations (awards to close family members of persons in the service of the state), the notes to the annual financial statements of a municipality must disclose particulars of any award of more than R2 000 to a person who is a spouse, child or parent of a person in the service of the state or has been in the service of the state in the previous 12 months, indicating:

- The name of that person;
- The capacity in which that person is in the service of the state/municipality; and
- The amount of the award.

The information regarding awards made for the financial year is indicated below.

## Municipality

Employee	Family member and capacity	Value of awards June 2015	Value of awards 30 June 2014
F C Wilkins (Fire Fighter, senior/leading)	E J Wilkens (Spouse)	45,444	-
L W M Maudi (Deputy Director: Cemeteries)	C M Maudi (Spouse)	13,950	-
G G Jacobs (Functional Head: Fleet Support and Logistics)	E M Jacobs (Spouse)	127,628	-
T G Ngwenya (Deputy Director: Judicial Operational Support)	N L M Ngwenya (Spouse)	66,000	-
N P Kekana (Constable/Sergeant)	M G Kekana (Spouse)	3,800	_
N C Mulaudzi (Social Worker)	R C N Mulaudzi (Spouse)	12,105	_
M M Siwela (Snr HR Benefits Administrative Specialist)	D K Siwela (Spouse)	41,959	-
A Springbok (Snr Safety Officer)	V Springbok (Spouse)	31,995	-
W J Snyman (Storekeeper)	Z Snyman (Spouse)	84,336	_
A E Mukwevho (IT Helpdesk Agent)	M F Tibane (Spouse)	2,485,571	-
T M Madiba (Administrator)	Spouse	_	9,000
L Dlamini (Artisan)	Spouse	_	65,798
L H Ramohle (Artisan)	Spouse	_	3,850
M C Magoane (Community Health Nurse)	Spouse	-	450,004
R M Moagi (Community Health Nurse)	Spouse	-	4,670
K Z Khotlele (Disaster Management Officer)	Spouse	-	47,070
V S Mashifane (Worker)	Spouse	_	5,884,129
J M Simoes (Transport Inspector)	M Simoes (Spouse)	_	34,041
D Mthetwa (Councillor)	M A Mthetwa (Spouse)	_	458,457
Z W Kgopa (Health Worker)	M E Kgopa (Spouse)	_	29,000
J Ditlhake (Artisan)	M F Matsho (Spouse)	_	59,570
R A Rachidi (Building Inspector)	W M Rachidi (Spouse)	_	15,117
T H Mashilo (Management Support Officer)	M S Mashilo	-	37,500
Z J Khumalo (Secretary)	M C Mabuza (Spouse)	_	330,000
M M Siwela (Senior HR Benefits Specialist)	D K Siwela (Spouse)	-	466,990
N P Kekana (Constable)	M G Kekana (Spouse)	_	406,338
N P Kekana (Constable)	M G Kekana (Spouse)	-	136,089
M S Matsimela (Planner)	P S Matsimela (Spouse)	-	443,320
TEDA: I Z Joubert	Spouse (as Chief Director, Department of Higher Education)	7,980	-
TEDA: A Muller	Spouse (as Director Social Development)	7,980	-
TEDA: F A Henning	Spouse (as Pilot Mango SOC Ltd)	7,980	_
TEDA: T T Carrim	Spouse (GCSI as Chief Director)	4,104	-
		2,940,832	8,880,943

<sup>\*</sup> See Note 47

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## Notes to the Consolidated Annual Financial Statements

	Group	Mun	icipality
2015	2014 Restated*	2015	2014 Restated*
R	R	R	R

## 52. In-kind donations and assistance

## 2014/15:

The Municipality received the following in-kind donations and assistance during the 2014/15 financial year:

- Emergency Services Department received the following:
  - # Simba chips (4 boxes) from Willards factory for the Fire Brigade Service to the value of R600
  - # Telephone instruments from Mediscor for the Emergency Operational Call Centre and Technical Support Section to the value of R96 000
- Metro Police Services:
  - # Flights, accommodation and conference fees estimated value R122 627
  - # Horse for duty estimated value R10 000
  - # Sponsorship to Barcelona Tetra Conference 3 persons attended
  - # Training course of the Law Enforcement Agency for 5 members
  - # Furniture donated by USA Embassy estimated value R50 000
- Corporate and Shared Services:
  - # Pen and memory stick set, power bank, wrist silicone memory stick, key chain (2) and bag
  - # Promotional material for the Women's Month event for interns and Tshepo 10 000 staff estimated value R50
  - # TSEA project cookbook estimated value R300
  - # George Foreman food fryer from DPSA for being an adjudicator for the National Service Excellence Awards estimated value R500

The Municipality rendered the following in-kind donations and assistance during the 2014/15 financial year:

- Disaster Management Division blankets, food, mattresses, plastic to cover roofs
- Fire brigade services to the value of R29 884
- Fire brigade services accounts waived and free quotes to the value of R1 084 418

## 53. Operating leases

The group leases premises (buildings and parking) from various property owners for terms ranging from three to five years with fixed annual escalation ranging from 8% to 10%. The Municipality has the option to extend the agreement for periods ranging between one month and three years.

## Non-cancelable operating leases - office equipment

The amounts of minimum lease payments under non-cancelable operating leases in respect of office equipment and properties were repaid in full during the 2013/14 financial year.

## Non-cancelable operating leases - vehicles (buses):

The amounts of minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases in respect of vehicles (buses) were repaid in full during the 2014/15 financial year. The 2013/14 balance was restated with an amount of R43 200 000, as it was supposed to be zero.

## **Housing Company Tshwane:**

Operating lease payments represent rentals payable by the entity for its head office. The first lease was negotiated for a term of 3 years from 1 October 2011 to 30 September 2014, with an annual escalation of 10%. The second lease was negotiated for the period 1 March 2012 to September 2014, with an escalation of 10%. The third lease for parking bays was negotiated for the period 1 August 2013 to September 2014. The lease had no binding renewal terms. These leases expired on 30 September 2014 and the company entered into a new lease agreement from 1 October 2014 to 30 September 2017, with an annual escalation of 10%. Housing Company Tshwane does not have the option to purchase the building. No contingent rent is payable. The lease payments for the year under review amounts to R540 070.

## TEDA:

Operating lease commitment is the rental of offices used by TEDA situated at 349 Witch-Hazel Avenue, Eco-origin Building, Block F, Highveld extension 70, Centurion for the period of three years starting 1 November 2013. No contingent rent is payable.

## Sandspruit Works Association:

Operating lease payments represent rentals payable by the entity for some of its office properties. Leases are negotiated for an average term of seven years and rentals are fixed for an average of three years. No contingent rent is payable.

Consolidated Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2015

## **Notes to the Consolidated Annual Financial Statements**

		Group		Municipality	
		2015	2014 Restated*	2015	2014 Restated*
		R	R	R	R
53.	Operating leases (continued)				
	Non-cancellable property leases Payable within a year	10,587,102	22,228,250	_	11,686,260
	Payable within 2 to 5 years	9,602,151	20,236,581	-	-
		20,189,253	42,464,831	-	11,686,260
54.	Rental income straight lining				
	Gross investment in the lease due	4- 0 00 /	40.00-0-0	4-0004	40.00
	<ul><li>within one year</li><li>in second to fifth year inclusive</li></ul>	15,977,384 40,756,239	16,065,876 45,275,540	15,977,384 40,756,239	16,065,876 45,275,540
	- later than five years	168,689,254	174,427,697	168,689,254	174,427,697
		225,422,877	235,769,113	225,422,877	235,769,113
55.	Contingencies				
	Housing loan guarantees Guarantees for housing loans to employees at financial institutions	13,000	192,394	13,000	192,394
	With the implementation of the MFMA no new guara was used as collateral in cases of default of payment		liability would therefo	re decrease in future	The property
	Indemnification Capitalised pension value in compliance with Compensation for Occupational Injuries and Diseases Act, 1993	71,118,358	67,171,810	71,118,358	67,171,810
	The capitalised value as at 31 December 2014 that is amount is guaranteed with a bank guarantee during 2		partment of Labour am	nounted to R71 118 3	58. The actual
	Guarantees issued				
	Guarantees issued in favour of Eskom	213,500	213,500	213,500	213,500
	Insurance claims		<b>a=</b>		
	Pending claims iro asset-, motor own	438,747,631	27,132,083	438,747,631	27,132,083
	damage- contractors and electricity claims Pending claims iro public liabilities	281,114,770	23,375,225	281,114,770	23,375,225

Above-mentioned insurance claims originated before 30 June.

The payment of claims against the City of Tshwane is provided for in the Self Insurance Reserve, which, as at 31 December 2014, has a balance of R25 020 508 (2014 = R25 020 508 and 2013 = R58 163 634).

## Litigation matters:

The legal claims listed below are those that have arisen in the normal course of business and represent the possible amounts that could be awarded should the claims prove successful. The amounts have been based on the attorney's best estimates of the possible amount payable. Amounts have not been provided in certain cases as the court has not yet determined a value. The claims are divided in the under-mentioned groups. The total value of claims, where amounts have been linked to the cases, amount to R104 237 465.37.

<sup>\*</sup> See Note 47

Consolidated Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2015

## **Notes to the Consolidated Annual Financial Statements**

G	roup	Mun	icipality
2015	2014 Restated*	2015	2014 Restated*
R	R	R	R

## 55. Contingencies (continued)

## a. General litigation

## Housing and Sustainable Human Settlement Development Department (total value = R1 579 810.00):

#### Case 1:

The plaintiffs are not satisfied with the compensation offered by the City of Tshwane on the Winterveldt expropriation and are claiming additional compensation for the expropriation of their property. The total claim is for an amount of R746 110 (market value) and R43 700 as solatium together with interest in terms of the Expropriation Act. Awaiting court date.

#### Case 2:

Expropriation. Property was expropriated by the City of Tshwane and the claimant is not satisfied with the amount of compensation paid. Negotiations are underway to find an appropriate amount (R790 000). Awaiting court date.

## Financial Service Department (total value = R7 133 086.43):

#### Case 1:

Applicant claims that interest amounting to R80 000 is owing due to an incorrect clearance memorandum that was issued by the City of Tshwane

#### Case 2:

Damages and refund claim amounting to R71 296. Plaintiff paid monies in order to obtain a clearance certificate to transfer property. He, however, was disputing the account and is now claiming a refund. Plaintiff to apply for trial date.

#### Case 3

Breach of contract. Matter arises out of work that was to have been done before the 2010 Soccer World Cup. City of Tshwane alleges that the work was never done. Claim value is R33 593.52.

## Case 4:

Payment for services rendered. In this matter summons was issued for the payment of services rendered amounting to R2 622 000. There is a dispute regarding the payment of the claim. Negotiations to resolve the matter took place and the matter is still pending.

## Case 5:

Demand for legal fees for debt collection. The matter pertains to a dispute relating to legal fees. Apparently, the Municipality verbally instructed ("orally engaged the services of") a firm of attorneys in September 2005 to do debt collection on behalf of the Municipality and that the Municipality owes the legal firm R1 657.251.00 (being the legal costs on work done on 951 files). The matter is defended.

## Case 6:

Claim for refund. The plaintiff alleges that they were overcharged for water. They claim to have disputed their account and questioned the City of Tshwane's measuring devices. According to them they were overcharged by the amount claimed of R1 505 427.50. The City of Tshwane has filed a plea.

## Case 7:

Claim for damages. This is a claim for the payment of an amount that the plaintiff avers that the City of Tshwane owes him for not informing him that his tenant did not pay for services. The matter is defended and a trial date is awaited. Total claim value is R1 097 936.69.

## Case 8:

Damages claim for wrong calculation. Consumer is alleging that because the Municipality incorrectly charged for services accounts, they are now seeking damages in the form of a refund for overpayment (R20 274.48).

## Case 9:

Claim for refund of money overpaid for electricity due to wrong calculation. Claimant is now seeking damages in the form of a refund for overpayment (R45 306.94).

## Corporate and Shared Services: Property Management and Community Safety (total value = R20 181 002.15):

## Case 1:

Breach of contract. Matter arises out of a contract that was concluded in Pretoria and the breach terms thereof put the Magistrate's court in Nigel as the forum for adjudication. Matter is in court on that dispute (R100 000).

\* See Note 47

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## **Notes to the Consolidated Annual Financial Statements**

G	roup	Mun	icipality
2015	2014 Restated*	2015	2014 Restated*
R	R	R	R

## 55. Contingencies (continued)

#### Case 2:

Breach of contract. Claimant claims that the Municipality has constructively dismissed him in that his position was no longer available on the erstwhile Nokeng Municipality organogram. He then resigned on the basis that he has been constructively dismissed and claimed compensation. He further claims performance bonuses for 4 years. Defence of the Municipality is that he was never constructively dismissed. The matter is still pending (R159 705.00).

#### Case 3

Breach of contract. Matter arises out of 2 councillors and an official who procured work to be done for the City without following prescribed procurement procedures. Claimant now sues for payment (R796 680.00). Both councillors are no longer in office and the official is on suspension.

#### Case 4:

Unfair dismissal. The Municipality (erstwhile Nokeng) advertised positions for 8 student traffic officers. The claimants (3) applied for the positions, were interviewed and subsequently appointed even though they did not meet one or more of the minimum requirements. The then Chief Financial Officer discovered it and indicated that he would not continue to pay them. They were then relieved of their duties after an internal hearing. They should not have been interviewed in the first place. the matter is still pending at the Bargaining Council. (R97 734.00).

#### Case 5

Unfair labour practice. The Municipality (erstwhile Nokeng Municipality) paid employer medical aid contributions directly to the claimant even though she was not a member of any designated medical aid fund. No contributions should have been made for her let alone directly paid to her as part of her salary. The matter is still pending (R42 000.00).

#### Case 6:

Payment of damages. This is a claim for damages relating to the appointment of a former municipal manager of Kungwini Municipality. The matter is defended and a trial date is awaited. (R2 250 000.00).

## Case 7

Claim for damages due to unlawful termination of employment. Plaintiff alleges that his contract of employment was unlawfully terminated by the City of Tshwane. As a result he had to find other employment at a lower salary. Plaintiff now claims from the City of Tshwane the difference in the reduced salary and his previous salary. Plaintiff took the unfair dismissal to the Labour Court and won and was awarded damages. He now seeks an additional claim which amounts to R2 500 000.

## Case 8:

Motor vehicle accident. The plaintiff alleges that the traffic officer caused the accident on 1 September 2009 at Poort Primary School on the Kameeldrift Road and since, at all material times, the traffic officer was acting within the scope of his employment the Municipality is vicariously liable for the damages caused to the plaintiff's car to the amount of R29 238.04. The applicant secured a default judgement against the former Nokeng Municipality without the said municipality being aware of the application, since it was not served on the Municipality. Matter is defended to set aside the default judgement and a trial date is awaited.

## Case 9:

Claim for damages resulting from repudiation of a contract of employment. Plaintiff alleges that a contract of employment was repudiated by the City of Tshwane. Consequently, plaintiff suffered damages as a result of such repudiation and is now claiming damages amounting to R5 464 800 from the City of Tshwane.

## Case 10:

Suspension damages claim. The plaintiff alleges that she was suspended pending an investigation into alleged misconduct. The suspension was never lifted until the employee's contract lapsed. Now she alleges that she has not been able to find employment due to the suspension hanging over her head. She alleges she suffered damages as a result and claims R8 000 000. The plaintiff recently filed an amendment to her particulars as claimant. The City of Tshwane is to file an amended plea.

## Case 11:

This is a claim for stolen pension money. The matter has been referred to the Commercial Crimes Unit of the South African Police Service. In the meantime, the claimant has issued summons for R649 016.79 against the City, as it is suspected that some officials had a hand in the fraudulent payout.

## Case 12:

Labour dispute. City of Tshwane had an agreement with UNISA in terms of which the City of Tshwane provided buses to UNISA for transporting UNISA employees. The buses were driven by UNISA employees. UNISA in turn paid the City of Tshwane a fee. When the contract between UNISA and the City of Tshwane was terminated, the driver lodged a dispute for termination of employment. They are seeking remuneration either from UNISA or the City of Tshwane, depending on who is found to have been the employer. Value of the claim cannot be estimated at this stage.

Consolidated Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2015

## **Notes to the Consolidated Annual Financial Statements**

G	roup	Mun	icipality
2015	2014 Restated*	2015	2014 Restated*
R	R	R	R

## 55. Contingencies (continued)

#### Case 13:

This is a claim for stolen pension money. Claimant was an employee of the City of Tshwane and a cheque for his pension payout was issued and given to the wrong person. Plaintiff never received his cheque. Estimated value R327 211.32.

#### Case 14

Tender for the hiring of vehicles for use by the Electricity Department. Services provided and never paid for (R6 964 617.00).

#### Case 15:

Unfair labour practices. Various cases in arbitration or Labour Court stage. Amounts not quantified.

#### Public Works and Infrastructure Development Department (total value = R46 431 829.58):

#### Case 1:

Retention monies claim. Applicant wants the City of Tshwane to pay retention monies withheld by the Municipality since the project laying sewer network pipes was stopped (R2 508 171.92).

#### Case 2:

Contractual claim for payment arising out of contractual disputes relating to payment for work done and costs incurred due to adverse conditions experienced on site over and above amounts paid as the contract price. The matter was referred for adjudication as per the Condition of Contract and the adjudicator ruled that the contractor was entitled to claim R6 683 428.18. The plaintiff brought an application for summary judgement. The City of Tshwane opposed the summary judgement application and this was upheld and the City was granted leave to defend.

#### Case 3:

Breach of contract: The claim arises out of a roads and water reticulation construction, which the department alleges was not properly done. Matter is defended and the claim value is R2 858 036.62.

## Case 4

Breach of contract. Matter arises from a tender awarded to provide security services on information gathered by the City. Matter has been finalised but the City has to date not retrieved its information from the company (R98 724.00).

## Case 5:

Breach of contract. Tender awarded to plaintiff for City-wide communication system. Plaintiff failed to live up to tender specifications and the City of Tshwane cancelled the contract and is now being sued for R1 401 516. Matter is defended and the matter has been set down for trial

## Case 6:

Breach of contract. Plaintiff provided services to the Municipality but was never paid. Hence the claim of R159 219.22.

## Case 7

Breach of contract. Contribution payment for bulk services. Department alleges the services were inadequately rendered for the claim value of R952 952.29.

## Case 8:

Contribution payment for bulk services. In this matter summons was issued for the payment of bulk services contributions after the City of Tshwane took over the services. Plaintiff alleges that they are entitled to a refund every time a new developer connects to services the plaintiff installed. The matter was defended and a trial date is awaited. R150 000.00.

## Case 9

Payment of bulk services contribution. Plaintiff alleges they had an agreement with the erstwhile Kungwini Municipality in that they would during township development, install infrastructure, which was the responsibility of Kungwini Municipality, and in turn Kungwini Municipality would refund them. R2 705 431.37.

## Case 10

Damages claim amounting to R120 000. The matter arises from the construction of a road on private property. Negotiations are underway to expropriate the land on which the road was constructed.

## Case 11

Personal injuries claim. Plaintiff alleges that he was injured when the vehicle he was travelling in collided with a barrier on the road and he lost control. As a result of the collision he sustained injuries and is now claiming R100 000 from the City of Tshwane. Awaiting a trial date.

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## **Notes to the Consolidated Annual Financial Statements**

	Group		icipality
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R	R	R	R

## 55. Contingencies (continued)

#### Case 12:

Constructive dismissal damages claim. Plaintiff was diagnosed with PTS disorder that was classified as an injury on duty. Plaintiff was then unable to perform her duties and was subsequently dismissed for mental incapacity. Plaintiff is now suing for damages as a result of the dismissal (R850 883.71). Awaiting a new trial date.

#### Case 13:

Personal injury allegedly caused by Council's negligence in leaving cables hanging and the substation's door open and as a result a young boy was electrocuted and his body sustained 90 degree burns. Claim value cannot be estimated at this stage.

#### Case 14:

Application for rescission. The applicant wants to reverse the decision of the court ordering the City of Tshwane to pay over a certain amount. If the rescission is made, the City could find itself having to pay another amount to the applicant. The City of Tshwane has already made the payment to someone else in accordance with the previous court order. Total claim is R2 081 409.42.

## Case 15:

Summons has been issued and an appearance to defend has been entered. The crux of the action is to compel the City of Tshwane to allocate land to persons listed in the summons as former residents of Lady Selbourne. A closer look at the summons revealed that looking at the dates of birth of those people, they could never have been former residents of that area. They are also not claiming through their parents or grandparents or even great grantparents. Awaiting court date. The amount of the claim cannot be estimated at this stage.

## Case 16:

The applicant has brought an application against the City of Tshwane and the City Manager for an order declaring that the City of Tshwane should contribute towards the monthly premium of the medical aid scheme after their retirement in terms of the applicable pension rules. Applicant wants an order declaring that the Municipality has a contractual obligation to contribute towards premiums payable by retired employees towards the medical aids. The matter is being defended and the Municipality is preparing for trial. The amount of the claim cannot be estimated at this stage.

## Case 17:

Breach of contract. Applicant is taking the interpretation of a contract to court. The dispute is about the contract price adjustment. No amount is claimed, simply a referral to arbitration on the interpretation of the contract.

## Case 18

Breach of contract. Construction of roads within the City of Tshwane. Work done and contractor never paid. Awaiting court date. R25 762 056.85.

## Agricultural and Environmental Management Department (total value = R22 142 621.53):

## Case 1:

The plaintiff issued summons for damages for the alleged breach of contract by appointing two new contractors before the expiry of the tender. Relief sought is payment in the amount of R432 220.50 (including interest on the aforesaid amount and at the rate of 15.5%) and cost of the suit. Matter is awaiting trial.

## Case 2:

Breach of contract. Claimant is suing for payment in respect of services rendered to the City of Tshwane. R1 120 884.52.

## Case 3:

Breach of contract. Claim arises out of work allegedly done, which the relevant department disputes. Matter is defended. R1 210 876.70.

## Case 4:

Breach of contract. A claim amounting to R2 299 500 for rubbish bins for sandblasting and painting as well as the storage costs has been made against the City of Tshwane.

## Case 5:

Breach of contract. Matter arises out of refuse removal tender and a dispute over its terms. Department says tenderer was aware that the by-laws of the Municipality required him to inform the City of any generation of refuse before executing the work, which it did not do. Matter is in court and the claim value is R200 812.66.

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## **Notes to the Consolidated Annual Financial Statements**

G	roup	Mun	icipality
2015	2014 Restated*	2015	2014 Restated*
R	R	R	R

## 55. Contingencies (continued)

#### Case 6:

Waste Management ordered delivery of refuse bins, which were delivered. Contractor was never paid. Refuse bins were defective. R158 232.00.

#### Case 7:

Tender for the provision of security services at 5 locations in the erstwhile Kungwini Municipality. Services provided and never paid. R16 720 095.15.

#### Health and Social Development (total value = R64 993.74):

#### Case 1:

Breach of contract. Tender by City for pesticides and insecticides. Work done and never paid for. Payment for damages claimed. R64 993.74.

## Transport and Roads Department (total value = R690 446.30):

#### Case 1:

Breach of contract. Matter arises out of roads and water reticulation services by a tenderer who was incompetent and the work was completed by another contractor. The original contractor now claims payment for the full contract price. Matter is before court. R690 446.30

## Office of the Speaker (total value = R2 360 610.06):

#### Case 1:

Claim for services rendered. Matter arises out of a dispute over the terms of a tender. Contractor did work which the relevant department denies ever receiving. Matter is before court. R2 360 610.06.

## Metro Police Services (total value = R620 103.18):

## Case 1

Breach of contract. Security services were provided but never paid for. R620 103.18

## Municipal entities (Total value = R3 032 962.40):

## Sandspruit Works Association:

An amount of R219 750 remained in dispute with an attorney's firm for work performed on the investigation in the case of the suspended Chief Executive Officer (CEO).

## **Housing Company Tshwane:**

## Case 1

The claimant entered into an agreement with City Properties as a managing agent for the City of Tshwane in terms of which the claimant would provide maintenance and repair services at Schubart and Kruger Park complexes. Housing Company Tshwane took over the duties of City Properties and suspended the agreement on 1 December 2006. The claimant is suing Housing Company Tshwane for R86 613 for suspending the agreement.

## Case 2:

The claimant entered into an agreement with City Properties as a managing agent for the City of Tshwane in terms of which the claimant would provide guarding/security services at Schubart and Kruger Park complexes. Housing Company Tshwane took over the duties of City Properties and terminated the agreement with effect from 31 January 2008. The claimant is suing Housing Company Tshwane for R715 474 for non-payment of invoices relating to 2006 after their service was terminated. It should be noted that at no stage did the claimant raise the alleged non-payment matter prior to their services being terminated on 31 January 2008. No contract existed between the claimant and Housing Company Tshwane at the time. The claimant alleges to have rendered guarding services to Housing Company Tshwane. The claimant is not sure about alleged amount owed, as various amounts have been bandied about by the claimant.

Consolidated Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2015

## **Notes to the Consolidated Annual Financial Statements**

	Group		icipality
2015	2014 Restated*	2015	2014 Restated*
R	R	R	R

## 55. Contingencies (continued)

## Tshwane Economic Development Agency (TEDA):

TEDA had a contingent liability of approximately R2 991 937 pertaining to:-

- \* Possible penalties and interest from SARS regarding non-compliance with section 28 of the VAT Act;
- \* The former CEO who lodged an appeal against his dismissal and as a result the entity might pay R1 138 000 for both settlement and litigation costs; and
- \* Claim of TITIIC 2015 (postponed conference) amounting to R873 125 and litigation is underway.

## 56. Change in estimate

#### Property, plant and equipment

The useful lives of all asset classes were reviewed and adjusted during 2014/15 to more accurately reflect the period of economic benefits or service potential derived from these assets. Refer to Note 13 under property, plant and equipment for a discussion on the basis on which the review of useful lives was done.

During 2014/15 certain water and sanitation assets were assessed to provide a deeper level of detail to align with best asset management practice. Through this data improvement exercise some components were unbundled to align with the adopted Data Dictionary. The total number of assets affected was 360 748.

The effect of changing the remaining useful lives during 2014/15 has increased the depreciation charge for the current and future periods. The total number of assets affected was 360 748.

TEDA: When TEDA signed the lease agreement for its current office it was not yet registered for VAT. The effect of the VAT registration on 1 July 2014 resulted in a change on the straight lined amount, as the prior year's amortisation schedule was VAT inclusive and the current year schedules exclude VAT. The estimated straight lined amount was adjusted to align the amortisation tables. The current operating lease liability was reduced by R950 207.21 and the furture operating expense was reduced by R1 266 942.94. The total decrease amounted to R2 217 150.15.

## Effect of change in estimates

Other and infrastructure assets	46,516,604	29,201,650	46,516,604	29,201,650
Housing Company Tshwane: Other assets	-	45,131	-	-
TEDA: Operating lease	2,217,150	-	-	-
	48,733,754	29,246,781	46,516,604	29,201,650

## 57. Deviation from Supply Chain Management Regulations

Paragraph 12(1)(d)(i) of Government Gazette No. 27636 issued on 30 May 2005 states that a supply chain management policy must provide for the procurement of goods and services by way of a competitive bidding process.

Paragraph 36 of the same gazette states that the accounting officer may dispense with the official procurement process in certain circumstances, provided that he records the reasons for any deviations and then reports them to the next meeting of the accounting officer and includes a note to the consolidated annual financial statements.

In terms of section 36(1)(a) of the Supply Chain Management Regulations, the accounting officer may dispense with the official procurement processes in the following instances:

- in an emergency;
- if such goods or services are produced or available from a single provider only;
- · for the acquisition of special works of art or historical objects where specifications are difficult to complete;
- acquisition of animals for zoos and/or nature and game reserves; and
- in any other exceptional case where it is impractical or impossible to follow the official procurement processes.

## Deviation from tender and quotation process:

- \* Sole suppliers
- \* Emergency
- \* Impracticality

In terms of section 36 of the Municipal Supply Chain Management Regulations, any deviation from the supply chain management policy needs to be approved/condoned by the accounting officer and noted by Council. Deviations from the official procurement process during the financial year were approved by the accounting officer and noted by Council in terms of the delegations as stipulated in the Supply Chain Management Policy and amount to approximately the following:

<sup>\*</sup> See Note 47

Consolidated Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2015

## **Notes to the Consolidated Annual Financial Statements**

·	Grou	ıp	Municip	pality
	2015	2014 Restated*	2015	2014 Restated*
	R	R	R	R
57. Deviation from Supply Chain Management Re	gulations (continued)			
Deviation from tender process (amounts above R200 000)				
Municipality - various reasons	137,793,700	94,066,541	137,793,700	94,066,54
Housing Company Tshwane TEDA - sole provider	253,361 862,908	8.040.883	-	
Sandspruit - emergency	627,781	1,201,812	-	
	139,537,750	103,309,236	137,793,700	94,066,541
Deviation from quotation process				
Municipality - various reasons	<u>-</u>	570,880	-	570,880
Housing Company Tshwane TEDA - sole provider	12,265 131,701	63,409 -	-	
	143,966	634,289		570,880

## 58. Budget differences

## Material differences between budget and actual amounts (Municipality only)

It is general practice to deem a 10% deviation on operational revenue and expenditure versus the final budget as material. For capital expenditure the percentage deviation is 5%.

The following revenue and expenditure line items showed a material variance for the year ending 30 June 2015:

Other own revenue category:

- Rental of facilities and equipment (56.3% under) this line item is based on demand from users of the facilities and equipment.
- Interest on external investments (44.6% under) decrease in interest earned due to decrease in investments held.
- Interest on outstanding debtors (71.6 % over) overrecovery is due to an increase in levying of interest on long overdue accounts
- Fines (41.5 % over) this is due to the IGRAP1 accounting requirements on AARTO fines.
- Public contributions (85.8% over) underrecovery is due to more contributions in terms of township establishment and rezoning applications.
- Other income (23.2% under) under recovery due to Tshwane Open, insurance claims, sale of airplane fuel, TRT services and land sales revenue not realising as anticipated.

## Other expenditure category:

- Debt impairment (23.3% over) overexpenditure is due to write-off of Region 5 and 7 debtors amounts in July 2014 and IGRAP requirements in respect to AARTO fines.
- Grants and subsidies paid (15.5% under) due to fewer applications received than anticipated in the budget.
- Depreciation (29.6% over) due to purification of asset register and review of useful lives.

## Capital expenditure:

• The capital expenditure shows a 94% spending level against the total budget at the end of the financial year.

## Changes from the approved budget to the final budget

The adjustment budget was approved by Council on 26 February 2015.

The mid-year budget review report approved by the Council on 29 January 2015 indicated the necessity for an adjustments budget for the 2014/15 financial year for, inter alia, the following:

- To adjust operating revenue sources in line with performance trends;
- To accommodate GRAP-related provisions;
- To authorise the utilisation of projected savings in one vote towards spending under another vote; and
- To facilitate the inclusion of rolled over/transfer grant funding.

The Council approved the 2014/15 original revenue budget to the amount of R26.918 billion, which was increased with R236.815 million to R27.154 billion (increase of 0.88%). Furthermore, the total expenditure of R23.274 billion was increased with an amount of R736.386 million to R24.010 billion (increase of 3.16%). As a result the budgeted surplus of R3.644 billion was decreased to R3.144 billion, indicating that contractual obligations compromised the downscaling of expenditure.

<sup>\*</sup> See Note 47

Consolidated Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2015

## **Notes to the Consolidated Annual Financial Statements**

	Group		icipality
2015	2014 Restated*	2015	2014 Restated*
R	R	R	R

## 58. Budget differences (continued)

After the adjustment budget was approved it was determined that the LG Seta discretionary allocation is not a grant and it was reclassified to other revenue (budget amount R689 400).

On the budgeted cash flow statement the consumer deposits were incorrectly accounted for under net cash from financing activities, whereas it should actually be part of net cash from operating activities (R8 200 000).

## 59. Distribution losses: Water

Non-revenue water (NRW) - kilolitre Technical	46,600,996	47,392,725	46,600,996	47,392,725
Non-technical	11,650,249	11,848,181	11,650,249	11,848,181
Sandspruit: Technical	1,987,886	1,865,871	-	-
Sandspruit: Non-technical	2,981,780	2,798,806	-	-
	63,220,911	63,905,583	58,251,245	59,240,906
Non-revenue water (NRW) - Rand value				
Technical	279,908,986	261,085,349	279,908,986	261,085,349
Non-technical	69,977,246	65,271,336	69,977,246	65,271,336
Sandspruit: Technical	13,298,824	11,344,496	-	-
Sandspruit: Non-technical	19,948,242	17,016,740		
	383,133,298	354,717,921	349,886,232	326,356,685

Water is supplied to Tshwane from Rand Water and the City's own water sources. Monthly meter readings of the supply are used to monitor the total gross supply and monthly meter readings of water exported to the neighbouring municipalities are used to calculate the net water input into the City.

Water loss management is monitored, managed and controlled by the implementation of the Water Conservation and Water Demand Management strategies. The primary outcome of these strategies is to reduce:

- \* Technical losses (where not all water supplied reached the consumer; and
- \* Financial losses (where not all water reaching the consumer is paid for).

These losses are caused by:

- Real losses (physical loss of water from the system); and
- Apparent losses (losses due to meter inaccuracies, meter estimations, non-metering of water and unauthorised consumption this is water consumed but not properly measured, accounted and paid for).

From the above, water losses in the city is determined by calculating the amount of non-revenue water (NRW), which is the difference between the volume of water supplied into the system and the authorised consumption.

Activities undertaken by the Water and Sanitation Division involve the continuous investigation of various factors leading to water loss and the implementation of various initiatives to assist with the reduction of non-revenue water. These investigations with subsequent mini projects are often cross-region initiatives where work performed in one region directly affects other regions. The initiatives include the following:

- \* Network analysis of existing systems;
- Monitoring and logging of pressures and flows;
- \* Engineering investigations in problematic areas;
- \* Pressure management installation and setting of PRVs and/or PRV controllers;
- \* Domestic and commercial meter audits and meter replacements;
- \* Active leak detection by locating water leaks using various methods and equipment;
- Continuous meter audits.

At the end of June 2015 the NRW in the city was calculated at 58 251 245 kl (18.94% of the total input into the system). This indicates a deterioration of NRW in the city when compared to June 2014 when the NRW was 59 240 906 kl (20.7% of the total input into the system). The losses in Rvalue amount to R349.8 million. The calculation is based on the unit tariff of Rand Water purchases per kilolitre at R6.00 for 2014/15 and R5.50 for 2013/14 respectively.

Consolidated Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2015

## Notes to the Consolidated Annual Financial Statements

	Group		icipality
2015	2014 Restated*	2015	2014 Restated*
R	R	R	R

## 59. Distribution losses: Water (continued)

At the end of June 2014 the NRW in the city was calculated at 59 240 906 kl (20.7% of the total input into the system). This was a marked improvement of NRW in the city when compared to June 2013 when the NRW was 75 112 366 kl (23.6% of the total input into the system). The losses in Rvalue amount to R326.3 million (2013 = R376.3 million). The calculation is based on the unit tariff of Rand Water purchases per kilolitre at R5.50 for 2013/14 and R5.01 for 2012/13 respectively.

#### 60. Distribution losses: Electricity

Distribution loss: kWh Technical Non-technical	674,884,927 872,529,799	688,355,278 712,939,396	674,884,927 872,529,799	688,355,278 712,939,396
	1,547,414,726	1,401,294,674	1,547,414,726	1,401,294,674
Distribution loss - Rand value				
Technical	424,584,758	402,343,660	424,584,756	402,343,660
Non-technical	548,927,434	416,713,077	548,927,434	416,713,077
	973,512,192	819,056,737	973,512,190	819,056,737

For the 2014/15 financial year the distribution losses amount to 16,05%. The annual electricity distribution losses are made up of technical and non-technical losses, which are the difference between electricity purchased and electricity sold. For the 2013/14 financial year the distribution losses amounted to 14,25%.

The City of Tshwane has a five-year target to reduce non-technical losses through theft and illegal connections to less than 2%. The refurbishment of the electricity network will assist in managing the technical losses because the technical losses increase with the ageing of the electricity network. The five-year target is to have unaccounted losses to 9% (7% technical and 2% non-technical losses).

## Non-technical losses:

Non-technical losses are amongst others the result of administrative and technical errors, negligence, theft of electricity, tampering with meters and connections that form part of illegal consumption, faulty meters, etc. The acceptable industry standard for the technical losses is between 5% and 6%, and 9% for non-technical losses.

For the 2014/15 financial year the value of non-technical loss amounts to R548.9 million or 872 529 799 kWh (2013/14 = R416,7 million or 712 939 396 kWh) based on the cost per unit purchased, namely 62,91 c/kWh (2013/14 = 58,45 c/kWh).

The City of Tshwane's Services Infrastructure Department is currently busy with the following initiatives to reduce the non-technical losses:

- Installation of non-intrusive meter boxes;
- Auditing of metering installation;
- Installation of smart meters;
- Regular illegal cable removal operations.

## Technical losses:

Technical losses are the result of electricity losses while being distributed from the source of generation through the transmission and distribution network to the final consumer. The wires (copper or aluminium) being used to distribute electricity which resist the throughput of current. As a result there is a certain portion of electricity that is lost due to distribution. The NERSA acceptable figure for a network like that of the City of Tshwane is estimated to be 7%.

For the 2014/15 financial year the value of technical loss amounts to R424,5 million or 674 884 927 kWh (2013/14 = R402.3 million or 688 355 278 kWh) based on the cost per unit purchased, namely 62.91 c/kWh (2013/14 = 58.45 c/kWh).

The City of Tshwane's Services Infrastructure Department is further also busy addressing the technical losses by:

- Refurbishing and replacing old equipment in the network;
- Strengthening overhead lines.

<sup>\*</sup> See Note 47

## **Notes to the Consolidated Annual Financial Statements**

61.	Deferred tax				
	Deferred tax asset				
	Property, plant and equipment and intangible assets	(51,121)	(385,840)	-	-
	Provision	362,899	265,615	-	-
	Unspent grant	1,648,156	571,657	-	-
	Section 24C allowance	(1,648,156)	(571,657)	-	-
	Straight lining of operation lease	130,376	111,372	-	-
	Prepayment	(1,804)	-	-	-
	Total deferred tax asset	440,350	(8,853)	-	-
	Deferred tax liability Deferred tax asset  Total net deferred tax asset (liability)	440,350 440,350	(8,853) (8,853) (17,706)	<u>-</u>	- - -
	Reconciliation of deferred tax asset/(liability)		_		
	At he arises in a set we as	(0.052)	47.000		
	At beginning of year Movement on property, equipment and intangible fixed assets	(8,853) 334,719	17,696 (370,870)	-	-
	Movement in provision for leave pay	97,284	232,949	-	-
	Movement on unspent grant	1,076,499	(3,358,657)	-	-
	Section 24C allowance	(1,076,499)	3,358,657	-	-
	Operating lease straight lining	19,004	111,372	-	-
	Pre-payment	(1,804)	-	-	-
		440,350	(8,853)	-	-
62.	Deferred operating lease liability				
	Current assets	181,025	57,995	-	_
	Non-current liabilities	(765,930)	(481,254)	_	_
	Current liabilities	(574,936)	(2,608,775)	-	(2,308,997)
		(1,159,841)	(3,032,034)		(2,308,997)
	There were no operating lease liabilities for the M	lunicipality at the end of 30 J	lune 2015.		
63.					
63.	·				
63.	Impairments Property, plant and equipment	124,922,833	5,200,760	124,922,833	5,200,760

The main classes of assets affected by impairment losses are: Moveable assets with a condition rating of poor and very poor. Infrastructure assets were impaired according to specific indicators. Assets held for sale: Fair values were determined based on the selling price of assets received according to previous auctions held, taking into consideration their current condition.

Assets were impaired according to specific indicators. For the 2014/15 year, included in the impairment figure is also impairment of assets under construction (AUC).

Consolidated Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2015

## Notes to the Consolidated Annual Financial Statements

## 64. Taxation

## Major components of the tax expense

Current Normal tax - current year Over provision - current year Deferred tax - current year Arising from prior period adjustments	948,923 (10,451) (449,203) - 489,269	1,946,135 - 27,891 (1,341) 1,972,685	- - - -	- - - -
Taxation liability movement Opening balance Current year Normal income tax paid	3,277,985 948,923 (3,130,616)	1,136,191 1,946,135 -	- - -	- - -
Arising from prior period adjustments  Closing balance	1,096,292	195,659 <b>3,277,985</b>	<u> </u>	-
Reconciliation of the tax expense Tax in note @ 28% Profit before tax Tax as % of income before tax	489,269 1,859,250 28.00	1,972,685 6,861,916 28.00 %		- - -
Reconciliation between applicable tax rate and average effective tax rate Tax effect on permanent differences Tax effect on non-deductible expenses Over provision - current tax	28.00 % 2.52 % (0.64)%	28.00 % 1.01 % -	:	- - -
	29.88 %	29.01 %		-

## 65. Going concern

We draw attention to the fact that at 30 June 2015, the Municipality had an accumulated surplus of R18 686 769 305 (2014 = R17 513 578 123) and that the Municipality's total assets exceed its liabilities by R 18,983,830,283 (2014 = R17 762 213 094). The difference consists of the Housing Development Fund, Self-insurance Reserve and COID Reserve to a total of R253 420 101.

We draw attention to the fact that at 30 June 2015, the group had an accumulated surplus of R18 730 410 182 (2014 = R17 556 532 882) and that the group's total assets exceed its liabilities by R 18,983,830,283 (2014 = R17 805 167 852). The difference consists of the Housing Development Fund, Self-insurance Reserve and COID Reserve to a total of R253 420 101.

The consolidated annual financial statements have been prepared on the basis of accounting policies applicable to a going concern. This basis presumes that funds will be available to finance future operations and that the realisation of assets and settlement of liabilities, contingent obligations and commitments will occur in the ordinary course of business.

## 66. Actual operating expenditure versus budgeted operating expenditure

For additional information on the comparison of actual operating expenditure versus budgeted expenditure, please refer to Appendix C, D and E.

## 67. Actual capital expenditure versus budgeted capital expenditure

For additional information on the comparison of actual capital expenditure versus budgeted expenditure, please refer to Appendix F.

## **Notes to the Consolidated Annual Financial Statements**

## 68. Expenditure by National Treasury classification

Expenditure type				
Employee-related cost	6,318,953,632	6,086,504,529	6,202,412,814	5,977,333,289
Remuneration of councillors	104,192,823	96,788,503	104,192,823	96,788,503
Debt impairment	850,661,938	1,338,600,788	721,971,875	1,304,729,422
Depreciation and asset impairment	1,454,517,767	1,256,760,090	1,449,151,377	1,239,047,922
Finance charges	997,466,530	813,827,200	996,547,871	813,090,998
Bulk purchases	7,574,254,174	7,056,541,045	7,717,077,475	7,148,341,187
Other materials	268,560,899	311,868,288	268,560,899	311,868,288
Contracted services	2,936,655,542	3,676,033,109	2,936,655,542	3,676,033,109
Transfers and grants	25,600,087	22,006,956	217,334,821	227,042,145
Other expenditure	3,606,240,167	1,722,131,824	3,557,721,975	1,298,055,846
Loss on disposal of property, plant and	192,399,344	152,986,634	192,399,344	152,986,634
equipment				
	24,329,502,903	22,534,048,966	24,364,026,816	22,245,317,343
Total expenditure per statement of financial performance	24,329,502,903	22,534,048,966	24,364,026,816	22,245,317,343

Consolidated Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2015

## **Notes to the Consolidated Annual Financial Statements**

	Group	Mun	icipality
2015	2014 Restated*	2015	2014 Restated*
R	R	R	R

## 69. Interest rate swaps

The Municipality holds derivative financial instruments to hedge its interest rate risk exposures. The Municipality entered into interest rate swap contracts that entitle it to receive interest at fixed rates on notional principal amounts and that oblige the Municipality to pay interest at variable rates on the same amounts. The interest rate swap allows the Municipality to raise long-term borrowings at variable rates and effectively swap them into fixed rates in terms of the structured finance contractual requirements. The interest rate swaps are initially measured at fair value on the contract/trade date; any attributable transaction costs are recognised in profit or loss as incurred. Subsequent to initial recognition, the interest rate swaps are measured at fair value at each reporting date.

## During 2014/15 the Municipality entered into interest rate swaps with the following role players:

Regiments:

Trade date: 1 September 2014. Settlement date: 1 March 2023

Nominal amount: R573 577 919

Fixed rate: 9.75% and Variable rate: Jibar + 2.55 basis points

Payable: Semi-annual

Regiments:

Trade date: 30 June 2014. Settlement date: 30 June 2034

Nominal amount: R1 600 000 000

Fixed rate: 11.0% and Variable rate: Jibar + 2.50 basis points

Payable: Semi-annual

Regiments:

Trade date: 18 August 2015 (effective date 29 June 2015). Settlement date: 29 June 2035

Nominal amount: R1 500 000 000

Fixed rate: 11.48% and Variable rate: Jibar + 2.4 basis points

Payable: Semi-annual

## During 2013/14 the Municipality entered into interest rate swaps with the following role players:

Nedbank

Trade date: 31 December 2013. Settlement date: 30 June 2026

Nominal amount: R943 766 167

Fixed rate: 9.31% and Variable rate: floating - Prime -1.28

Payable: Semi-annual

Nedbank:

Trade date: 1 April 2014. Settlement date: 30 June 2026

Nominal amount: R890 312 447

Fixed rate: 9.31% and Variable rate: Jibar + 2.22 basis points

Payable: Semi-annual

## Fair values of financial assets measured or disclosed at fair value:

## Class 1: Interest rate swaps:

The method to determine the fair value of the interest rate swaps is the discounted cash flow method. Various parameters are used to value the swaps, eg start date, end date, payment dates in between, fixed rate, floating rate spread, payment frequency, yield curve, etc. Cash flows are discounted using the zero curve.

## Fair value hierarchy of financial assets at fair value:

For financial assets recognised at fair value, disclosure is required of a fair value hierarchy that reflects the significance of the inputs used to make the measurement. The fair value hierarchy has the following levels:

Level 1: Represents those assets that are measured using unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets.

Level 2: Applies inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the assets either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices).

Level 3: Applies inputs that are not based on observable market data.

<sup>\*</sup> See Note 47

Consolidated Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2015

## Notes to the Consolidated Annual Financial Statements

	Group	Municipality			
2015	2014 Restated*	2015	2014 Restated*		
R	R	R	R		

The City of Tshwane classifies its interest rate swaps as Level 2 and no transfers were made between the different levels of hierarchy in the year under review. None of the financial assets that are fully performing have been renegotiated in the last year.

## Nominal value of financial assets at fair value:

The nominal value of the existing interest rate swaps is R3 909 911 976 as at 30 June 2015.

Interest paid on the interest rate swaps to the amount of R38 959 100 was recognised in surplus or deficit during 2013/14 as part of finance cost - refer to Note 33.

The fair value of interest rate swaps for the period under review is as follows:

	44,497,348	(9,702,699)	44,497,348	(9,702,699)
Interest rate swap liability	(85,625,408)	(44,114,153)	(85,625,408)	(44,114,153)
Interest rate swap asset	130,122,756	34,411,454	130,122,756	34,411,454
Interest rate swap - amounts (in total)				

## 70. Public private partnerships (PPP)

#### **Tshwane House:**

The City of Tshwane Metropolitan Municipality has entered into a PPP agreement with Tsela Tshweu, a private consortium led by Group 5, to finance, construct and operate the City of Tshwane's head office. The agreement is for a period of 27 years, of which 2 years would be to construct the property and 25 years to operate the property on behalf of the City of Tshwane. At the end of the 27-year agreement, ownership of the building would pass to the City of Tshwane.

The City of Tshwane will pay the consortium a fixed unitary fee for the construction and operation of the asset for the 27-year period. The first fee would begin on the completion of the first block of the building. This unitary payment would escalate with inflation each year.

## Schedule of external loans as at 30 June 2015

	Interest Rate (%)	Redeemable	Balance at 30 June 2014	Received during the period	Redeemed written off during the period	Amortised value	Balance at 30 June 2015	Carrying Value of Property, Plant & Equipment
			Rand	Rand	Rand	Rand	Rand	Rand
LOCAL REGISTERED STOCK :								
Issued								
Loan 105 (Issued 1997) Loan 43 (Issued 1984)	16.65 16.25	2014.06.30 2004.04.30	5,000	-	5,000	<u>-</u>	-	
			5,000		5,000	<u> </u>	-	-
TERM LOANS								
DBSA: bullet portion	13.50	2018.04.30	51,897,643	-	-	(214,766)	51,682,877	59,111,265
DBSA: Floating rate	Variable	2019.10.31	78,331,528	-	-	-	78,331,528	89,590,130
Housing Company: National Housing Finance Corporation	14.00	2011.10.31	2,803,841	-	315,421	-	2,488,420	2,488,420
TEDA DBSA Bullet repayment loan	Jibar +2.5	2034.06.30	1,000 1,600,000,000	-	-	-	1,000 1,600,000,000	1,829,968,237
, ,	margin		1,000,000,000					
DBSA Bullet repayment loan	Jibar + 2.5 margin	2035.06.30		1,500,000,000	-	<u>-</u>	1,500,000,000	1,715,595,222
			1,733,034,012	1,500,000,000	315,421	(214,766)	3,232,503,825	3,696,753,274
ANNUITY LOANS:								
DBSA	13.5	2018.04.30	142,607,677	-	24,044,666	(1,010,581)	117,552,430	134,448,259
DBSA (Restructuring)	10.97	2018.12.31	133,548,252	-	24,410,235	-	109,138,017	124,824,440
INCA INCA	11.03 9.52	2019.06.30 2020.03.31	10,451,340 129,428,391		1,667,585 16.490.704	(437,266)	8,783,755 112,500,421	10,046,245 128.670.123
INCA	11.01	2020.06.30	29,662,375	-	3,720,633	(437,200)	25,941,742	29,670,353
DBSA	9.36	2020.12.31	165,075,115	-	19,482,309	-	145,592,806	166,518,882
INCA	10.92	2020.12.31	62,583,790	-	7,052,981	-	55,530,809	63,512,260
INCA	10.81	2021.06.30	52,555,938	-	5,357,931	-	47,198,007	53,981,784
DBSA	5.0	2021.12.31	55,609,388	-	6,818,916	-	48,790,472	55,803,134
DBSA Ivuzi	9.84 8.74	2021.12.31 2021.12.31	253,457,829 131,016,719	-	26,672,580 13,009,324	-	226,785,249 118,007,395	259,381,127 134,968,614
DBSA	6.25	2028.06.30	81,358,425	-	3.781.169		77,577,256	88.727.446
DBSA	12.81	2028.06.30	179,757,875	_	5,103,853	_	174,654,022	199,757,070
DBSA	11.32	2028.06.30	179,213,252	-	5,317,194	-	173,896,058	198,890,165
ABSA Roodeplaat Temba	12.5	2021.03.31	169,910,190	-	15,753,175	(83,396)	154,073,619	176,218,642
DBSA Roodeplaat Temba	11.99	2021.03.31	87,439,470	-	8,253,810	(152,448)	79,033,212	90,392,668
Nedbank Roodeplaat Temba	12.51	2021.03.31	116,813,254	-	10,830,309	(57,333)	105,925,612	121,150,317
DBSA TIP	6.75	2029.06.30	128,705,566	-	5,181,347		123,524,219	141,278,373
Nedbank	9.27	2020.05.18	251,662,110	-	33,376,163	(115,701)	218,170,246	249,527,887
Nedbank Standard Bank	9.32 7.72	2020.06.16 2026.06.30	250,338,506 881,198,270	-	33,231,986 46,361,362	7,380	217,113,900 834,619,010	248,319,712 954,578,923
DBSA	5.00	2016.08.31	469,251		209,177	(217,898)	260,074	297,456
DBSA	15.04	2016.06.30	9,484,154	_	4,393,171	_	5,090,983	5,822,710
Standardbank - Magalies Water	13.50	2014.09.30	335,755	_	335,755	-	-	-
Nedbank	Jibar	2029.06.29	620,108,275	-	45,367,253	(5,736,052)	569,004,970	650,788,139
Nedbank	Jibar	2025.12.01	349,983,684	-	25,247,112	(3,281,006)	321,455,566	367,658,422
iVuzi (Firstrand bank)	Jibar	2022.06.30	421,265,161	-	52,631,579	(212,529)	368,421,053	421,374,265
iVuzi (Firstrand bank)	Jibar	2027.12.01	448,494,113	<u>-</u>	34,482,759	(218,251)	413,793,103	473,267,647
			5,342,534,125	<u> </u>	478,585,038	(11,515,081)	4,852,434,006	5,549,875,063

## Appendix A Supplementary unaudited information

## Schedule of external loans as at 30 June 2015

	Interest Rate (%)	Redeemable	Balance at 30 June 2014 Rand	Received durin the period Rand	g Redeemed written off during the period Rand	Amortised value	Balance at 30 June 2015 Rand	Carrying Value of Property, Plant & Equipment Rand
MUNICIPAL BONDS								
CoT1: Standard bank CoT2: Standard bank CoT3: Standard bank	9.11	2023.04.02 2023.04.02 2028.06.05	574,165,042 848,691,794 755,069,327	- - -	- - -	(237,152) (254,652) (15,354)	573,927,890 848,437,142 755,053,973	656,418,631 970,383,138 863,577,992
		_	2,177,926,163	-	-	(507,158)	2,177,419,005	2,490,379,761
			9,253,499,300	1,500,000,000	478,905,459	(12,237,005)	10,262,356,836	11,737,008,098
FINANCE LEASES								
ABSA DEBIS FLEET MANAGEMENT ZEDA TSHWANE AUTO LEASING MAN ABSA SOL	Variable * Variable * Variable * Variable * Variable * Variable *		3,565,761 3,756,964 255,425 1,365,314 - 24,921	-	3,630,086 3,792,492 261,362 1,239,050 1 71,731,494 19,631	64,325 35,528 5,937 77,882 13,523,169 1,159	- - 204,14 208,652,29 6,44	204,226,183
			8,968,385	266,860,62	1 80,674,115	13,708,000	208,862,89	1 204,414,497

## City of Tshwane Metropolitan Municipality Appendix B Supplementary unaudited information

Sandspruit Works Association

7.383.244

2,683,987

5,244,954

(313,896,014)

1,238,951,007

#### Analysis of property, plant and equipment as at 30 June 2015

Cost Accumulated depreciation **Opening Balance** Acquisitions Disposals **Transfers** Additions and Closing Balance Opening Balance Additions Disposals Transfers Closing Balance Carrying value Impairment adjustments Rand Infrastructure Assets under construction 5,571,966,519 3,226,903,727 (1,460,830,884)299,646,747 7,637,686,109 (123,216,100) (123,216,100) 7,514,470,009 5,434,210,787 189,893,528 (50,064,299) 37,969,711 2,733,595 5,614,743,322 (1,389,387,535) (207,406,055) 16,741,684 (1,832,593)(1,581,884,499) 4,032,858,823 Electricity (48,842,009) 182,742,256 1,905,814 (19,874) 57,153,255 241,781,451 (111,953,520) (16,376,469) (177,153,128) 64,628,323 General 18,870 Roads 7.719.715.188 123,493,814 (1.917.902) 990.340.783 686,460 8.832.318.343 (2.208.703.896) (321,157,419) 109.038 (617,776) (2.530.370.053) 6.301.948.290 (259,546,876) (2,422)Water and sanitation 6,413,761,851 102,767,678 (64,979,474) 429,582,958 6,881,133,013 (1,559,876,808) 13,220,603 (1,806,205,503) 5,074,927,510 Sandspruit Works Association 12,689,770 412.692 13,102,462 (9,897,366) (898,656) (10,796,022) 2,306,440 25,335,086,371 3,645,377,253 (116,981,549) (2,937,432)360,220,057 29,220,764,700 (5,279,819,125) (805,385,475) (123,218,522) 30,090,195 (51,292,378) (6,229,625,305) 22,991,139,395 **Community Assets** 254,565,695 3,197,916,550 2.265.447.797 General 2,905,964,956 26,031,846 (6,782,258)18,136,311 (663,526,085) (121,773,035) (802)1,003,490 (148,172,321) (932,468,753) Assets under construction 232,262,465 178,725,735 (17,285,093) 71,009,553 464,712,660 464,712,660 3,138,227,421 204,757,581 (6,782,258) 851,218 325,575,248 3,662,629,210 (663,526,085) (121,773,035) (802) 1,003,490 (148,172,321) (932,468,753) 2,730,160,457 Housing 434,237,703 367.958.982 Housing assets 180.068.440 (197, 123)85,562 254,280,824 (7,097,719)(10,055,289) 45,556 (49,171,269) (66,278,721) Assets under construction 152,591,190 191,552,500 (3,252,442)340,891,248 340,891,248 254,280,824 332,659,630 191,552,500 (197,123)(3,166,880)775,128,951 (7,097,719) (10,055,289) 45,556 (49,171,269) (66,278,721) 708,850,230 **Biological assets** 16.587.413 (2.108.625)14.478.788 14.478.788 Game (livestock) 16.587.413 14,478,788 14,478,788 (2,108,625)Land 40.420.634 353,231,445 Land 321.440.139 (8.001.139) (628, 189)353,231,445 321,440,139 (8,001,139) 40,420,634 (628, 189)353,231,445 353,231,445 Buildings 1,231,567,763 2,683,987 925,600,690 (599,724,508) 100,053,602 (535,677,826) 389,922,864 Buildings 5,244,954 (313,896,014) (36,407,780)400,860

7.383.244

932,983,934

(2.860.300)

(602,584,808)

(345,544)

400,860

100,053,602

(36,753,324)

(3,205,844)

(538,883,670)

4.177.400

394,100,264

## Analysis of property, plant and equipment as at 30 June 2015

			C	ost		, p.a		Acc	umulated d	epreciation			
	Opening Balance Rand	Acquisitions Rand	Disposals Rand	Transfers Rand	Additions and adjustments Rand	Closing Balance Rand	Opening Balance Rand	Additions Rand	Impairment Rand	Disposals Rand	Transfers Rand	Closing Ca Balance Rand	rrying value Rand
												'	
Other													
General Rehabilitation assets Assets under construction Sandspruit Works Association Housing Company Tshwane TEDA	2,120,758,574 339,145,909 417,002,679 8,635,267 962,446 11,610,233	65,666,063 168,689,262 241,615,330 363,544 279,363 653,452	(42,392,234) - - (19,993) (15,653) (9,616)	27,737,269 - (69,790,988) - - -	(254,895,627) - (370,656,300) - - -	1,916,874,045 507,835,171 218,170,721 8,978,818 1,226,156 12,254,069	(1,133,345,819) (101,746,201) - (7,920,699) (283,700) (1,862,396)	(53,637,933) - (446,334) (92,601) (3,200,763)	(1,695,675) - - - - - -	34,140,135 - - - - - -	148,582,366 - - - - - -	(1,112,571,188) (155,384,134) - (8,367,033) (376,301) (5,063,159)	804,302,857 352,451,037 218,170,721 611,785 849,855 7,190,910
Total annual and and	2,898,115,108	477,267,014	(42,437,496)	(42,053,719)	(625,551,927)	2,665,338,980	(1,245,158,815)	(217,629,826)	(1,695,675)	34,140,135	148,582,366	(1,281,761,815)	1,383,577,165
Total property plant and equipment													
	33,281,067,089	4,521,638,335	(174,399,565)	(1,641,225)	(2,108,626)	37,624,556,008	(7,798,186,552)	1,191,596,949)	(124,914,999)	65,680,236	-	(9,049,018,264)	28,575,537,744
Heritage assets													
General	3,607,621,710 <b>3,607,621,710</b>	6,491 <b>6,491</b>	<u>-</u>	- -	- -	3,607,628,201 3,607,628,201	<u>-</u>	- -	- -	- -	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	3,607,628,201 <b>3,607,628,201</b>
Investment properties													
Property capitalised: parent Housing Company Tshwane	932,705,637 7,490,657	13,626,000	(11,196,745)	1,673,401	<u>-</u>	936,808,293 7,490,657	(184,401,866) (2,247,197)	(4,699,390) (249,689)	-	19,568	<u>-</u>	(189,081,688) (2,496,886)	747,726,605 4,993,771
	940,196,294	13,626,000	(11,196,745)	1,673,401	<u>-</u>	944,298,950	(186,649,063)	(4,949,079)	-	19,568		(191,578,574)	752,720,376
Intangible assets													
Computer software Servitudes TEDA computer software HCT computer software Sandspruit computer software	574,105,874 184,032,944 28,437 77,198 102,485 758,346,938	1,029,288 - 250,827 138,150 - 1,418,265	(397,630,639) - - - - - - (397,630,639)	(32,176) - - - - - (32,176)	- - - -	177,472,347 184,032,944 279,264 215,348 102,485	(371,368,485) - (9,473) (27,994) (26,160) (371,432,112)	(63,071,370) - (15,979) (76,330) (34,161) (63,197,840)	(7,834) - - (7,332) (15,166)	- - - -	- - - - -	(114,492,637) - (25,452) (104,324) (67,653) (114,690,066)	62,979,710 184,032,944 253,812 111,024 34,832 247,412,322
Total	700,040,000	1,410,200	(001,000,000)	(02,110)	,	002,102,000	(071,402,112)	(00,101,040)	(10,100)	010,000,002		(114,000,000)	247,412,022
Land Infrastructure Community Assets Housing Other Heritage assets Intangible assets Investment properties Buildings Biological assets	321,440,139 25,335,086,371 3,138,227,421 332,659,630 2,898,115,108 3,607,621,710 758,346,938 940,196,294 1,238,951,007 16,587,413	3,645,377,253 204,757,581 191,552,500 477,267,014 6,491 1,418,265 13,626,000 2,683,987	(8,001,139) (116,981,549) (6,782,58) (197,123) (42,437,496) - (397,630,639) (11,196,745)	40,420,634 (2,937,432) 851,218 (3,166,880) (42,053,719) - (32,176) 1,673,401 5,244,954	(628,189) 360,220,057 325,575,248 254,280,824 (625,551,927) - (313,896,014) (2,108,625)	353,231,445 29,220,764,700 3,662,629,210 775,128,951 2,665,338,980 3,607,628,201 362,102,388 944,298,950 932,983,934 14,478,788	(7,097,719) (1,245,158,815) (371,432,112) (186,649,063) (602,584,808)	(121,773,035) (10,055,289) (217,629,826) - (63,197,840) (4,949,079) (36,753,324)	(802) - (1,695,675) - (15,166) - - -	19,568 400,860 -	(51,292,378) (148,172,321) (49,171,269) 148,582,366 - - - 100,053,602	(6,229,625,305) (932,468,753) (66,278,721) (1,281,761,815) (114,690,066) (191,578,574) (538,883,670)	353,231,445 22,991,139,395 2,730,160,457 708,850,230 1,383,577,165 3,607,628,201 247,412,322 752,720,376 394,100,264 14,478,788
	38,587,232,031	4,536,689,091	(583,226,949)	<del>-</del>	(2,108,626)	42,538,585,547	(8,356,267,727)	1,259,743,868)	(124,930,165)	385,654,856		(9,355,286,904)	33,183,298,643

Appendix C Budgeted Financial Performance (revenue and expenditure by standard classification) for the year ended 30 June 2015

2014/15 2013/14 Restated **Original Budget** Final adjustments Virement Final Budget **Actual Outcome** Variance of Actual Expenditure Balance to be Restated Audited Budget Unauthorised Actual Actual Reported Adjustments (i.t.o. budget (i.t.o. Council expenditure Outcome against Outcome Outcome as % unauthorised authorised in recovered Outcome s28 and s31 of the approved Adjustments as % of of Original expenditure terms of MFMA) policy) & Budget Final Budget section 32 of Shifting of Budget MFMA funds (i.t.o. s31 of MFMA) Rand Revenue - Standard 8.851.027.497 (13,132,115) 8.837.895.382 8.327.002.138 7.577.388.885 Governance and administration 8.837.895.382 (510.893.244) 94 % 94 % 186,678,533 181,695,359 212.009.448 Executive and council 153,513,000 33,165,533 186,678,533 (4,983,174)97 % 118 % Budget and treasury office 7.721.480.202 675.152 7.722.155.354 7.722.155.354 7.957.200.493 235.045.139 103 % 103 % 7.190,650,085 Corporate services 976,034,295 (46,972,800) 929,061,495 929,061,495 188,106,286 (740,955,209) 20 % 19 % 174,729,352 Community and public safety 1,255,937,413 162,453,531 1,418,390,944 1,418,390,944 1,283,667,713 (134,723,231)91 % 102 % 819,070,284 Community and social services 26,752,782 76,521,539 76,521,539 67,391,980 (9,129,559) 35,296,804 49,768,757 88 % 135 % Sport and recreation 26,028,718 1,989,700 28,018,418 28,018,418 28,859,305 840,887 103 % 111 % 47,005,495 121.693.848 103.364.000 225,057,848 225.057.848 173.830.658 (51,227,190)77 % 143 % 149.142.565 Public safety Housing 941.813.965 30,297,049 972,111,014 972.111.014 895,378,400 (76,732,614)92 % 95 % 473.758.418 101 % Health 116.632.125 50.000 116.682.125 116,682,125 118.207.370 1.525.245 101 % 113.867.002 1,620,021,634 16,566,879 1,636,588,513 1,636,588,513 1,606,718,930 (29,869,583) 98 % 99 % 1,444,073,561 Economic and environmental services 259,065,434 9,516,288 268,581,722 268,581,722 281,597,546 13,015,824 105 % 109 % 271,109,671 Planning and development 1,360,399,600 6,200,217 1,366,599,817 1,366,599,817 1,324,137,622 (42,462,195)97 % 97 % 1,171,599,009 Road transport 177 % Environmental protection 556,600 850,374 1,406,974 1,406,974 983,762 (423,212) 70 % 1,364,881 Trading services 15,546,371,536 79,200,020 15,625,571,556 15,625,571,556 14,702,034,725 (923,536,831) 94 % 95 % 13,675,028,629 10.208.624.135 (7,000,000) 10.201.624.135 9.613.573.243 (588,050,892) 94 % 94 % 8.882.628.664 Electricity 10.201.624.135 Water 3.321.983.622 83,700,000 3.405.683.622 3.405.683.622 994.442.075 (2,411,241,547)29 % 30 % 1.198.440.032 Waste water management 979.668.976 979.668.976 979,668,976 1.044.072.497 64.403.521 107 % 107 % 851,432,157 2,500,020 1,038,594,823 3,049,946,910 2,011,352,087 294 % 294 % 2,742,527,776 Waste management 1,036,094,803 1,038,594,823 Other 210.525.959 5,102,000 215.627.959 215,627,959 191,499,478 (24,128,481) 89 % 91 % 210,525,959 5,102,000 215,627,959 215,627,959 191,499,478 (24,128,481) 253,432,266 Other 89 % 91 % Total Revenue - Standard 27,483,884,039 250,190,315 27,734,074,354 27,734,074,354 26,110,922,984 (1,623,151,370) 94 % 95 % 23,768,993,625

Appendix C Budgeted Financial Performance (revenue and expenditure by standard classification) for the year ended 30 June 2015

Water

Other

Waste water management

Total Expenditure - Standard

Surplus/(Deficit) for the year

Waste management

1.042.253.016

2.410.413.915

607,802,871

212,899,589

212,899,589

23,839,955,755

3,643,928,284

66.314.465

(56,667,823)

48.942.001

(10,288,844)

(10,288,844)

749,761,322

(499,571,007)

1.108.567.481

2.459.355.916

551,135,048

202,610,745

202,610,745

24,589,717,077

3,144,357,277

Original Budget **Actual Outcome** Budget Final adjustments Virement Final Budget Unauthorised Variance of Actual Actual Actual Reported Expenditure Balance to be Restated Audited Adjustments (i.t.o. budget (i.t.o. Council expenditure Outcome against Outcome Outcome as unauthorised authorised in recovered Outcome s28 and s31 of the approved Adjustments as % of of Original expenditure terms of MFMA) policy) & Budget Final Budget section 32 of Shifting of **MFMA** Budget funds (i.t.o. s31 of MFMA) Rand Expenditure - Standard 23,292,648 5,141,034,404 4,641,238,219 Governance and administration 5,117,741,756 5,141,034,404 5,376,755,351 235,720,947 235,720,947 105 % 105 % Executive and council 1.398.270.052 114.896.442 1,513,166,494 1,513,166,494 1.521.938.282 8.771.788 8.771.788 101 % 109 % 815,250,177 93 % Budget and treasury office 629,788,177 (200,977,533) 428,810,644 428,810,644 586,509,252 157,698,608 157,698,608 137 % 538,335,043 109,373,739 69,250,551 102 % 106 % Corporate services 3,089,683,527 3,199,057,266 3,199,057,266 3,268,307,817 69,250,551 3,287,652,999 98 % Community and public safety 3,490,120,255 106,089,089 3,596,209,344 3,427,583,750 45,964,695 (168,625,594) 95 % 3,856,379,696 3,596,209,344 Community and social services 573,423,765 29,856,392 603,280,157 603,280,157 566,132,689 (37,147,468) 94 % 99 % 508,504,088 620,487,144 7,604,085 (177,442,821)72 % 73 % Sport and recreation 628,091,229 628.091.229 450.648.408 696.899.597 Public safety 1.254.374.799 182,203,344 1,436,578,143 1.436.578.143 1.446.872.718 10.294.575 10,294,575 101 % 115 % 1.713.975.185 Housing 595.881.798 (94.806.450) 501.075.348 501.075.348 528.934.407 27.859.059 27.859.059 106 % 89 % 531.856.589 102 % 98 % Health 445,952,749 (18,768,282)427,184,467 427,184,467 434,995,528 7,811,061 7,811,061 405,144,237 2,234,763,987 142,281,971 2,377,045,958 2,377,045,958 2,328,562,714 63,743,650 (48,483,244) 98 % 104 % 2,129,986,965 **Economic and environmental** services 648,311,933 109,438,518 645,523,557 (112,226,894) 85 % 100 % Planning and development 757,750,451 757,750,451 612,768,545 1,528,513,206 38,592,338 1,567,105,544 1,567,105,544 1,628,008,912 60,903,368 60,903,368 104 % 107 % 1,454,950,496 Road transport Environmental protection 57,938,848 (5,748,885)52,189,963 52,189,963 55,030,245 2,840,282 2,840,282 105 % 95 % 62,267,924 Trading services 12.784.430.168 13.272.816.626 684.778.231 326,325,894 102 % 106 % 488.386.458 13.272.816.626 13.599.142.520 12.348.453.269 Electricity 8.723.960.366 429.797.815 9.153.758.181 9.153.758.181 9.352.842.875 199,084,694 199.084.694 102 % 107 % 8.829.832.484

750.115.144

1,018,060,888

2.478.123.613

200,216,217

200,216,217

24,932,260,552

1,178,662,432

(358.452.337)

466,925,840

18.767.697

(2,394,528)

(2,394,528)

342,543,475

(1,965,694,845)

466,925,840

18,767,697

1,030,207,523

68 %

185 %

101 %

99 %

99 %

101 %

37 %

72 %

167 %

103 %

94 %

94 %

105 %

32 %

2013/14 Restated

652,703,303

617,388,293

185,632,074

607,303,402

23,161,690,223

2,248,529,189

2014/15

1.108.567.481

2.459.355.916

551,135,048

202,610,745

202,610,745

24,589,717,077

3,144,357,277

# Appendix D Budgeted Financial Performance (revenue and expenditure by municipal vote) for the year ended 30 June 2015

2014/15 2013/14 Restated

					<b>20</b> 1-771	•						_0 10/ 1-	ritootat	o u
	Original Budget	Budget Adjustments (i.t.o. s28 and s31 of the MFMA)	Final adjustments budget	(i.t.o. Council approved policy) & Shifting of funds (i.t.o. s31 of MFMA)	Final Budget	Actual Outcome	Unauthorised expenditure	Adjustments Budget	Outcome as % of Final Budget	Actual Outcome as % of Original Budget	expenditure	authorised in terms of section 32 of MFMA	recovered	Restated Audited Outcome
	Rand	Rand	Rand	Rand	Rand	Rand	Rand	Rand	Rand	Rand	Rand	Rand	Rand	Rand
Revenue by Vote														
nevenue by vote														
City Planning and Development	136,041,534	-	136,041,534		136,041,534	195,564,548		59,523,014	144 %	144 %				147,642,726
City Strategies & Performance	-	-	-		-	-		-	DIV/0 %	DIV/0 %				454
Management Communications, Marketing & Events	71,835,300		71,835,300		71,835,300	55,672,323		(16,162,977)	77 %	77 %				39,903,256
Corporate and Shared Services	723,088,526				722,869,226	102,944,811		(619,924,415)						75,105,985
Emergency Services	70,013,406		85,807,406		85,807,406	73,757,379		(12,050,027)	86 %	105 %				71,178,284
Environmental Mangement	1,186,289,050	(5,350,906)	1,180,938,144		1,180,938,144	1,177,623,367		(3,314,777)	100 %	99 %				977,892,474
Financial Services	7,810,642,058		7,811,347,210		7,811,347,210	8,001,729,367		190,382,157	102 %					7,252,173,145
Health & Social Development	13,284,025		24,484,025		24,484,025	47,160,935		22,676,910	193 %					17,446,370
Housing & Human Settlement	888,862,590		915,300,665		915,300,665	871,118,095		(44,182,570)	95 %					451,565,450
Information & Communication	16,713	-	16,713		16,713	43,717		27,004	262 %	262 %				139,993
Technology Management	375,700		375,700		275 700	111,507		(264.402)	30 %	30 %				E3E 063
Legal Services Macro Economic Planning	33,800,700		33.800.700		375,700 33,800,700	30,385,124		(264,193) (3,415,576)						535,862 45,386,651
Metro Police Services	253,225,372		340.845.372		340,845,372	290,971,907		(49,873,465)						268,230,385
Office of the Chief Audit Executive	184,654,500				137,901,000	40,864,932		(97,036,068)	30 %					39,305,276
Office of the City Manager	150,000,000		175,000,000		175,000,000	174,998,474		(1,526)	100 %					198,970,541
Office of the Executive Mayor	-	,,	-		-	-		(1,525)	DIV/0 %					181
Regional Service Delivery	131,546,599	36,485,168	168,031,767		168,031,767	175,248,087		7,216,320	104 %	133 %				244,303,941
Service Infrastructure: Electricity	10,441,735,335		10,434,735,335		10,434,735,335	9,600,143,198		(834,592,137)	92 %					8,855,672,227
Service Infrastructure: Water and	4,101,994,423	97,075,262	4,199,069,685		4,199,069,685	4,044,190,512		(154,879,173)	96 %	99 %				3,940,848,130
Sanitation														
Sport and Recreation	3,420,907		6,417,054		6,417,054	3,206,743		(3,210,311)	50 %					5,178,488
Transport	1,283,057,302	6,200,217	1,289,257,519		1,289,257,519	1,225,187,957		(64,069,562)	95 %	95 %				1,137,513,808
Total Revenue by Vote	27,483,884,040	250,190,315	27,734,074,355		27,734,074,355	26,110,922,983		(1,623,151,372)	94 %	95 %				23,768,993,627

# Appendix D Budgeted Financial Performance (revenue and expenditure by municipal vote) for the year ended 30 June 2015

2014/15 2013/14 Restated

	Original Budget	Budget Adjustments (i.t.o. s28 and s31 of the MFMA)	Final adjustments budget	Virement (i.t.o. Council approved policy) & Shifting of funds (i.t.o.	Final Budget	Actual Outcome	Unauthorised expenditure	Variance of Actual Outcome against Adjustments Budget	Actual Outcome as % of Final Budget	Actual Outcome as % of Original Budget	Reported unauthorised expenditure		Balance to be recovered	Restated Audited Outcome
	Rand	Rand	Rand	s31 of MFMA) Rand	Rand	Rand	Rand	Rand	Rand	Rand	Rand	Rand	Rand	Rand
Expenditure by Vote to be														
appropriated														
City Planning City Strategies & Performance Management	276,287,949 27,300,436		285,806,109 29,409,817	-	285,806,109 29,409,817	259,298,966 24,459,632		(26,507,143) (4,950,185)	91 % 83 %	94 % 90 %		-		249,233,341 25,537,513
Communications, Marketing & Events	198,170,539	3,220,337	201,390,876	-	201,390,876	181,591,054	-	(19,799,822)	90 %	92 %	-	-	-	146,875,982
Corporate & Shared Services	1,546,117,244		1,565,625,824	-	1,565,625,824	1,499,590,227	-	(66,035,597)	96 %	97 %	-	-	-	1,794,539,517
Emergency Services	543,437,899		556,828,206	-	556,828,206	535,439,457	-	(21,388,749)	96 %	99 %	-	-	-	528,382,117
Environmental Management Financial Services	575,009,039 1,305,764,340		635,758,618 1,411,085,803	-	635,758,618 1,411,085,803	625,917,578 1,194,598,159	-	(9,841,040) (216,487,644)	98 % 85 %	109 % 91 %	-	-	-	680,472,008 1,272,675,857
Health & Social Development	256,445,687		233,273,020	-	233,273,020	245,490,242	12,217,222	12,217,222	105 %	96 %	_		_	256,718,151
Housing & Human Settlement	491.414.039		346.226.802	_	346.226.802	327.741.809	12,217,222	(18,484,993)	95 %	67 %	_	_	_	331.707.865
Information & Communication Technology Management	577,032,486		642,299,374	-	642,299,374	761,459,299	119,159,925	119,159,925	119 %	132 %	-	-	-	470,011,198
Legal Services	92,717,359	2,776,274	95.493.633	_	95.493.633	85.381.757	_	(10,111,876)	89 %	92 %	_	_	_	95.808.186
Macro Economic Planning	246,056,270	84,180,960	330,237,230	-	330,237,230	314,586,398	-	(15,650,832)	95 %	128 %	-	-	-	305,417,604
Metro Police Services	1,425,915,170		1,594,666,817	-	1,594,666,817	1,615,045,479	20,378,662	20,378,662	101 %	113 %	-	-	-	1,494,270,700
Office of the Chief Audit Executive	272,089,804		222,442,146	-	222,442,146	320,037,967	97,595,821	97,595,821	144 %	118 %	-	-	-	225,114,644
Office of the Chief Whip	29,070,565		30,467,916	-	30,467,916	27,244,358	-	(3,223,558)	89 %	94 % 85 %	-	-	-	22,808,351
Office of the City Manager Office of the Executive Mayor	114,359,274 204,697,391		109,036,098 256,588,453	-	109,036,098 256,588,453	97,039,189 242,673,329	-	(11,996,909) (13,915,124)	89 % 95 %	85 % 119 %	-	-	-	101,344,229 174,984,713
Office of the Speaker	325,246,640			-	245,573,660	242,673,329	-	(4,711,697)	95 %	74 %	-	-	-	222,029,348
Regional Service Delivery	3,127,242,457		3,193,714,838	-	3,193,714,838	3,423,986,126	230,271,288	230,271,288	107 %	109 %	-		-	2,991,743,462
Research & Innovation	26,334,200		27,271,667	_	27,271,667	20,236,654	230,271,200	(7,035,013)	74 %	77 %	_	_	_	29,911,359
Service Infrastructure: Electricity	8,130,664,160		8,551,590,980	-	8,551,590,980	8,572,555,997	20,965,017	20,965,017	100 %	105 %	-	-	-	8,107,983,049
Service Infrastructure: Water and Sanitation	2,702,749,909		2,628,763,232	-	2,628,763,232	2,879,948,837	251,185,605	251,185,605	110 %	107 %	-	-	-	2,440,110,385
Sport and Recreation	59,769,410	19,284,534	79,053,944	-	79,053,944	76,025,735	-	(3,028,209)	96 %	127 %	-	-	-	32,899,230
Transport	1,286,063,488		1,317,112,013		1,317,112,013	1,361,050,339	43,938,326	43,938,326	103 %	106 %			-	1,161,111,416
Total Expenditure by Vote	23,839,955,755	749,761,321	24,589,717,076		24,589,717,076	24,932,260,551	795,711,866	342,543,475	101 %	105 %	-	-	-	23,161,690,225
Surplus/(Deficit) for the year	3,643,928,285	(499,571,006)	3,144,357,279		3,144,357,279	1,178,662,432		(1,965,694,847)	37 %	32 %				607,303,402

# Appendix E Budgeted Financial Performance (revenue and expenditure) for the year ended 30 June 2015

## 2014/15

## 2013/14 Restated

•	Original Budget Rand	Budget Adjustments (i.t.o. s28 and s31 of the MFMA)	Final adjustments budget Rand	Shifting of funds (i.t.o. s31 of the MFMA)	Virement (i.t.o. Council approved policy)	Final Budget	Actual Outcome Rand	Unauthorised expenditure Rand		Actual Outcome as % of Final Budget Rand	Actual Outcome as % of Original Budget Rand	Reported unauthorised expenditure Rand	Expenditure authorised in terms of section 32 of MFMA Rand	Balance to be recovered	Restated Audited Outcome
Revenue By Source															
Property rates Property rates - penalties & collection	4,888,153,500	-	4,888,153,500	-		4,888,153,500	4,866,348,173 -		(21,805,327)	100 % DIV/0 %	100 % DIV/0 %				4,410,334,579 -
charges Service charges - electricity revenue	9,613,283,000	_	9,613,283,000	_		9,613,283,000	8 738 615 740		(874,667,260)	91 %	91 %				8.313.648.415
Service charges - water revenue	2,915,881,108		2,999,881,108	-		2,999,881,108	2,743,867,599		(256,013,509)	91 %	94 %				2,476,029,486
Service charges - sanitation revenue	745,935,177 956,672,900	-	745,935,177 956,672,900	-		745,935,177 956,672,900	713,527,680 969,643,413		(32,407,497) 12,970,513	96 % 101 %	96 % 101 %				623,442,006 768.111.339
Service charges - refuse revenue Service charges - other	289,069,880	12,500,000	301,569,880	_		301,569,880	178.480.401		(123,089,479)	59 %	62 %				135,714,966
Rental of facilities and equipment	268,883,645	(3,918,364)	264,965,281	-		264,965,281	116,602,095		(148,363,186)	44 %	43 %				98,912,336
Interest earned - external investments	66,621,700	202,682	66,824,382 227,252,524	-		66,824,382	38,131,712 374,647,547		(28,692,670) 147,395,023	57 % 165 %	57 % 165 %				52,402,499 326.840.827
Interest earned - outstanding debtors Fines	227,378,560 111,402,400	(126,036) 87,620,000	199,022,400	-		227,252,524 199,022,400	160,562,313		(38,460,087)	81 %	144 %				134,863,536
Licences and permits	58,577,730	· -	58,577,730	-		58,577,730	53,243,503		(5,334,227)	91 %	91 %				55,801,028
Transfers recognised - operational	3,174,408,229		3,377,197,392	-		3,377,197,392			(295,712,456)	91 %	97 %				2,861,382,433
Other revenue Gains on disposal of PPE	1,623,216,211	(211,589,870)	1,411,626,341			1,411,626,341	1,026,321,663 20,440,818		(385,304,678) 20,440,818	73 % DIV/0 %	63 % DIV/0 %				967,588,011 11,580,649
Total Revenue (excluding capital transfers and contributions)	24,939,484,040	171,477,575	5,110,961,615	-		5,110,961,615	3,081,917,593		2,029,044,022)	92 %	93 %			!	1,236,652,110

# Appendix E Budgeted Financial Performance (revenue and expenditure) for the year ended 30 June 2015

2014/15	2013/14 Restated
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•	Original Budget	Budget Adjustments (i.t.o. s28 and s31 of the MFMA)	Final adjustments budget	Shifting of funds (i.t.o. s31 of the MFMA)	Virement (i.t.o. Council approved policy)	Final Budget	Actual Outcome	Unauthorised expenditure		Actual Outcome as % 0 of Final Budget	Actual Outcome as % of Original Budget	Reported unauthorised expenditure	Expenditure authorised in terms of section 32 of MFMA	Balance to be recovered	Restated Audited Outcome
	Rand	Rand	Rand	Rand	Rand	Rand	Rand	Rand	Rand	Rand	Rand	Rand	Rand	Rand	Rand
Expenditure By Type															
Employee related costs Remuneration of councillors Debt impairment Depreciation & asset impairment Finance charges Bulk purchases Other materials Contracted services Transfers and grants Other expenditure Loss on disposal of PPE	109,043,173 650,517,597 1,116,340,529 898,191,101 8,129,270,036 410,262,273 2,002,022,919 262,326,995	39,261,675 9,395,000 (94,160,979) 2,583,598,837	109,636,855 761,279,866 1,123,977,817 937,452,776 8,138,665,036 316,101,294 4,585,621,756 257,165,788	:		6,497,928,419 109,636,855 761,279,866 1,123,977,817 937,452,776 8,138,665,036 316,101,294 4,585,621,756 257,165,788 1,861,886,469 1,000	104,192,823 850,661,938 1,454,517,767 997,466,531 7,574,254,175 253,598,690 4,878,529,228	89,382,072 330,539,950 60,013,755 - 292,907,472 - 192,398,344	(178,974,787) (5,444,032) (8,382,072 330,539,950 60,013,755 (564,410,861) (62,502,604) (92,907,472 (257,165,788) (17,734,592) 192,398,344	97 % 95 % 112 % 129 % 106 % 80 % 106 % - % 99 % 19,239,934 %	96 % 96 % 131 % 130 % 111 % 93 % 62 % 244 % 50 % DIV/0 %			- - - - - -	6,086,504,529 96,788,503 1,338,600,788 1,256,760,091 813,827,199 7,056,541,045 308,117,758 3,943,390,390 - 1,688,527,179 154,775,955
Total Expenditure	23.839.955.755		4.589.717.076		<del></del>	4,589,717,076		965,241,593	(120,991,071)	100 %	103 %				2,743,833,437
Surplus/(Deficit)	1,099,528,285		521,244,539	_			1,386,808,412)			(266)%	(126)%				(1,507,181,327)
Transfers recognised - capital Contributions recognised - capital Contributed assets	2,544,400,000	· · · · ·	2,623,112,740	- - -		2,623,112,740	<del></del>	(000,241,000)	(58,131,166) - -	98 % DIV/0 % DIV/0 %	101 % DIV/0 % DIV/0 %				2,112,512,042
Surplus/(Deficit) after capital transfers & contributions	3,643,928,285	(499,571,006)	3,144,357,279	-		3,144,357,279	1,178,173,162		(1,966,184,117)	37 %	32 %				605,330,715
Taxation	-	-		-		-	489,270		489,270	DIV/0 %	DIV/0 %				1,972,687
Surplus/(Deficit) after taxation	3,643,928,285	(499,571,006)	3,144,357,279	-		3,144,357,279	1,178,662,432		1,965,694,847)	37 %	32 %				607,303,402
Attributable to minorities	-	-	-	-		-	-		-	DIV/0 %	DIV/0 %				
Surplus/(Deficit) attributable to municipality	3,643,928,285	(499,571,006)	3,144,357,279	-		3,144,357,279	1,178,662,432		1,965,694,847)	37 %	32 %				607,303,402
Share of surplus/ (deficit) of associate	-			-						DIV/0 %	DIV/0 %				
Surplus/(Deficit) for the year	3,643,928,285	(499,571,006)	3,144,357,279	=		3,144,357,279	1,178,662,432		1,965,694,847)	37 %	32 %				607,303,402

Appendix F
Budgeted Capital Expenditure by vote, standard classification and funding (municipality only)
for the period ended 30 June 2015

2014/15 2013/14

•	Original Budget	Budget Adjustments (i.t.o. s28 and s31 of the MFMA)	Final adjustments budget	Shifting of funds (i.t.o. s31 of the MFMA)	Virement (i.t.o. Council approved policy)	Final Budget	Actual Outcome	Unauthorised expenditure	Variance	Actual Outcome as % 0 of Final Budget	Actual Outcome as % of Original Budget	Reported unauthorised expenditure	Expenditure authorised in terms of section 32 of MFMA	Balance to be recovered	Restated Audited Outcome
	Rand	Rand	Rand	Rand	Rand	Rand	Rand	Rand	Rand	Rand	Rand	Rand	Rand	Rand	Rand
Capital expenditure - Vote Multi-year expenditure											'				
City Planning City Strategies & Performance Management	500,000 300,000	-	500,000 300,000	-	-	500,000 300,000	461,906 273,612	-	(38,094) (26,388)		92 % 91 %	-	-	-	1,191,802 490,762
Communications, Marketing & Events Corporate & Shared Services	300,000 1,000,000	17,235,944	300,000 18,235,944	-	-	300,000 18,235,944	198,713 17,692,850	-	(101,287) (543,094)	66 % 97 %	66 % 1,769 %	-	-	-	482,564 98,390,038
Emergency Services Environmental Management Financial Services	23,036,756 14,000,000 750,000	2,000,000 30,000	23,036,756 16,000,000 780,000	-	-	23,036,756 16,000,000 780,000	22,944,660 15,874,151 736,294	-	(92,096) (125,849) (43,706)	100 % 99 % 94 %	100 % 113 % 98 %	-	-	-	15,727,861 34,609,169 14,884,997
Health & Social Development Housing & Human Settlement	9,000,000 851,304,764	18,056,000 25,616,011	27,056,000 876,920,775	-	-	27,056,000 876,920,775	21,079,153 838,697,599	-	(5,976,847) (38,223,176)	78 % 96 %	234 % 99 %	-	-	-	8,372,064 362,142,743
Information & Communication Technology Management	91,800,000	-	91,800,000	-	-	91,800,000	88,174,074	-	(3,625,926)	96 % 99 %	96 % 99 %	-	-	-	142,331,591
Legal Services Macro Economic Planning Metro Police Services	500,000 2,000,000 9,000,000	- - -	500,000 2,000,000 9,000,000	-	-	500,000 2,000,000 9,000,000	496,946 1,971,666 8,663,795	-	(3,054) (28,334) (336,205)	99 % 99 % 96 %	99 % 99 % 96 %	-	-	-	477,501 1,000,000 50,863,152
Office of the Chief Audit Executive Office of the Chief Whip	13,500,000 500,000	- -	13,500,000 500,000	-	-	13,500,000 500,000	11,935,923 298,881	-	(1,564,077) (201,119)	88 % 60 %	88 % 60 %	-	-	-	6,672,060 493,937
Office of the City Manager Office of the Executive Mayor Office of the Speaker	214,200,000 300,000 500,000	66,269,849 - 300,000	280,469,849 300,000 800,000	-	-	280,469,849 300,000 800,000	277,985,436 122,085 706.168	-	(2,484,413) (177,915) (93,832)	99 % 41 % 88 %	130 % 41 % 141 %	-	-	-	198,139,639 474,880 443,299
Regional Service Delivery Research & Innovation	178,350,000 300,000	36,891,682	215,241,682 300,000	-	-	215,241,682 300,000	183,283,717 263,432	-	(31,957,965) (36,568)	85 % 88 %	103 % 88 %	-	-	-	282,767,344 422,432
Service Infrastructure: Electricity Service Infrastructure: Water and Sanitation	642,500,000 498,746,236	29,420,000 26,000,000	671,920,000 524,746,236	-	-	671,920,000 524,746,236	616,076,199 435,737,704	-	(55,843,801) (89,008,532)	92 % 83 %	96 % 87 %	-	-	-	414,957,402 939,935,520
Sport and Recreation Transport	7,629,000 1,561,470,000	975,047	8,604,047 1,561,470,000	-	-	8,604,047 1,561,470,000	7,641,341 1,525,846,972	<u>-</u>	(962,706) (35,623,028)	89 % 98 %	100 % 98 %	- -	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	6,253,720 1,427,529,894
Capital multi-year expenditure sub- total	4,121,486,756	222,794,533	4,344,281,289	-	-	4,344,281,289	4,077,163,277	-	(267,118,012)	94 %	99 %	-	-	<del>-</del>	4,009,054,371
Single-year expenditure															
Corporate and Shared Services Communications, Marketing & Events	1,500,000	-	1,500,000	-	-	1,500,000		-	(1,500,000)		DIV/0 % - %	-	-	-	3,303,173
Emergency Services Environmental Management Housing & Human Settlement	15,000,000	(2,000,000)	13,000,000	-	-	13,000,000	10,404,734	-	(2,595,266)	DIV/0 % 80 % DIV/0 %	DIV/0 % 69 % DIV/0 %	-	-	-	1,999,641 3,228,817 87,995,348
Regional Service Delivery Transport	30,000,000	-	30,000,000	-	-	30,000,000	27,349,572		(2,650,428)	91 % DIV/0 %	91 % DIV/0 %	<u>-</u>	-	<u>-</u>	9,581,364 113,419,798
Capital single-year expenditure sub- total	46,500,000	(2,000,000)	44,500,000	-	-	44,500,000	37,754,306	-	(6,745,694)	85 %	81 %	-	-	-	219,528,141
Total Capital Expenditure - Vote	4,167,986,756	220,794,533	4,388,781,289	-		4,388,781,289	4,114,917,583		(273,863,706)	94 %	99 %	-			4,228,582,512

Appendix F
Budgeted Capital Expenditure by vote, standard classification and funding (municipality only)
for the period ended 30 June 2015

2014/15 2013/14 Original Budget Shifting of Budget Final Virement Final Budget Actual Unauthorised Variance Actual Actual Reported Expenditure Balance to be Restated Adjustments adjustments funds (i.t.o. (i.t.o. Council Outcome expenditure Outcome as Outcome as % unauthorised authorised in recovered Audited (i.t.o. s28 and budget s31 of the approved of Final of Original expenditure terms of Outcome policy) s31 of the MFMA) Budget Budget section 32 of MFMA) MFMA Rand Capital Expenditure - Standard Governance and administration 327,100,000 83.835.793 410.935.793 410.935.793 401.338.703 (9,597,090)98 % 123 % 461,831,452 99 % Executive and Council 200.550.000 25.464.000 226.014.000 226.014.000 224.301.102 (1.712.898)112 % 203.683.098 Budget and treasury office 750,000 30.000 780.000 780 000 736 294 (43,706)94 % 98 % 2.903.524 Corporate services 125.800.000 58.341.793 184.141.793 184.141.793 176.301.307 (7.840.486) 96 % 140 % 255,244,830 Community and public safety 1,106,370,520 81,538,740 1,187,909,260 1,187,909,260 1,107,133,886 (80,775,374) 93 % 100 % 818,670,628 82 % 217 % Community and social services 26,529,000 43,666,729 70,195,729 70,195,729 57,449,059 (12,746,670)33,894,105 112,500,000 106,183,275 (28,716,725) 79 % 231,267,274 Sport and recreation 22,400,000 134,900,000 134,900,000 94 % Public safety 32,036,756 32,036,756 32,036,756 31,608,455 (428,301) 99 % 99 % 68,590,654 911.920.775 873,448,099 96 % 97 % 450.138.091 Housing 901.304.764 10.616.011 911.920.775 (38,472,676)Health 34,000,000 4.856.000 38.856.000 38.856.000 38,444,998 (411.002)99 % 113 % 34.780.504 1,528,588,195 1,565,770,000 98 % **Economic and environmental** 1,565,770,000 1,565,770,000 1,529,809,584 (35,960,416) 98 % services 3,300,000 3,300,000 3.300.000 2.979.329 (320.671)90 % 90 % 2.682.564 Planning and development 1,561,470,000 1,525,846,972 (35,623,028)98 % 98 % 1,520,066,018 Road transport 1,561,470,000 1,561,470,000 1,000,000 983,283 (16,717)98 % 98 % 5,839,613 Environmental protection 1,000,000 1,000,000 Trading services 1,156,246,236 55,420,000 1,211,666,236 1,211,666,236 1,064,218,609 (147,447,627) 88 % 92 % 1,382,532,095 Electricity 642,500,000 29,420,000 671,920,000 671,920,000 616,076,199 (55,843,801) 92 % 96 % 422,955,844 361 796 917 84 % 89 % 766.424.647 Water 406.646.236 21,828,571 428,474,807 428.474.807 (66,677,890) Waste water management 15.000.000 15.000.000 15.000.000 12.404.706 (2,595,294)83 % 83 % 19.640.731 77 % Waste management 92,100,000 4,171,429 96.271.429 96.271.429 73.940.787 (22,330,642)80 % 173.510.873 12,416,801 Other 12,500,000 12,500,000 12,500,000 (83, 199)99 % 99 % 36,960,142 Other 12,500,000 12,500,000 12.500.000 12,416,801 (83, 199) 99 % 99 % 36,960,142 220,794,533 4,388,781,289 Total Capital Expenditure - Standard 4,167,986,756 4,388,781,289 4,114,917,583 (273,863,706) 94 % 99 % 4,228,582,512 Funded by: National Government 2,529,271,000 62,037,693 2,591,308,693 2,591,308,693 2,551,806,060 (39,502,633) 98 % 101 % 2,097,657,610 32 % 15,129,000 12,175,047 27,304,047 27,304,047 8,721,122 (18,582,925) 58 % Provincial Government 5,000,193 District Municipality DIV/0 % DIV/0 % 4,500,000 4,500,000 4,500,000 4,454,390 (45,610)99 % DIV/0 % 12,090,886 Other transfers and grants Transfers recognised - capital 2.544.400.000 78.712.740 2.623.112.740 2.623.112.740 2.564.981.572 (58.131.168) 98 % 101 % 2.114.748.689 Public contributions & donations 60,100,000 16,000,000 76,100,000 76,100,000 57,530,022 (18,569,978) 76 % 96 % 93,818,354 1,500,000,000 1,500,000,000 1,500,000,000 1,387,942,005 (112,057,995) 93 % 93 % 1,493,166,334 Internally generated funds 63,486,756 126,081,793 189,568,549 189,568,549 104,463,984 (85, 104, 565) 55 % 165 % 526,849,135 **Total Capital Funding** 4.167.986.756 220,794,533 4,388,781,289 4,388,781,289 4,114,917,583 (273,863,706) 99 % 4,228,582,512

## Appendix G Budgeted Cash Flows for the period ended 30 June 2015

2014/15

2013/14

					•						
	Original Budget	Budget Adjustments (i.t.o. s28 and s31 of the MFMA) Rand	Final adjustments budget Rand	Final Budget	Actual Outcome	Variance Rand	Actual Outcome as % of Final Budget Rand	Actual Outcome as % of Original Budget Rand	Restated Audited Outcome		
Cash flow from operating activities											
Receipts Other sources Ratepayers/consumers Government - operating Government - capital Interest received	1,401,858,603 19,146,045,357 3,166,497,986 2,544,400,000 96,624,060	(49,269,240) 210,699,405 78,712,740 (24,545)	3,377,197,391 2,623,112,740	1,401,858,603 19,096,776,117 3,377,197,391 2,623,112,740 96,599,515	1,410,489,511 17,711,635,661 3,115,441,552 2,562,278,440 38,131,712	8,630,908 (1,385,140,456) (261,755,839) (60,834,300) (58,467,803)	92 % 98 %	93 % 98 % 101 %	1,408,560,306 15,979,487,609 2,635,453,786 2,349,107,000 52,402,499		
Payments Suppliers Employees Interest paid Transfers and grants Taxes on surpluses	(14,174,601,615) (6,571,034,790) (898,191,101) (236,673,180)	(39,261,675)		(15,178,821,239) (6,571,034,790) (937,452,776) (257,165,788)	(14,210,772,673) (6,423,146,455) (997,466,530) - (489,269)	968,048,566 147,888,335 (60,013,754) 257,165,788 (489,269)	- %	98 % 111 % - %	(12,255,844,226) (6,183,293,031) (813,827,200) - (1,972,685)		
Net cash flow from/used operating activities	4,474,925,320	(823,855,547)	3,651,069,773	3,651,069,773	3,206,101,949	(444,967,824)	88 %	72 %	3,170,074,058		
Cash flow from investing activities											
Receipts Proceeds on disposal of PPE Decrease/(increase) other non-current receivables	48,553,230	-	- 48,553,230	- 48,553,230	(62,413,642) 109,762,466	(62,413,642) 61,209,236	DIV/0 % 226 %		(11,427,542) (46,820,859)		
Decrease/(increase) in financial assets Payments	(100,000,000)		(60,491,974)	(60,491,974)	5,096,572	65,588,546	(8)%	. ,	90,435,950		
Capital assets	(4,012,608,417)	(257,377,910)	(4,269,986,327)	(4,269,986,327)	(4,714,696,944)	(444,710,617)	110 %	117 %	(4,599,285,654)		
Net cash flow from/used investing activities	(4,064,055,187)	(217,869,884)	(4,281,925,071)	(4,281,925,071)	(4,662,251,548)	(380,326,477)	109 %	115 %	(4,567,098,105)		
Cash flow from financing activities											
Increase in finance lease payments Borrowing long term/refinancing <b>Payments</b>	1,500,000,000	-	1,500,000,000	1,500,000,000	199,894,504 1,500,000,000	199,894,504	DIV/0 % 100 %		(83,594,090) 1,600,000,000		
Repayment of borrowing	(634,301,442)	116,647,654	(517,653,788)	(517,653,788)	(491,042,465)	26,611,323	95 %	77 %	(648,537,164)		
Net cash flow from/used financing activities	865,698,558	116,647,654	982,346,212	982,346,212	1,208,852,039	226,505,827	123 %	140 %	867,868,746		
Net increase/(decrease) in cash held Cash/cash equivalents at the year begin:	<b>1,276,568,691</b> 1,416,667,468	<b>(925,077,777)</b> (564,682,274)		<b>351,490,914</b> 797,248,099	<b>(247,297,560)</b> 847,815,980	<b>(598,788,474)</b> 564,682,274	<b>(70)%</b> 106 %		<b>(529,155,301)</b> 1,376,971,281		
Cash/cash equivalents at the year end:	2,693,236,159	(1,489,760,051)	1,203,476,108	1,148,739,013	600,518,420	(34,106,200)	52 %	22 %	847,815,980		

Appendix H
Disclosures of Grants and Subsidies in terms of Section 123 MFMA, 56 of 2003 (Supplementary unaudited information)

Name of Grants	Name of organ of state or municipal entity	Opening balance	Correction of prior years	Transfers and Returned		q	uarterly Rece	eipts		Expen- diture	Closing balance	Grants and Subsidies delayed/ witheld	Reason for delay/ witholding of funds	Compliant with the grant conditions in terms of grant framework in the latest DoRA/ Provincial Gazette
					Sep	Dec	Mar	Jun	Total	Jun		July to June		
Capital Grants: DPSA Smart Connect Integrated national	Department Public Service & Administration Department of Mineral & Energy	-	-	-	- 14,200,000	2.900.000	14.900.000	378,440 -	378,440 32,000,000	- 31.999.050	378,440 950	None None	None None	Yes Yes
electrification Programme (INEP)	(DME)					_,000,000	. 1,000,000		, ,	01,000,000				
Gauteng Project Linked Housing	Gauteng:Local Government & Housing (GLGH)	16,543,009	2,159,543	(2,293,422)	-	-	-	(48,553,229)	(48,553,229)	-	(32,144,099)	None	None	Yes
Urban Settlement Development (USDG)	Cooperative Governance and Traditional Affairs (CoGTA)	44,007,692	-	-	220,417,000	734,725,000	514,308,000	-	1,469,450,000	1,477,217,752	36,239,940	None	None	Yes
Gautrans Job Creation PTIS: Roads	Gauteng: Transport Gauteng: Transport (GDoT)	71,107	-	12,000,000 26,000,000		- 60.000.000	- 50.000.000		- 110.000.000	- 136.000.000	12,071,107	None None	None None	Yes Yes
PTIS: Transport Delft Grant	Gauteng: Transport (GDoT)	-	-	(26,000,000)	-	427,571,000		-	757,571,000	731,346,892	224,108	None None	Nonee None	Yes Yes
Housing Accreditation	Municipality of Delft (Netherlands) Gauteng:Local Government & Housing (GLGH)	67,394	-	2,293,422 -	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,293,422 67,394	None	None	Yes
Groen Sebenza	Development Bank South Africa/SANBI	7,823	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7,823	None	None	Yes
Sport and Recreation	Gauteng: Sport, Arts, Culture & Recreation	72,617	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	72,617	None	None	Yes
Electricity Demand Side (EDSM)	Department of Mineral & Energy (DME)	-	-	-	3,000,000	-	-	-	3,000,000	-	3,000,000	None	None	Yes
	National Treasury Gauteng: Sport, Arts, Culture &	- 783,095		-	6,492,312 3,129,000	-	4,707,688 300,000	-	11,200,000 3,429,000	5,517,789 3,203,335	5,682,211 1,008,760	None None	None None	Yes Yes
Services Finance Management	Recreation National Treasury	30,243	-	-	-	250,000	-	-	250,000	243,891	36,352	None	None	Yes
Grant (FMG) Neighbourhood Development (NDPG)	National Treasury	2,359,341	-	(2,359,341)	-	117,312,000	57,688,000	-	175,000,000	174,998,474	1,526	None	None	Yes
Sandspruit: DWA	Department Water Affairs	278,855	-	-	-	-	_	_	-	-	278,855	None	None	Yes
		64,221,176	2,159,543	9,640,659	247,238,312	342,758,000	971,903,688	(48,174,789)	2,513,725,211	2,560,527,183	29,219,406			

Appendix H
Disclosures of Grants and Subsidies in terms of
Section 123 MFMA, 56 of 2003 (Supplementary
unaudited information)

Name of Grants	Name of organ of state or municipal entity	Opening balance	Correction of prior years	Transfers and Returned		Q	uarterly Rece	eipts		Expen- diture			Reason for delay/ witholding of funds	Compliant with the grant conditions in terms of grant framework in the latest DoRA/ Provincial Gazette
					Sep	Dec	Mar	Jun	Total	Jun		July to June		
Operational grants/subsi														
Health: HIV/AIDS	Gauteng: Department of Health & Social Development	-	-	-	10,923,000	-	-	-	10,923,000	10,923,000	-	None	None	Yes
Primary Healthcare	Gauteng: Department of Health & Social Development	-	-	-	15,986,800	11,990,100	11,990,100	-	39,967,000	39,967,000	-	None	None	Yes
Emergency Medical Services (EMS)	Gauteng: Department of Health & Social Development	-	-	-	-	39,678,100	17,004,900	-	56,683,000	56,683,000	-	None	None	Yes
Top Structures: Project Linked Housing	Gauteng:Local Government & Housing (GLGH)	50,681,533	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	50,681,533	None	None	Yes
Finance Management Grant (FMG)	National Treasury	674,909	-	-	4,750,000	-	-	-	4,750,000	4,539,576	885,333	None	None	Yes
LG SETA	Department of Local Government	266,921	_	_	_	_	_	-	_	_	266,921	None	None	Yes
Equitable share	National Treasury	-	-	2,359,341	544.476.000	456,147,000	372.536.000	-	1.373.159.000	1,375,518,341	-	None	None	Yes
Urban Settlement Development (USDG)	Cooperative Governance and Traditional Affairs (CoGTA)	822,063	-	, , , , <sub>-</sub>	-	· · · -	-	-	-	194,671	627,392	None	None	Yes
Human Settlements Capacity grant	Cooperative Governance and Traditional Affairs (CoGTA)	-	-	-	-	-	47,506,000	-	47,506,000	31,086,516	16,419,484	None	None	Yes
rynicipal Disaster Recov	Department Local Government	-	-	-	-	-	14,878,000	-	14,878,000	991,732	13,886,268	None	None	Yes
Housing Accreditation	Gauteng:Local Government & Housing (GLGH)	1,235,233	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,235,233	None	None	Yes
Research and Technology Development	Department Local Government	-	-	-	892,857	-	-	-	892,857	-	892,857	None	None	Yes
Community Libraries Servies	Gauteng: Sport, Arts, Culture & Recreation	1,159,358	-	-	753,695	-	100,000	-	853,695	1,836,707	176,346	None	None	Yes
Performance Management	Department of Local Government	268,665	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	268,665	None	None	Yes
Gautrans	Gauteng: Transport (GDoT)	12,222,417	-	(12,000,000)	-	-	-	-	-	222,417	-	None	None	Yes
PTNOG: Transport	Gauteng: Transport (GDoT)	-	-	-	54,000,000	-	84,000,000	-	138,000,000	138,000,000	-	None	None	Yes
Revenue Enhancement	Department Public Works	1,224,800	-	-		l <del>.</del> .		-	·		1,224,800	None	None	Yes
	Department Local Government	-	-	-		450,804,000	450,803,000	-	1,352,410,000	1,352,410,000	-	None	None	Yes
Integrated City	National Treasury	-	-	-	44,659,000	-	-	-	44,659,000	38,351,975	6,307,025	None	None	Yes
Development EPWP	Department of Public Works	-	-	-	-	21,532,000	9,228,000	-	30,760,000	30,760,000	-	None	None	Yes
		68,555,899	-	(9,640,659)	127,244,352	980,151,200	008,046,000	-	3,115,441,552	3,081,484,935	92,871,857			
Revenue per Statement of (see note 27)		132,777,075	2,159,543		•		•			5,642,012,118				
Unspent conditional grants (see note 11)	per Statement of Financial Position		(134,936,618)								122,091,263			